

CSE 250A. Assignment 8 Solutions

Out: Tue Nov 16

Due: Tue Nov 23

8.1 EM algorithm for binary matrix completion

(a) Sanity check

You may paste screenshot of output to cover these tables (instead of filling them).

Rec (%)	Title	Movie	Rating	Rec (%)	Title	Movie	Rating	Rec (%)	Title	Movie	Rating
52	I_Peek_Pretty	0.358974	43	Jurassic_World	0.720930	67	Joker	0.824000			
44	Fifty_Shades_of_Grey	0.377143	38	Frozen	0.724138	25	Les_Miserables	0.825000			
74	Hustlers	0.456522	14	X-Men:_First_Class	0.736041	26	21_Jump_Street	0.825397			
4	The_Last_Airbender	0.473684	49	The_Revenant	0.736364	64	Spiderman:_Far_From_Home	0.827160			
27	Magic_Mike	0.515152	38	Ex_Machina	0.739130	2	Black_Swan	0.829787			
68	Fast_&_Furious:_Hobbs_&_Shaw	0.548051	45	Avengers:_Age_of_Ultron	0.742424	70	Parasite	0.836364			
57	The_Shape_of_Water	0.558442	54	La_La_Land	0.754717	20	The_Avengers	0.843648			
18	Prometheus	0.584071	17	Midnight_in_Paris	0.756898	69	The_Farewell	0.860465			
60	Phantom_Thread	0.586207	56	Manchester_by_the_Sea	0.763636	23	Django_Unchained	0.863946			
34	World_War_Z	0.589552	63	Once_Upon_a_Time_in_Hollywood	0.768595	31	Now_You_See_Me	0.864979			
41	Star_Wars:_The_Force_Awakens	0.593583	59	Three_Billboards_Outside_Ebbing	0.774194	62	Avengers:_Endgame	0.868132			
66	Rocketman	0.596774	61	Darkest_Hour	0.784810	50	Avengers:_Infinity_War	0.878571			
53	Chappiquidick	0.600000	29	The_Great_Gatsby	0.786408	28	Wolf_of_Wall_Street	0.891667			
12	Bridesmaids	0.619048	58	Dunkirk	0.796885	65	The_Lion_King	0.894366			
36	Man_of_Steel	0.624277	32	Her	0.788889	37	Gone_Girl	0.894410			
35	American_Hustle	0.628205	10	Captain_America:_The_First_Avenger	0.791367	5	Harry_Potter_and_the_Deathly_Hallows:_Part_1	0.900662			
75	Terminator:_Dark_Fate	0.638889	13	The_Girls_with_the_Dragon_Tattoo	0.793103	1	The_Social_Network	0.901639			
46	Room	0.651515	51	Ready_Player_One	0.797386	11	Harry_Potter_and_the_Deathly_Hallows:_Part_2	0.917808			
71	Good_Boys	0.656250	55	Hidden_Figures	0.797468	40	The_Theory_of_Everything	0.919540			
73	Pokemon_Detective_Pikachu	0.656627	48	The_Hateful_Eight	0.800000	39	Interstellar	0.938567			
8	Fast_Five	0.658824	9	Thor	0.803150	47	The_Martian	0.939394			
42	Mad_Max:_Fury_Road	0.676322	7	Toys_Story_3	0.803347	21	The_Dark_Knight_Rises	0.941634			
15	Drive	0.690141	22	The_Hunger_Games	0.814815	3	Shutter_Island	0.944444			
72	Us	0.700000	33	12_Years_a_Slave	0.816327	0	Inception	0.965753			
16	The_Help	0.706897	6	Iron_Man_2	0.817869						
24	Pitch_Perfect	0.720000	19	The_Perks_of_Being_a_Wallflower	0.819820						

(b) Likelihood

$$\begin{aligned}
 P\left(\left\{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\right\}_{j \in \Omega_t}\right) &\stackrel{\text{marg}}{=} \sum_{i=1}^k P\left(\left\{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\right\}_{j \in \Omega_t}, Z = i\right) \\
 &\stackrel{\text{P.R.}}{=} \sum_{i=1}^k P(Z=i) P\left(\left\{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\right\}_{j \in \Omega_t} \mid Z = i\right) \\
 &\stackrel{\text{CI}}{=} \sum_{i=1}^k P(Z=i) \prod_{j \in \Omega_t} P\left(\left\{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\right\}_{j \in \Omega_t} \mid Z = i\right) \quad \text{QED}
 \end{aligned}$$

(c) E-step

$$\begin{aligned}
 P\left(Z=i \mid \left\{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\right\}_{j \in \Omega_t}\right) &= \frac{P\left(Z=i, \left\{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\right\}_{j \in \Omega_t}\right)}{P\left(\left\{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\right\}_{j \in \Omega_t}\right)} \\
 &\stackrel{\text{answer b)}}{=} \frac{P\left(Z=i, \left\{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\right\}_{j \in \Omega_t}\right)}{\sum_{i=1}^k P(Z=i) \prod_{j \in \Omega_t} P\left(\left\{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\right\}_{j \in \Omega_t} \mid Z = i\right)} \\
 &\stackrel{\text{P.R.}}{=} \frac{P(Z=i) P\left(\left\{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\right\}_{j \in \Omega_t} \mid Z = i\right)}{\sum_{i=1}^k P(Z=i) \prod_{j \in \Omega_t} P\left(\left\{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\right\}_{j \in \Omega_t} \mid Z = i\right)} = \frac{P(Z=i) \prod_{j \in \Omega_t} P\left(\left\{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\right\}_{j \in \Omega_t} \mid Z = i\right)}{\sum_{i=1}^k P(Z=i) \prod_{j \in \Omega_t} P\left(\left\{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\right\}_{j \in \Omega_t} \mid Z = i\right)} \quad \text{QED}
 \end{aligned}$$

(d) M-step

We have $\rho_{it} = P(Z=i \mid \{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\}_{j \in \Omega_t})$.

$$P(Z=i) \leftarrow \frac{1}{T} P\left(Z=i \mid \{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\}_{j \in \Omega_t}\right) = \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=1}^T \rho_{it}$$

$$P(R_j=1 \mid Z=i) \leftarrow \frac{\sum_t P(R_j=1, Z=i \mid \{R_k = r_k^{(t)}\}_{k \in \Omega_t})}{\sum_t P(Z=i \mid \{R_k = r_k^{(t)}\}_{k \in \Omega_t})} \leftarrow \rho_{it}$$

$$\text{Numerator: } \sum_t P(R_j=1, Z=i \mid \{R_k = r_k^{(t)}\}_{k \in \Omega_t}) \stackrel{\text{P.R.}}{=} \sum_{t: j \in \Omega_t} I(r_j^{(t)}, 1) P(Z=i \mid \{R_k = r_k^{(t)}\}_{k \in \Omega_t}) + \sum_{t: j \notin \Omega_t} P(Z=i \mid \{R_k = r_k^{(t)}\}_{k \in \Omega_t}) P(R_j=1 \mid Z=i, \{R_k = r_k^{(t)}\}_{k \in \Omega_t})$$

$$\stackrel{\text{CI}}{=} \sum_{t: j \in \Omega_t} I(r_j^{(t)}, 1) \underbrace{P(Z=i \mid \{R_k = r_k^{(t)}\}_{k \in \Omega_t})}_{\rho_{it}} + \sum_{t: j \notin \Omega_t} \underbrace{P(Z=i \mid \{R_k = r_k^{(t)}\}_{k \in \Omega_t})}_{\rho_{it}} P(R_j=1 \mid Z=i)$$

$$\Rightarrow P(R_j=1 \mid Z=i) \leftarrow \frac{\sum_{t: j \in \Omega_t} I(r_j^{(t)}, 1) \rho_{it} + \sum_{t: j \notin \Omega_t} P(R_j=1 \mid Z=i) \rho_{it}}{\sum_{t=1}^T \rho_{it}} \quad \text{QED}$$

(e) Implementation

iteration	log-likelihood \mathcal{L}
Iteration: 0	Log: -27.0358
Iteration: 1	Log: -17.5604
Iteration: 2	Log: -16.0024
Iteration: 4	Log: -15.0606
Iteration: 8	Log: -14.5016
Iteration: 16	Log: -14.2638
Iteration: 32	Log: -14.1802
Iteration: 64	Log: -14.1701
Iteration: 128	Log: -14.164
Iteration: 256	Log: -14.1637

(f) Personal movie recommendations

	Unseen movie	Expected rating	13	American_Hustle	0.764935
17	The_Martian	0.957777	18	The_Hateful_Eight	0.763712
3	Captain_America:_The_First_Avenger	0.919661	8	The_Help	0.748773
15	Gone_Girl	0.917336	35	Terminator:_Dark_Fate	0.731152
2	Thor	0.908369	26	Phantom_Thread	0.727953
29	The_Farewell	0.899042	32	Us	0.724827
23	Manchester_by_the_Sea	0.865086	31	Good_Boys	0.708575
21	Chappaquidick	0.860513	7	Drive	0.697637
1	Toy_Story_3	0.850382	33	Pokemon_Detective_Pikachu	0.696073
10	The_Perks_of_Being_a_Wallflower	0.833299	16	Mad_Max:_Fury_Road	0.682776
27	Darkest_Hour	0.832298	14	Man_of_Steel	0.680190
30	Parasite	0.820570	4	Bridesmaids	0.678331
5	The_Girls_with_the_Dragon_Tattoo	0.810251	28	Rocketman	0.646191
6	X-Men:_First_Class	0.805592	24	The_Shape_of_Water	0.583863
22	Hidden_Figures	0.793803	9	Prometheus	0.576349
25	Three_Billboards_Outside_Ebbing	0.780099	0	The_Last_Airbender	0.540432
11	Frozen	0.778526	34	Hustlers	0.508773
19	The_Revenant	0.774300	20	I_Feel_Pretty	0.308193
12	Her	0.771187			

These recommendations are fairly accurate!

(g) Source code

Source code is appended to the end of the document.

8.2 Mixture model decision boundary

(a) Posterior probability

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(y=1|\vec{x}) &= \frac{\text{Bayes } P(y=1)P(\vec{x}|y=1)}{P(\vec{x})} \\
 &= \frac{P(y=1)P(\vec{x}|y=1)}{P(y=1)P(\vec{x}|y=1)+P(y=0)P(\vec{x}|y=0)} \\
 &= \frac{\pi_1(2\pi)^{-\frac{d}{2}} |\Sigma_1|^{-\frac{1}{2}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\vec{x}-\mu_1)^T \Sigma_1^{-1} (\vec{x}-\mu_1)}}{\pi_1(2\pi)^{-\frac{d}{2}} |\Sigma_1|^{-\frac{1}{2}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\vec{x}-\mu_1)^T \Sigma_1^{-1} (\vec{x}-\mu_1)} + \pi_0(2\pi)^{-\frac{d}{2}} |\Sigma_0|^{-\frac{1}{2}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\vec{x}-\mu_0)^T \Sigma_0^{-1} (\vec{x}-\mu_0)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(b) Decision boundary} \quad P(y=1|\vec{x}) &= \frac{\pi_1(\vec{x}-\mu_1)^T \Sigma^{-1} (\vec{x}-\mu_1)}{\pi_1(\vec{x}-\mu_1)^T \Sigma^{-1} e^{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}(\vec{x}-\mu_1)^T \Sigma^{-1} (\vec{x}-\mu_1)} + \pi_0(\vec{x}-\mu_0)^T \Sigma^{-1} e^{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}(\vec{x}-\mu_0)^T \Sigma^{-1} (\vec{x}-\mu_0)}} \\
 &= \frac{\pi_1 e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\vec{x}-\mu_1)^T \Sigma^{-1} (\vec{x}-\mu_1)}}{\pi_1 e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\vec{x}-\mu_1)^T \Sigma^{-1} (\vec{x}-\mu_1)} + \pi_0 e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\vec{x}-\mu_0)^T \Sigma^{-1} (\vec{x}-\mu_0)}} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{\pi_0}{\pi_1} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\vec{x}-\mu_0)^T \Sigma^{-1} (\vec{x}-\mu_0) + \frac{1}{2}(\vec{x}-\mu_1)^T \Sigma^{-1} (\vec{x}-\mu_1)}} \\
 \frac{\pi_0}{\pi_1} = e^{\log \frac{\pi_0}{\pi_1}} &= \frac{1}{1 + e^{\log \frac{\pi_0}{\pi_1} + \left(\frac{1}{2}(\vec{x}-\mu_0)^T \Sigma^{-1} (\vec{x}-\mu_0) + \frac{1}{2}(\vec{x}-\mu_1)^T \Sigma^{-1} (\vec{x}-\mu_1) \right)}} = \frac{1}{1 + e^{\log \frac{\pi_0}{\pi_1} + \left(\frac{1}{2}(\vec{x}-\mu_0)^T \Sigma^{-1} (\vec{x}-\mu_0) + \frac{1}{2}(\vec{x}-\mu_1)^T \Sigma^{-1} (\vec{x}-\mu_1) \right)}} \\
 &= \frac{1}{1 + e^{\log \frac{\pi_0}{\pi_1} - \frac{1}{2}(\vec{x}^T \vec{x} - 2\vec{x}^T \mu_0 + \vec{\mu}_0^T \Sigma^{-1} \vec{\mu}_0) + \frac{1}{2}(\vec{x}^T \vec{x} - 2\vec{x}^T \mu_1 + \vec{\mu}_1^T \Sigma^{-1} \vec{\mu}_1)}} \\
 &= \frac{1}{1 + e^{\log \frac{\pi_0}{\pi_1} + \vec{x}^T \mu_0 - \frac{1}{2} \vec{\mu}_0^T \Sigma^{-1} \vec{\mu}_0 - \vec{x}^T \mu_1 + \frac{1}{2} \vec{\mu}_1^T \Sigma^{-1} \vec{\mu}_1}} \\
 &= \frac{1}{1 + e^{\log \frac{\pi_0}{\pi_1} + \vec{x}^T (\vec{\mu}_0 - \vec{\mu}_1) + \frac{1}{2} (\vec{\mu}_1^T \Sigma^{-1} \vec{\mu}_1 - \vec{\mu}_0^T \Sigma^{-1} \vec{\mu}_0)}} \\
 &= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}, \text{ where } z = \vec{\omega}^T \vec{x} + b \text{ with } \vec{\omega} = \sum_i (\mu_i - \mu_0) \text{ and } b = -\log \frac{\pi_0}{\pi_1} - \frac{1}{2} (\vec{\mu}_1^T \Sigma^{-1} \vec{\mu}_1 - \vec{\mu}_0^T \Sigma^{-1} \vec{\mu}_0)
 \end{aligned}$$

(c) Shifting hyperplane

$$\frac{P(y=1|\vec{x})}{P(y=0|\vec{x})} = \frac{\sigma(\omega \vec{x} + b)}{1 - \sigma(\omega \vec{x} + b)} = \frac{\sigma(\omega \vec{x} + b)}{\sigma(-\omega \vec{x} - b)} = \frac{\frac{1}{1 + e^{-(\omega \vec{x} + b)}}}{\frac{1}{1 + e^{\omega \vec{x} + b}}} = \frac{1 + e^{\omega \vec{x} + b}}{1 + e^{-(\omega \vec{x} + b)}} = k$$

We let $z = \vec{\omega}^T \vec{x} + b$.

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1 + e^z}{1 + e^{-z}} = \frac{e^z e^{-z} + e^z}{1 + e^{-z}} = \frac{e^z (1 + e^{-z})}{(1 + e^{-z})} = k$$

$$\Rightarrow e^{\vec{\omega}^T \vec{x} + b} = k$$

$\vec{\omega}^T \vec{x} + b = \log k$ is the hyperplane.

Boundary: $\vec{\omega}^T \vec{x} + b = \log 1 = 0$. OK.

8.3 Gradient ascent versus EM

(a) Log likelihood

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L}(\vec{\beta}) &= \sum_{t=1}^T \log P(y_t | \vec{x}_t) \\
 &= \sum_{t=1}^T y_t \log P(y_t = 1 | \vec{x}_t) + (1-y_t) \log P(y_t = 0 | \vec{x}_t) \\
 &= \sum_{t=1}^T y_t \log(1 - e^{-\vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{x}}) + (1-y_t) \log(1 - (1 - e^{-\vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{x}})) \\
 &= \sum_{t=1}^T y_t \log(1 - e^{-\vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{x}}) + (1-y_t) \log e^{-\vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{x}} \\
 &= \sum_{t=1}^T y_t \log(1 - e^{-\vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{x}}) - (1-y_t) \vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{x}
 \end{aligned}$$

(b) Gradient

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \vec{\beta}} &= \sum_{t=1}^T \frac{y_t (-e^{-\vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{x}})(-\vec{x})}{1 - e^{-\vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{x}}} - (1-y_t) \cdot \vec{x}_t \\
 &= \sum_{t=1}^T \vec{x}_t \left[\frac{y_t e^{-\vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{x}}}{f_t} - \frac{f_t}{f_t} + \frac{y_t f_t}{f_t} \right] \\
 &= \sum_{t=1}^T \vec{x}_t \left[y_t \left(\frac{e^{-\vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{x}} + (1-e^{-\vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{x}})}{f_t} \right) - \frac{f_t}{f_t} \right] \\
 &= \sum_{t=1}^T \vec{x}_t \left[\frac{y_t - f_t}{f_t} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

Expression ii

(c) Noisy-OR

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(y=1|\vec{x}) &= 1 - e^{-\vec{v} \cdot \vec{x}} \\
 &= 1 - e^{-(-\vec{x} \log(1-p))} \\
 &= 1 - e^{\log(1-p)\vec{x}} \\
 &= 1 - e^{\sum_{i=1}^k \log(1-p_i)x_i} \\
 &= 1 - e^{\log \prod_{i=1}^k (1-p_i)^{x_i}} \\
 &= 1 - \underline{\underline{\prod_{i=1}^k (1-p_i)^{x_i}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

(d) Chain rule

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{\partial L}{\partial p_i} &= \frac{\partial L}{\partial v_i} \frac{\partial v_i}{\partial p_i} \\
 \frac{\partial v_i}{\partial p_i} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial p_i} (-\log(1-p_i)) = \frac{1}{1-p_i} \\
 \Rightarrow \frac{\partial L}{\partial p_i} &= \frac{1}{1-p_i} \frac{\partial L}{\partial v_i} \quad \text{QED}
 \end{aligned}$$

(e) Gradient ascent versus EM

$$\begin{aligned}
 p_i &\leftarrow p_i + \eta_i \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial p_i} \right) \\
 p_i + \eta_i \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial p_i} \right) &= p_i + \frac{p_i(1-p_i)}{T_i} \cdot \frac{1}{1-p_i} \frac{\partial L}{\partial v_i} \\
 &= p_i + \frac{p_i}{T_i} \frac{\partial L}{\partial v_i} \\
 &= p_i + \frac{p_i}{T_i} \sum_{t=1}^T x_{it} \left[\frac{y_t - p_t}{p_t} \right] \\
 &= p_i + \frac{p_i}{T_i} \sum_{t=1}^T x_{it} \left[\frac{y_t - p_t}{p_t} \right] \\
 &= p_i + \frac{p_i}{T_i} \sum_{t=1}^T \left(\frac{x_{it}y_t}{p_t} - x_{it} \right) \\
 &= p_i + \frac{p_i}{T_i} \sum_{t=1}^T \frac{x_{it}y_t}{p_t} - \frac{p_i}{T_i} \sum_{t=1}^T x_{it} \\
 &= p_i + \frac{p_i}{T_i} \sum_{t=1}^T \frac{x_{it}y_t}{p_t} - \frac{p_i}{T_i} \cancel{T} \\
 &= \underline{\underline{\frac{p_i}{T_i} \sum_{t=1}^T \frac{x_{it}y_t}{p_t}}} \quad \text{QED} \quad (\text{Comparing the updates})
 \end{aligned}$$

8.4 Similarity learning with logistic regression

(a) Inference for similar examples

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(y=1, y'=1 | \vec{x}, \vec{x}', s=1) &\stackrel{\text{Bayes}}{=} \frac{P(s=1 | y=1, y'=1, \vec{x}, \vec{x}') P(y=1, y'=1 | \vec{x}, \vec{x}')} {P(s=1 | \vec{x}, \vec{x}')} \\
 &= \frac{P(s=1 | y=1, y'=1) P(y=1 | \vec{x}, \vec{x}') P(y'=1 | \vec{x}, \vec{x}', y=1)} {P(s=1 | \vec{x}, \vec{x}')} \\
 &\stackrel{\text{CI \& PR}}{=} \frac{P(s=1 | y=1, y'=1) P(y=1 | \vec{x}) P(y'=1 | \vec{x}')} {P(s=1 | \vec{x}, \vec{x}')} \\
 &\stackrel{\text{CPt}}{=} \frac{1 \cdot \sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}) \cdot \sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}')} {P(s=1 | \vec{x}, \vec{x}')} \\
 &\stackrel{\text{marg}}{=} \frac{1 \cdot \sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}) \cdot \sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}')} {\sum_{y, y'} P(s=1, y, y' | \vec{x}, \vec{x}')} \\
 &= \frac{1 \cdot \sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}) \cdot \sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}')} {\sum_{y, y'} P(s=1 | y, y') P(y | \vec{x}) P(y' | \vec{x}')} \\
 &= \frac{1 \cdot \sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}) \cdot \sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}')} {\sum_{y, y'} I(y, y') P(y | \vec{x}) P(y' | \vec{x}')} \\
 &= \frac{\sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}) \cdot \sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}')} {P(y=0 | \vec{x}) P(y'=0 | \vec{x}) + P(y=1 | \vec{x}) P(y'=1 | \vec{x})} \\
 &= \frac{\sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}) \cdot \sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}')} {(1 - \sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x})) (1 - \sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}')) + \sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}) \sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}')} \\
 &= \frac{\sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}) \cdot \sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}')} {\sigma(-\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}) \sigma(-\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}') + \sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}) \sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}'')}
 \end{aligned}$$

(b) Inference for dissimilar examples

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(y=1, y'=0 | \vec{x}, \vec{x}', s=0) &\stackrel{\text{Bayes}}{=} \frac{P(s=0 | y=1, y'=0, \vec{x}, \vec{x}') P(y=1, y'=0 | \vec{x}, \vec{x}')} {P(s=0 | \vec{x}, \vec{x}')} \\
 &= \frac{P(s=0 | y=1, y'=0) P(y=1 | \vec{x}, \vec{x}') P(y'=0 | \vec{x}, \vec{x}', y=1)} {P(s=0 | \vec{x}, \vec{x}')} \\
 &\stackrel{\text{CI \& PR}}{=} \frac{P(s=0 | y=1, y'=0) P(y=1 | \vec{x}) P(y'=0 | \vec{x}')} {P(s=0 | \vec{x}, \vec{x}')} \\
 &\stackrel{\text{CPt}}{=} \frac{1 \cdot \sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}) \cdot \sigma(-\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}')} {P(s=0 | \vec{x}, \vec{x}')} \\
 &\stackrel{\text{marg}}{=} \frac{1 \cdot \sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}) \cdot \sigma(-\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}')} {\sum_{y, y'} P(s=0, y, y' | \vec{x}, \vec{x}')} \\
 &= \frac{1 \cdot \sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}) \cdot \sigma(-\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}')} {\sum_{y, y'} P(s=0 | y, y') P(y | \vec{x}) P(y' | \vec{x}')} \\
 &\stackrel{\text{dissimilarity}}{=} \frac{\sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}) \cdot \sigma(-\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}')} {P(y=0 | \vec{x}) P(y'=1 | \vec{x}') + P(y=1 | \vec{x}) P(y'=0 | \vec{x}')} \\
 &= \frac{\sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}) \cdot \sigma(-\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}')} {\sigma(-\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}) \sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}') + \sigma(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}) \sigma(-\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}'')}
 \end{aligned}$$

(c) **E-Step**

$$(b) P(y=1|\vec{x}, \vec{x}', s=1) = P(y=1, y'=1 | \vec{x}, \vec{x}', s=1)$$

$$(b) P(y'=1|\vec{x}, \vec{x}', s=1) = P(y=1, y'=1 | \vec{x}, \vec{x}', s=1)$$

$$(a) P(y=1|\vec{x}, \vec{x}', s=0) = P(y=1, y'=0 | \vec{x}, \vec{x}', s=0)$$

$$(c) P(y'=1|\vec{x}, \vec{x}', s=0) = 1 - P(y=1, y'=0 | \vec{x}, \vec{x}', s=0)$$

(d) **Log-likelihood**

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}(\vec{\omega}) &= \sum_t \log P(s_t | \vec{x}_t, \vec{x}'_t) \\ &= \sum_t s_t \log P(s=1 | \vec{x}_t, \vec{x}'_t) + (1-s_t) \log P(s=0 | \vec{x}_t, \vec{x}'_t) \\ &\stackrel{\text{from a/b}}{=} \sum_t s_t \log (\sigma(-\vec{\omega} \cdot \vec{x}) \sigma(-\vec{\omega} \cdot \vec{x}') + \sigma(\vec{\omega} \cdot \vec{x}) \sigma(\vec{\omega} \cdot \vec{x}')) + (1-s_t) \log (\sigma(-\vec{\omega} \cdot \vec{x}) \sigma(\vec{\omega} \cdot \vec{x}') + \sigma(\vec{\omega} \cdot \vec{x}) \sigma(-\vec{\omega} \cdot \vec{x}')) \end{aligned}$$

(e) **M-step**

$$\vec{w} \leftarrow \vec{w} + \eta \left\{ \sum_t \left[(\bar{y}_t - \sigma(\vec{\omega} \cdot \vec{x}_t)) \vec{x}_t + (\bar{y}'_t - \sigma(\vec{\omega} \cdot \vec{x}'_t)) \vec{x}'_t \right] \right\}$$

8.5 Logistic regression across time

(a) Likelihood

$$\begin{aligned}
 \alpha_{j,t+1} &= P(Y_{t+1} = j \mid y_0, \vec{x}_1, \dots, \vec{x}_{t+1}) \\
 &\stackrel{\text{marg}}{=} \sum_{k \in \{0,1\}} P(y_{t+1} = j, y_t = k \mid y_0, \vec{x}_1, \dots, \vec{x}_t, \vec{x}_{t+1}) \\
 &\stackrel{\text{P.R.}}{=} \sum_{k \in \{0,1\}} P(y_t = k \mid y_0, \vec{x}_1, \dots, \vec{x}_t, \vec{x}_{t+1}) P(y_{t+1} = j \mid y_t = k, y_0, \vec{x}_1, \dots, \vec{x}_t, \vec{x}_{t+1}) \\
 &\stackrel{\text{CI}}{=} \sum_{k \in \{0,1\}} P(y_t = k \mid y_0, \vec{x}_1, \dots, \vec{x}_t) P(y_{t+1} = j \mid y_t = k, \vec{x}_{t+1}) \\
 &= \sum_{k \in \{0,1\}} \alpha_{it} \cdot P(y_{t+1} = j \mid y_t = k, \vec{x}_{t+1}) \\
 &= \sum_{k \in \{0,1\}} \alpha_{it} (j \cdot \sigma(\vec{\omega}_k \cdot \vec{x}_{t+1}) + (1-j) \sigma(\vec{\omega}_k \cdot \vec{x}_{t+1})) \\
 &= \sum_{k \in \{0,1\}} \alpha_{it} (\sigma(\vec{\omega}_0 \cdot \vec{x}_{t+1}) + \sigma(\vec{\omega}_1 \cdot \vec{x}_{t+1}))
 \end{aligned}$$

~~$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \sum_{k \in \{0,1\}} \alpha_{it} \cdot \sigma(\vec{\omega}_k \cdot \vec{x}_{t+1}) \\
 &= \alpha_{it} (\sigma(\vec{\omega}_0 \cdot \vec{x}_{t+1}) + \sigma(\vec{\omega}_1 \cdot \vec{x}_{t+1}))
 \end{aligned}$$~~

(b) Most likely hidden states

$$\begin{aligned}
 \ell_{j,t+1}^* &= \max_{y_1, \dots, y_t} \left[\log P(y_1, \dots, y_t, y_{t+1} = i \mid y_0, \vec{x}_1, \dots, \vec{x}_{t+1}) \right] \\
 &= \max_{y_1, \dots, y_{t-1}} \max_j \left[\log P(y_1, \dots, y_{t-1}, y_t = j, y_{t+1} = i \mid y_0, \vec{x}_1, \dots, \vec{x}_{t+1}) \right] \\
 &= \max_{y_1, \dots, y_{t-1}} \max_j \left[\log P(y_1, \dots, y_{t-1}, y_t = j \mid y_0, \vec{x}_1, \dots, \vec{x}_{t+1}) + \log P(y_{t+1} = i \mid y_0, \vec{x}_1, \dots, \vec{x}_{t+1}, y_1, \dots, y_{t-1}, y_t = j) \right] \\
 &= \max_{y_1, \dots, y_{t-1}} \max_j \left[\log P(y_1, \dots, y_{t-1}, y_t = j \mid y_0, \vec{x}_1, \dots, \vec{x}_t) + \log P(y_{t+1} = i \mid \vec{x}_{t+1}, y_t = j) \right] \\
 &= \max_j \left[\ell_{jt}^* + \log \left(i \left(j \sigma(\vec{\omega}_i \cdot \vec{x}_{t+1}) + (1-j) \sigma(\vec{\omega}_i \cdot \vec{x}_{t+1}) \right) + (1-i) \left(j (1 - \sigma(\vec{\omega}_i \cdot \vec{x}_{t+1})) + (1-j) (1 - \sigma(\vec{\omega}_i \cdot \vec{x}_{t+1})) \right) \right) \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

(c) Prediction

for $t = 1$ to $T-1$

for $j = 0$ to 1

$$\Phi_{t+1}(j) = \operatorname{argmax}_{i \in \{0,1\}} \left[\frac{1}{\alpha_{it}} \left(\ell_{it}^* + \log \left(j \left(i \sigma(\vec{\omega}_i \cdot \vec{x}_{t+1}) + (1-i) \sigma(\vec{\omega}_i \cdot \vec{x}_{t+1}) \right) + (1-j) \left(i (1 - \sigma(\vec{\omega}_i \cdot \vec{x}_{t+1})) + (1-i) (1 - \sigma(\vec{\omega}_i \cdot \vec{x}_{t+1})) \right) \right) \right) \right]$$

for $t = T-1$ to 1

$$y_t^* = \left[\Phi_{t+1}(y_{t+1}^*) \right]$$

Source code 1g)

```
a) import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
[1] ✓ 2.1s Python

movies = open('hw8_movies.txt').read().splitlines()
ids = open('hw8_ids.txt').read().splitlines()
ratings = np.loadtxt('hw8_ratings.txt', dtype='str')
[2] ✓ 0.1s Python

> movie_with_ratings = []
for i in range(len(movies)):
    rating = ratings[:,i]
    recommended = sum(rating == "1")
    seen = sum(rating != "?")
    movie_with_ratings.append((movies[i], recommended/seen))

df = pd.DataFrame(movie_with_ratings, columns=['Movie', 'Rating'])
df = df.sort_values(by="Rating")
# Print first 1-26, then 27-52, then 53-77
print(df[52:76])
[22] ✓ 0.4s Python
```

```
e) Implementation

probZ = np.loadtxt('hw8_probZ_init.txt', dtype='float32')
probR = np.loadtxt('hw8_probR_init.txt', dtype='float32')
[23] ✓ 0.6s Python

k = 4
n_iter = 256
T = len(ids)
[26] ✓ 0.6s Python

prob_z = np.copy(probZ)
prob_r = np.copy(probR)
posteriors = np.empty([k,T], dtype='float32')
log_likelihoods = []
[29] ✓ 0.6s Python

def e_step(i, t, prob_z, prob_r):
    recommended, = np.where(ratings[t,:] == "1")
    not_recommended, = np.where(ratings[t,:] == "0")
    numerator = prob_z[i]*np.prod(prob_r[recommended,i])*np.prod(1-prob_r[not_recommended,i])
    denominator = 0
    for x in range(k):
        denominator += prob_z[x]*np.prod(prob_r[recommended,x])*np.prod(1-prob_r[not_recommended,x])
    return numerator/denominator
[✓] 0.3s Python

def m_step(i, j, posteriors, prob_r):
    seen, = np.where(ratings[:,j] == "1")
    not_seen, = np.where(ratings[:,j] == "?")
    return (np.sum(posteriors[i,seen])+prob_r[j,i]*np.sum(posteriors[i,not_seen]))/np.sum(posteriors[i,:])
[✓] 0.4s Python

def log_likelihood(t, prob_z, prob_r):
    sum = 0
    for i in range(k):
        recommended, = np.where(ratings[t,:] == "1")
        not_recommended, = np.where(ratings[t,:] == "0")
        sum += prob_z[i]*np.prod(prob_r[recommended,i])*np.prod(1-prob_r[not_recommended,i])
    return np.log(sum)
[✓] 0.5s Python

def em(prob_r, prob_z, log_likelihoods, posteriors, n_iter):
    for iter in range(n_iter+1):
        loglike = 0
        prob_z_temp = np.empty(k)
        prob_r_temp = np.empty([len(movies),k])
        for t in range(T):
            loglike += log_likelihood(t, prob_z, prob_r)
            for i in range(k):
                posteriors[i,t] = e_step(i, t, prob_z, prob_r)
        for i in range(k):
            prob_z_temp[i] = np.sum(posteriors[i,:])/T
            for j in range(len(movies)):
                prob_r_temp[j,i] = m_step(i, j, posteriors, prob_r)
        log_likelihoods.append(loglike)
        prob_z = prob_z_temp
        prob_r = prob_r_temp
    return log_likelihoods, posteriors, prob_r, prob_z
[✓] 0.3s Python

log_likelihoods, post, prob_r, probz = em(prob_r, prob_z, log_likelihoods, posteriors, n_iter)
[✓] 35.2s Python
```

```
print("Iteration: 0 \t Log: {round(log_likelihoods[0],4)}")
print("Iteration: 1 \t Log: {round(log_likelihoods[1],4)}")
print("Iteration: 2 \t Log: {round(log_likelihoods[2],4)}")
print("Iteration: 4 \t Log: {round(log_likelihoods[4],4)}")
print("Iteration: 8 \t Log: {round(log_likelihoods[8],4)}")
print("Iteration: 16 \t Log: {round(log_likelihoods[16],4)}")
print("Iteration: 32 \t Log: {round(log_likelihoods[32],4)}")
print("Iteration: 64 \t Log: {round(log_likelihoods[64],4)}")
print("Iteration: 128 \t Log: {round(log_likelihoods[128],4)}")
print("Iteration: 256 \t Log: {round(log_likelihoods[256],4)}")
```

✓ 0.5s Python

f) Personal movie recommendations

```
idx = ids.index("U09085243")
not_seen, = np.where(ratings[idx,:] == "?")
unseen_with_expected = []

for movie in not_seen:
    expected = 0
    for i in range(k):
        estep = e_step(i, idx, probz, probR)
        mstep = m_step(i, movie, post, probR)
        expected += estep*mstep
    unseen_with_expected.append((movies[movie], expected))

df2 = pd.DataFrame(unseen_with_expected, columns=['Unseen movie', 'Expected rating'])
df2 = df2.sort_values(by="Expected rating", ascending=False)
```

✓ 0.1s Python

df2

```
✓ 0.1s Python
```

	Unseen movie	Expected rating
17	The_Martian	0.957777
3	Captain_America:_The_First_Avenger	0.919661