

## 1.2 and Beyond

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#### Programming Phoenix

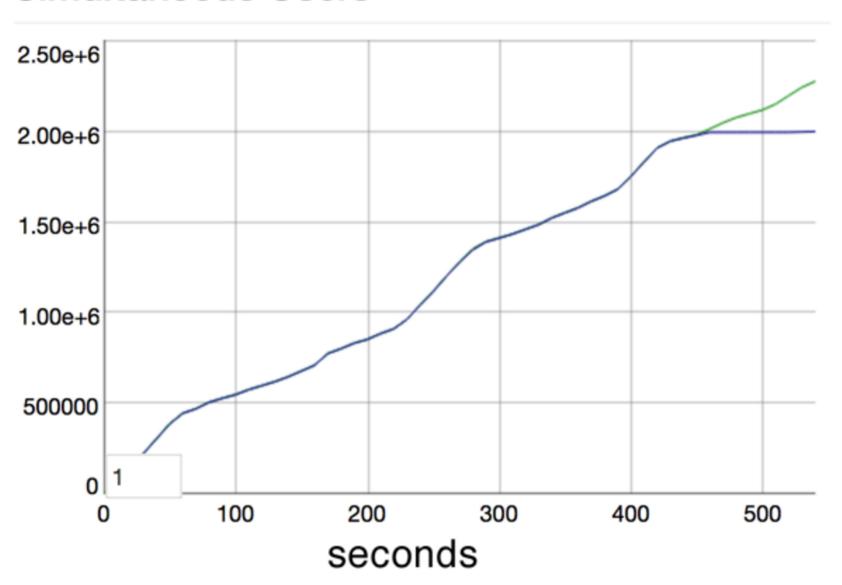
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#### 2M channel clients on one server

#### Simultaneous Users



## Growth

- 4k downloads/day from hex
- Focused books in the works
  - Phoenix with gaming
  - Phoenix with embedded
- Job opportunities



## Phoenix 1.2rc

- Available today
- lib/ now reloaded in dev
- Extracted Phoenix.PubSub
- Phoenix.Presence

## Phoenix.Presence

## A look at the problem

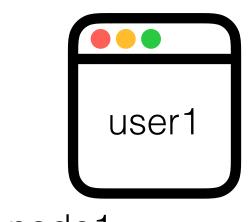




#### Presence.list()

- user1 (3)
- user2

## A look at the problem



Presence.list()

• user1

node1

node2



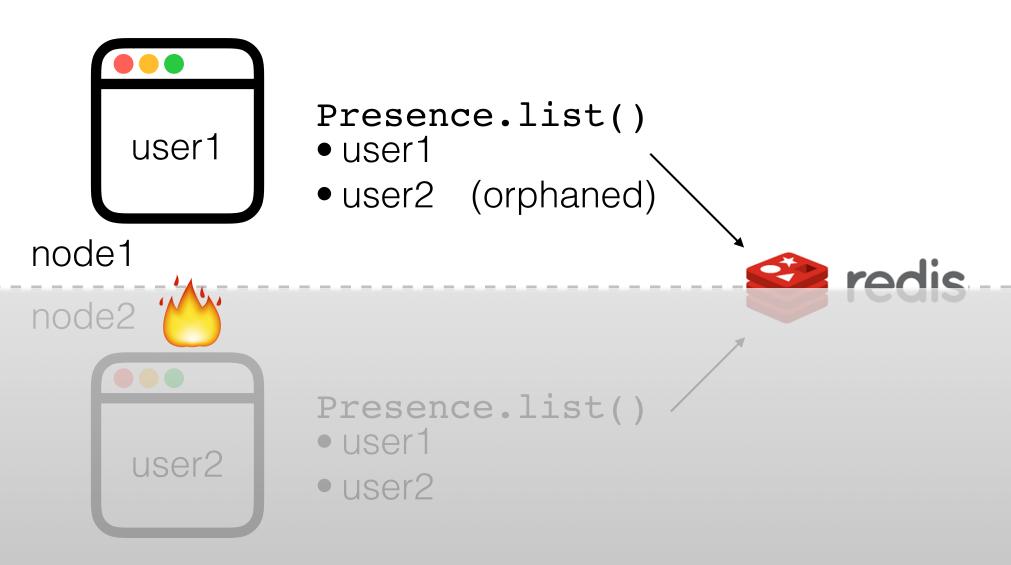
Presence.list()

• user2

## Solution?: Presence backed by shared database!



## A look at the problem



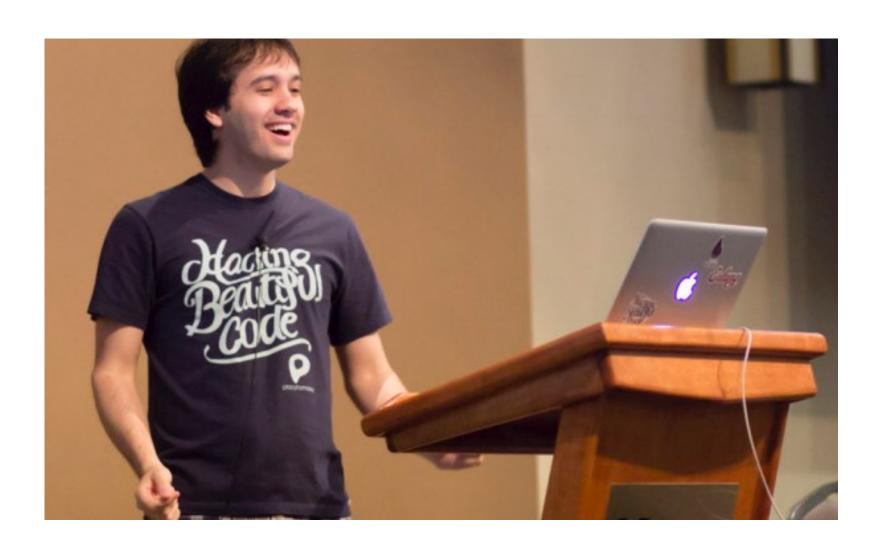
# Solution: CRDT conflict-free, replicated data type

- Strong eventual consistency
- Replicate presence join and leave events across the cluster without merge conflicts
- Conflicts are mathematically impossible
- Supports replication without remote synchronization

"In this way, for each replica there is a monotonic sequence of states, defined under the lattice partial order, where each subsequent state subsumes the previous state when joined elsewhere."

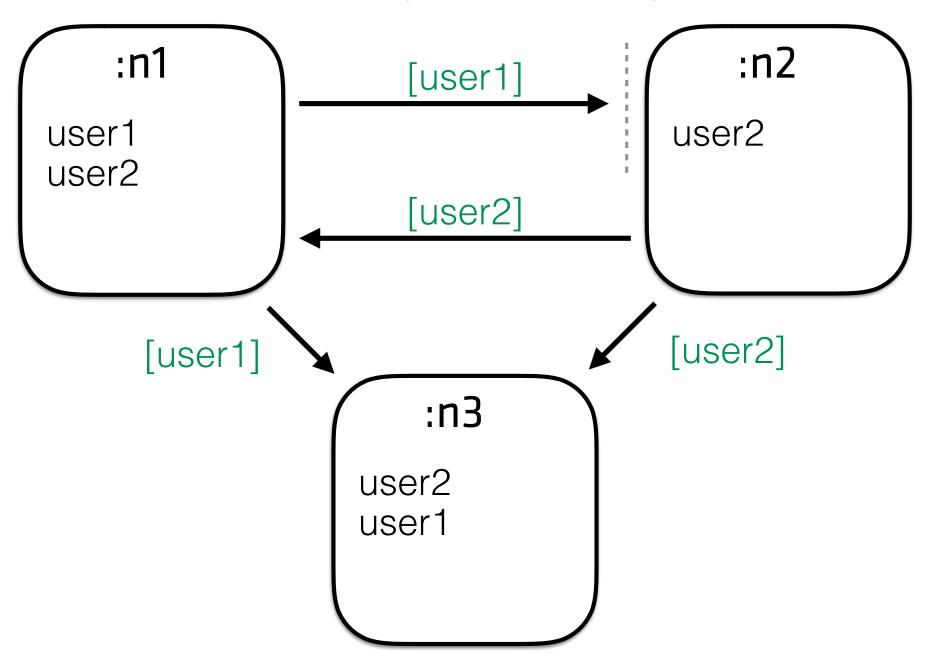


"Proof. *Trivial*, given the associativity, commutativity, and idempotence of the join operation in any join-semilattice."

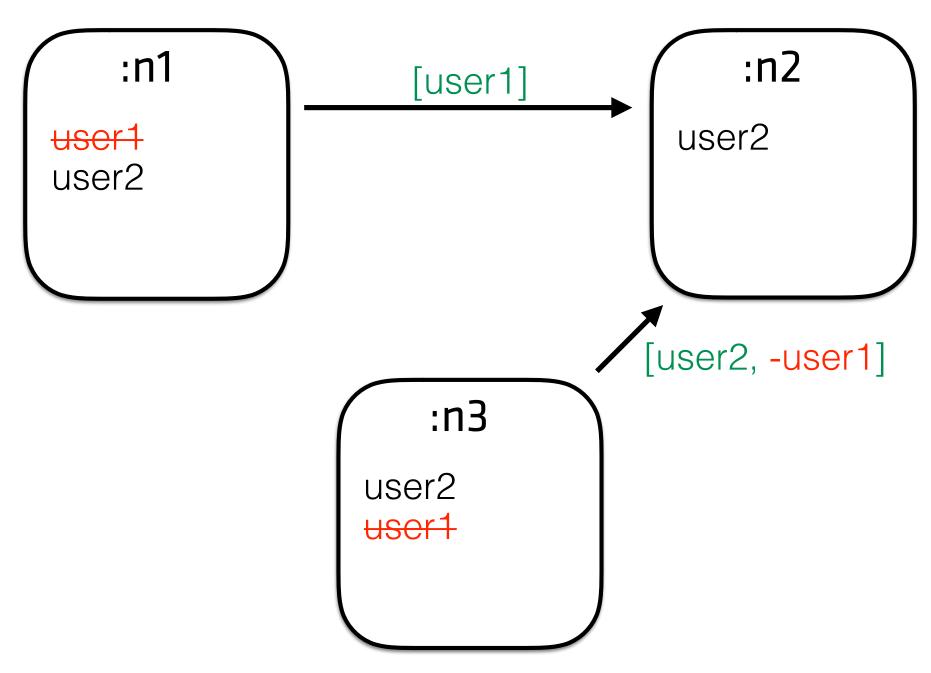


"Nah, you can do it"

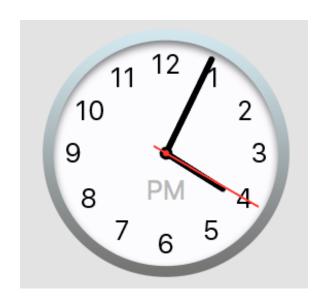
## CRDT (ORSWOT)

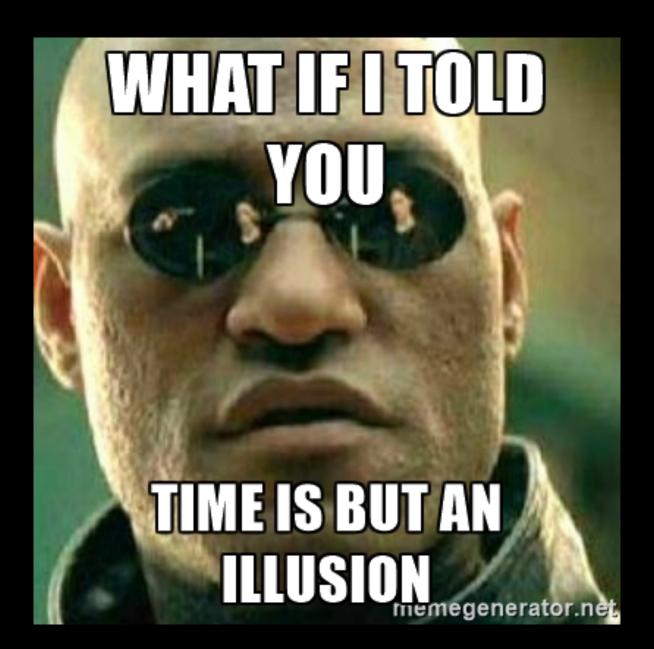


#### Does node2 add or discard user1?



## Solution: Timestamps?







Alexander Songe asonge

"The past will always come back to bite you"

# How do you model a system without time?



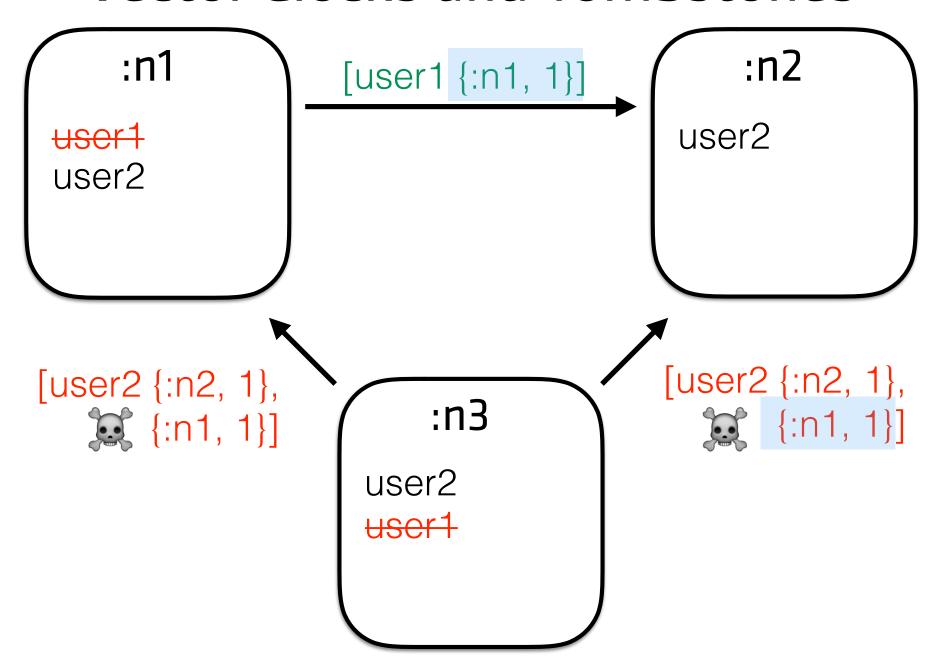
## Vector Clocks

```
{:n1, 1}
      n1 experiences internal event
{:n1, 2}
        n1 experiences internal event
{:n1, 3}
```

#### **Vector Clocks**

```
:n2
      :n1
                     [user1 {:n1, 1}]
                                           user2
 user1
 user2
                     [user2 {:n2, 1}]
                                         [user2, {:n2, 1}]
[user1, {:n1, 1}]
                          :n3
                      user2
                      user1
```

#### **Vector Clocks and Tombstones**



#### ORWSOT

#### Observed-removed set without tombstones

```
[user2 {:n2, 1},
                        [user10 \{:n1, 1\},
user10 {:n1, 1},
                                \{:n1, 2\},
{:n2, 2},
                                {:n1, 3},
{:n3, 1}, sort
                        user2 \{:n2, 1\},
{:n2, 2},
       {:n3, 2},
                        and
       {:n1, 3} compact
\{:n3, 1\},
{:n3, 4},
                               \{:n3, 2\},
{:n3, 3},
                         \{:n3, 3\},
                                {:n3, 4},
       {:n1, 2},
```

Causal context  $\{:n1 >= 3\}, \{:n2 >= 2\}, \{:n3, >= 4\}$ 

## ORWSOT Observed-removed set without tombstones

```
Causal context {:n1 >= 3}, {:n2 >= 2}, {:n3, >= 4}
[user10 {:n1, 1}, user2 {:n2, 1}]
```

## Server API

```
defmodule RoomChannel do
  def join("rooms:" <> room id, , socket) do
    send self(), :after join
    {:ok, socket}
  end
  def handle info(:after join, sock) do
    id = sock.assigns.user id
   Presence.track(sock, id,%{status: "avail"})
 push sock, "presences", Presence.list(sock)
    {:noreply, sock}
  end
end
```

## Client API

```
import {Socket, Presence} from "phoenix"
let socket = new Socket("/socket")
let room = socket.channel("rooms:" + id)
let presences = {}
room.on("presences", state => {
 Presence.syncState(presences, state)
room.on("presence diff", diff => {
  Presence.syncDiff(presences, diff)
console.log("users", Presence.list(presences)))
```

## Demo

# Phoenix vNext Service Discovery

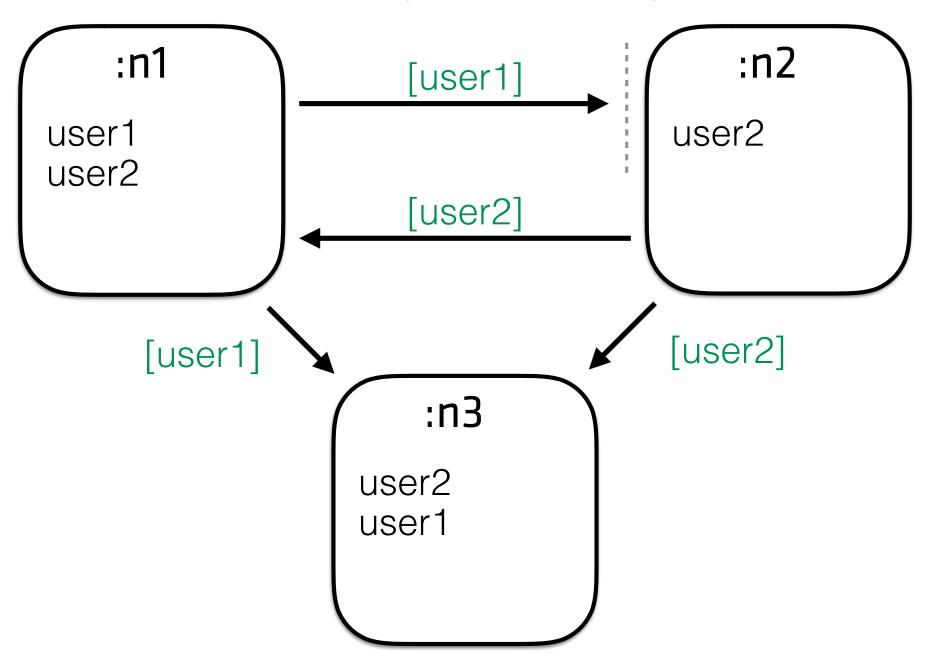


## Building on top of Presence

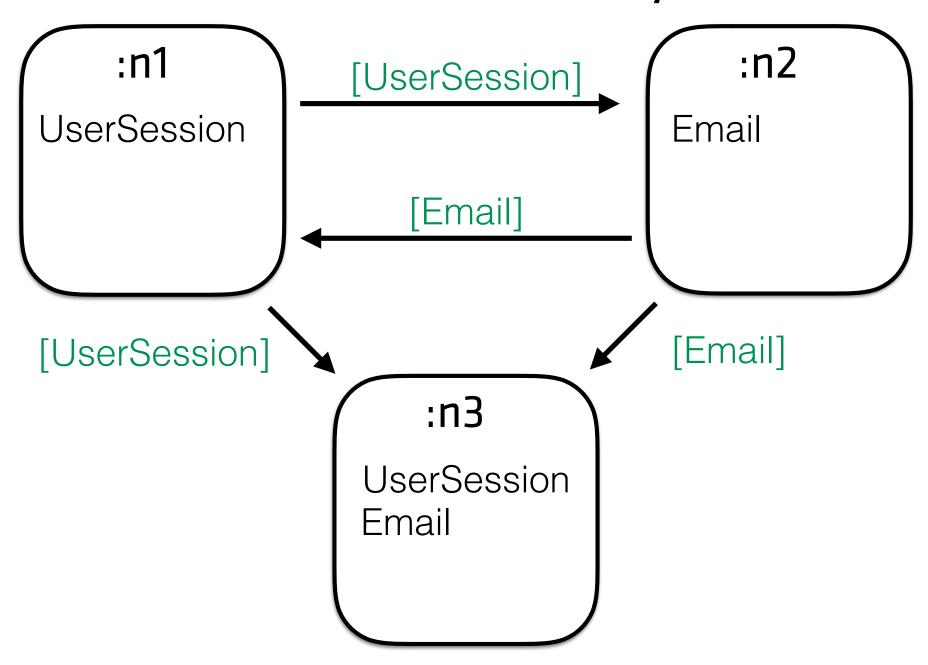
- Distributed Service Discovery
- Process Placement



## CRDT (ORSWOT)



## Service Discovery



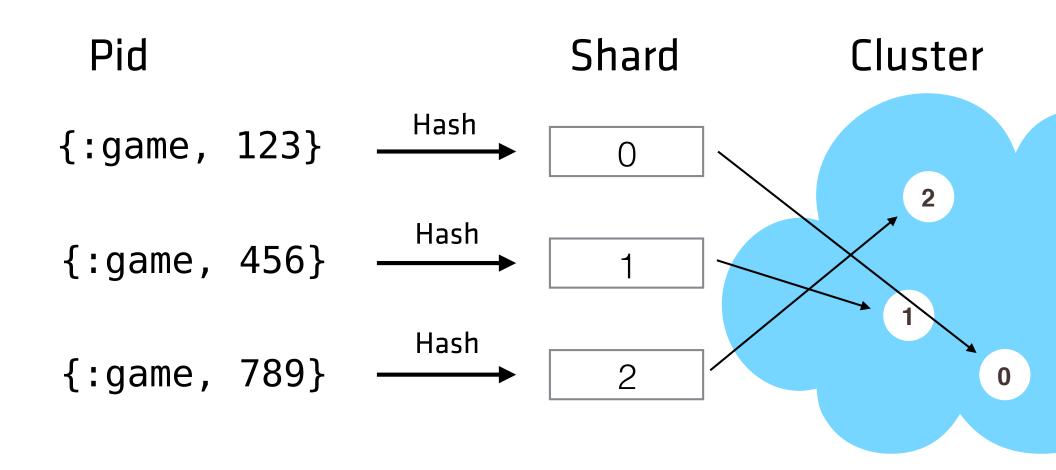
# Phoenix.Presence (Tracker) An accidental process group

```
Presence.track("rooms:11", "user1", %{
   name: "Chris"
})
:ok

Presence.list("rooms:11")
%{"user1" => [%{name: "Chris"}], ...}
```

```
Presence.list("rooms:123")
=> %{"user1" => %{name: "Chris"}, ...}
Presence.list("crawler")
=> %{"crawler" => [%{pid: pid, jobs: 99},
                   %{pid: pid, jobs: 45}]}
Service.list(:crawler)
=> [%{pid: pid, jobs: 99},
     {pid: pid, jobs: 45}]
```

## Service Routing Strategies



```
# Public API
Game.spawn new session(user.id)
=> {:ok, #PID<0.70.0>}
# Internal - Routing by shard
Service.call(Game, {:spawn, uid})
# Internal - custom client load balancing
Service.call(Game, {:spawn, gid}, fn s1, s2 ->
  sl.work factor < s2.work factor
end)
```

## Other Areas of Interest

- First-class umbrella integration
  - mix phoenix.new app —umbrella
- More extensible transports
- Better generators that focus on isolation
- Client/Server DataSync



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