

- CI (Continuous Integration):
 Practice of merging all developer code to shared repository several times a day.
- CD (Continuous Deployment):
 Software Engineering approach of automated deployments.

What CI/CD

An Integral Part Of Devops is Adopting The Culture of Continuous Integration and Continuous Delivery/deployment (Ci/cd), Where A Commit or Change To Code Passes Through Various Automated Stage Gates, All The Way from Building And Testing To Deploying Applications, From Development To Production Environments

WHY CI/CD

- Smaller code changes are simpler and have fewer unintended consequences.
- Fault isolation is simpler and quicker.
- Meantime to resolution (MTTR) is shorter because of the smaller code changes and quicker fault isolation.
- Testability improves due to smaller, specific changes.
- These smaller changes allow more accurate tests.
- Elapsed time to detect and correct production escapes is shorter leading to a faster rate of release.

BENEFITS OF CI-CD



Business Value	How CI/CD achieves this	Result:
Reduces Cost	- Catches Compile Errors After Merge - Automate Infrastructure Cleanup	Less developer time on issues from new developer code Less infrastructure costs from unused resources
Avoids Costs	- Catches Unit Test Failures - Detects Security Vulnerabilities - Automates Infrastructure Creation	 Less bugs in production/testing Prevent embarrassing or costly security holes Less human error, faster deployments
Increases Revenue	- Faster and More Frequent Production Deployments - Deploy to Production Without Manual Checks	 New value-generating features released more quickly Less time to market
Protects Revenue	 Automated Smoke Tests Automated Rollback Triggered by Job Failure 	 Reduced downtime from a deploy-related crash or major bug Quick undo to return production to working state