Aggressiveness

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```
suppressMessages(library(tidyverse))
data <- suppressMessages(read_csv("../data/AllActionsperMatchUSAMajorLeagueSoccer2016.csv"))
match_data <- suppressMessages(read_csv("../data/TeamDataMLS2016.csv"))</pre>
## Warning: Duplicated column names deduplicated: 'goals' => 'goals 1' [49]
match data <- match data %>%
 rename(match_result = Result)
# Joining the two tables:
data <- data %>%
  left join(match data, by=c("Match" = "Matchid", `Team in possession` = "Team"))
aggressive_df <- data %>%
  mutate(next team = lead(team)) %>%
  mutate(turn_over = team != next_team) %>%
  mutate(aggressive_turnover = LocX > 50 & turn_over == TRUE) %>%
  mutate(aggressive_turnover_by_team = aggressive_turnover == TRUE & `Team in possession` == next_team)
  select(`Team in possession`, next_team, aggressive_turnover, aggressive_turnover_by_team, everything(
  group_by(Match, `Team in possession`) %>%
  summarize(num aggressive turnovers = sum(aggressive turnover),
            match_result = unique(match_result),
            HomeAway = unique(HomeAway)) %>%
  mutate(is_home = ifelse(HomeAway == "T", TRUE, FALSE)) %>%
  mutate(is_win = match_result == "W")
aggressive_df
## Source: local data frame [680 x 7]
## Groups: Match [340]
##
## # A tibble: 680 x 7
##
     Match `Team in possession` num aggressive turnovers match result
                                                      <int>
##
      <int>
                             <chr>
                                                                   <chr>>
## 1 23579
               New York Red Bulls
                                                        217
## 2 23579
                       Toronto FC
                                                        136
                                                                       W
## 3 23580
                 Orlando City SC
                                                        135
                                                                       G
## 4 23580
                  Real Salt Lake
                                                        110
                                                                       G
## 5 23581
                     Chicago Fire
                                                        131
                                                                       V
## 6 23581
                New York City FC
                                                        163
                                                                       W
## 7 23582
                        FC Dallas
                                                        171
## 8 23582
                                                        147
                                                                       V
                Philadelphia Union
                                                        151
## 9 23583
                   Houston Dynamo
                                                                       G
## 10 23583 New England Revolution
                                                        162
## # ... with 670 more rows, and 3 more variables: HomeAway <chr>,
## # is_home <lgl>, is_win <lgl>
```

```
# The following code was obtained from: https://sebastiansauer.github.io/convert_logit2prob/
logit2prob <- function(logit){</pre>
  odds <- exp(logit)
 prob <- odds / (1 + odds)</pre>
  return(prob)
# Teams tend to play more aggressive when they are at home:
model <- lm(num_aggressive_turnovers ~ is_home, data=aggressive_df)</pre>
summary(model)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = num_aggressive_turnovers ~ is_home, data = aggressive_df)
## Residuals:
      Min
##
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -57.147 -14.538 -1.538 13.462 76.462
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 130.147
                          1.102 118.126 < 2e-16 ***
## is_homeTRUE
                10.391
                            1.558 6.669 5.35e-11 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 20.32 on 678 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.06156,
                                   Adjusted R-squared: 0.06018
## F-statistic: 44.48 on 1 and 678 DF, p-value: 5.346e-11
# Teams should be more aggressive when they are away in order to best improve their chances of winning:
model2 <- glm(is_win ~ num_aggressive_turnovers + is_home + is_home*num_aggressive_turnovers, data=aggr
summary(model2)
##
## glm(formula = is_win ~ num_aggressive_turnovers + is_home + is_home *
       num_aggressive_turnovers, data = aggressive_df)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min
##
                 1Q
                    Median
                                   30
                                           Max
## -0.7817 -0.2872 -0.1567
                                        0.9751
                              0.4177
##
## Coefficients:
                                         Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                                         0.651766
                                                   0.152234 4.281 2.13e-05
                                                    0.001156 -3.082 0.00214
## num_aggressive_turnovers
                                        -0.003562
## is_homeTRUE
                                         0.883470
                                                    0.225062 3.925 9.54e-05
## num_aggressive_turnovers:is_homeTRUE -0.003826
                                                   0.001643 -2.329 0.02016
## (Intercept)
## num_aggressive_turnovers
## is_homeTRUE
## num_aggressive_turnovers:is_homeTRUE *
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 0.1887578)
##
## Null deviance: 153.16 on 679 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 127.60 on 676 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 801.99
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2
```

$$P(win) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}}$$

Where:

x = 0.65 - 0.0036* (number of aggressive turnovers) + 0.883 * (is at home) - 0.033 * (number of aggressive turnovers * is at 1.000 states a constant of the constant of the

```
1/(1 + \exp(-0.65))
```

[1] 0.6570105

The above is the chances of winning under the following conditions: * Away * Zero aggressive turn overs $1/(1+\exp(-(0.65 + 0.883)))$

[1] 0.8224448

The above is the chances of winning under the following conditions: * Home * Zero aggressive turn overs