

# Cardiovascular Disease Modeling

December 29, 2019

## 0.1 Data source

[https://www.kaggle.com/sulianova/cardiovascular-disease-dataset#cardio\\_train.csv](https://www.kaggle.com/sulianova/cardiovascular-disease-dataset#cardio_train.csv)

## 0.2 Import packages

```
[40]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
from itertools import cycle, islice
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib as mpl
from pandas.plotting import parallel_coordinates

%matplotlib inline
```

## 0.3 Data acquisition and prep

```
[3]: data = pd.read_table('/Users/ericabadger/Downloads/cardio_train.csv', sep = ';')
```

```
[4]: data.head()
```

```
[4]:
```

	id	age	gender	height	weight	ap_hi	ap_lo	cholesterol	gluc	smoke	\
0	0	18393	2	168	62.0	110	80	1	1	0	
1	1	20228	1	156	85.0	140	90	3	1	0	
2	2	18857	1	165	64.0	130	70	3	1	0	
3	3	17623	2	169	82.0	150	100	1	1	0	
4	4	17474	1	156	56.0	100	60	1	1	0	

	alco	active	cardio
0	0	1	0

1	0	1	1
2	0	0	1
3	0	1	1
4	0	0	0

## Columns

- id ID number
- age in days
- gender 1 - women, 2 - men
- height cm
- weight kg
- ap\_hi Systolic blood pressure
- ap\_lo Diastolic blood pressure
- cholesterol 1: normal, 2: above normal, 3: well above normal
- gluc 1: normal, 2: above normal, 3: well above normal
- smoke whether patient smokes or not
- alco Binary feature
- active Binary feature
- cardio Target variable

### 0.3.1 Check for nulls

```
[5]: # check for nulls
data[data.isnull().any(axis=1)]
```

```
[5]: Empty DataFrame
Columns: [id, age, gender, height, weight, ap_hi, ap_lo, cholesterol, gluc,
smoke, alco, active, cardio]
Index: []
```

### 0.3.2 Convert from metric to imperial

```
[58]: # add variable to make age in years
data['age_yrs'] = data['age']/365

# add variable to make height in inches
data['height_in'] = data['height'] / 2.54

# add variable to convert weight to pounds
data['weight_lb'] = data['weight'] * 2.2
```

```
[59]: # summary stats
data.describe()
```

```
[59]:
```

	id	age	gender	height	weight	\
count	69588.000000	69588.000000	69588.000000	69588.000000	69588.000000	
mean	49969.893243	19470.150026	1.349845	164.452463	74.253697	
std	28854.199371	2466.191542	0.476924	7.858600	14.314437	
min	0.000000	10798.000000	1.000000	122.000000	41.000000	
25%	24996.750000	17666.750000	1.000000	159.000000	65.000000	
50%	49997.500000	19703.000000	1.000000	165.000000	72.000000	
75%	74889.250000	21327.000000	2.000000	170.000000	82.000000	
max	99999.000000	23713.000000	2.000000	250.000000	200.000000	

	ap_hi	ap_lo	cholesterol	gluc	smoke	\
count	69588.000000	69588.000000	69588.000000	69588.000000	69588.000000	
mean	129.101727	96.680635	1.367492	1.226821	0.088334	
std	154.164119	188.678257	0.680783	0.572679	0.283782	
min	60.000000	30.000000	1.000000	1.000000	0.000000	
25%	120.000000	80.000000	1.000000	1.000000	0.000000	
50%	120.000000	80.000000	1.000000	1.000000	0.000000	
75%	140.000000	90.000000	2.000000	1.000000	0.000000	
max	16020.000000	11000.000000	3.000000	3.000000	1.000000	

	alco	active	cardio	age_yrs	height_in	\
count	69588.000000	69588.000000	69588.000000	69588.000000	69588.000000	
mean	0.053860	0.803817	0.500014	53.342877	64.745064	
std	0.225743	0.397112	0.500004	6.756689	3.093937	
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	29.583562	48.031496	
25%	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	48.402055	62.598425	
50%	0.000000	1.000000	1.000000	53.980822	64.960630	
75%	0.000000	1.000000	1.000000	58.430137	66.929134	
max	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	64.967123	98.425197	

	weight_lb
count	69588.000000
mean	163.358133
std	31.491761
min	90.200000
25%	143.000000
50%	158.400000
75%	180.400000
max	440.000000

### 0.3.3 Filtering

```
[60]: # filter data for illogical values
height_filter = data['height_in'] >= 48

weight_filter = data['weight_lb'] >= 90
```

```

ap_hi_filter = data['ap_hi'] >= 50

ap_lo_filter = data['ap_lo'] >= 30

before_filter = data.shape[0]

data = data[height_filter & weight_filter & ap_hi_filter & ap_lo_filter]

after_filter = data.shape[0]

print(before_filter)
print(after_filter)
print(before_filter - after_filter)

```

```

69588
69588
0

```

```
[61]: data.describe()
```

```

[61]:
count      id      age      gender      height      weight \
count  69588.000000  69588.000000  69588.000000  69588.000000  69588.000000
mean    49969.893243  19470.150026    1.349845    164.452463    74.253697
std     28854.199371   2466.191542    0.476924     7.858600    14.314437
min         0.000000  10798.000000    1.000000    122.000000    41.000000
25%     24996.750000  17666.750000    1.000000    159.000000    65.000000
50%     49997.500000  19703.000000    1.000000    165.000000    72.000000
75%     74889.250000  21327.000000    2.000000    170.000000    82.000000
max     99999.000000  23713.000000    2.000000    250.000000   200.000000

count      ap_hi      ap_lo  cholesterol      gluc      smoke \
count  69588.000000  69588.000000  69588.000000  69588.000000  69588.000000
mean     129.101727    96.680635    1.367492    1.226821    0.088334
std      154.164119   188.678257    0.680783    0.572679    0.283782
min       60.000000    30.000000    1.000000    1.000000    0.000000
25%      120.000000    80.000000    1.000000    1.000000    0.000000
50%      120.000000    80.000000    1.000000    1.000000    0.000000
75%      140.000000    90.000000    2.000000    1.000000    0.000000
max     16020.000000  11000.000000    3.000000    3.000000    1.000000

count      alco      active      cardio      age_yrs      height_in \
count  69588.000000  69588.000000  69588.000000  69588.000000  69588.000000
mean      0.053860    0.803817    0.500014    53.342877    64.745064
std      0.225743    0.397112    0.500004     6.756689     3.093937
min       0.000000    0.000000    0.000000    29.583562    48.031496
25%       0.000000    1.000000    0.000000    48.402055    62.598425

```

50%	0.000000	1.000000	1.000000	53.980822	64.960630
75%	0.000000	1.000000	1.000000	58.430137	66.929134
max	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	64.967123	98.425197

	weight_lb
count	69588.000000
mean	163.358133
std	31.491761
min	90.200000
25%	143.000000
50%	158.400000
75%	180.400000
max	440.000000

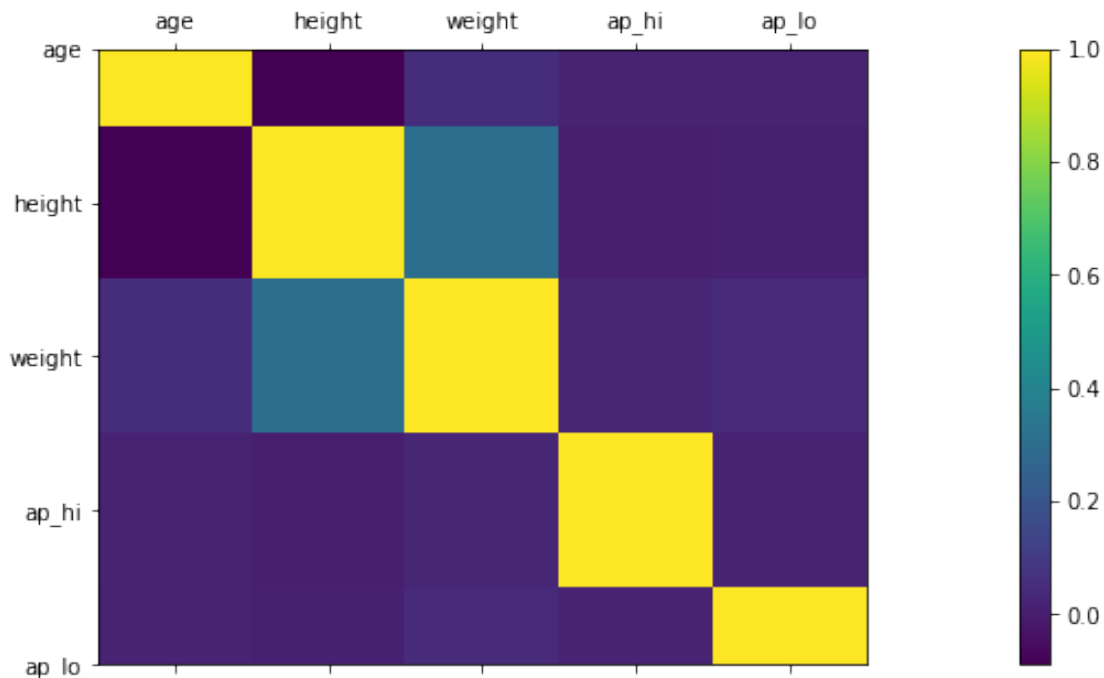
### 0.3.4 Look for and address highly correlated features

```
[62]: # Look at correlations between continuous variables
data_cont = data[['age', 'height', 'weight', 'ap_hi', 'ap_lo']].copy()
```

```
[63]: data_cont.corr()

plt.matshow(data_cont.corr())
plt.xticks(range(len(data_cont.columns)), data_cont.columns)
plt.yticks(range(len(data_cont.columns)), data_cont.columns)
plt.colorbar()
plt.gcf().set_size_inches(25, 5)

plt.show()
```



```
[64]: # add clinical variables for highly correlated measures

# BMI : Weight (LBS) x 703 ÷ Height (Inches²)
data['bmi'] = (data['weight_lb'] * 703) / (data['height_in']**2)

# Mean Arterial Pressure (MAP): ((2 * DP) + SP) / 3
data['map'] = ((2 * data['ap_lo']) + data['ap_hi']) / 3

data.head()
```

```
[64]:   id   age  gender  height  weight  ap_hi  ap_lo  cholesterol  gluc  smoke  \
0   0  18393      2    168    62.0   110    80           1     1     0
1   1  20228      1    156    85.0   140    90           3     1     0
2   2  18857      1    165    64.0   130    70           3     1     0
3   3  17623      2    169    82.0   150   100           1     1     0
4   4  17474      1    156    56.0   100    60           1     1     0
```

```
   alco  active  cardio  age_yrs  height_in  weight_lb      bmi  \
0     0       1       0  50.391781  66.141732    136.4  21.918890
1     0       1       1  55.419178  61.417323    187.0  34.850994
2     0       0       1  51.663014  64.960630    140.8  23.456193
3     0       1       1  48.282192  66.535433    180.4  28.647444
4     0       0       0  47.873973  61.417323    123.2  22.960655
```

```
map
```

```
0    90.000000
1   106.666667
2    90.000000
3   116.666667
4    73.333333
```

### 0.3.5 Final data set

```
[146]: data2 =  
        ↪data[['age', 'gender', 'cholesterol', 'gluc', 'smoke', 'alco', 'active', 'cardio', 'bmi', 'map']].  
        ↪copy()  
        #data2.head()
```

## 0.4 Classification

```
[147]: # make the heart disease label  
y = data2[['cardio']].copy()
```

```
[67]: # specify the features to use  
cardio_features = ['age', 'gender', 'cholesterol', 'gluc', 'smoke',  
                  'alco', 'active', 'bmi', 'map']
```

```
[68]: x = data[cardio_features].copy()
```

```
[69]: # Check the column names  
y.columns
```

```
[69]: Index(['cardio'], dtype='object')
```

```
[70]: x.columns
```

```
[70]: Index(['age', 'gender', 'cholesterol', 'gluc', 'smoke', 'alco', 'active',  
          'bmi', 'map'],  
          dtype='object')
```

```
[80]: # create the test and train datasets  
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.33,  
        ↪random_state=777)
```

```
[81]: # fit the model on the train set  
cardio_classifier = DecisionTreeClassifier(max_leaf_nodes=10, random_state=0)  
cardio_classifier.fit(x_train, y_train)
```

```
[81]: DecisionTreeClassifier(class_weight=None, criterion='gini', max_depth=None,
                             max_features=None, max_leaf_nodes=10,
                             min_impurity_decrease=0.0, min_impurity_split=None,
                             min_samples_leaf=1, min_samples_split=2,
                             min_weight_fraction_leaf=0.0, presort=False,
                             random_state=0, splitter='best')
```

```
[82]: # predict on the test set
      predictions = cardio_classifier.predict(x_test)
```

```
[83]: # check predicted vs. actual for 100 values
      predictions[:100]
```

```
[83]: array([1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0,
            0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0,
            1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1,
            1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0,
            0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0])
```

```
[84]: y_test['cardio'][:100]
```

```
[84]: 2046      0
      15141    1
      14535    0
      55832    1
      61032    1
      ..
      16625    1
      30421    0
      6411     1
      27639    1
      38023    0
      Name: cardio, Length: 100, dtype: int64
```

```
[85]: # Check the accuracy of the model
      accuracy_score(y_true = y_test, y_pred = predictions)
```

```
[85]: 0.7250163291966035
```

## 0.5 Clustering

For the people with heart disease, try to cluster them into groups to see how they are related. This could help with designing programs to target each cluster's specific needs when it comes to health promotion.



```
[89]: # First, limit data to only people with heart disease.
patients = data2.copy()

before_filter = patients.shape[0]

heart_disease = patients['cardio'] == 1

patients = patients[heart_disease]

after_filter = patients.shape[0]

print(before_filter)
print(after_filter)
print(before_filter - after_filter)
```

69588

34795

34793

For features, use cardio\_features already established above. Create a new dataframe containing only these features.

```
[90]: select_df = patients[cardio_features]
select_df.head()
```

```
[90]:
```

	age	gender	cholesterol	gluc	smoke	alco	active	bmi	\
1	20228	1	3	1	0	0	1	34.850994	
2	18857	1	3	1	0	0	0	23.456193	
3	17623	2	1	1	0	0	1	28.647444	
7	22584	2	3	3	0	0	1	29.917758	
15	16782	2	1	1	0	0	0	37.775182	

```
map
1    106.666667
2     90.000000
3    116.666667
7    103.333333
15    93.333333
```

```
[91]: # scale the features so they are on normalized scales
X = StandardScaler().fit_transform(select_df)
X
```

```
[91]: array([[ 0.07390164, -0.73931179,  1.90789673, ...,  0.51607348,
           1.16919562, -0.07450624],
          [-0.51810583, -0.73931179,  1.90789673, ..., -1.93770854,
          -0.90910928, -0.17895935],
          [-1.05095573,  1.3526093 , -0.66692211, ...,  0.51607348,
```

```

0.0377263 , -0.01183438],
...,
[ 1.09857977, -0.73931179,  0.62048731, ...,  0.51607348,
 3.99823325, -0.07450624],
[-0.42785815,  1.3526093 ,  1.90789673, ..., -1.93770854,
 0.51874445,  0.00905625],
[ 1.02517257, -0.73931179, -0.66692211, ..., -1.93770854,
 -0.25550143, -0.1267328 ]]

```

```

[92]: # Set up the K means clustering
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters= 5) # create a k means object with 5 clusters
model = kmeans.fit(X) # scaled dataframe we are fitting
print("model\n", model) # will be a k means object

```

```

model
KMeans(algorithm='auto', copy_x=True, init='k-means++', max_iter=300,
       n_clusters=5, n_init=10, n_jobs=None, precompute_distances='auto',
       random_state=None, tol=0.0001, verbose=0)

```

```

[93]: # Centers of the clusters
centers = model.cluster_centers_

```

```

[94]: # Plot different pairs of dimensions
labels = kmeans.labels_

```

```

[102]: select_df2 = select_df.copy()
# select_df2.head()

```

```

[103]: select_df2['clusters'] = labels
# select_df2.head()

```

```

[103]:
   age  gender  cholesterol  gluc  smoke  alco  active  bmi  \
1  20228      1           3     1     0     0         1  34.850994
2  18857      1           3     1     0     0         0  23.456193
3  17623      2           1     1     0     0         1  28.647444
7  22584      2           3     3     0     0         1  29.917758
15 16782      2           1     1     0     0         0  37.775182

      map  clusters
1  106.666667      4
2   90.000000      2
3  116.666667      1
7  103.333333      4
15  93.333333      2

```

```

[104]: # add the cluster column to the feature list
# cardio_features.extend(['clusters'])

```

```
# cardio_features
```

```
[104]: ['age',
        'gender',
        'cholesterol',
        'gluc',
        'smoke',
        'alco',
        'active',
        'bmi',
        'map',
        'clusters']
```

```
[131]: print(select_df2[cardio_features].groupby(['clusters']).mean())
```

	age	gender	cholesterol	gluc	smoke	alco	\
clusters							
0	20564.242993	1.235307	2.449141	2.706826	0.047468	0.00	
1	19873.791891	1.999601	1.344717	1.077392	0.164270	0.00	
2	19735.732084	1.683021	1.675303	1.326351	0.452591	1.00	
3	20066.934352	1.000000	1.374021	1.040382	0.013119	0.00	
4	19273.100000	1.350000	1.450000	1.400000	0.050000	0.15	

	active	bmi	map
clusters			
0	0.789557	30.056903	116.413954
1	0.779708	27.262022	117.424373
2	0.828556	28.995670	122.444322
3	0.791179	28.638399	113.648041
4	0.900000	27.493610	5350.033333

```
[117]: output_n = select_df2[['age', 'clusters']].groupby(['clusters'], as_index =   
        ↪False).count()
```

```
output_n
```

```
[117]:   clusters  age
0         0  2092
1         1 18247
2         2  6063
3         3  1817
4         4  6576
```

```
[138]: # percent in cluster 1
18247/ 34795
```

```
[138]: 0.5244144273602529
```

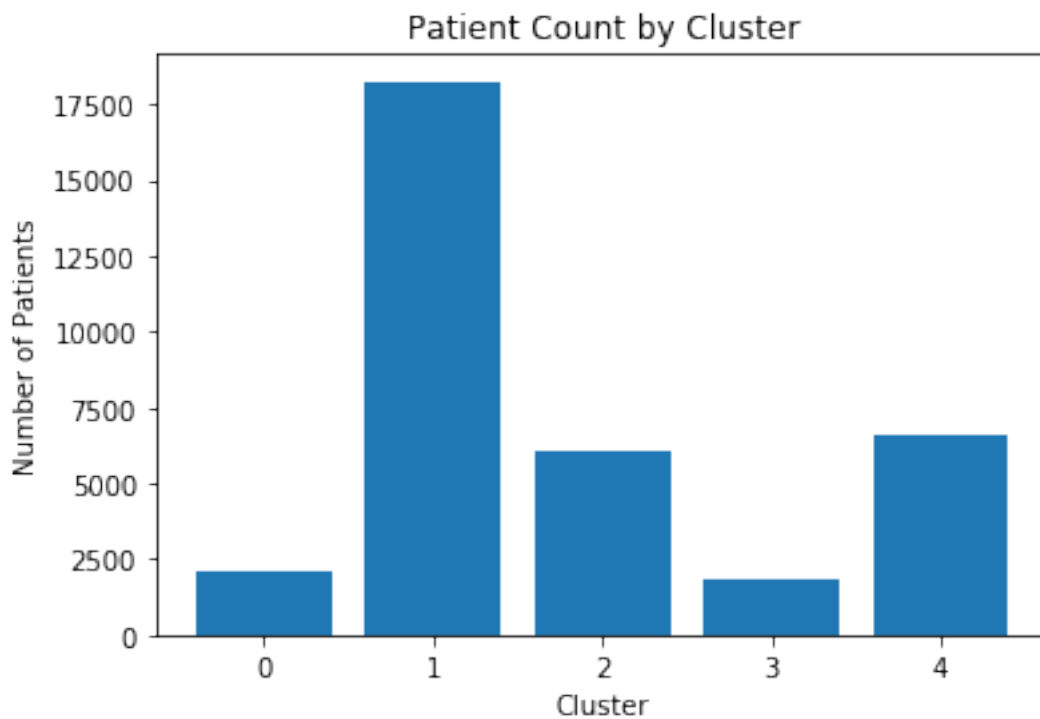
### 0.5.1 Plots

```
[118]: # Get the plot variables
clusters = output_n['clusters'].values
# get the values
n = output_n['age'].values

# Label the axes
plt.xlabel('Cluster')
plt.ylabel('Number of Patients')

#label the figure
plt.title('Patient Count by Cluster')

# create
plt.bar(clusters,n)
plt.show()
```



```
[109]: output = select_df2[cardio_features].groupby(['clusters'], as_index = False).
        ↪mean()
output['age_yrs'] = output['age']/365
output
```

```
[109]:
```

	clusters	age	gender	cholesterol	gluc	smoke	alco	\
0	0	19649.539197	1.851338	1.567400	1.269120	1.000000	0.0	
1	1	19957.920480	1.308599	1.147038	1.042308	0.000000	0.0	
2	2	20060.004783	1.320798	1.319809	1.126505	0.000000	0.0	
3	3	19735.039626	1.682994	1.674739	1.326362	0.452394	1.0	
4	4	20546.970955	1.258364	2.671229	2.061283	0.000912	0.0	

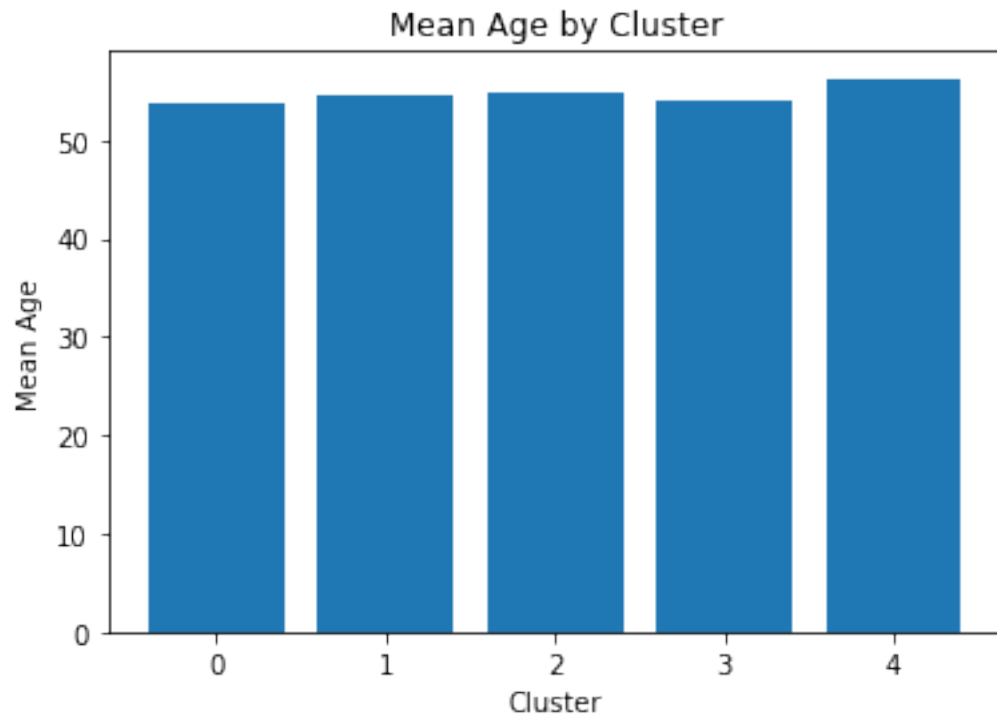
	active	bmi	map	age_yrs
0	0.808317	27.978445	122.277725	53.834354
1	1.000000	27.967330	118.555945	54.679234
2	0.000000	28.289592	111.908296	54.958917
3	0.828839	28.994345	131.903137	54.068602
4	0.917427	29.887076	119.807938	56.293071

```
[111]: # Get the plot variables
clusters = output['clusters'].values
# get the values
age = output['age_yrs'].values

# Label the axes
plt.xlabel('Cluster')
plt.ylabel('Mean Age')

#label the figure
plt.title('Mean Age by Cluster')

# create
plt.bar(clusters,age)
plt.show()
```

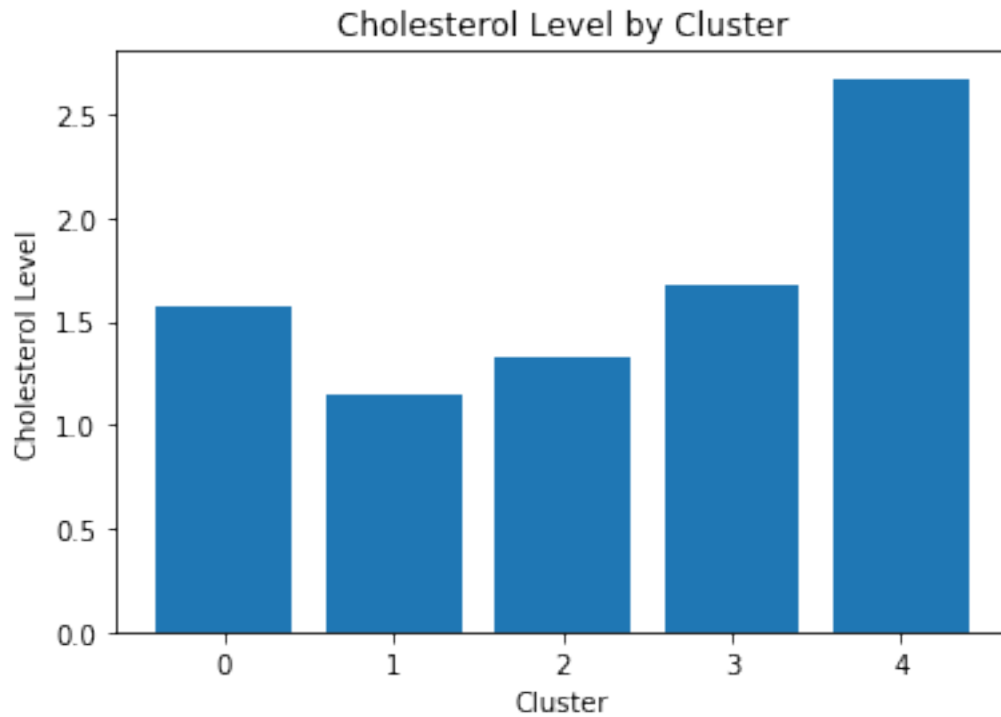


```
[112]: # Get the plot variables
clusters = output['clusters'].values
# get the values
chol = output['cholesterol'].values

# Label the axes
plt.xlabel('Cluster')
plt.ylabel('Cholesterol Level')

#label the figure
plt.title('Cholesterol Level by Cluster')

# create
plt.bar(clusters, chol)
plt.show()
```



```
[113]: # Get the plot variables
clusters = output['clusters'].values
# get the values
gluc = output['gluc'].values

# Label the axes
plt.xlabel('Cluster')
plt.ylabel('Glucose Level')

#label the figure
plt.title('Glucose Level by Cluster')

# create
plt.bar(clusters,gluc)
plt.show()
```



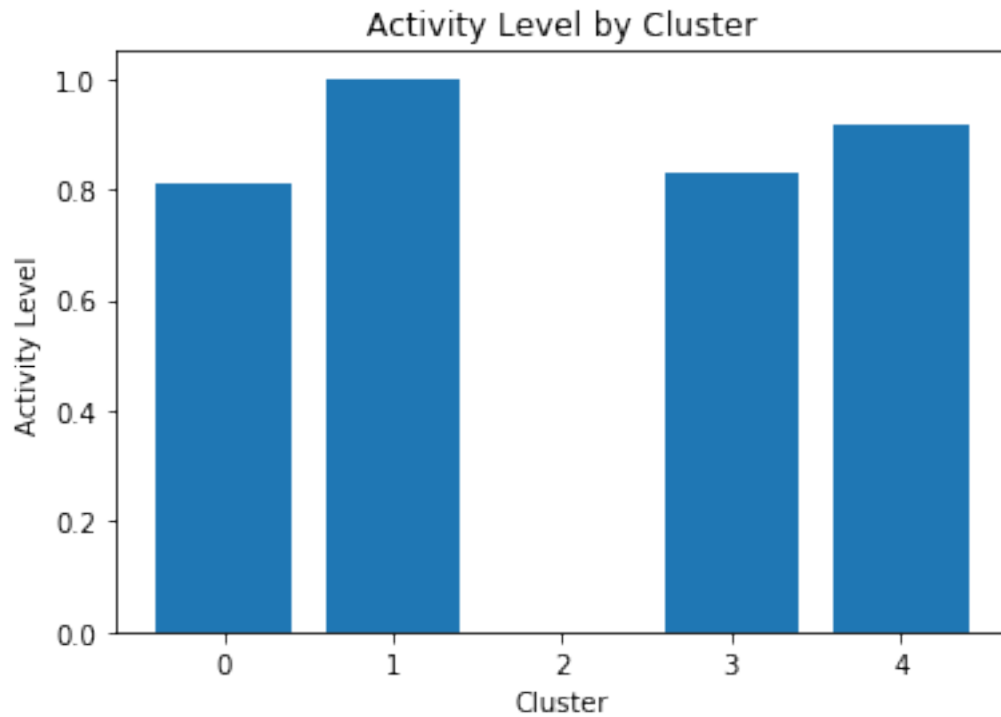
```
[119]: # Get the plot variables
clusters = output['clusters'].values
# get the values
act = output['active'].values

# Label the axes
plt.xlabel('Cluster')
plt.ylabel('Activity Level')

#label the figure
plt.title('Activity Level by Cluster')

# create
plt.bar(clusters,act)
plt.show()
```



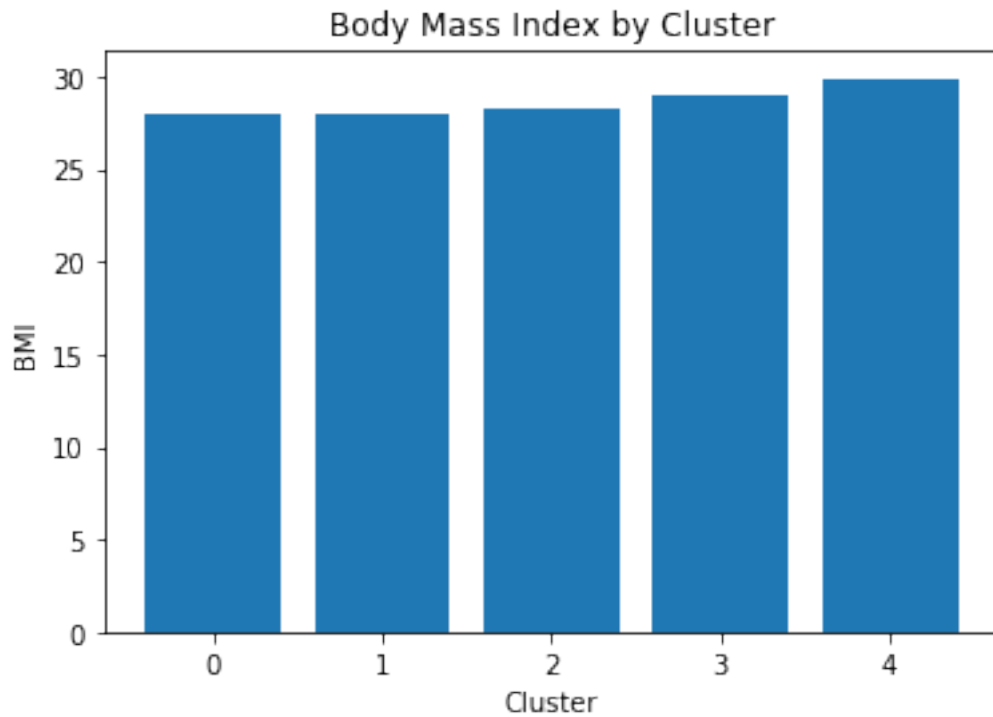


```
[121]: # Get the plot variables
clusters = output['clusters'].values
# get the values
bmi = output['bmi'].values

# Label the axes
plt.xlabel('Cluster')
plt.ylabel('BMI')

#label the figure
plt.title('Body Mass Index by Cluster')

# create
plt.bar(clusters,bmi)
plt.show()
```

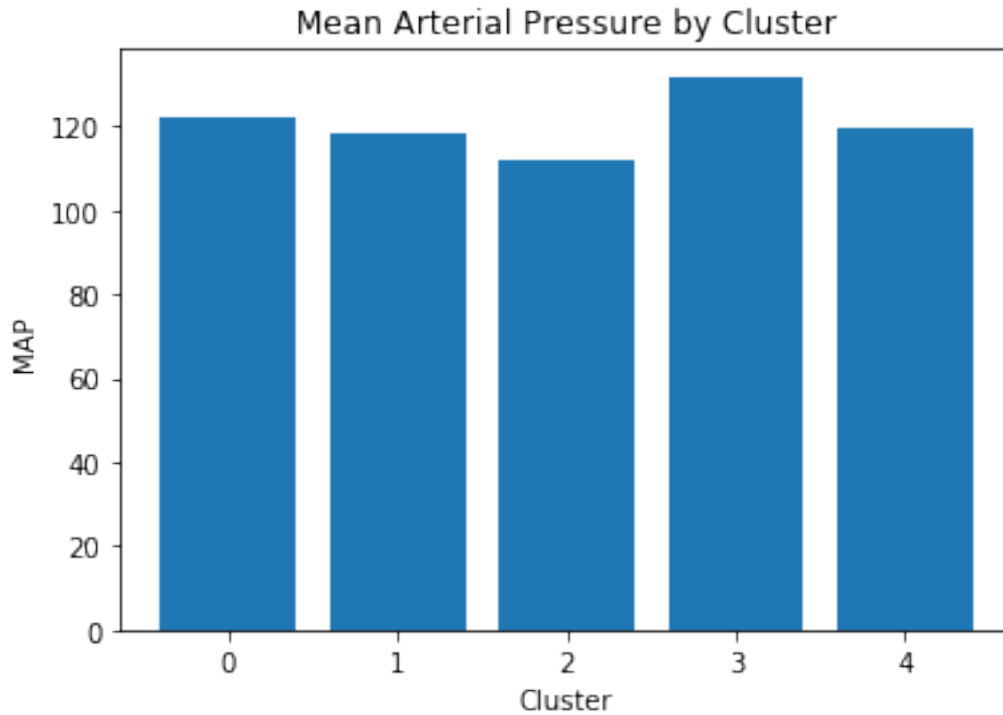


```
[122]: # Get the plot variables
clusters = output['clusters'].values
# get the values
map = output['map'].values

# Label the axes
plt.xlabel('Cluster')
plt.ylabel('MAP')

#label the figure
plt.title('Mean Arterial Pressure by Cluster')

# create
plt.bar(clusters,map)
plt.show()
```



```
[135]: output_bin = select_df2[['clusters', 'smoke', 'alco']].groupby(['clusters'],  
    ↪ as_index = False).agg({'smoke': ['sum', 'count'],  
    ↪  
    ↪ 'alco': ['sum', 'count']})  
  
output_bin_cols = ['clusters', 'smoke', 'smoke_count', 'alco', 'total_count']  
  
output_bin.columns = output_bin_cols  
  
del output_bin['smoke_count']  
  
output_bin['percent_smoke'] = output_bin['smoke'] / output_bin['total_count']  
  
output_bin['percent_alco'] = output_bin['alco'] / output_bin['total_count']  
  
output_bin
```

```
[135]:
```

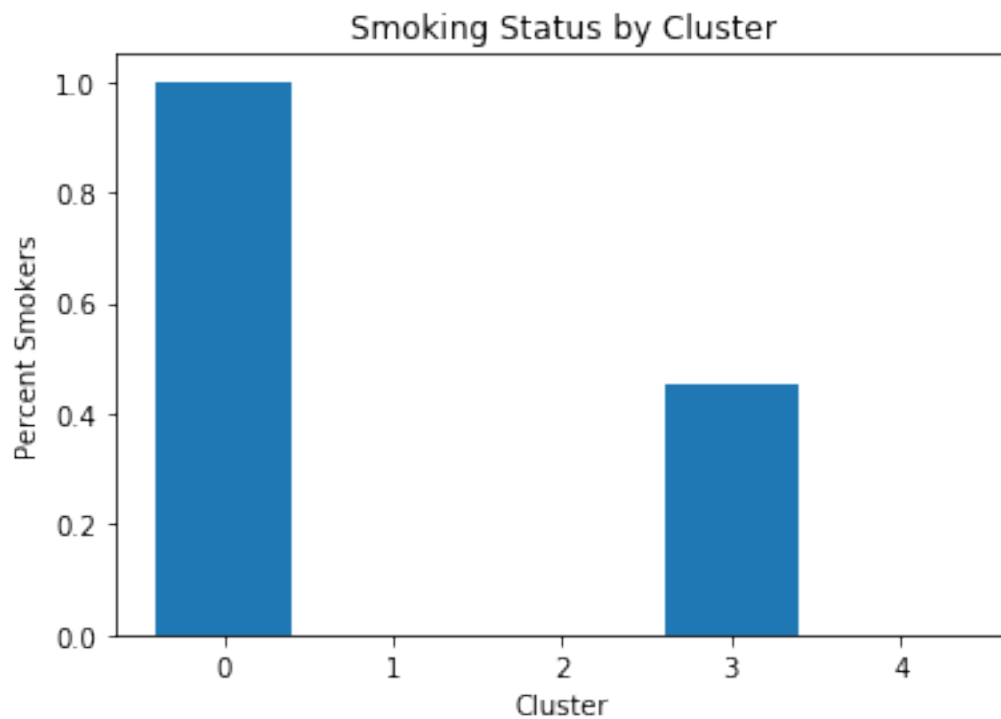
	clusters	smoke	alco	total_count	percent_smoke	percent_alco
0	0	2092	0	2092	1.000000	0.0
1	1	0	0	18247	0.000000	0.0
2	2	0	0	6063	0.000000	0.0
3	3	822	1817	1817	0.452394	1.0
4	4	6	0	6576	0.000912	0.0

```
[136]: # Get the plot variables
clusters = output_bin['clusters'].values
# get the values
smk = output_bin['percent_smoke'].values

# Label the axes
plt.xlabel('Cluster')
plt.ylabel('Percent Smokers')

#label the figure
plt.title('Smoking Status by Cluster')

# create
plt.bar(clusters,smk)
plt.show()
```



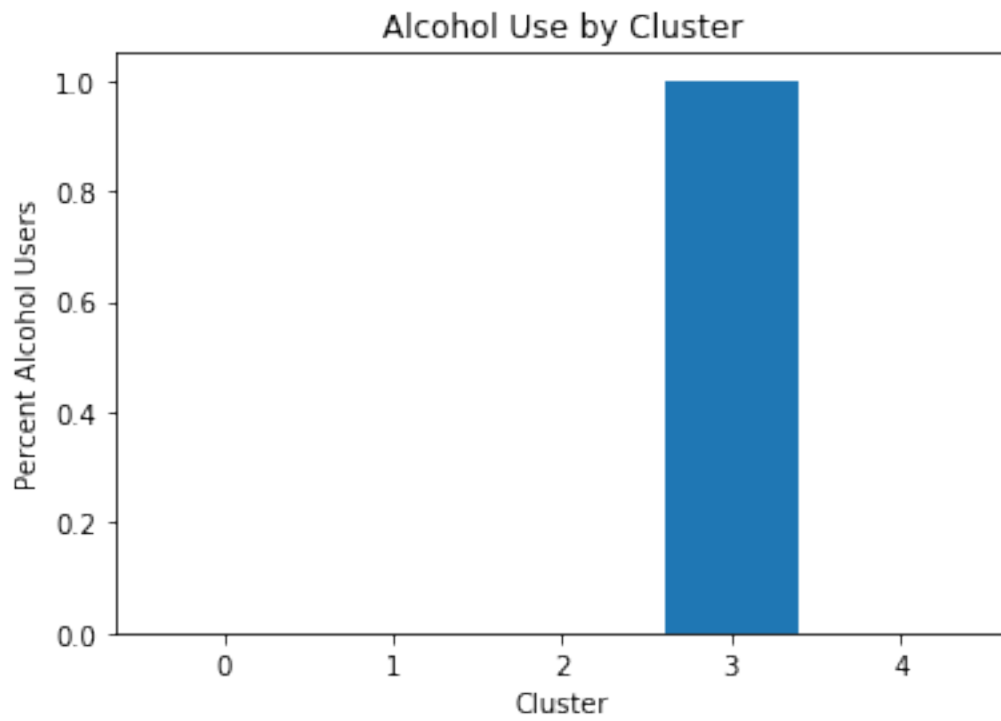
```
[139]: # Get the plot variables
clusters = output_bin['clusters'].values
# get the values
alc = output_bin['percent_alco'].values

# Label the axes
```

```
plt.xlabel('Cluster')
plt.ylabel('Percent Alcohol Users')

#label the figure
plt.title('Alcohol Use by Cluster')

# create
plt.bar(clusters,alc)
plt.show()
```

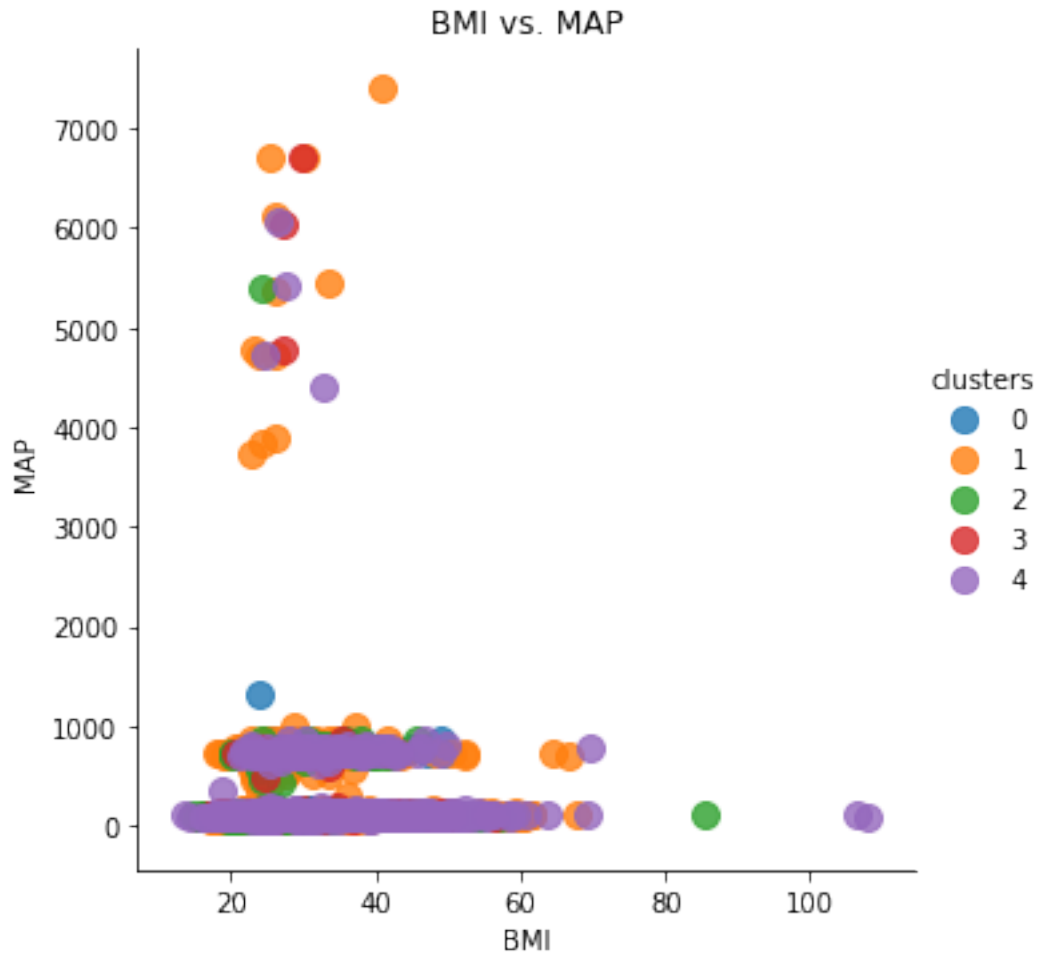


```
[140]: #Scatter plot
from scipy import stats
import seaborn as sns

sns.lmplot('bmi', 'map',
           data=select_df2,
           fit_reg=False,
           hue="clusters",
           scatter_kws={"marker": "D",
                        "s": 100})
plt.title('BMI vs. MAP')
```

```
plt.xlabel('BMI')
plt.ylabel('MAP')
```

[140]: Text(28.291171874999999, 0.5, 'MAP')

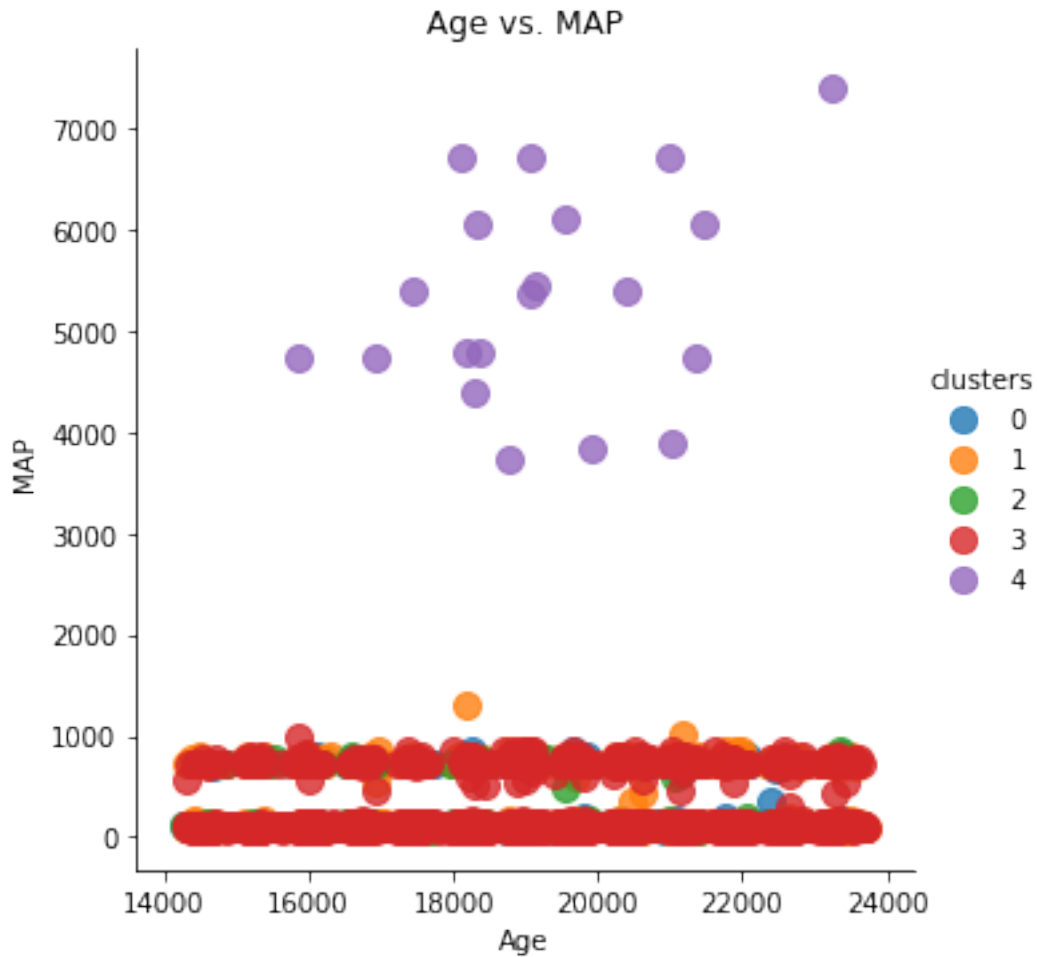


```
[134]: #Scatter plot
from scipy import stats
import seaborn as sns

sns.lmplot('age', 'map',
           data=select_df2,
           fit_reg=False,
           hue="clusters",
           scatter_kws={"marker": "D",
                       "s": 100})
plt.title('Age vs. MAP')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('MAP')
```

```
[134]: Text(28.291171874999999, 0.5, 'MAP')
```



```
[ ]:
```

```
[135]: #Scatter plot
from scipy import stats
import seaborn as sns

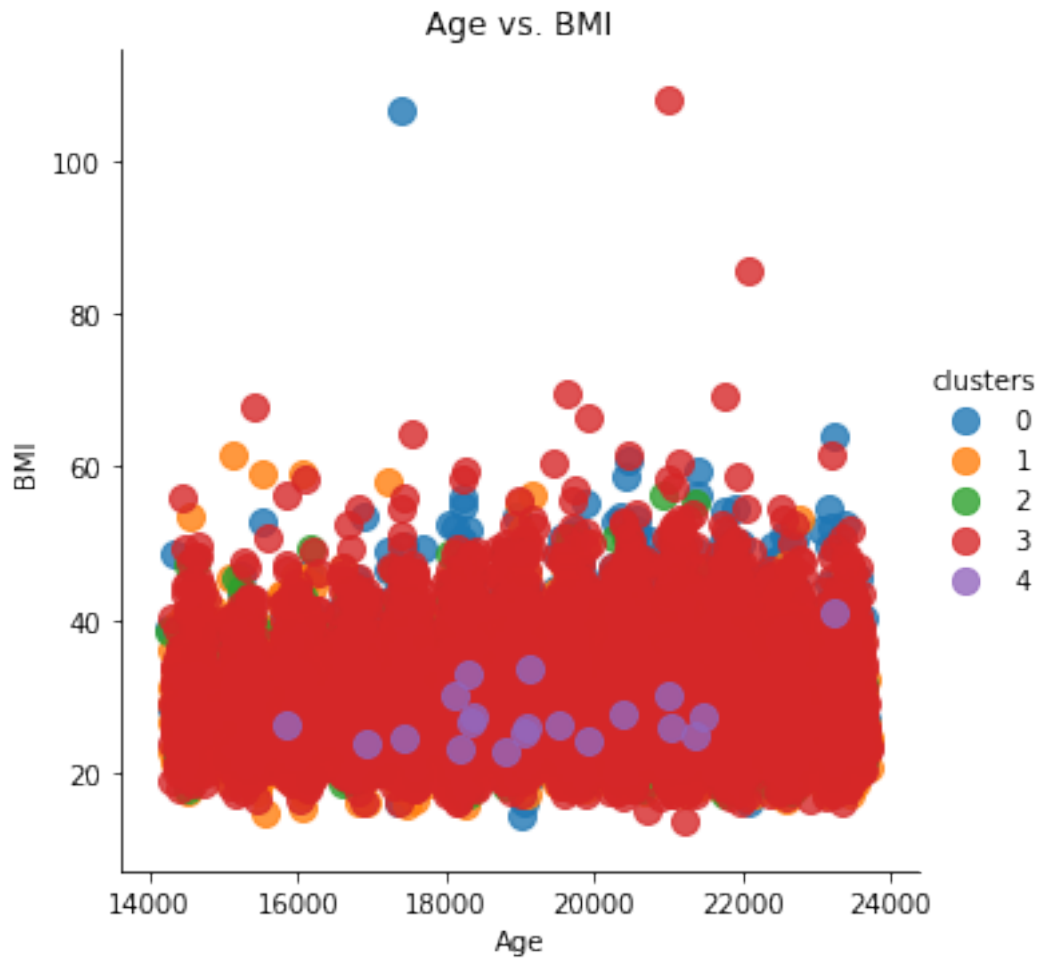
sns.lmplot('age', 'bmi',
           data=select_df2,
           fit_reg=False,
           hue="clusters",
           scatter_kws={"marker": "D"},
```

```

        "s": 100})
plt.title('Age vs. BMI')
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('BMI')

```

[135]: Text(27.468689236111118, 0.5, 'BMI')



[137]: select\_df2['clusters'].describe()

[137]:

count	34795.000000
mean	1.991407
std	1.153685
min	0.000000
25%	1.000000
50%	3.000000
75%	3.000000
max	4.000000



Name: clusters, dtype: float64

```
[146]: select_df2['pt_count'] = 1  
  
select_df2[['clusters', 'pt_count']].groupby(['clusters']).sum()
```

```
[146]:
```

	pt_count
clusters	
0	4424
1	10014
2	1814
3	18523
4	20

```
[145]: matrix =   
    ↪select_df2[['clusters', 'map', 'bmi', 'cholesterol', 'gluc', 'active', 'alco', 'smoke']].  
    ↪copy()  
  
sns.set(style="ticks")  
  
sns.pairplot(matrix, hue="clusters")
```

```
[145]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x1a45662f90>
```

