Technical Documentation

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Part I The Emotions Tool

CHAPTER

ONE

QUICK START

1.1 Installation

To use the tool, download its compiled binary from the repository and execute it from a console.

Important: The tool has been tested on **Ubuntu Xenial 16.04**.

The Affdex SDK is only available on Windows and Ubuntu Xenial 16.04, so compatibility with other Operative Systems is not guaranteed.

1.1.1 From source with CMake

Clone and open the GitHub repository in a console, using the following commands:

```
git clone https://github.com/espositoandrea/Bachelor-Thesis.git
cd Bachelor-Thesis
```

Open the directory containing the tool's source code:

```
cd emotions
```

Finally, create and compile the CMakeProject:

```
mkdir bin
cd bin
cmake -G "CodeBlocks - Unix Makefiles" ..
make
```

1.2 Usage

Important: To use the tool you must have the Affdex SDK installed on your machine. Then, you have to add /path/to/affdex-sdk/lib to the variable \$LD_LIBRARY_PATH (on Ubuntu).

```
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$LD_LIBRARY_PATH:/path/to/affdex-sdk/lib/
```

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The tool will then search, in its folder, for the folder lib/affdex-sdk/data/ (that has to contain the data used by Affdex).

The tool can be used through CLI (or executed by another script).

```
./emotions [<option>...] IMAGE...
./emotions [<option>...] --file FILE
```

Where IMAGE is a *data URI*. The available options are:

-h, --help Get the help message

-f FILE, --file FILE The file containing the images to be analyzed (as a data URI)

CODE DOCUMENTATION

2.1 The Entry Point

The main file.

This file is the main file of the tool.

Author Andrea Esposito < github.com/espositoandrea>

Functions

int main (int argc, char **argv)

The main entry point.

This is the entry point of the tool.

Return An exit code based on the execution.

Parameters

- argc: The length of argv.
- argv: The array of arguments given through the command line.

2.2 The CLI

exit_codes setup_options (int argc, char **argv, std::vector<std::string> &images)
Set up the tool's options and arguments.

This function is responsible of the CLI API of the tool. It sets and handles the available options and arguments.

Return An exit code:

- exit_codes::OK If the given arguments are valid and no errors occurred.
- exit_codes::HALT If the given arguments are valid but the argument combination stops the execution.
- exit_codes::ARGUMENT_ERROR If the given arguments are invalid
- exit_codes::UNKNOWN_ARGUMENT_ERROR If an unknown error occurred.

Parameters

- argc: The length of argv.
- argv: The array of arguments passed via CLI.
- images: A variable that will contain the images passed through the CLI API.

2.3 The Exit Codes

enum exit_codes

A collection of all the exit codes of the tool.

This enum contains all the (expected) exit codes of the tool.

Values:

 $\mathbf{OK} = 0$

The tool exited with no error completing its tasks.

HALT = 1

The tool exited with no error, but without completing its tasks.

ARGUMENT ERROR = 2

The tool exited due to errors in the given arguments.

UNKNOWN ARGUMENT ERROR = 3

The tool exited due to unknown errors while parsing the arguments.

2.4 The Data URI

class data_uri

A utility class to handle data URIs.

This class represents a data URI. A data URI is defined by MDN as a string with the followind sintax: data: [<mediatype>] [; base64], <data>.

Public Functions

```
data uri (const std::string &s)
```

The class constructor.

This constructor creates a *data_uri* from a string.

Parameters

• s: The string representing the data uri.

Exceptions

• data_uri::string_not_uri: if s is not a valid data URI.

std::string get_type() const

Get the media type.

This function returns the media type of the data URI.

Return The media type (<mediatype> in data: <mediatype>; base64, <data>).

std::string get_data() const

Get the data.

This function returns the data contained in the data URI.

Return The data (<data> in data: <mediatype>; base64, <data>).

std::string get_uri() const

Get the URI.

This function returns the entire URI as a string.

Return The URI as a string.

Public Static Functions

```
bool is_data_uri (const std::string &s)
```

Check if a string is a data URI.

The function checks if a string is in the format data: <mediatype>; base64, <data>.

Return True if s is a data URI, false otherwise.

Parameters

• s: The string to be checked

class string_not_uri : public exception

An exception raised if a string is not an URI.

This exception is thrown if a string, assumed to be one, is not a data URI.

2.5 The Base64 Utilities

namespace base64

Namespace for dealing with base64 strings.

This namespace contains utilities to deal with base64 strings.

Functions

std::string encode (const std::string &s)

Encode a string to base64.

This function encodes a string to a base64 string.

Return The encoded string.

Parameters

• s: The string to be encoded.

std::string encode (unsigned char const *s, unsigned int len)

Encode a string to base64.

This function encodes a string to a base64 string.

Return The encoded string.

Parameters

- s: The string to be encoded.
- len: The length of the string s.

std::string **decode** (std::string **const** &s)

Decode a *base64* string.

This function decodes a base64 string to a binary string.

Return The decoded string.

Parameters

• s: The string to be decoded.

Part II The Browser Extension

CHAPTER	
THREE	

THE BROWSER EXTENSION

Part III

The Server

CHAPTER

FOUR

INTRODUCTION

4.1 Folder Structure

The server/ folder contains all the source code of the developed server. Its structure is the following (all described folders are subfolders of server/).

views/ This folder contains all the views developed for the server.

views/layouts/ This folder contains the layouts used to define the views.

survey/ This folder contains all the required data for the survey.

assets/ This folder contains all the static files that will be served without any modification.

assets/images/ A folder that contains all the images and illustrations used.

assets/js/ A folder that contains all the external JavaScript files (needed by the extension).

assets/style/ A folder that contains all the stylesheets of the server (written in SASS).

CHAPTER	
FIVE	

THE DATA PROCESSOR

THE SURVEY

The survey is generated using the exported object defined in the module survey-data.js. Here is documented the structure of that object.

class Survey()

The survey configuration object.

Arguments

- **introduction** (*string*) The introduction to the survey. Treated as raw HTML.
- **sections** (Array. < Section>) The survey's sections.

class Section()

A section of the survey.

Arguments

- **title** (*string*) The section's title.
- questions (Array. < Question >) The section's questions.

class Question()

A question of the survey. @extends BasicQuestion.

Arguments

- **type** (*string*) The type of question.
- rules (Object) Various additional rules. Can be any HTML attribute accepted by the current input type.
- placeholder (string) The input placeholder.
- **choices** (Array. < string>) A list of choices. Used only if type is 'choice'.
- **question** (*string* | *Array* . *<BasicQuestion>*) If it's a string, the same as BasicQuestion.question. If an array of BasicQuestion, a list of questions used if type is 'likert'.

class BasicQuestion()

A basic question of the survey. This class contains all the required field of a question.

Arguments

- **question** (*string*) The question that will be asked to the user.
- name (string) The name of the GET/POST parameter.

• required (boolean) – Wether or not the input is required.

Part IV The Data Analyzer

CHAPTER

SEVEN

QUICK START

7.1 Installation

To install the tool, download the tool's folder and execute the following commands (replace /path/to/analyzer/ with the path to the downloaded folder).

Listing 1: How to install the tool

```
cd /path/to/analyzer
python3 -m pip install .
```

7.2 Usage

7.2.1 The Command Line Interface

Once installed you can use this tool from your terminal using the command analyzer.

Listing 2: The tool's CLI

```
analyzer [-h] [--version] [-v] file users
```

Note: You can execute the tool as a Python module, without installing it first. Download the tool's folder and execute the following commands (replace /path/to/analyzer/ with the path to the downloaded folder).

Listing 3: How to execute the tool as a Python module

```
cd /path/to/analyzer python3 -m analyzer --help
```

Process the JSON file

Positional Arguments

file The file

users A JSON file containing the users

Optional Arguments

-h, --help show this help message and exit--version output version information and exit

-v, --verbose increase output verbosity

7.2.2 The Code API

Once installed you can use the tool as a Python module. Read the *code documentation* for more information on the API.

CHAPTER

EIGHT

CODE DOCUMENTATION

8.1 Module: cli

This module defines the CLI of the tool.

This module contains the definition of the Command Line Interface (CLI) of the tool and its entry point.

```
analyzer.cli.main()
The main entry point.
```

8.2 Module: data

A module to deal with the data stored on the server.

This module is a collection of classes, functions, etc to deal with the collected data that's stored on the server.

Examples

Listing 1: How to create an object from a JSON.

```
from data_processor.data import CollectedData, User
user_string = "[YOUR_USER_LIST]"
user_set = set(User.from_json(user_string))
json_string = "[YOUR_OBJECT]"
CollectedData.from_json(user_set, json_string)
# [CollectedData(...), ...]
```

```
class analyzer.data.CollectedData(data_id:
                                                              str,
                                                                      user:
                                                                                   ana-
                                              lyzer.data.user.User,
                                                                  timestamp:
                                                                                 int
                                              None, url:
                                                           str = None, mouse:
                                                                                    an-
                                              alyzer.data.common.MouseInformation
                                                     None,
                                                                  scroll:
                                                                                   ana-
                                              lyzer.data.common.ScrollInformation
                                                     None.
                                                                 window:
                                                                                   ana-
                                              lyzer.data.common.ScreenCoordinates
                                                    None,
                                                                keyboard:
                                                                                   ana-
                                              lyzer.data.common.KeyboardInformation
                                                                emotions:
                                                    None,
                                                                                   ana-
                                              lyzer.data.common.Emotions = None)
```

The collected data.

This class represents the data collected from the server.

data id

The object's id.

Type str

user

The user that produced this data.

Type *User*

timestamp

The timestamp on which this data was produced.

Type int

url

The visited URL.

Type string

mouse

Various data regarding the mouse.

Type MouseInformation

scroll

Various data about the scroll position.

Type ScrollInformation

window

Data about the browser's window's dimensions.

Type ScreenCoordinates;

keyboard

Data about the pressed keys.

Type KeyboardInformation

emotions

The emotions value, fetched from Affectiva.

Type DotMap

static from_json (users: Set[analyzer.data.user.User], data: str) →
List[analyzer.data.collected_data.CollectedData]

Create a list of data from a JSON string.

This method can be used to generate a list of data starting from a JSON string.

Parameters

- users (set [User]) The set of users that generated this data.
- data (str) The JSON string. It must represent a valid JSON array.

Returns The list of users represented by the JSON array.

Return type list [CollectedData]

static to_dataframe (data: List[CollectedData])

Convert a list of CollectedData to a DataFrame.

This function converts a list of CollectedData to a pandas DataFrame.

Parameters data (*list* [CollectedData]) - The list of data to be converted.

Returns The data converted into a DataFrame

Return type pandas.DataFrame

```
class analyzer.data.Emotions (joy: float = None, fear: float = None, disgust: float = None, sadness: float = None, anger: float = None, surprise: float = None, contempt: float = None, valence: float = None, engagement: float = None)
```

Encapsulates all the information extracted by Affectiva [1].

joy

The joy value. May be None if no value was registered.

Type float

fear

The fear value. May be *None* if no value was registered.

Type float

disqust

The disgust value. May be *None* if no value was registered.

Type float

sadness

The sadness value. May be *None* if no value was registered.

Type float

8.2. Module: data

anger

The anger value. May be *None* if no value was registered.

Type float

surprise

The surprise value. May be *None* if no value was registered.

Type float

contempt

The contempt value. May be *None* if no value was registered.

Type float

valence

The valence value. May be *None* if no value was registered.

Type float

engagement

The engagement value. May be *None* if no value was registered.

Type float

References

class analyzer.data.Gender

A gender enumerator.

An enumerator of all the valid gender values.

class analyzer.data.KeyboardInformation(alpha: bool, numeric: bool, symbol:

bool, function: bool)

Encapsulates various information regarding the keyboard's state.

alpha

Is an alphabetic key pressed?

Type bool

numeric

Is a numeric key pressed?

Type bool

symbol

Is a symbol key pressed?

Type bool

function

Is a function key pressed?

Type bool

class analyzer.data.MouseInformation(position:

ana-

lyzer.data.common.ScreenCoordinates, buttons: dotmap.DotMap)

Encapsulates various data regarding the mouse.

position

The mouse position

Type ScreenCoordinates

buttons

The mouse buttons. The keys are the following.

l Is the left button pressed?

m Is the middle button pressed?

r Is the right button pressed?

bN Is the button N ($N \in \mathbb{N}, N \ge 4$) pressed?

Type DotMap [str, bool]

$\textbf{buttons_list}() \rightarrow List[int]$

Convert the mouse button objets to a list.

This function converts the data on the mouse buttons to a list of ID. The ID are assigned as in the HTML's MouseEvent [1].

Returns A list of mouse buttons' IDs.

Return type list [int]

References

class analyzer.data.ScreenCoordinates

Represents a pair of screen coordinates.

x

The coordinate on the x axis.

Type int

У

The coordinate on the y axis.

Type int

x

Alias for field number 0

У

Alias for field number 1

class analyzer.data.ScrollInformation(relative:

ana-

lyzer.data.common.ScreenCoordinates, absolute: ana-

lyzer.data.common.ScreenCoordinates)

Encapsulates various information regarding the scroll state of the window.

absolute

The absolute scroll position.

Type ScreenCoordinates

8.2. Module: data

relative

The relative scroll position (from the bottom right of the screen).

```
Type ScreenCoordinates
```

class analyzer.data.User($user_id: str, age: int = None, gender: analyzer.data.common.Gender = None, internet: int = None)$

A user.

This class represents a user as seen for this study.

user_id

The user's ID.

Type int

age

The user's age.

Type int

gender

The user's gender.

Type Gender

internet

The average time the user spend a day on the internet.

Type int

static from_json (data: str) \rightarrow List[analyzer.data.user.User]

Create a list of users from a JSON string.

This method can be used to generate a list of users starting from a JSON string.

Parameters data (str) – The JSON string. It must represent a valid JSON array.

Returns The list of users represented by the JSON array.

Return type list [*User*]

8.3 Module: plotting

A module to plot data.

This module contains various definition of various function that plot the data on various graph types.

analyzer.plotting.convert_collection(collection:

List[analyzer.data.collected_data.CollectedData])

 \rightarrow Dict[analyzer.data.user.User,

List[Dict[str, Any]]]

Convert a collection to a dictionary.

This function converts a collection of CollectedData to a dictionary that has users as key and all their related data (grouped by URL and visit) as values.

Returns A dictionary that, for each user, holds all the collected data grouped by URL an time of visit. This means that two visit in two different times to the same website, will result in two different objects in this dictionary's value.

Return type dict [*User*, list [dict [str, any]]]

analyzer.plotting.get_common_urls (collection: List[analyzer.data.collected_data.CollectedData]) \rightarrow Set[str]

Get all the urls visited by all the users in a collection.

Parameters collection (list [CollectedData]) - A list of data.

Returns A set of URLs visited by all the users in the collection.

Return type set [str]

analyzer.plotting.plot_mouse_on_common_websites(collection:

List[analyzer.data.collected_data.CollectedData

 \rightarrow None

Plot various graph containing the mouse movement on websites commonly used by all users.

Parameters

- user (set [User]) The users.
- collection (list [CollectedData]) The collected data.

Part V

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