



GlucoseGuard

Smart Solutions for Diabetes Management

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Introduction To Diabetes

- Diabetes affects over 422 million people worldwide, making it a leading cause of death (WHO).
- Early detection and management of diabetes remain challenging due to limited data-driven tools.
- GlucoseGuard aims to address this by using data analytics to predict diabetes and improve care.
- We analyzed diabetes data, cleaned it, visualized insights, built predictive models, and deployed a practical solution.





Project Overview

- GlucoseGuard: A smart system to predict diabetes using data analytics.
- **Objective:** Enable early detection and better management of diabetes for patients and doctors.
- Key Steps:
- Data Cleaning: Ensuring high-quality data.
- Data Visualization: Uncovering patterns and insights.
- Modeling: Building accurate predictive models.
- Deployment: Making the model accessible for practical use.
- Impact: Provides an effective tool for diabetes prediction, reducing risks and improving healthcare.





Dataset Description

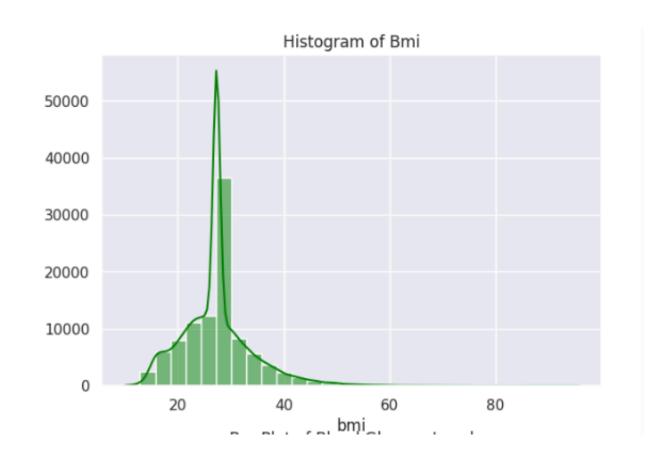
- This dataset consists of 100,000 clinical records related to diabetes screening and health indicators. It includes a mix of demographic, medical, and lifestyle variables collected from a simulated or anonymized healthcare database.
- Key Features:
- Demographics: Year, Gender, Age, and Location
- Ethnicity: One-hot encoded race categories (African American, Asian, Caucasian, Hispanic, Other)
- Medical History: Hypertension, Heart Disease, Smoking History
- Health Metrics:
- BMI (Body Mass Index)
- HbA1c Level (average blood glucose over 2-3 months)
- Blood Glucose Level (current reading)
- Target Variable:
- diabetes (1 if diabetic, 0 otherwise)
- Additional Notes:
- clinical_notes column provides qualitative medical comments per patient.
- Source: Publicly available on Kaggle: <u>Diabetes Clinical Dataset</u>

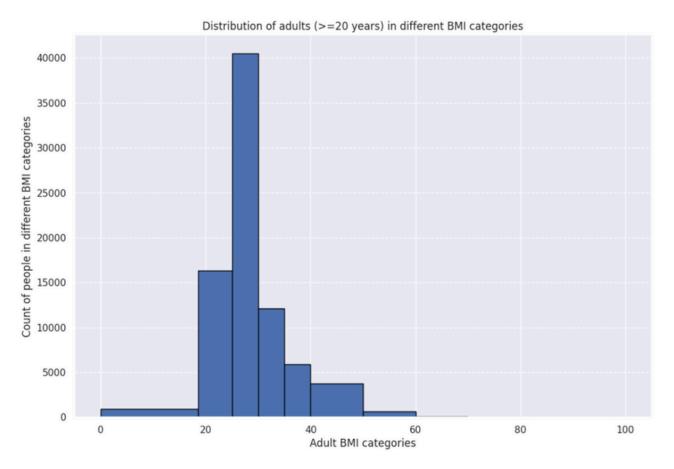




Data Cleaning

- Inconsistent Values: Removed records with unrealistic ages (e.g., 0.08 years).
- Missing/Inaccurate Data: Converted 'No Info' in smoking_history to 'Unknown'.
- Outliers: Handled extreme BMI (>50) and blood_glucose_level (>200) using IQR method.
- Class Imbalance: Noted diabetes cases at 8.5%; will address during modeling (e.g., SMOTE).
- **Tools:** Used Python (Pandas, NumPy) for data cleaning.

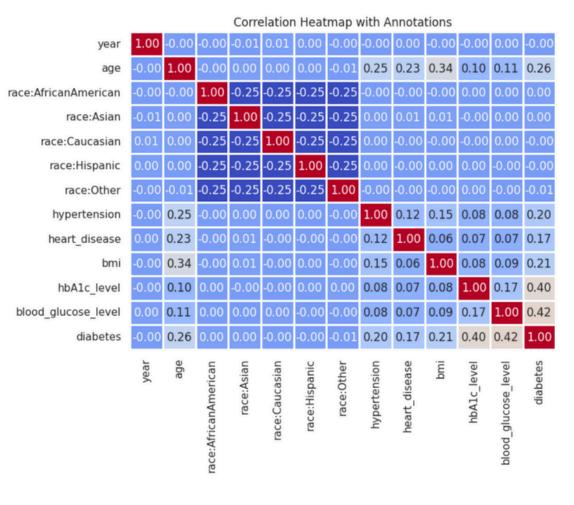


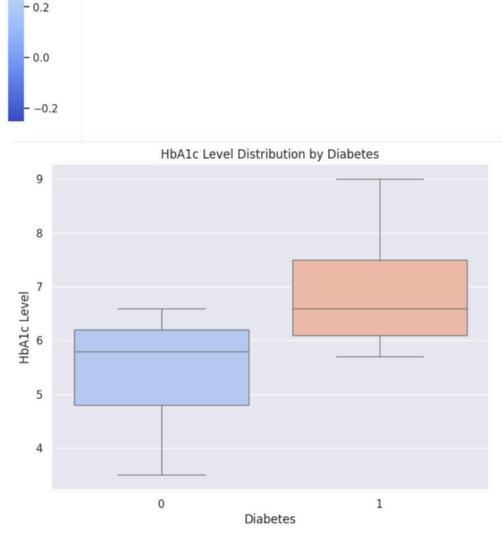






Data Visualization





- Age and BMI Distribution: Visualized age and BMI distribution to identify at-risk groups.
- Correlation Between Variables: Used Heatmap to show relationship between HbA1c and diabetes.
- Diabetes Distribution: Displayed diabetes cases (8.5%) to highlight imbalance.
- Tools: Used Matplotlib and Seaborn in Python for visualizations.





Modeling

• Feature Preprocessing:

Encoded categorical variables (e.g., gender, location).

Standardized numerical features (e.g., age, BMI) using StandardScaler.

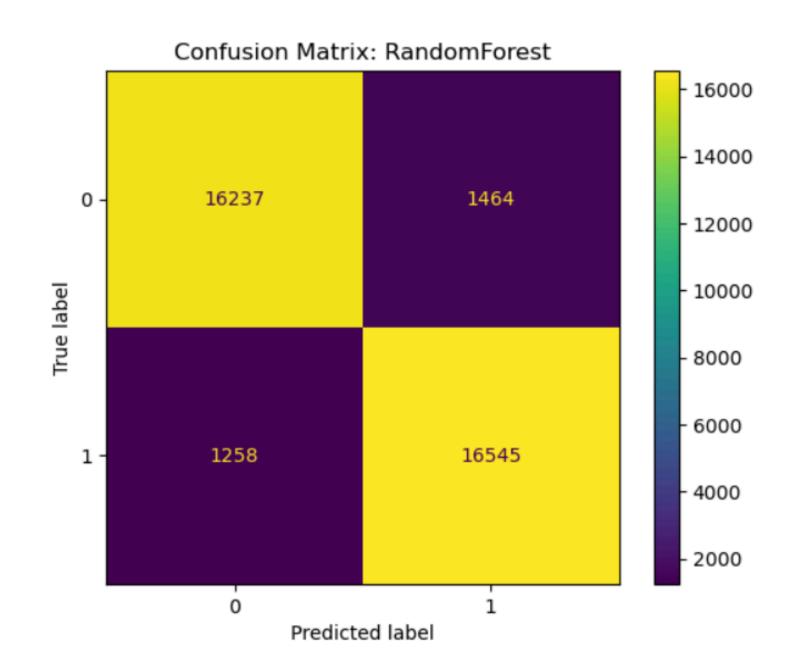
- Class Imbalance Handling:
 - Applied SMOTE to address the 8.5% diabetes class imbalance.
- Model Training:
- Trained multiple models: Logistic Regression, Random Forest, Gradient Boosting, KNN, and XGBoost.
- Model Evaluation:

Evaluated using AUC, classification report, and confusion matrix.

Random Forest achieved the highest AUC: 0.982 (after hyperparameter tuning).

- Hyperparameter Tuning:
- Tuned Random Forest with GridSearchCV (best parameters: max_depth=10, n_estimators=100).
- Model Saving:

Saved the best Random Forest model as Diabetes_model.pkl.





Model Deployment

• Platform:

Deployed as a web app using Streamlit.

• Functionality:

Users input patient data (e.g., age, BMI, HbA1c) via interactive sliders and dropdowns.

Displays prediction (Healthy/Diabetes) with confidence scores.

• Visualizations:

Radar chart for patient health metrics.

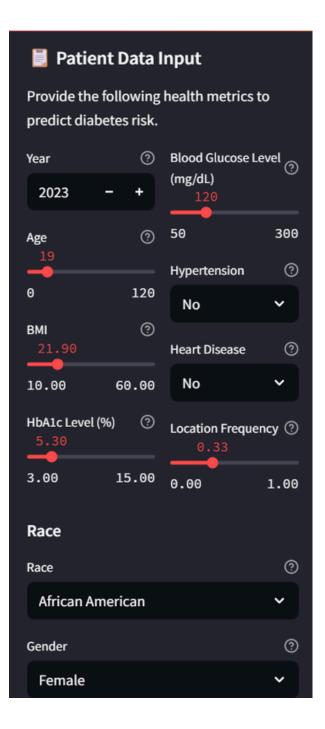
Feature importance bar chart to show key predictors.

• Additional Features:

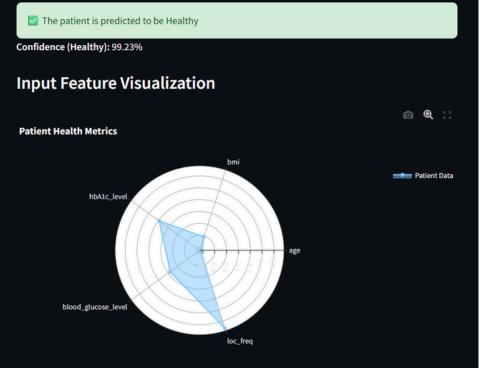
Downloadable prediction report with input data and results.

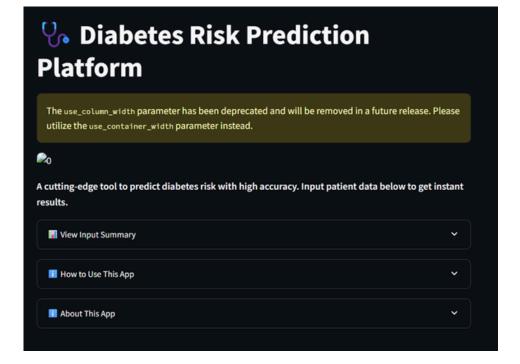
• Purpose:

Designed for healthcare professionals to assist in early diabetes detection.



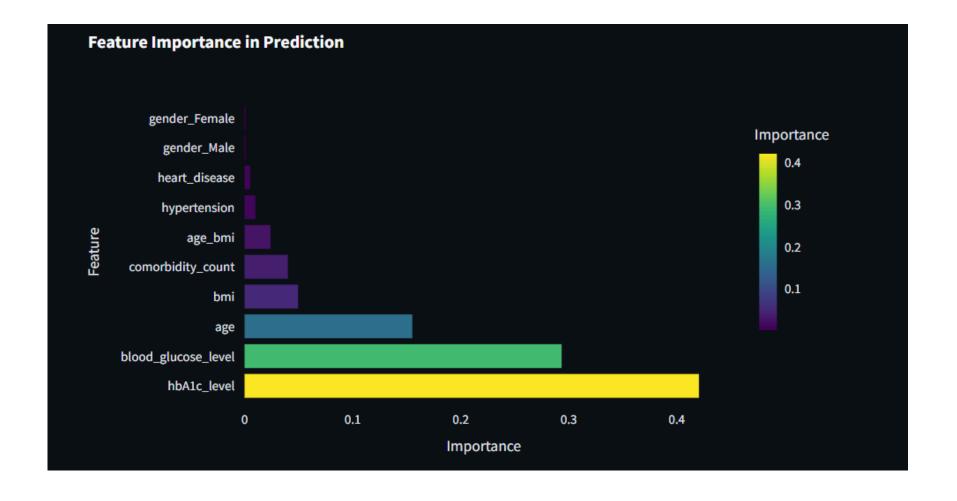








Results & Insights





• Data Insights:

8.5% of patients have diabetes, indicating a significant class imbalance.

Strong correlation (0.45) between HbA1c level and diabetes risk.

• Model Performance:

Random Forest achieved the highest AUC of 0.982 after hyperparameter tuning (max_depth=10, n_estimators=100).

• Key Predictors:

HbA1c level and blood glucose level are the most influential features.

• Deployment Outcome:

Web app successfully predicts diabetes risk with interactive visualizations (e.g., radar chart).

• Practical Insight:

Early detection is feasible with focus on HbA1c and glucose monitoring.





Challenges & Solutions

Project: Glucose Guard	
Challenge	Solution
Class Imbalance Only 8.5% of patients had diabetes, leading to biased predictions.	Applied SMOTE Oversampled the minority class, improving model balance.
Feature Selection High-dimensional data risked overfitting.	Used SelectKBest Selected the most relevant features with f_classif.
Model Deployment Real-time predictions with a user-friendly interface were complex.	Developed Streamlit App Created an interactive web app with visualizations.
Data Preprocessing Variability Inconsistent race/gender encoding caused errors.	Standardized Encoding Applied one-hot encoding and retrained the model.





Conclusion

Summary of Achievements:

Developed a Random Forest model with AUC 0.982 for diabetes prediction. Built an interactive Streamlit web app for real-time risk assessment.

Key Insights:

HbA1c level and blood glucose are critical predictors of diabetes risk. Early detection is feasible with proper monitoring.

• Impact & Future Work:

Enhances early diabetes detection for healthcare professionals. Future scope includes adding more features and expanding the dataset.





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I appreciate your time and attention.