

- CSE232 -

Homework 1

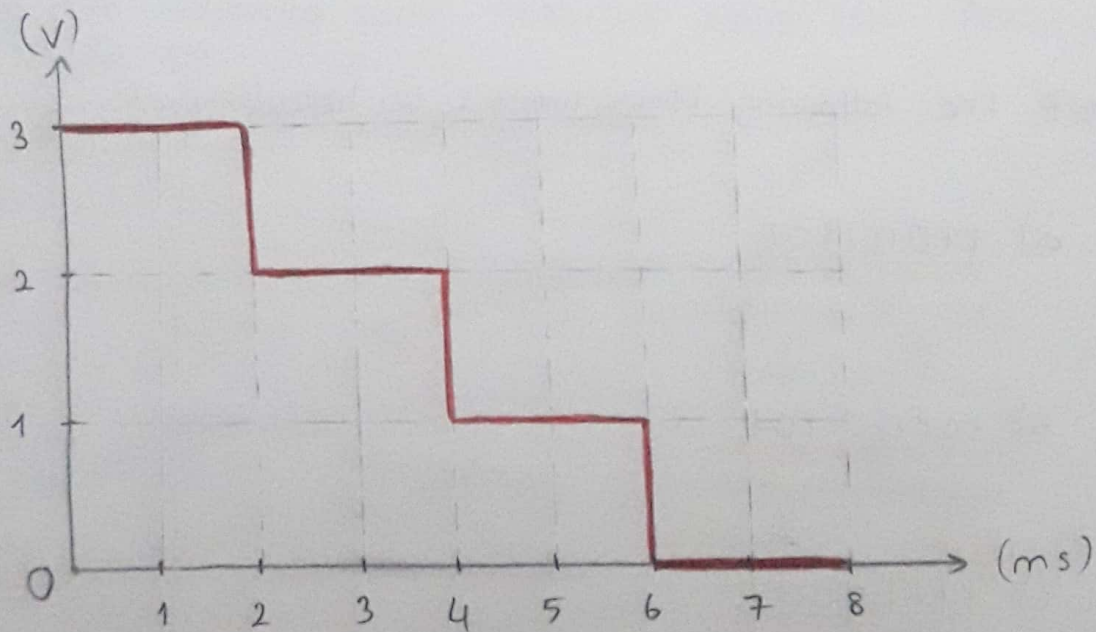
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① Assume that 0 V is encoded as 00, 1 V as 01, 2 V as 10, and 3 V as 11. You are given a digital encoding of an audio signal as follows: 1111101001010000. Plot the re-created signal with time on the x-axis and voltage on the y-axis. Assume that each encoding's corresponding voltage should be output for 1 millisecond.

11 11 10 10 01 01 00 00
3V 3V 2V 2V 1V 1V 0V 0V



② Convert the following binary numbers to decimal numbers:

a) $\overset{5}{2}\overset{4}{2}\overset{3}{2}\overset{2}{2}\overset{1}{2}\overset{0}{2}$
 000011
 $0.2^5 + 0.2^4 + 0.2^3 + 0.2^2 + 1.2^1 + 1.2^0$
 $0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 2 + 1 = \underline{\underline{3}}$

b) 1111
 $1.2^3 + 1.2^2 + 1.2^1 + 1.2^0$
 $8 + 4 + 2 + 1 = \underline{\underline{15}}$

c) 11110
 $1.2^4 + 1.2^3 + 1.2^2 + 1.2^1 + 0.2^0$
 $16 + 8 + 4 + 2 + 0 = \underline{\underline{30}}$

d) 111100
 $1.2^5 + 1.2^4 + 1.2^3 + 1.2^2 + 0.2^1 + 0.2^0$
 $32 + 16 + 8 + 4 + 0 + 0 = \underline{\underline{60}}$

e) 0011010
 $0.2^6 + 0.2^5 + 1.2^4 + 1.2^3 + 0.2^2 + 1.2^1 + 0.2^0$
 $0 + 0 + 16 + 8 + 0 + 2 + 0 = \underline{\underline{26}}$

③ Convert the following binary numbers to hexadecimal:

a) $\overset{7}{1}\overset{6}{1}\overset{5}{0}\overset{4}{0}\overset{3}{1}\overset{2}{1}\overset{1}{0}\overset{0}{1}$
 $8+4+0+0 \quad 8+4+0+1$
 $12 \quad 13$
 $C \quad D$
 $= (CD)_{16} //$

b) $\overset{7}{1}\overset{6}{0}\overset{5}{1}\overset{4}{0}\overset{3}{0}\overset{2}{0}\overset{1}{1}\overset{0}{1}$
 $8+0+2+0 \quad 0+4+0+1$
 $10 \quad 5$
 $A \quad 5$
 $= (A5)_{16} //$

c) $\overset{7}{1}\overset{6}{1}\overset{5}{1}\overset{4}{1}\overset{3}{0}\overset{2}{0}\overset{1}{0}\overset{0}{1}$
 $8+4+2+1 \quad 0+0+0+1$
 $15 \quad 1$
 $F \quad 1$
 $= (F1)_{16} //$

d) $\overset{15}{1}\overset{14}{1}\overset{13}{0}\overset{12}{1}\overset{11}{1}\overset{10}{0}\overset{9}{1}\overset{8}{1}\overset{7}{1}\overset{6}{1}\overset{5}{1}\overset{4}{0}\overset{3}{0}\overset{2}{0}\overset{1}{0}$
 $\overset{7}{0}\overset{6}{0}\overset{5}{0}\overset{4}{1} \quad \overset{3}{1}\overset{2}{0}\overset{1}{1} \quad \overset{0}{0}\overset{7}{1}\overset{6}{1}\overset{5}{1} \quad \overset{4}{1}\overset{3}{1}\overset{2}{0}\overset{1}{0}$
 $0+0+0+1 \quad 8+0+2+1 \quad 0+4+2+1 \quad 8+4+0+0$
 $1 \quad 11 \quad 7 \quad 12$
 $1 \quad B \quad 7 \quad C$
 $= (1B7C)_{16} //$

Decimal	Hexa
0	→ 0
1	→ 1
2	→ 2
3	→ 3
4	→ 4
5	→ 5
6	→ 6
7	→ 7
8	→ 8
9	→ 9
10	→ A
11	→ B
12	→ C
13	→ D
14	→ E
15	→ F

④ Convert the following hexadecimal numbers to decimal:

a) 10_{16}
 $1 \cdot 16^1 + 0 \cdot 16^0$
 $16 + 0 = \underline{16}$

b) $4E3_{16}$
 $4 \cdot 16^2 + 14 \cdot 16^1 + 3 \cdot 16^0$
 $1024 + 224 + 3 = \underline{1251}$

c) $FF0_{16}$
 $15 \cdot 16^2 + 15 \cdot 16^1 + 0 \cdot 16^0$
 $3840 + 240 + 0 = \underline{4080}$

d) 200_{16}
 $2 \cdot 16^2 + 0 \cdot 16^1 + 0 \cdot 16^0$
 $512 + 0 + 0 = \underline{512}$

⑤ Encode the following words into bits using the ASCII encoding table in Figure 1.9.

By using ASCII encoding table;

a) LET
 $1001100 \quad 1000101 \quad 1010100$

b) RESET!
 $1010010 \quad 1000101 \quad 1010011 \quad 1000101 \quad 1010100 \quad 0100001$

c) HELLO \$!
 $1001000 \quad 1000101 \quad 1001100 \quad 1001100 \quad 1001111 \quad 0100000 \quad 0100100 \quad 0110001$