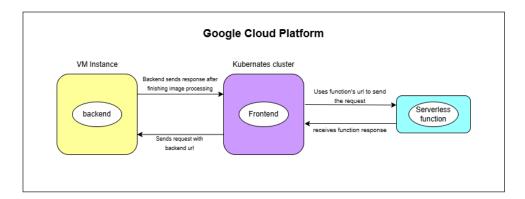
SWE 590 – Cloud Computing Architectures

Esra Nur Özüm - 2024719084

Project Demo Video Link: https://drive.google.com/file/d/147LI3sPeK0ErrdJs2zmW-v9qEdXLtHvV/view?usp=sharing

1. Cloud architecture structure

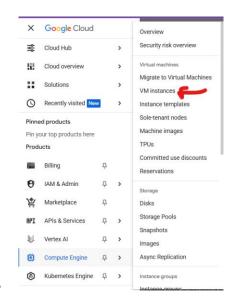


In the architecture that I established I have three components that work together. Vm Instance carries the backend application and runs the server inside. Kubernates Cluster carries the frontend image and uses external IP of the VM Instance to send a request to the backend and receive the related response. It also uses a public URL generated by Google cloud platform for a serverless function that simply prints a text message. When the cluster calls it, the response will be a text that carries the message. The system can be reachable from the URL http://34.41.239.214:30036/

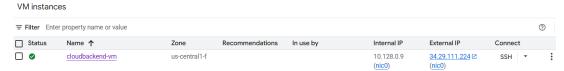
2. Deployment Process

Backend Deployment Process:

• First, I created a new Vm in my google cloud platform



- Then, I connected to VM and installed the needed libraries with the following commands
 - Sudo apt update
 - sudo apt install python3-pip python3-venv -y
 - python3 -m venv venv
 - source venv/bin/activate
 - o pip install fastapi uvicorn
 - o mkdir backend && cd backend
 - o nano main.py
 - o I put all the code to the main.py file
 - Then, wrote the following command to run it, uvicorn main:app --host 0.0.0.0 --port
 5000
 - I created a firewall rule to make it reachable from outside of the VM
 - Name: allow-backend-port
 - Targets: All instances in the network
 - Protocols: TCP 5000Source IP: 0.0.0.0/0



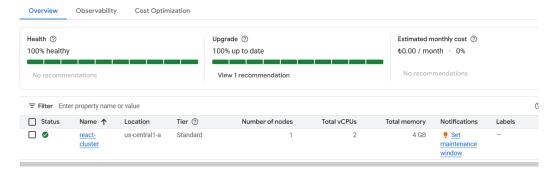
After these steps when I go to http://34.29.111.224:5000/process I see the following result:



This proves that the backend that I put into the VM is reachable from outside

Frontend Deployment Process:

- First I created a cluster by running the following comments
 - o gcloud services enable container.googleapis.com
 - gcloud container clusters create react-cluster --num-nodes=1 --zone=us-central1-a
- These commands enabled me to create a kubernates cluster with 1 node and named it as react-cluster.



 Then, I go to my project's frontend folder and run "npm run build" to create a build file for production I created a Dockerfile inside the same folder directory and add the following configurations:

```
frontend > Dockerfile × ! react-deployment.y

frontend > Dockerfile

1 FROM nginx:alpine

2

3 COPY build/ /usr/share/nginx/html

4

5 EXPOSE 80

6

7 CMD ["nginx", "-g", "daemon off;"]
```

- After this point I was ready to create a docker image
- First, I added some artifacts to the google Artifact Registry by running the following command
 - gcloud artifacts repositories create react-ui --repository-format=docker -location=us-central1
- o Then I build and push the docker image for the frontend:
 - docker build -t us-central1-docker.pkg.dev/swe590-project-458808/reactui/react-ui:latest.
 - docker push us-central1-docker.pkg.dev/swe590-project-458808/reactui/react-ui:latest
- After these steps I moved on to the deploying UI to the google kubernates engine
- o I run the following commends to achieve this
 - gcloud services enable container.googleapis.com
 - gcloud container clusters create react-cluster --num-nodes=1 --zone=uscentral1-a
 - gcloud container clusters get-credentials react-cluster --zone=us-central1-a
- I prepared the following deployment yaml file for configurations

```
# App.js  
# Dockerfile  
# react-deploymentyaml  
# paiversion: apps/v1  
# kind: Deployment  
# name: react-ui  
# name: react-ui  
# selector:  
# matchLabels:  
# app: react-ui  
# template:  
# labels:  
# app: react-ui  
# name: react
```

- After this step, I just run the following commands to apply all changes
 - kubectl apply -f react-deployment.yaml
 - kubectl get services => for checking if it runs

```
PS C:\Users\esra.ozum\WebAppProjects\cloudProject\frontend> kubectl get pods
                                              READY STATUS
                                                                        RESTARTS AGE
                                              1/1
       react-ui-7fdd87c47d-hr6n8
                                                         Running
                                                                        0
                                                                                        95
       react-ui-7fdd87c47d-wbmpc
                                                         Running
                                              1/1
                                                                                        45
                                                                        0
PS C:\Users\esra.ozum\WebAppProjects\cloudProject\frontend> kubectl get service react-ui-service
                                                               EXTERNAL-IP PORT(S)
                         TYPE
                                        CLUSTER-IP
NAME
                                                                                                        AGE
react-ui-service NodePort 34.118.231.142
                                                              <none>
                                                                                    80:30036/TCP
                                                                                                        14m
NAME TYPE CLUSTER-IP EXTERNA
react-ui-service NodePort 34.118.231.142 <none>
                                                             EXTERNAL-IP
                                                                                   PORT(S)
                                                                                                         AGE
                                                                                   80:30036/TCP
                                                                                                        14m
PS C:\Users\esra.ozum\\WebAppProjects\cloudProject\frontend> kubectl get nodes
react-uj-service NodePort 34.118.231.142 (none) 88:38836/ICP 14m
                                                                                                              o wide
PS C:\Users\esra.ozum\\WebAppProjects\cloudProject\frontend> kubectl get nodes -o wide
                                               STATUS ROLES AGE VERSION
STATUS ROLES AGE VERSION
                                                                                              INTERNAL-IP
                                                                                                            EXTERNAL-IP
                                                                                              INTERNAL-IP
NAME
                                                                                                           EXTERNAL-IP
                                                                                                                            os
                                   KERNEL-VERSION CONTAINER-RUNTIME
gke-react-cluster-default-pool-d4784351-4srv Ready <none> 19m v1.32.2-gke.1297002
gke-react-cluster-default-pool-d4784351-4srv Ready <none> 19m v1.32.2-gke.1297002
                                                                                             10.128.0.11 34.41.239.214
10.128.0.11 34.41.239.214
                                                                                                                            Co
 ontainer-Optimized OS from Google 6.6.72+ containerd
PS C:\Users\esra.ozum\WebAppProjects\cloudProject\frontend> \[ \]
                                                     containerd://1.7.24
```

 After this point when I used the external IP and tried to reach the whole project I got the following result:

```
| Serverless Cloud Function Response | Additional Serverless Function! | Serverless Function! | Additional Serverless Function | Additional Serverless Function | Additional Serverless Function | Additional Serv
```

Serverless Function Implementation

- For the serverless function I created a file under the project folder and named it as serverless
- I created a main.py file and write a dummy function that will serve as a serverless function

Then I run the following commands to put it inside the google cloud platform

o functions deploy hello-esra --runtime python311 -trigger region us-central1

```
uri: https://hello-esra-3tcjl5qq2a-uc.a.run.app
state: ACTIVE
updateTime: '2025-05-17T11:51:46.677207166Z'
updateTime: '2025-05-17T11:51:46.677207166Z'
url: https://us-central1-swe590-project-458808.cloudfunctions.net/hello-esra
PS C:\Users\esra.ozum\WebAppProjects\cloudProject\serverless>
```

I used this URL to send a request from frontend

```
fetch('https://us-central1-swe590-project-458808.cloudfunctions.net/hello-esra')
   .then(response => response.text())
   .then(data => setMessage(data))
   .catch(error => setMessage('Error: ' + error.message));
```

• And showed the result on the page

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Serverless Cloud Function Response:

Hello from Cloud Serverless Function!

3. Locust Experiments

Test Cases:

1-Effect of number of users

• Number of users = 2000, ramp up = 5, number of pods = 2



• Number of users = 1000, ramp up = 5, number of pods = 2



Observations:

- When there are 1000 users in the test load the 95th percentile graph is more stable and has the value around 220 ms.
- Whereas, when the number of users is set to 2000, there are important fluctuations in the 95th percentile graph.
- This shows that some users in the first test are waiting too long to get the response compared to the second test users.
- o Stability level of the first run is lower than the second run.
- This shows us that increasing the load amount with the same amount of ramp up effects the smoothness of the program in terms of usability.

2-Effect of ramp up value

Number of users = 1000, ramp up = 10, number of pods = 2



Number of users = 1000, ramp up = 2, number of pods = 2



- Observations:
 - Changing the ramp up value from 10 to 2 does not has a significant impact on the statistics
 - O Both test results has similar RPS, min (ms), max (ms), and median (ms) values
 - The only difference that we see is the small fluctuations in the 95th percentile values which is normal since we decreased the ramp up value

3-Effect of number of pods

• Number of users = 1000, ramp up = 2, number of pods = 2



```
PS C:\Users\esra.ozum\WebAppProjects\cloudProject\frontend> kubectl top pod
                            CPU(cores) MEMORY(bytes)
react-ui-85d48595fd-5kvtr
                            35m
                                         змі
react-ui-85d48595fd-pnhd8
                            33m
                                         3Mi
PS C:\Users\esra.ozum\WebAppProjects\cloudProject\frontend> kubectl top pod
                            CPU(cores)
                                        MEMORY(bytes)
react-ui-85d48595fd-5kvtr
                            8m
                                         ЗМi
react-ui-85d48595fd-pnhd8
                                         змі
                           6m
PS C:\Users\esra.ozum\WebAppProjects\cloudProject\frontend>
```

• Number of users = 1000, ramp up = 2, number of pods = 5



```
PS C:\Users\esra.ozum\WebAppProjects\cloudProject\frontend> kubectl top pod
                                          MEMORY(bytes)
                              CPU(cores)
 react-ui-74fccc49f5-55pq6
                                           3Mi
react-ui-74fccc49f5-bsvjc
                              1m
                                           3Mi
 react-ui-74fccc49f5-bz2c8
                              1m
                                           змі
 react-ui-74fccc49f5-p878g
                              3m
 react-ui-74fccc49f5-z4v49
                              2m
                                           змі
 PS C:\Users\esra.ozum\WebAppProjects\cloudProject\frontend> kubectl top pod
                              CPU(cores)
                                          MEMORY(bytes)
 react-ui-74fccc49f5-55pq6
                                           3Mi
 react-ui-74fccc49f5-bsvjc
                              8m
                                           3Mi
 react-ui-74fccc49f5-bz2c8
                              7m
                                           3Mi
 react-ui-74fccc49f5-p878g
                                           3Mi
                              7m
 react-ui-74fccc49f5-z4v49
                             8m
                                           3Mi
 PS C:\Users\esra.ozum\WebAppProjects\cloudProject\frontend> kubectl top pod
 NAME
                              CPU(cores)
                                           MEMORY(bytes)
 react-ui-74fccc49f5-55pq6
                              17m
                                           змі
 react-ui-74fccc49f5-bsvjc
                              16m
                                           3Mi
 react-ui-74fccc49f5-bz2c8
                              14m
                                           3Mi
 react-ui-74fccc49f5-p878g
                              16m
                                           змі
 react-ui-74fccc49f5-z4v49
                              16m
                                           3Mi
```

Observations:

- With 5 pods, latency is consistently lower across all percentiles.
- \circ The 99th percentile latency jumped from 310ms \rightarrow 1000ms in the 2-pod test.
- Max latency increased significantly (4463 ms vs. 1353 ms), which suggests occasional request overloads in the 2-pod test.
- o Both setups achieved similar RPS (~453).
- The 5-pod setup delivered more predictable and stable latency.
- The 2-pod setup showed more performance variability, especially for tail latencies (95th/99th percentile).
- The CPU usage among the pods also decreased to 15m when there are 5 pods. It is increased to 35m when there are 2 pods

4. Cost Breakdown

Service	Cost	Discounts	Promotions & others
Cloud Run Functions	₺0.01	- ₺0.01	₺0.00
Cloud Monitoring	₺ 85.98	₺ 0.00	-₺85.98
VM Manager	₺1.84	-₺1.84	₺0.00
Compute Engine	₺1,234.54	₺ 0.00	- ₺1,234.54
Kubernetes Engine	 \$986.63	- ₺986.63	老0.00
Networking	₺186.24	- ₺186.24	₺0.00
Artifact Registry	₺ 0.00	₺ 0.00	₺0.00

5. Conclusion:

The Locust load testing experiments provided valuable insights into how different system parameters affect performance under load. Increasing the number of concurrent users from 1000 to

2000, while keeping the ramp-up rate and pod count constant, led to significant instability in response times, especially in the 95th percentile. This suggests that the system becomes less predictable and more prone to latency spikes under higher concurrency, indicating a scalability limitation with the current configuration. Varying the ramp-up rate (from 10 to 2 users/sec) had minimal impact on key performance metrics such as RPS, median latency, and max latency. This shows that the system can handle different ramp-up speeds relatively well, with only minor effects on the 95th percentile, which is expected due to smoother load introduction. Lastly, increasing the number of pods from 2 to 5 had a clear positive impact. Tail latencies (95th and 99th percentiles) were significantly lower and more stable with 5 pods. The maximum latency also decreased, and CPU usage per pod was reduced, suggesting improved load distribution and resource efficiency.

Overall, the results indicate that while the system handles moderate traffic well, it benefits greatly from increased pod count to ensure consistent performance at higher loads.