Introduction to Org Mode for ESS users part of the ESS intro series

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April 13, 2021

Org Mode

"If Emacs is the distribution, Org Mode is the entire desktop environment one runs on top of it."

Emacs Org Mode is an outline-structured, plain text, file format and backing software that allows you to (among many other things)

- markup text via asteriskizing, equalizing, plusizing, slashizing, tildeizing, underscorizing, etc.
- export a file, or a subtree of it, as, e.g., an .html or .pdf file
- take notes
- create agendas (items with date elements)
- organize your LIFE!
- ▶ do calculations good support for math, LATEX, etc.
- table support for storing information (including support for formulae)

Babel – Org Mode support for programming

One can write source code in "source blocks". Source blocks have the following attributes:

- a name (optional)
- source code, one language per source block (though, if desired, multiple languages per file)
- "header arguments", parameters which define how a source block interacts with its environment

"To a source block", you can

- evaluate it ([C-c C-c]¹) to produce results, which, in turn, may be used as input to another source block. NB: there are security issues here: you will need to customize the Emacs variable org-babel-load-languages, and you will be prompted each time before a code block is evaluated
- export ([C-c C-e]) the code, its results, or both, with other parts of the .org file, into a .html, .pdf, or other format file
- tangle it ([C-c C-v t]), that is, write the source code itself into a separate file, that might be used as input to a compilation or some other packaging step, or be a stand alone script (Rscript, say).
- edit it, either in place in the Org buffer, or "stand alone" in an OrgSrc buffer ([C-c ']¹), with the major mode set to that of the language (so, for R, ESS[R]).



¹with point in the source block

R source blocks

In particular, one can have a source block with R code

```
#+begin_src R :results value
    "here, the last value executed is the result"
#+end_src

#+begin_src R :results output
    cat("here, the output is the result\n")
#+end_src
```

To evaluate a source block, type [C-c C-c] or [C-c C-v e]. To edit this source block in an OrgSrc buffer with major mode ESS[R], type [C-c ']. To close the OrgSrc buffer and return to the Org buffer, type [C-c '] again.

Header arguments

- :noweb allows code from another place in the org file to be inserted at a point in the current org file when evaluating or exporting.
 - :var allows results of other computations in an org file to be used as input to this source block
- :results defines how results are collected after evaluation of the source block, and how (or whether) they are inserted into the org buffer
- :session outlined on next slide
- :tangle name of file to which to *tangle* the contents of this source block

:session header argument

- Normally, Org Mode evaluates a source block by forking a new R subprocess, passing it the code (and any variables to be used as input), letting the code run, capturing the results, and then disposing of the R subprocess. This ensures that code runs in a fresh environment.
- Often, especially when doing statistical analysis, we would like to build up state over time, by executing various code blocks, and/or by poking in the environment.
- Also, we may want to debug our code in a convenient way.

The :session header argument causes evaluation of a source block to take place in a long-running inferior ESS (iESS) process; all source code blocks with the same :session name run in the same iESS process.

A style of working

In Emacs, I find that I flit between three buffers:

- ► the .org file
 - ▶ often doing minor in-line edits in a source block
- an OrgSrc edit buffer
 - for more major edits (and get font lock, etc.)
 - these buffers come and go, as needed
- ▶ the R:session buffer to
 - run code
 - examine state
 - debug as needed

Other resources

- the official Quick Start guide, a very good introduction to Org Mode
- ► the Org Mode web page
- the Org Mode worg site (you may find it useful to take a linear stroll through the worg site map)
- the other presentations in this ESS intro series
- the beamer slides for this tutorial are here (pdf)
- a .org file for experimenting (an HTML version here and a PDF one here)

Tutorials, Videos

There are some nice tutorials:

- a somewhat older one is from Erik Iverson, org-mode-R-tutorial.org
- a more recent one from Vikas Rawal, orgpapers.org

And, some videos, including:

- Rainer König's screencasts about Org Mode (also available as a course on Udemy)
- ▶ DT ("Distro Tube"?) has yet another introductory video.

Farewell

Thank you for "attending" this tutorial. I hope it has given you a sense of Org Mode. This has been more of a teaser than an exhaustive introduction, but the resources listed above should be enough to ease you into using R with Org Mode.