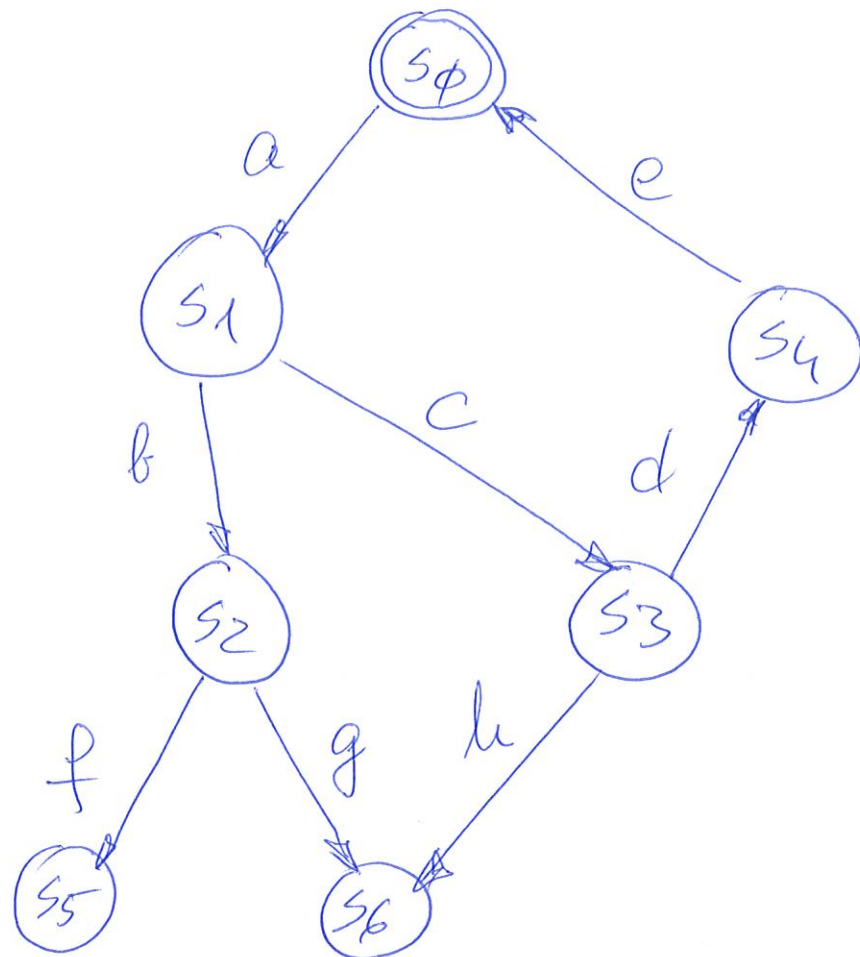


fiu automatul din figura de mai jos:



- ① să se scrie forma matematică de exprimare a automatului.
- ② să se elimine stările blocaute utilizând algoritmul Cassaudras

① $A = \{Q_A, \Sigma_A, \mathcal{F}_A, \Gamma_A, g_0, Q_m\}$
- multimea stărilor

$$Q_A = \{s_0, s_1, s_2, s_3, s_4, s_5, s_6\}$$

- multimea evenimentelor

$$\Sigma_A = \{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}$$

- funcțiile de tranziție

$$\delta(s_0, a) = s_1$$

$$\delta(s_1, b) = s_2$$

$$\delta(s_1, c) = s_3$$

$$\delta(s_2, f) = s_5$$

$$\delta(s_2, g) = s_6$$

$$\delta(s_3, d) = s_4$$

$$\delta(s_3, h) = s_6$$

$$\delta(s_4, e) = s_0$$

$$\delta(s_5, *) - \text{nedefinită}$$

$$\delta(s_6, *) - \text{nedefinită}$$

- funcțiile eveniment

$$\Gamma(s_0) = \{a\}$$

$$\Gamma(s_1) = \{b, c\}$$

$$\Gamma(s_2) = \{g, f\}$$

$$\Gamma(s_3) = \{d, h\}$$

$$\Gamma(s_4) = \{e\}$$

$$\Gamma(s_5) = \emptyset$$

$$\Gamma(s_6) = \emptyset$$

②

- starea inițială

$$Q\phi = S\phi$$

- mulțimea stărilor marcate.

$$Q_m = \{S\phi\}$$

(2)

Pașul 1. $Q_{co} = Q_m \Rightarrow Q_{co} = \{S\phi\}$

$$Q_x = \phi$$

$$Q = \phi$$

Pașul 2.1 $Q_A - (Q_{co} \cup Q_x) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3, s_4, s_5, s_6\}$

(if)

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} d(s_1, b) = s_2 \\ d(s_1, c) = s_3 \\ d(s_2, f) = s_5 \\ d(s_2, g) = s_6 \\ d(s_3, h) = s_6 \\ d(s_3, d) = s_4 \\ d(s_4, e) = S\phi \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow Q = \{s_4\}$$

(Else)

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} d(s_5, *) - \text{medefinit} \\ d(s_6, *) - \text{medefinit} \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow Q_x = \{s_5, s_6\}$$

Pașul 3.1

$$Q_{co} = \{S\phi, s_4\}$$

$$Q = \phi$$

(3)

Page 2.2

$$Q_A - (Q_{co} \cup Q_x) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \textcircled{\text{if}} \\ \delta(s_1, b) = s_2 \\ \delta(s_1, c) = s_3 \\ \underline{\delta(s_3, d) = s_4} \end{array} \left\{ \Rightarrow Q = \{s_3\} \right.$$

$\textcircled{\text{Else}}$

$$\begin{array}{l} \delta(s_2, f) = s_5 \\ \underline{\delta(s_2, g) = s_6} \end{array} \left\{ \Rightarrow Q_x = \{s_2, s_5, s_6\} \right.$$

Page 3.2.

$$Q_{co} = \{s_0, s_3, s_4\}$$

Page 2.3

$$Q_A - (Q_{co} \cup Q_x) = \{s_1\}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \textcircled{\text{if}} \\ \delta(s_1, b) = s_2 \\ \underline{\delta(s_1, c) = s_3} \end{array} \left\{ \Rightarrow Q = \{s_1\} \right.$$

Page 3.3.

$$Q_{co} = \{s_1, s_3, s_4\}$$

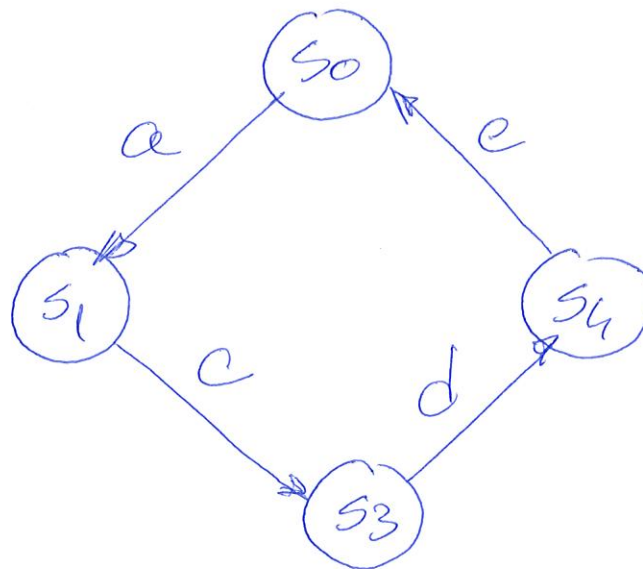
Pasul 2.4

$$Q_A - (Q_{co} \cup Q_X) = \emptyset$$

Pasul 4.

$$X_A = Q_A - Q_{co} = \{s_2, s_5, s_6\}.$$

Automatul rezultat în urma eliminării stărilor blocaete este:



5