THEOREM 7

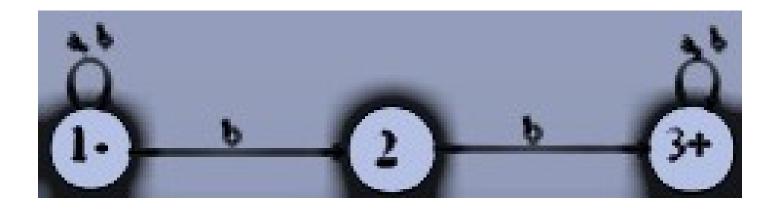
 for every NFA, there is some FA that accepts exactly the same language.

THEOREM 7

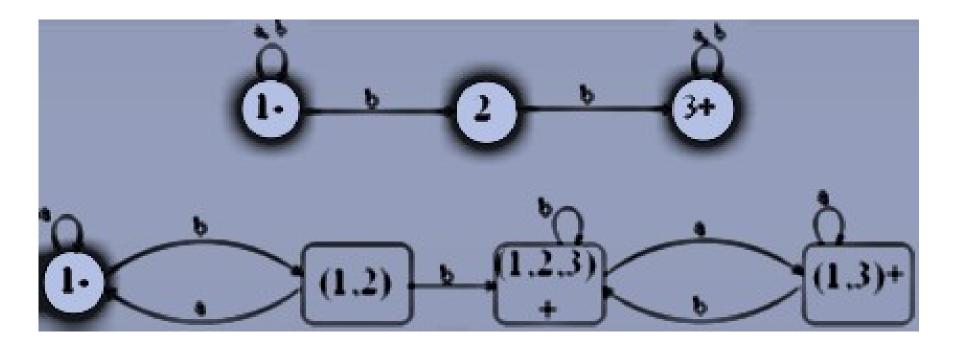
- for every NFA, there is some FA that accepts exactly the same language.
- Proof 1

NFA to FA

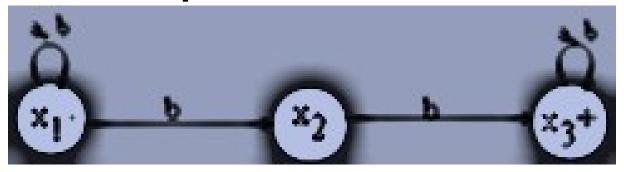
 Build an FA corresponding to the following NFA which accepts the language of strings containing bb



NFA to FA cont.



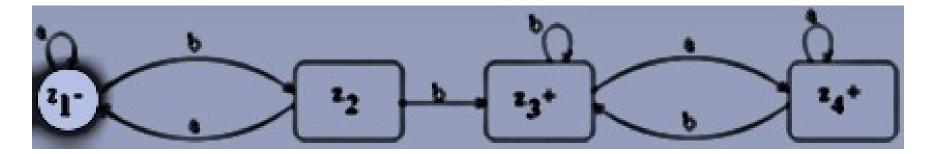
Example continued ...



	New states after reading	
Old states	а	b
$Z_1 - X_1$	X_1 Z_1	$(x_1, x_2) z_2$
$z_2 (x_1, x_2)$	(x_1, Λ) x_1 z_1	$(x_1, x_2, x_3) z_3$
$z_3 + (x_1, x_2, x_3)$	$(x_1, x_3) z_4$	(x_1, x_2, x_3) z_3
$z_4 + (x_1, x_3)$	$(x_1, x_3) z_4$	(x_1, x_2, x_3) z_3

The corresponding transition diagram follows as

Example continued ...



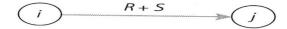
Alg - RegExp to DFA via GenNFA

- Given a RegExp: ab+ac+ad+ae+af
- 1. Construct a simple GenNFA with two states with one arc between the two states labeled with the regular expression.

2. The source of the arc is the start state

Extend the GenNFA

- 1. If an edge is labeled with \emptyset , then erase the edge.
- 2. Transform any diagram like



into the diagram



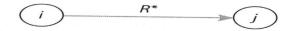
3. Transform any diagram like



into the diagram

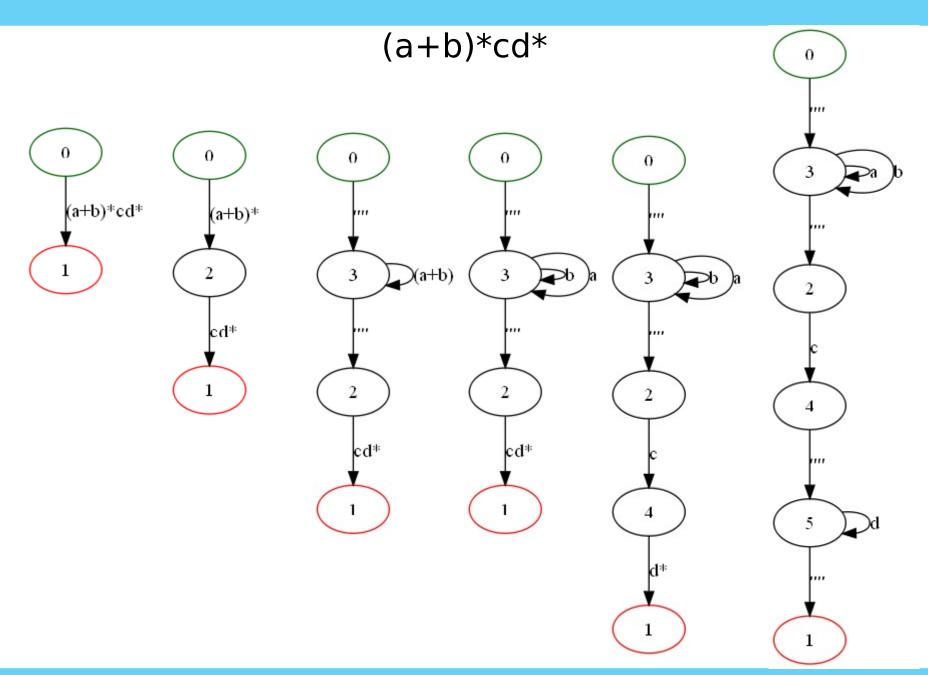


4. Transform any diagram like



into the diagram





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