```
Jacob Esswein
Project 1
Part D
CS 3130
Professor Galina
Code:
def main():
  #Initialize arrays
  f1 = []
           #Think of as f-1
  f2 = [] #Think of as f-2
  fn = [] #Think of as fn
  #Fill array with 0s
  for i in range(0,100):
    f1.append(0)
    f2.append(0)
    fn.append(0)
  #Arrays are going to be filled from right to left, make 'first' element in each be 1
  f1[99] = 1
  f2[99] = 1
```

#Recursive loop will go until if statement is reached

while True:

```
fn = add(f1,f2)
    f1 = f2
             #Swaps
    f2 = fn
    if(fn[0] == 8): #If the 100th digit/first element has been reached/filled
       print("ERROR: 100th digit has been reached")
       break
                #Break out of while loop
  print("Sum of array: ", fn)
# This function will add the elements of the two arrays
def add(f1,f2):
  #Create new array fn
  fn = []
  #Fill 100 elements of it wil 0s
  for i in range(0,100):
    fn.append(0)
  remainder = 0 #Remainder variable if f2+f1 > 10 we know to carry a number to the left
element
  for x in range(len(f1)-1, -1,-1): #for loop, using the length of f1 down to 0
```

 $var = f1[x] + f2[x] + remainder \quad \#var = sum, sum \ is \ a \ keyword \ in \ Python, but \ this \ is$  the sum of f1[x], f2[x] and the remainder

fn[x] = var % 10 #Store the mod 10 of the sum in to fn[x]

if((var/10) < 1): #Tests for remainder

remainder = 0

else:

remainder = 1

return fn #Returns the array

main()

**Execution:** 

