Report for ForestQuery into Global Deforestation, 1990 to 2016

ForestQuery is on a mission to combat deforestation around the world and to raise awareness about this topic and its impact on the environment. The data analysis team at ForestQuery has obtained data from the World Bank that includes forest area and total land area by country and year from 1990 to 2016, as well as a table of countries and the regions to which they belong.

The data analysis team has used SQL to bring these tables together and to query them in an effort to find areas of concern as well as areas that present an opportunity to learn from successes.

1. GLOBAL SITUATION

According to the World Bank, the total forest area of the world was <u>41282695</u> in 1990. As of 2016, the most recent year for which data was available, that number had fallen to <u>39958246</u>, a loss of 1324449, or 3.21%.

The forest area lost over this time period is slightly more than the entire land area of **Peru** listed for the year 2016 (which is **1280000**).

2. **REGIONAL OUTLOOK**

In 2016, the percent of the total land area of the world designated as forest was <u>31.34</u>. The region with the highest relative forestation was <u>Latin America & Caribbean</u>, with <u>46.16</u>%, and the region with the lowest relative forestation was <u>Middle East & North Africa</u>, with <u>2.07</u> % forestation.

In 1990, the percent of the total land area of the world designated as forest was <u>32.21</u>. The region with the highest relative forestation was <u>Latin America & Caribbean</u>, with <u>51.03</u>%, and the region with the lowest relative forestation was <u>Middle East & North Africa</u>, with <u>1.78</u>% forestation.

Table 2.1: Percent Forest Area by Region, 1990 & 2016:

| Region | 1990 Forest Percentage | 2016 Forest Percentage |
|----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Latin America & Caribbean | 51.03 | 46.16 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 30.67 | 28.79 |
| Middle East & North Africa | 1.78 | 2.07 |
| North America | 35.65 | 36.04 |
| East Asia & Pacific | 25.78 | 26.36 |

The only regions of the world that decreased in percent forest area from 1990 to 2016 were **Latin America & Caribbean** (dropped from 51.03 % to 46.16 %) and **Sub-Saharan Africa** (30.67% to 28.79%). All other regions actually increased in forest area over this time period. However, the drop in forest area in the two aforementioned regions was so large, the percent forest area of the world decreased over this time period from 32.00 % to 31.31 %.

3. COUNTRY-LEVEL DETAIL

A. SUCCESS STORIES

There is one particularly bright spot in the data at the country level, <u>China</u>. This country actually increased in forest area from 1990 to 2016 by <u>527229</u>. It would be interesting to study what has changed in this country over this time to drive this figure in the data higher. The country with the next largest increase in forest area from 1990 to 2016 was the <u>United States</u>, but it only saw an increase of **79200**, much lower than the figure for <u>China</u>.

Russian Federation and **China** are of course very large countries in total land area, so when we look at the largest *percent* change in forest area from 1990 to 2016, we aren't surprised to find a much smaller country listed at the top. **French Polynesia** increased in forest area by **27.3** % from 1990 to 2016.

B. LARGEST CONCERNS

Which countries are seeing deforestation to the largest degree? We can answer this question in two ways. First, we can look at the absolute square kilometer decrease in forest area from 1990 to 2016. The following 3 countries had the largest decrease in forest area over the time period under consideration:

Table 3.1: Top 5 Amount Decrease in Forest Area by Country, 1990 & 2016:

| Country | Region | Absolute Forest Area Change |
|-----------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Brazil | Latin America & Caribbean | -541510 |
| Indonesia | East Asia & Pacific | -282194 |
| Myanmar | East Asia & Pacific | -107234 |
| Nigeria | Sub-Saharan Africa | -106506 |
| Tanzania | Sub-Saharan Africa | -102320 |

The second way to consider which countries are of concern is to analyze the data by percent decrease.

Table 3.2: Top 5 Percent Decrease in Forest Area by Country, 1990 & 2016:

| Country | Region | Pct Forest Area Change |
|------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Togo | Sub-Saharan Africa | -75.4 |
| Nigeria | Sub-Saharan Africa | -61.8 |
| Uganda | Sub-Saharan Africa | -59.3 |
| Mauritania | Sub-Saharan Africa | -46.7 |
| Honduras | Latin America & Caribbean | -45.0 |

When we consider countries that decreased in forest area the most between 1990 and 2016, we find that four of the top 5 countries on the list are in the region of **Sub-Saharan Africa**. The countries are **Togo**, **Nigeria**, **Uganda**, and **Mauritania**. The 5th country on the list is **Honduras**, which is in the **Latin America & Caribbean** region.

From the above analysis, we see that **Nigeria**, is the only country that ranks in the top 5 both in terms of absolute square kilometer decrease in forest as well as percent decrease in forest area from 1990 to 2016. Therefore, this country has a significant opportunity ahead to stop the decline and hopefully spearhead remedial efforts.

C. QUARTILES

Table 3.3: Count of Countries Grouped by Forestation Percent Quartiles, 2016:

| Quartile | Number of Countries |
|----------|---------------------|
| 0-25% | 85 |
| 25-50% | 72 |
| 50-75% | 38 |
| 75-100% | 9 |

The largest number of countries in 2016 were found in the <u>0-25%</u> quartile.

There were $\underline{9}$ countries in the top quartile in 2016. These are countries with a very high percentage of their land area designated as forest. The following is a list of countries and their respective forest land, denoted as a percentage.

Table 3.4: Top Quartile Countries, 2016:

| Country | Region | Pct Designated as Forest |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| Suriname | Latin America & Caribbean | 98.3 |
| Micronesia, Fed. Sts. | East Asia & Pacific | 91.9 |
| Gabon | Sub-Saharan Africa | 90.0 |
| Seychelles | Sub-Saharan Africa | 88.4 |
| Palau | East Asia & Pacific | 87.6 |
| American Samoa | East Asia & Pacific | 87.5 |
| Guyana | Latin America & Caribbean | 83.9 |
| Lao PDR | East Asia & Pacific | 82.1 |
| Solomon Islands | East Asia & Pacific | 77.9 |

4. RECOMMENDATIONS

Write out a set of recommendations as an analyst on the ForestQuery team.

- What have you learned from the World Bank data?
- Which countries should we focus on over others?

I have learned 3 points from the World Bank data.

1. From "1. Global Situation",

If the deforestation speed is the same, after 30 years about 96% of forest will be lost.

2. From "2. Regional Outlook",

If Latin America & Caribbean make great effort to recover forest, the deforestation speed will be slow.

3. From "3. Country-Level Detail"

It seems that Nigeria is becoming more urbanized.

In order to recover forest, we must focus on Brazil whose decrease area of forest is maximum.

5. APPENDIX: SQL queries used

All queries in the my github repo.

https://github.com/est2mzd/UdaCity SqlPro01 Intro/tree/master/Project

I show the queries below.

File names are hilighed with yellow marker, and file names means its usage.

If you run the queries in order, you can get the answer for the question.

```
Project 00 Create VIEW.pgsql
DROP VIEW IF EXISTS forestation;
CREATE VIEW forestation AS
     SELECT f.country_code country_code,
            f.country_name country_name,
            f.year AS year,
            f.forest_area_sqkm forest_area_sqkm,
            1.total_area_sq_mi*2.59 total_area_sqkm,
            r.region region,
            r.income group income group,
            (f.forest_area_sqkm/l.total_area_sq_mi/2.59)*100 forest_area_percent
     FROM forest_area f
     JOIN land area l
          ON f.country_code = 1.country_code
          AND f.year = 1.year
     JOIN regions r
          ON r.country_code = f.country_code
     );
SELECT *
FROM forestation;
Project 01 Global Situation 01.pgsql
DROP VIEW IF EXISTS forestation;
CREATE VIEW forestation AS
     SELECT f.country_code country_code,
            f.country_name country_name,
            f.year AS year,
            f.forest area sqkm forest area sqkm,
            1.total_area_sq_mi*2.59 total_area_sqkm,
            r.region region,
```

```
r.income_group income_group,
            (f.forest_area_sqkm/l.total_area_sq_mi/2.59)*100 forest_area_percent
     FROM forest_area f
     JOIN land_area 1
          ON f.country_code = 1.country_code
          AND f.year = 1.year
     JOIN regions r
          ON r.country_code = f.country_code
     );
WITH
T_ALL AS (
     SELECT year,
          SUM(forest area sqkm) sum forest,
          SUM(total_area_sqkm) sum_land,
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) / SUM(total_area_sqkm) *100 forest_ratio
     FROM forestation
     WHERE country_name = 'World'
     GROUP BY year),
 T_1990 AS (
     SELECT sum_forest, sum_land
     FROM T_ALL
     WHERE year = 1990),
 T_2016 AS (
     SELECT sum_forest, sum_land
     FROM T_ALL
     WHERE year = 2016),
 T Calc 1 AS (
      SELECT T_1990.sum_forest - T_2016.sum_forest AS forest_loss,
            (T_1990.sum_forest - T_2016.sum_forest)/T_1990.sum_forest*100 AS fore
st_loss_ratio
      FROM T 1990, T 2016),
 T Land 2016 AS (
      SELECT country_name, SUM(total_area_sqkm) sum_land
      FROM forestation
      WHERE year = 2016
      GROUP BY country_name
     ORDER BY sum_land),
 T_Calc_2 AS (
      SELECT country_name, sum_land
      FROM T_Calc_1, T_Land_2016
      WHERE T_Calc_1.forest_loss > T_Land_2016.sum_land
      ORDER BY sum_land DESC
      LIMIT 1)
```

```
SELECT T_1990.sum_forest forest_1990,
       T_2016.sum_forest forest_2016,
       forest_loss,
       forest_loss_ratio,
       T_Calc_2.country_name,
       T_Calc_2.sum_land
FROM T_1990, T_2016, T_Calc_1, T_Calc_2
Project 02 Regional Outlook 01.pgsql
DROP VIEW IF EXISTS forestation;
CREATE VIEW forestation AS
     SELECT f.country_code country_code,
            f.country_name country_name,
            f.year AS year,
            f.forest area sqkm forest area sqkm,
            1.total_area_sq_mi*2.59 total_area_sqkm,
            r.region region,
            r.income_group income_group,
            (f.forest_area_sqkm/l.total_area_sq_mi/2.59)*100 forest_area_percent
     FROM forest_area f
     JOIN land area l
          ON f.country_code = 1.country_code
          AND f.year = 1.year
     JOIN regions r
          ON r.country_code = f.country_code
     );
WITH
 T 2016 Total AS (
     SELECT
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) sum_forest,
          SUM(total area sqkm) sum land,
          SUM(forest area sqkm) / SUM(total area sqkm) *100 forest ratio
     FROM forestation
     WHERE year = 2016),
 T_2016_Each AS (
     SELECT region,
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) sum_forest,
          SUM(total_area_sqkm) sum_land,
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) / SUM(total_area_sqkm) *100 forest_ratio
     FROM forestation
     WHERE year = 2016
```

```
GROUP BY 1
     ORDER BY 4 DESC),
 T_2016_Max AS (
     SELECT region, forest_ratio
     FROM T_2016_Each
     WHERE forest_ratio = (SELECT MAX(forest_ratio) FROM T_2016_Each) ),
 T_2016_Min AS (
     SELECT region, forest_ratio
     FROM T 2016 Each
     WHERE forest_ratio = (SELECT MIN(forest_ratio) FROM T_2016_Each) )
SELECT T_2016_Total.forest_ratio forest_ratio_total,
       T 2016_Max.region region_max,
       T 2016 Max.forest_ratio forest_ratio_max,
       T_2016_Min.region
                           region_min,
       T_2016_Min.forest_ratio forest_ratio_min
FROM T 2016 Total, T 2016 Max, T 2016 Min
Project_02_Regional_Outlook_02.pgsql
DROP VIEW IF EXISTS forestation;
CREATE VIEW forestation AS
     SELECT f.country_code country_code,
            f.country_name country_name,
            f.year AS year,
            f.forest_area_sqkm forest_area_sqkm,
            1.total_area_sq_mi*2.59 total_area_sqkm,
            r.region region,
            r.income_group income_group,
            (f.forest_area_sqkm/l.total_area_sq_mi/2.59)*100 forest_area_percent
     FROM forest_area f
     JOIN land_area 1
          ON f.country code = 1.country code
          AND f.year = 1.year
     JOIN regions r
          ON r.country_code = f.country_code
     );
WITH
 T_1990_Total AS (
     SELECT
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) sum_forest,
```

```
SUM(total_area_sqkm) sum_land,
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) / SUM(total_area_sqkm) *100 forest_ratio
     FROM forestation
     WHERE year = 1990),
 T_1990_Each AS (
     SELECT region,
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) sum_forest,
          SUM(total_area_sqkm) sum_land,
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) / SUM(total_area_sqkm) *100 forest_ratio
     FROM forestation
     WHERE year = 1990
     GROUP BY 1
     ORDER BY 4 DESC),
 T 1990 Max AS (
     SELECT region, forest_ratio
     FROM T_1990_Each
     WHERE forest ratio = (SELECT MAX(forest ratio) FROM T 1990 Each) ),
 T_1990_Min AS (
     SELECT region, forest_ratio
     FROM T_1990_Each
     WHERE forest_ratio = (SELECT MIN(forest_ratio) FROM T_1990_Each) )
SELECT T_1990_Total.forest_ratio forest_ratio_total,
       T_1990_Max.region region_max,
       T_1990_Max.forest_ratio
                                 forest_ratio_max,
       T 1990 Min.region
                           region_min,
       T_1990_Min.forest_ratio
                                 forest_ratio_min
FROM T_1990_Total, T_1990_Max, T_1990_Min
Project_02_Regional_Outlook_03.pgsql
DROP VIEW IF EXISTS forestation;
CREATE VIEW forestation AS
     SELECT f.country_code country_code,
            f.country_name country_name,
            f.year AS year,
            f.forest area sqkm forest area sqkm,
            1.total_area_sq_mi*2.59 total_area_sqkm,
            r.region region,
            r.income_group income_group,
            (f.forest_area_sqkm/l.total_area_sq_mi/2.59)*100 forest_area_percent
     FROM forest_area f
```

```
JOIN land_area 1
          ON f.country_code = 1.country_code
          AND f.year = 1.year
     JOIN regions r
          ON r.country_code = f.country_code
     );
WITH
 T_ALL_Year AS (
     SELECT year,
            region,
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) sum_forest,
          SUM(total_area_sqkm) sum_land,
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) / SUM(total_area_sqkm) *100 forest_ratio
     FROM forestation
     WHERE region != 'World'
     GROUP BY 1,2
     ORDER BY 4 DESC),
 T_1990 AS (
     SELECT region, forest_ratio
     FROM T_ALL_Year
     WHERE year = 1990
     ORDER BY 1 DESC),
 T_2016 AS (
     SELECT region, forest_ratio
     FROM T_ALL_Year
     WHERE year = 2016
     ORDER BY 1 DESC),
 T DIFF AS (
     SELECT T_1990.region region,
            T_2016.forest_ratio - T_1990.forest_ratio forest_ratio_diff,
            T 1990.forest ratio forest ratio 1990,
            T_2016.forest_ratio forest_ratio_2016
     FROM T_1990
     JOIN T 2016 ON T 1990.region = T 2016.region
     ORDER BY 2)
SELECT region, forest_ratio_1990, forest_ratio_2016, forest_ratio_diff
FROM T_DIFF
ORDER BY forest_ratio_diff
LIMIT 5
```

```
Project_02_Regional_Outlook_04.pgsql
DROP VIEW IF EXISTS forestation;
CREATE VIEW forestation AS
     SELECT f.country_code country_code,
            f.country_name country_name,
            f.year AS year,
            f.forest area sqkm forest area sqkm,
            1.total_area_sq_mi*2.59 total_area_sqkm,
            r.region region,
            r.income_group income_group,
            (f.forest_area_sqkm/l.total_area_sq_mi/2.59)*100 forest_area_percent
     FROM forest area f
     JOIN land area l
          ON f.country_code = 1.country_code
          AND f.year = 1.year
     JOIN regions r
          ON r.country_code = f.country_code
     );
WITH
 T_1990_Total AS (
     SELECT
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) sum_forest,
          SUM(total_area_sqkm) sum_land,
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) / SUM(total_area_sqkm) *100 forest_ratio
     FROM forestation
     WHERE year = 1990 AND region != 'World'
     ),
 T_2106_Total AS (
     SELECT
          SUM(forest area sqkm) sum forest,
          SUM(total_area_sqkm) sum_land,
          SUM(forest area sqkm) / SUM(total area sqkm) *100 forest ratio
     FROM forestation
     WHERE year = 2016 AND region != 'World'
     )
SELECT T_1990_Total.forest_ratio forest_ratio_total_1990,
       T_2106_Total.forest_ratio forest_ratio_total_2016
FROM T_1990_Total, T_2106_Total
```

```
Project_03_Country_Level_Detail_01.pgsql
DROP VIEW IF EXISTS forestation;
CREATE VIEW forestation AS
     SELECT f.country_code country_code,
            f.country_name country_name,
            f.year AS year,
            f.forest area sqkm forest area sqkm,
            1.total_area_sq_mi*2.59 total_area_sqkm,
            r.region region,
            r.income_group income_group,
            (f.forest_area_sqkm/l.total_area_sq_mi/2.59)*100 forest_area_percent
     FROM forest area f
     JOIN land area 1
          ON f.country_code = 1.country_code
          AND f.year = 1.year
     JOIN regions r
          ON r.country_code = f.country_code
     );
WITH
 T_ALL_Year AS (
     SELECT year,
            country_name,
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) sum_forest,
          SUM(total_area_sqkm) sum_land,
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) / SUM(total_area_sqkm) *100 forest_ratio
     FROM forestation
     WHERE country_name != 'World'
     GROUP BY 1,2
     ORDER BY 4 DESC),
 T 1990 AS (
     SELECT country_name, sum_forest, sum_land
     FROM T ALL Year
     WHERE year = 1990
     ORDER BY 1 DESC),
 T_2016 AS (
     SELECT country_name, sum_forest, sum_land
     FROM T_ALL_Year
     WHERE year = 2016
     ORDER BY 1 DESC),
 T DIFF AS (
     SELECT T_1990.country_name country_name,
```

T_2016.sum_forest - T_1990.sum_forest sum_forest_diff,

```
T_1990.sum_forest sum_forest_1990,
            T_2016.sum_forest sum_forest_2016
     FROM T_1990
     JOIN T_2016 ON T_1990.country_name = T_2016.country_name
     ORDER BY 2 DESC)
SELECT *
FROM T_DIFF
WHERE sum forest diff IS NOT null
ORDER BY sum_forest_diff DESC
Project_03_Country_Level_Detail_01_2.pgsql
DROP VIEW IF EXISTS forestation;
CREATE VIEW forestation AS
     SELECT f.country_code country_code,
            f.country_name country_name,
            f.year AS year,
            f.forest area sqkm forest area sqkm,
            1.total_area_sq_mi*2.59 total_area_sqkm,
            r.region region,
            r.income_group income_group,
            (f.forest_area_sqkm/l.total_area_sq_mi/2.59)*100 forest_area_percent
     FROM forest_area f
     JOIN land_area 1
          ON f.country_code = 1.country_code
          AND f.year = 1.year
     JOIN regions r
          ON r.country_code = f.country_code
     );
WITH
 T_ALL_Year AS (
     SELECT year,
            country_name,
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) sum_forest,
          SUM(total_area_sqkm) sum_land,
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) / SUM(total_area_sqkm) *100 forest_ratio
     FROM forestation
     WHERE country_name != 'World'
     GROUP BY 1,2
     ORDER BY 4 DESC),
 T_1990 AS (
```

```
SELECT country_name, sum_forest, sum_land
     FROM T ALL Year
     WHERE year = 1990
     ORDER BY 1 DESC),
 T_2016 AS (
     SELECT country_name, sum_forest, sum_land
     FROM T_ALL_Year
     WHERE year = 2016
     ORDER BY 1 DESC),
 T DIFF AS (
     SELECT T_1990.country_name country_name,
            T_2016.sum_forest - T_1990.sum_forest sum_forest_diff,
            T_1990.sum_forest sum_forest_1990,
            T_2016.sum_forest_sum_forest_2016
     FROM T_1990
     JOIN T_2016 ON T_1990.country_name = T_2016.country_name
     ORDER BY 2 DESC)
SELECT *
FROM T_2016
WHERE sum land IS NOT null
ORDER BY sum_land DESC
Project 03 Country Level Detail 02.pgsql
DROP VIEW IF EXISTS forestation;
CREATE VIEW forestation AS
     SELECT f.country_code country_code,
            f.country_name country_name,
            f.year AS year,
            f.forest_area_sqkm forest_area_sqkm,
            1.total_area_sq_mi*2.59 total_area_sqkm,
            r.region region,
            r.income_group income_group,
            (f.forest_area_sqkm/l.total_area_sq_mi/2.59)*100 forest_area_percent
     FROM forest area f
     JOIN land area l
          ON f.country_code = 1.country_code
          AND f.year = 1.year
     JOIN regions r
          ON r.country_code = f.country_code
```

```
);
WITH
 T_ALL_Year AS (
     SELECT year,
            country_name,
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) sum_forest,
          SUM(total_area_sqkm) sum_land,
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) / SUM(total_area_sqkm) *100 forest_ratio
     FROM forestation
     WHERE country_name != 'World'
     GROUP BY 1,2
     ORDER BY 4 DESC),
 T 1990 AS (
     SELECT country_name, sum_forest, sum_land, forest_ratio
     FROM T_ALL_Year
     WHERE year = 1990
     ORDER BY 1 DESC),
 T_2016 AS (
     SELECT country_name, sum_forest, sum_land, forest_ratio
     FROM T_ALL_Year
     WHERE year = 2016
     ORDER BY 1 DESC),
 T_DIFF AS (
     SELECT T_1990.country_name country_name,
            T_2016.forest_ratio - T_1990.forest_ratio forest_ratio_diff,
            T_1990.forest_ratio forest_ratio_1990,
            T_2016.forest_ratio forest_ratio_2016
     FROM T 1990
     JOIN T_2016 ON T_1990.country_name = T_2016.country_name
     ORDER BY 2 DESC)
SELECT *
FROM T_DIFF
WHERE forest ratio diff IS NOT null
ORDER BY forest_ratio_diff DESC
Project_03_Country_Level_Detail_03.pgsql
DROP VIEW IF EXISTS forestation;
CREATE VIEW forestation AS
     (
```

```
SELECT f.country_code country_code,
            f.country_name country_name,
            f.year AS year,
            f.forest_area_sqkm forest_area_sqkm,
            1.total_area_sq_mi*2.59 total_area_sqkm,
            r.region region,
            r.income_group income_group,
            (f.forest_area_sqkm/l.total_area_sq_mi/2.59)*100 forest_area_percent
     FROM forest area f
     JOIN land_area 1
          ON f.country_code = 1.country_code
          AND f.year = 1.year
     JOIN regions r
          ON r.country_code = f.country_code
     );
WITH
 T_ALL_Year AS (
     SELECT year,
            country_name,
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) sum_forest,
          SUM(total_area_sqkm) sum_land,
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) / SUM(total_area_sqkm) *100 forest_ratio
     FROM forestation
     WHERE country_name != 'World'
     GROUP BY 1,2),
 T_1990 AS (
     SELECT country_name, sum_forest, sum_land, forest_ratio
     FROM T ALL Year
     WHERE year = 1990),
 T_2016 AS (
     SELECT country name, sum forest, sum land, forest ratio
     FROM T ALL Year
     WHERE year = 2016),
 T DIFF AS (
     SELECT T_1990.country_name country_name,
            region,
            T_2016.sum_forest - T_1990.sum_forest sum_forest_diff
     FROM T 1990
     JOIN T_2016 ON T_1990.country_name = T_2016.country_name
     JOIN regions ON T_1990.country_name = regions.country_name)
SELECT *
FROM T DIFF
WHERE sum_forest_diff IS NOT null
```

```
ORDER BY sum_forest_diff
LIMIT 5
```

```
Project_03_Country_Level_Detail_04.pgsql
DROP VIEW IF EXISTS forestation;
CREATE VIEW forestation AS
     SELECT f.country_code country_code,
            f.country_name country_name,
            f.year AS year,
            f.forest_area_sqkm forest_area_sqkm,
            1.total_area_sq_mi*2.59 total_area_sqkm,
            r.region region,
            r.income_group income_group,
            (f.forest_area_sqkm/l.total_area_sq_mi/2.59)*100 forest_area_percent
     FROM forest_area f
     JOIN land_area 1
          ON f.country_code = 1.country_code
          AND f.year = 1.year
     JOIN regions r
          ON r.country_code = f.country_code
     );
WITH
 T_ALL_Year AS (
     SELECT year,
            country_name,
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) sum_forest,
          SUM(total_area_sqkm) sum_land,
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) / SUM(total_area_sqkm) *100 forest_ratio
     FROM forestation
     WHERE country_name != 'World'
     GROUP BY 1,2
     ORDER BY 4 DESC),
 T 1990 AS (
     SELECT country_name, sum_forest, sum_land, forest_ratio
     FROM T ALL Year
     WHERE year = 1990
     ORDER BY 1 DESC),
 T_2016 AS (
     SELECT country_name, sum_forest, sum_land, forest_ratio
     FROM T_ALL_Year
```

```
WHERE year = 2016
     ORDER BY 1 DESC),
 T_DIFF AS (
     SELECT T_1990.country_name country_name,
            region,
            (T_2016.forest_ratio - T_1990.forest_ratio)/T_1990.forest_ratio*100 f
orest_ratio_diff
     FROM T_1990
     JOIN T_2016 ON T_1990.country_name = T_2016.country_name
     JOIN regions ON T_1990.country_name = regions.country_name
     ORDER BY 2 DESC)
SELECT *
FROM T DIFF
WHERE forest_ratio_diff IS NOT null
ORDER BY forest_ratio_diff
LIMIT 5
Project_03_Country_Level_Detail_05.pgsql
DROP VIEW IF EXISTS forestation;
CREATE VIEW forestation AS
     (
     SELECT f.country code country code,
            f.country_name country_name,
            f.year AS year,
            f.forest_area_sqkm forest_area_sqkm,
            1.total_area_sq_mi*2.59 total_area_sqkm,
            r.region region,
            r.income_group income_group,
            (f.forest_area_sqkm/l.total_area_sq_mi/2.59)*100 forest_area_percent
     FROM forest area f
     JOIN land_area 1
          ON f.country_code = 1.country_code
          AND f.year = 1.year
     JOIN regions r
          ON r.country_code = f.country_code
     );
WITH
 T_ALL_Year AS (
     SELECT year,
            country_name,
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) sum_forest,
```

```
SUM(total_area_sqkm) sum_land,
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) / SUM(total_area_sqkm) *100 forest_ratio
     FROM forestation
     WHERE country_name != 'World'
     GROUP BY 1,2
     ORDER BY 4 DESC),
 T_1990 AS (
     SELECT country_name, sum_forest, sum_land, forest_ratio
     FROM T ALL Year
     WHERE year = 1990
     ORDER BY 1 DESC),
 T_2016 AS (
     SELECT country_name, sum_forest, sum_land, forest ratio
     FROM T ALL Year
     WHERE year = 2016
     ORDER BY 1 DESC),
 T QUARTILE 2016 AS (
     SELECT CASE
          WHEN forest_ratio <= 25 THEN '0-25%'
          WHEN forest_ratio <= 50 THEN '25-50%'
          WHEN forest_ratio <= 75 THEN '50-75%'
          ELSE '75-100%'
          END AS ratio_category,
          COUNT(*)
     FROM T_2016
     WHERE forest_ratio IS NOT NULL
     GROUP BY ratio_category)
SELECT *
FROM T_QUARTILE_2016
ORDER BY 1
Project 03 Country Level Detail 06.pgsql
DROP VIEW IF EXISTS forestation;
CREATE VIEW forestation AS
     SELECT f.country code country code,
            f.country_name country_name,
            f.year AS year,
            f.forest_area_sqkm forest_area_sqkm,
            1.total_area_sq_mi*2.59 total_area_sqkm,
            r.region region,
```

```
r.income_group income_group,
            (f.forest_area_sqkm/l.total_area_sq_mi/2.59)*100 forest_area_percent
     FROM forest_area f
     JOIN land_area 1
          ON f.country_code = 1.country_code
          AND f.year = 1.year
     JOIN regions r
          ON r.country_code = f.country_code
     );
WITH
 T_ALL_Year AS (
     SELECT year,
            country_name,
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) sum_forest,
          SUM(total_area_sqkm) sum_land,
          SUM(forest_area_sqkm) / SUM(total_area_sqkm) *100 forest_ratio
     FROM forestation
     WHERE country_name != 'World'
     GROUP BY 1,2
     ORDER BY 4 DESC),
 T_1990 AS (
     SELECT country_name, sum_forest, sum_land, forest_ratio
     FROM T_ALL_Year
     WHERE year = 1990
     ORDER BY 1 DESC),
 T_2016 AS (
     SELECT country_name, sum_forest, sum_land, forest_ratio
     FROM T_ALL_Year
     WHERE year = 2016
     ORDER BY 1 DESC),
 T QUARTILE 2016 AS (
     SELECT T_2016.country_name,
            region,
            forest ratio
     FROM T 2016
     JOIN regions ON T_2016.country_name = regions.country_name
     WHERE forest_ratio > 75)
SELECT *
FROM T_QUARTILE_2016
ORDER BY 3 DESC
```