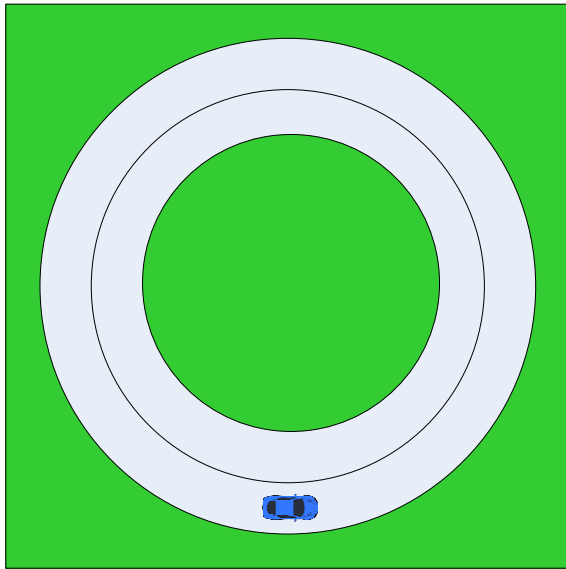


## Lab 1 Exercises

### 1 Setup

- 1.1 Start Matlab
- 1.2 Download and install Peter Corke's modified robotics toolbox (See UTSONline)
- 1.3 Run the demos (type "rtbdemo") to show the arms and get an idea what is possible.

### 2 Consider a car driving around a circular track



- 2.1 Download the image from UTSONline to file "W1LabEx1\_CircularRaceTrack.jpg", then open Matlab and Load the image with:

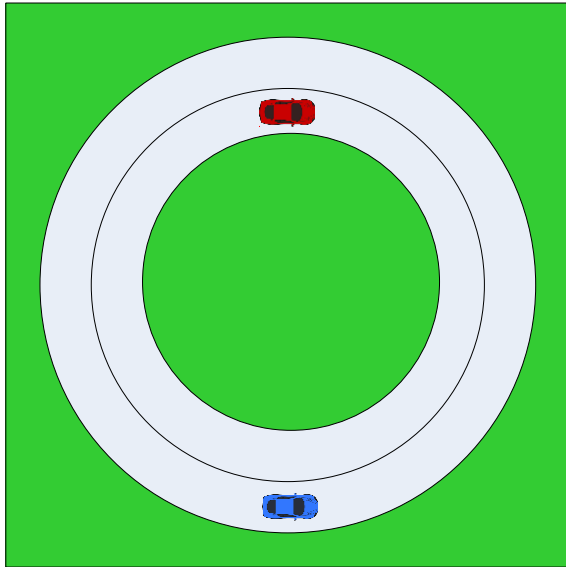
```
imshow('W1LabEx1_CircularRaceTrack.jpg');  
axis on
```

- 2.2 Plot a transform representing the car at [300,550], use the 'X' axis of the transform to represent the heading of the car (note you will need to use "hold on" to show both)
- 2.3 Make the leg lengths of the transform 50 units long so it is visible on the track.
- 2.4 Now incrementally multiply the transform of the car by an offset transform and update the transform of the car.
- 2.5 Display the transform of the car using the Matlab "text" command e.g.  

```
message = sprintf('Line #1\nThe second line.\nAnd finally a third line.')
```

```
text(10, 50, message, 'FontSize', 10, 'Color', [.6 .2 .6]);
```

### 3 Consider a second car driving in the opposite direction



- 3.1 Plot a transform representing the second car at  $[300, 125]$ , use the 'X' axis of the transform to represent the heading of the car, make transform red with length of 50.
- 3.2 Make the second car incrementally drives in the opposite direction to the first car
- 3.3 Determine the relative transform between the two cars at each time step

### 4 Bonus: Consider a distance sensor mounted to the first car (blue) that is tracking the distance to the second car

- 4.1 Plot a graph of the distances between the two cars as they drive around the track

