# texessai

st.

#### 2023-01-03

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#### 0.1 tree essai

```
# #td<-tempdir()
# td<-getwd()
# tf<-file.path(td,'example.tex')
# oldwd<-getwd()
# setwd(td)
#
# tikz(tf,standAlone=T)
# plot(1)
# dev.off()
#
# tools::texi2dvi(tf,pdf=T)
# system(paste(getOption('pdfviewer'),file.path(td,'example1.pdf')))
# setwd(oldwd)</pre>
```

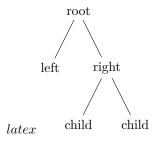
$$\begin{array}{ccc} latex & A & B \\ A & B \end{array}$$

```
model <- lm(mpg~.,mtcars)
coef1 <- coef(model)[[1]]
coef2 <- coef(model)[[2]]</pre>
```

 $latex \hat{Y} = 12.3033742 + -0.1114405 \cdot Length$ 

#### 0.1.1 wald/bäume usw.

### 0.2 another baum





latex We are working on

#### 0.3 R Markdown

This is an R Markdown document. Markdown is a simple formatting syntax for authoring HTML, PDF, and MS Word documents. For more details on using R Markdown see http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com.

When you click the **Knit** button a document will be generated that includes both content as well as the output of any embedded R code chunks within the document. You can embed an R code chunk like this:

### summary(cars)

##	speed	dist
##	Min. : 4.0	Min. : 2.00
##	1st Qu.:12.0	1st Qu.: 26.00
##	Median :15.0	Median : 36.00
##	Mean :15.4	Mean : 42.98
##	3rd Qu.:19.0	3rd Qu.: 56.00
##	Max : 25.0	Max. :120.00

# 0.4 Including Plots

You can also embed plots, for example:



Note that the  $\mbox{\it echo} = \mbox{\it FALSE}$  parameter was added to the code chunk to prevent printing of the R code that generated the plot.