

research question and hypothesis

preliminary

Q:

- how do mental images relate in wordfields i.e. what are typical resp. atypical semantic fields in which imageability of patients language increases or decreases?
- how do word categories from concrete to abstract influence imageability in relation to controls language?
- are there genres/fields which are avoided/promoted?

hypothesis

we assume that:

1. violence wordfield increase imageability
 1. body associated wordfields in contrast decrease imageability
2. food wordfield decrease imageability
3. weather/climate/atmosphere wordfield decrease imageability
4. abstract categories increase in imageability
5. concrete categories decrease in imageability

references