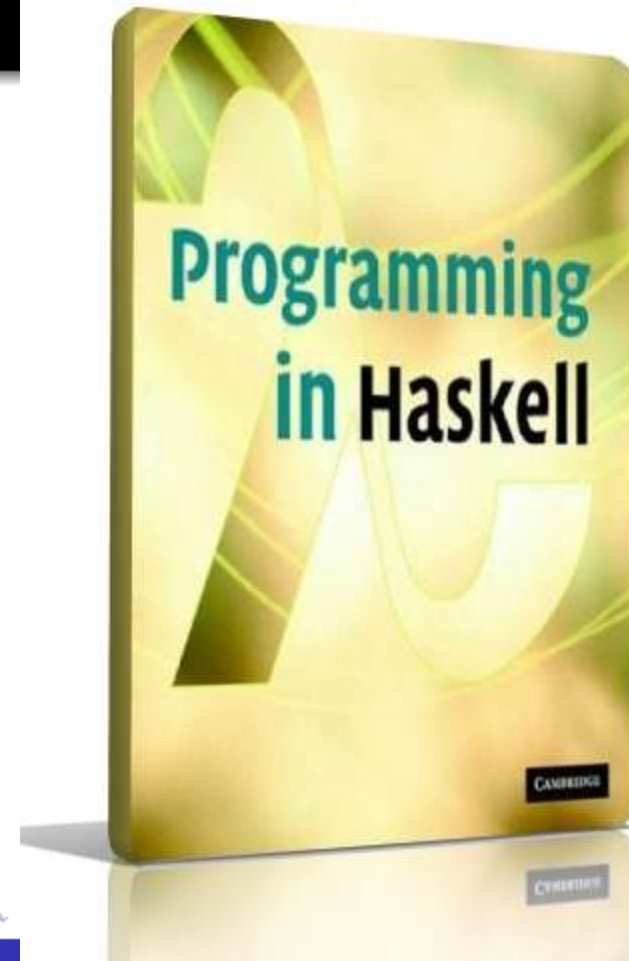
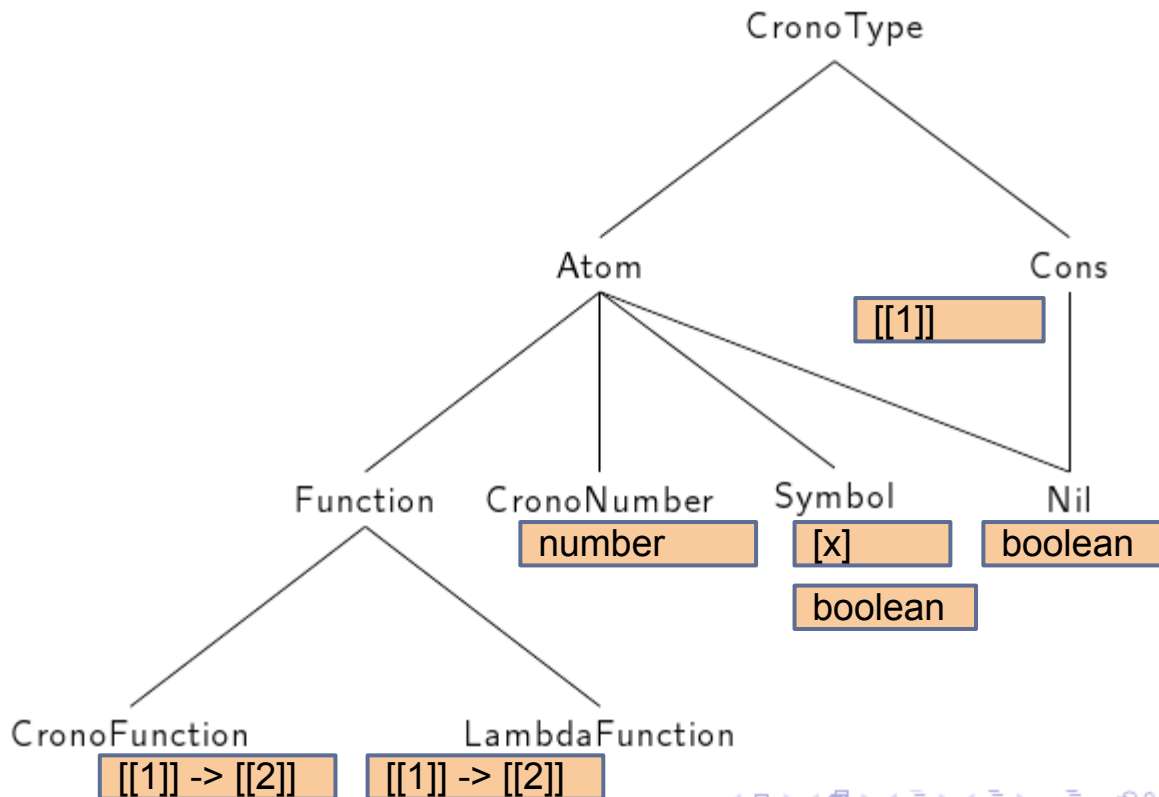


# GETCrono

By Graham Benevelli, Tri Nguyen, and Edwin Edge

## Types



# Quick Introduction to Crono & Type Inferencing:

- Programming language based on Lisp
- Haskell can determine type of functions given no other information whatsoever

# Steps of Type Inferencing

- CronoTypeConstraint
- CronoTypeVar
- CronoConstraintCreator
- Blindly assign each item (Cons, number, etc.) an identifier that is unique and ambiguous
- Build CronoTypeConstraints off of different CronoTypes
  - a number, symbol, cons, or a known function
- Get back a series of constraints
  - i.e.  $[[1]] = [y] \rightarrow [z]$
  - i.e.  $[[2]] = \text{number}$
- feed to unification process

# The Unification Algorithm

- Two stacks
  - TODO stack, finished stack
- Pull constraints off TODO
  - Substitute constraint into both stacks
- Place constraint onto finished stack
- Rinse and repeat
- Example (define double (x) (\* x 2))

# Concepts

- Type Inferencing
- Haskell
- Unification
- Abstract Syntax Tree
- Lisp

If Time Other Examples

# Examples

- `(+ 5 4)`
- `(= 1 2)`
- `(if (= 1 1) 9 8)`
- `(define even (x) (= x (* 2 (/ x 2))))`
- `(define fact (n) (if (= n 1) 1 (* n (fact (- n 1)))))`