

PSY9511: Seminar 7

Deep learning for image processing tasks

Esten H. Leonardsen

10.11.25



UNIVERSITY
OF OSLO

Outline

1. Reflections on exercise 5
2. Deep learning with artificial neural networks
3. Convolutional neural networks for image processing



Computer vision



UNIVERSITY
OF OSLO

Image processing: Background



Cat



Image processing: Background



Sunflower



Ladybug



Cat



Airplane



Shark

ImageNet: ~14m images, ~22k categories

Image processing: Background

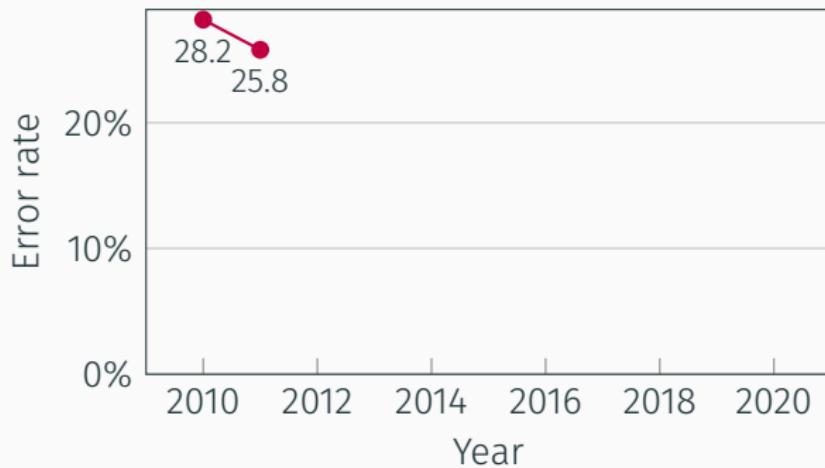


Image processing: Background



Image processing: Background



Image processing: Background



Image processing: Image data



Image processing: Image data



Image processing: Image data



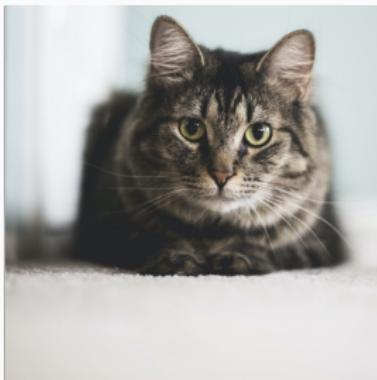
Image processing: Image data



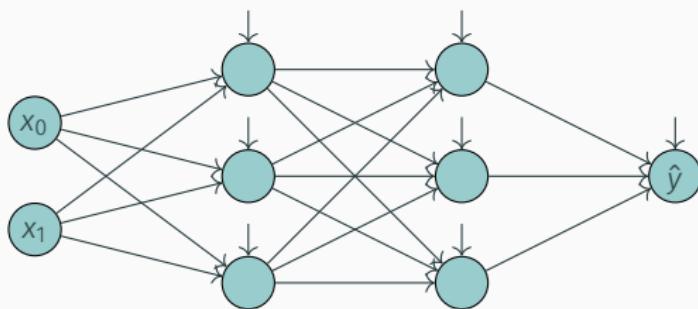
Image processing: Image data



Image processing: Image data



Convolutional neural networks: Inputs



Convolutional neural networks: Inputs

x_0

x_1

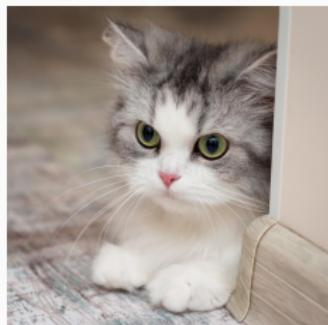


Convolutional neural networks: Inputs

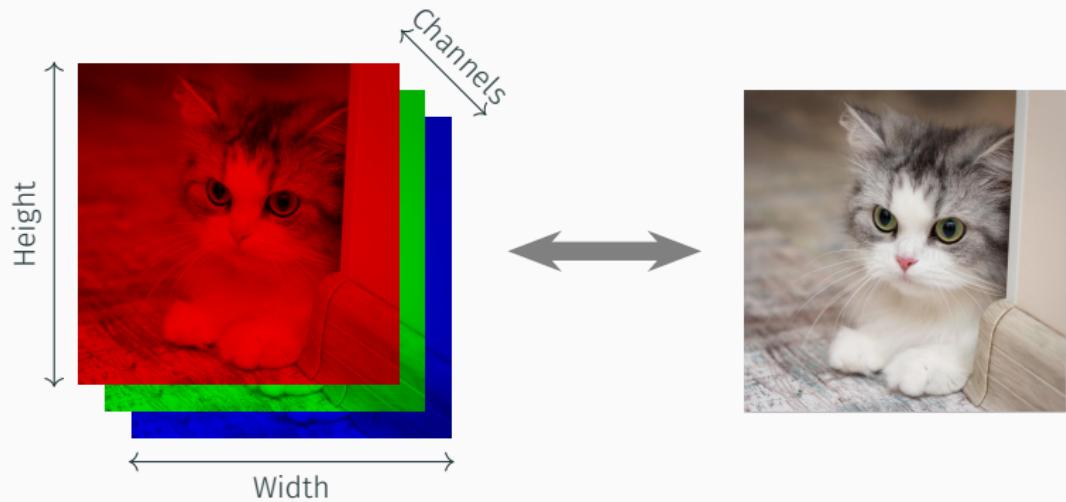
x_0

x_1

?

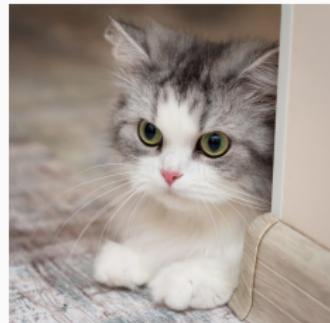


Convolutional neural networks: Inputs

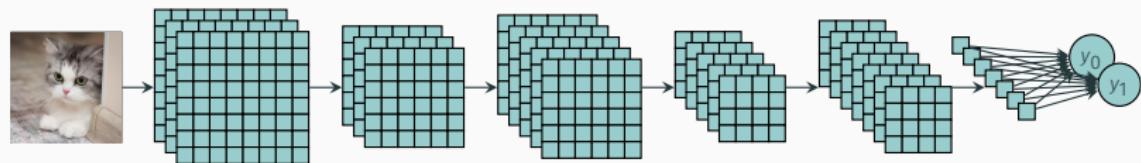


Convolutional neural networks: Inputs

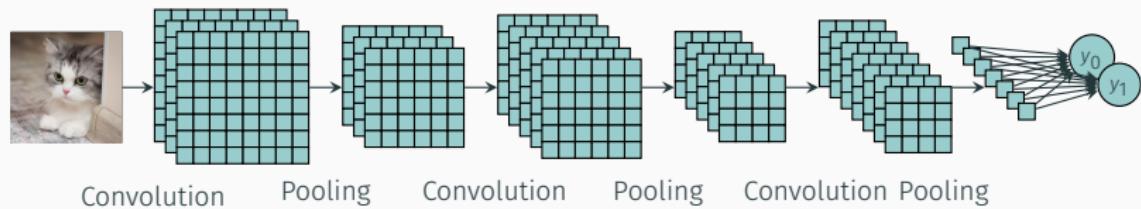
x_{000}	x_{010}	x_{020}	x_{030}	x_{040}		
x_{100}	x_{110}	x_{120}	x_{130}	x_{140}		
x_{200}	x_{210}	x_{220}	x_{230}	x_{240}		
x_{300}	x_{310}	x_{320}	x_{330}	x_{340}		
x_{400}	x_{410}	x_{420}	x_{430}	x_{440}		
					1	2
					1	2
					1	2
					1	2



Convolutional neural networks: Architecture

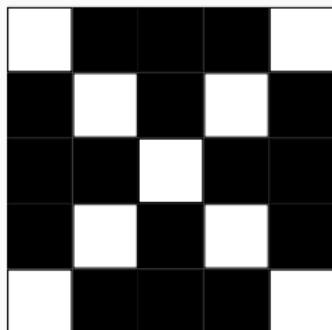


Convolutional neural networks: Architecture



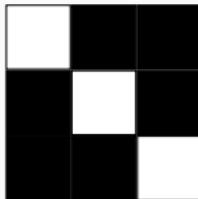
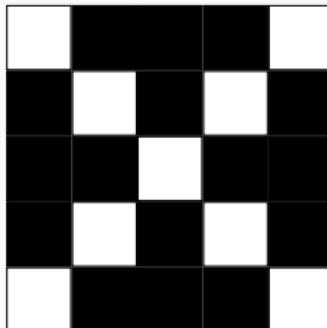
Convolutional neural networks: Convolution

Image



Convolutional neural networks: Convolution

Image

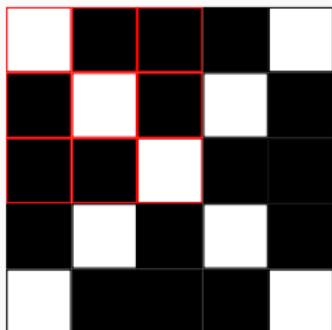


Pattern 1

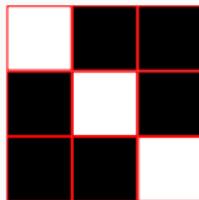


Convolutional neural networks: Convolution

Image



3

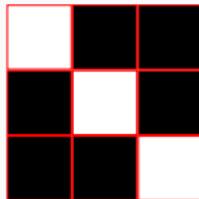
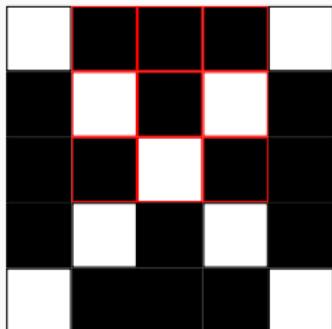


Pattern 1



Convolutional neural networks: Convolution

Image

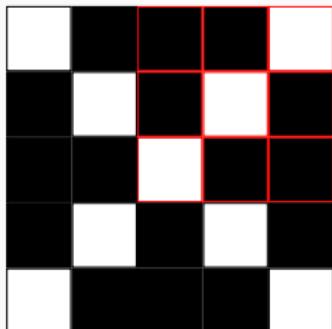


Pattern 1

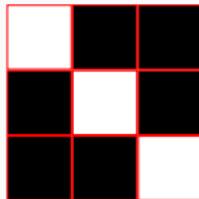


Convolutional neural networks: Convolution

Image



3	0	1
---	---	---

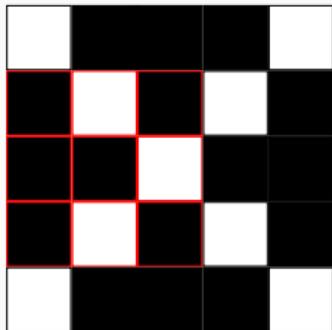


Pattern 1

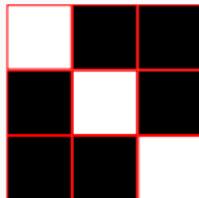


Convolutional neural networks: Convolution

Image



3	0	1
0		

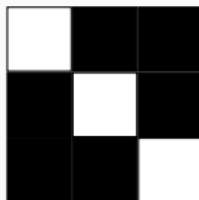
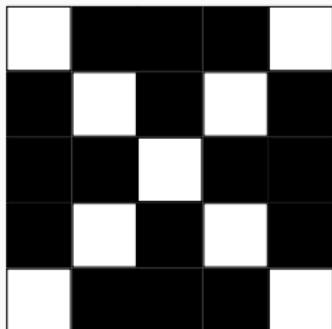


Pattern 1



Convolutional neural networks: Convolution

Image



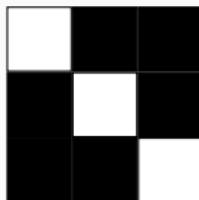
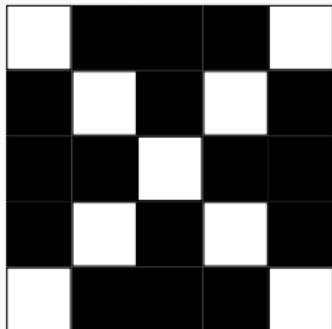
Pattern 1

3	0	1
0	3	0
1	0	3

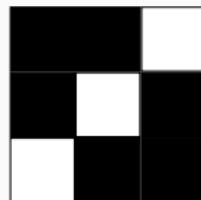


Convolutional neural networks: Convolution

Image



Pattern 1

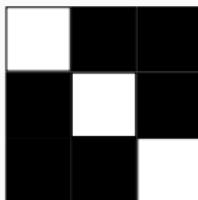
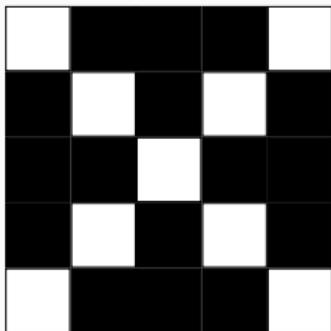


Pattern 2

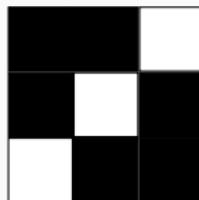
1	0	3
0	3	0
3	0	1

Convolutional neural networks: Convolution

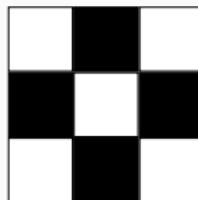
Image



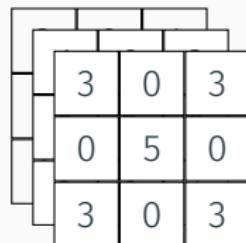
Pattern 1



Pattern 2

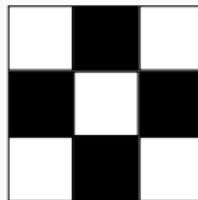
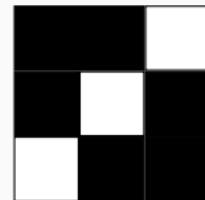
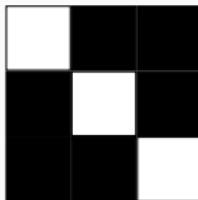
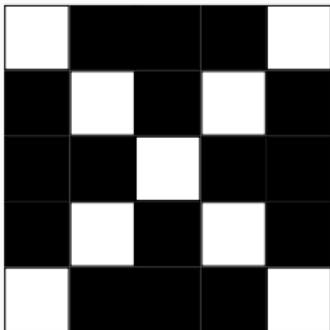


Pattern 3

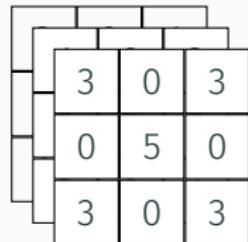


Convolutional neural networks: Convolution

Image

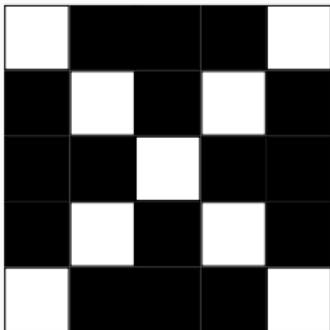


Feature maps

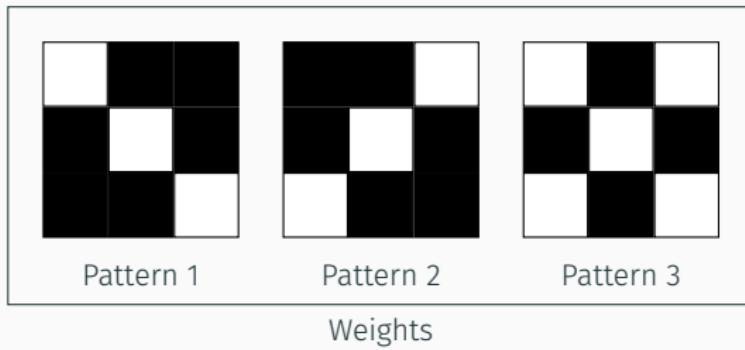
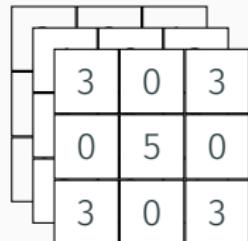


Convolutional neural networks: Convolution

Image

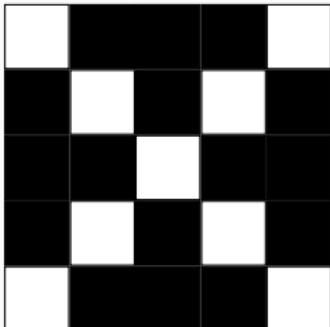


Feature maps

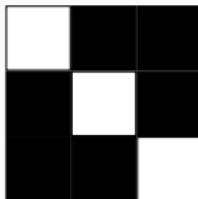
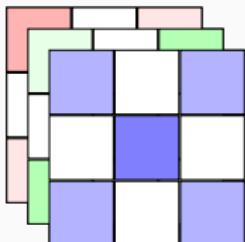


Convolutional neural networks: Convolution

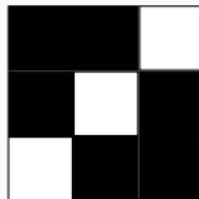
Image



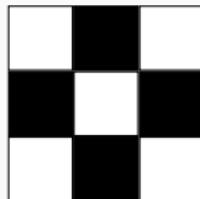
Feature maps



Pattern 1



Pattern 2



Pattern 3

Weights



Convolutional neural networks: (Max-)Pooling

Feature map

0	1	2	3
4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15



Convolutional neural networks: (Max-)Pooling

Feature map

0	1	2	3
4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15



Convolutional neural networks: (Max-)Pooling

Feature map

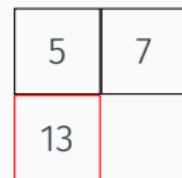
0	1	2	3
4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15



Convolutional neural networks: (Max-)Pooling

Feature map

0	1	2	3
4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15



Convolutional neural networks: (Max-)Pooling

Feature map

0	1	2	3
4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15

5	7
13	15



Convolutional neural networks: (Max-)Pooling

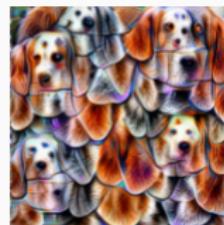
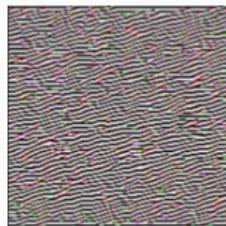
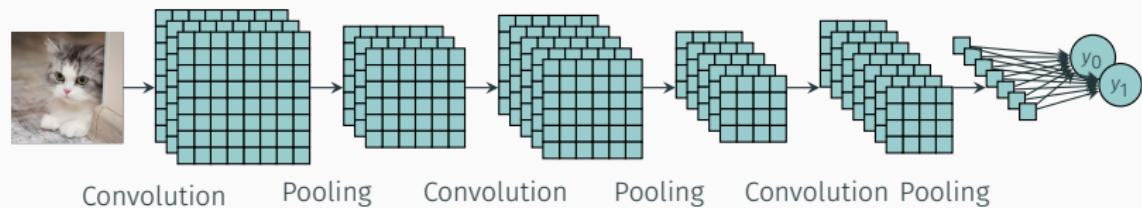
Feature map

0	1	2	3
4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15

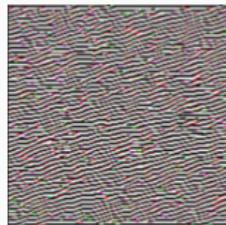
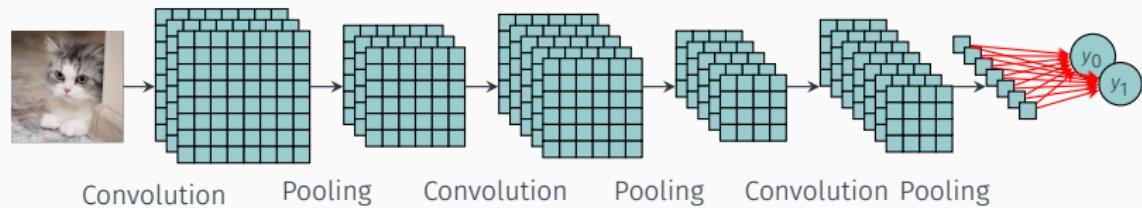
5	7
13	15



Convolutional neural networks: Overview



Convolutional neural networks: Overview

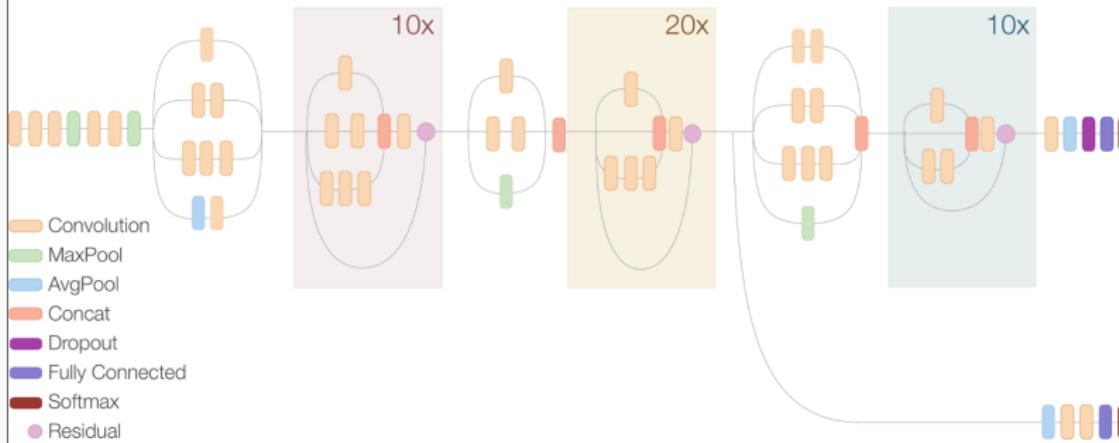


Convolutional neural networks: Overview

Inception Resnet V2 Network



Compressed View



Convolutional neural networks: Overview

Convolutional neural networks (CNNs): Artificial neural networks tailored specifically for image data.

- Takes raw pixel data as input, e.g. arrays of size $H \times W \times C$
- Mainly consists of convolutions and pooling operations, which lets us recognize larger and more abstract patterns the deeper we get in the model
- The trainable parameters are the weights of the convolutional kernels, e.g. the patterns the model is looking for
- New architectures extend beyond this basic formula, by employing residual connections, attention mechanisms etc.



Image processing: Transfer learning

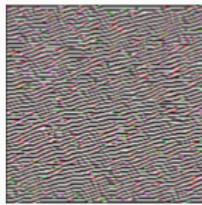
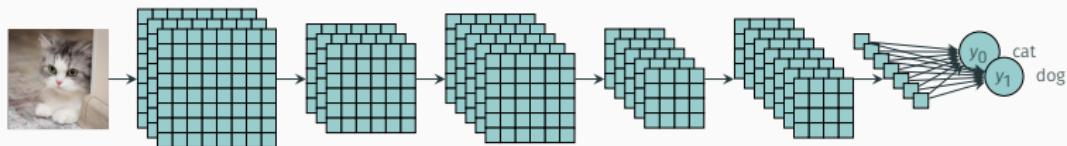


Image processing: Transfer learning

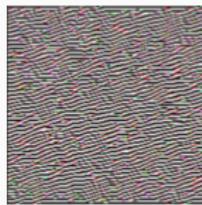
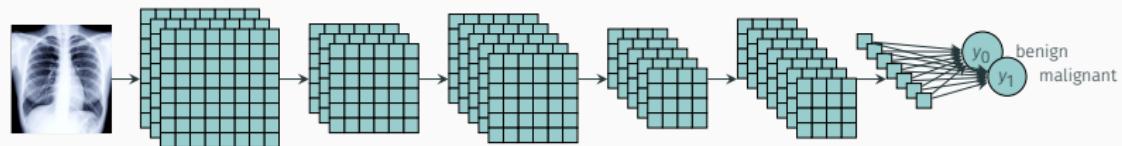


Image processing: Transfer learning

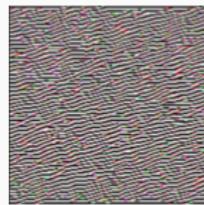
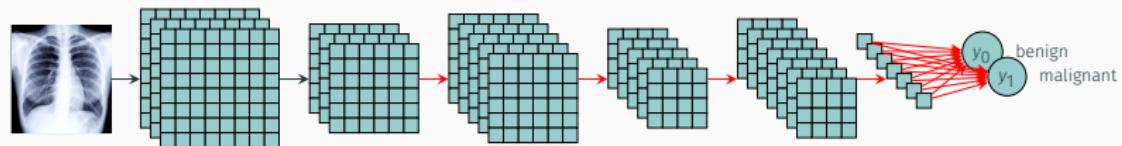


Image processing: Transfer learning

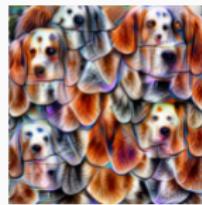
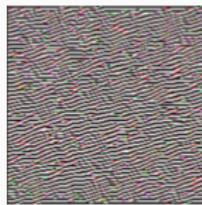
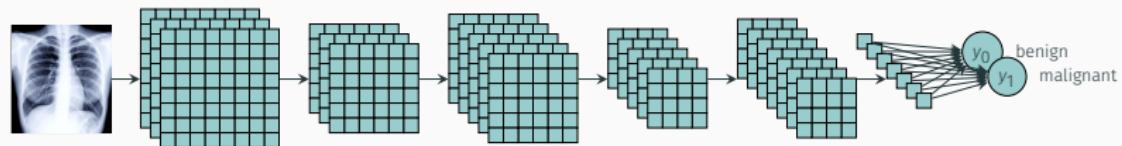


Image processing: Transfer learning

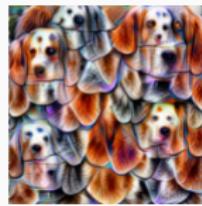
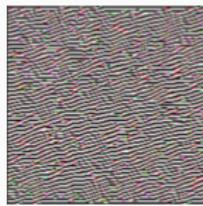
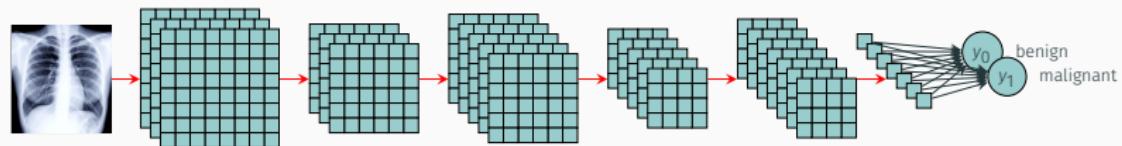


Image processing: Transfer learning

Transfer learning: Utilizing pretrained models to solve new tasks.

- Allows us to solve tasks where we don't have enough data to train a model from scratch
- Common to either freeze the weights of the convolutional part of the pre-trained model and train a new classifier on top of them, or to finetune the entire model



Image processing: Transfer learning

<https://keras.io/api/applications/>



Image processing: Data augmentation

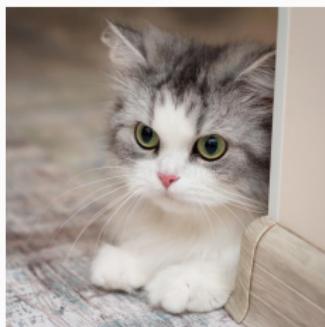


Image processing: Data augmentation

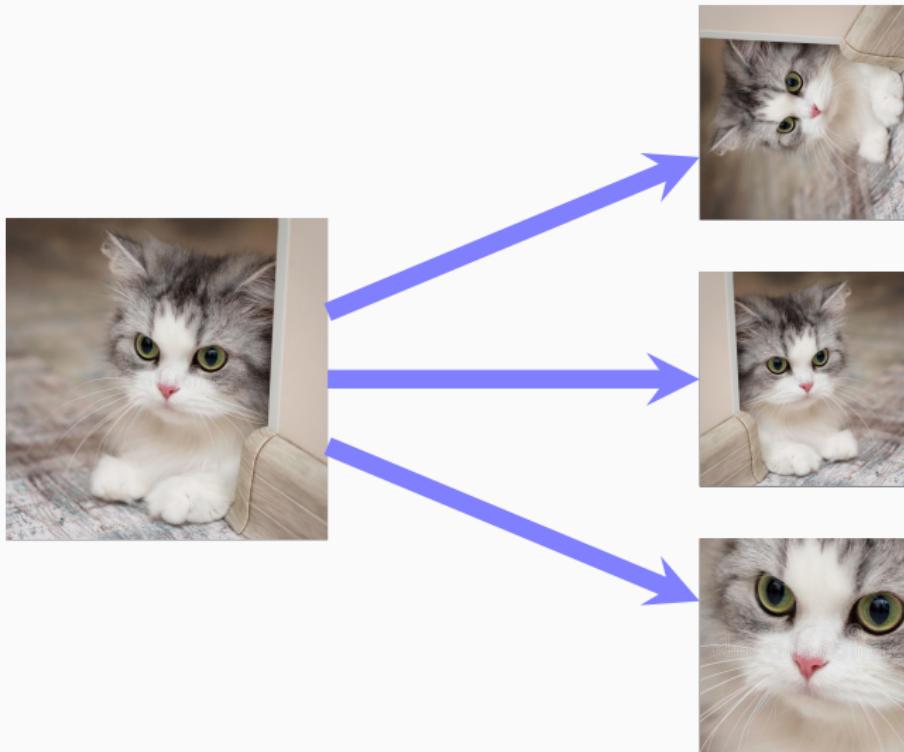


Image processing: Data augmentation

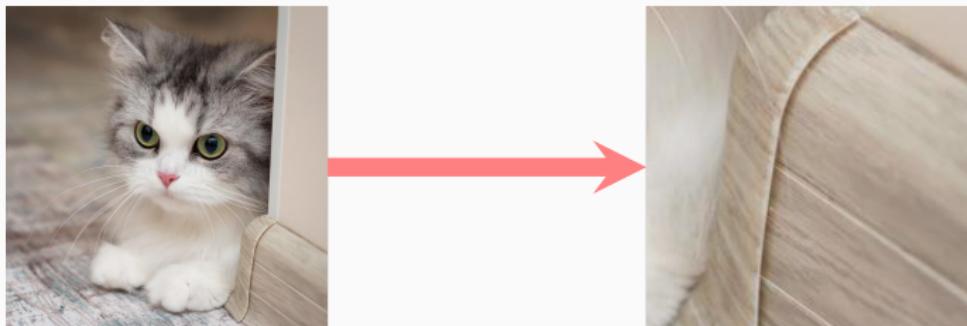


Image processing: Data augmentation

<https://albumentations.ai/>



Image processing: Tutorial

<https://github.com/estenhl/flowers>

