Introduction to deep learning 1/?

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Introduction

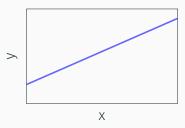
- 1. Building an artificial neural network (ANN)
- 2. Training the ANN
- 3. Transformation to a Convolutional Neural Network (CNN)

Building a neural network: Linear regression

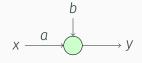
$$y = ax + b$$

Building a neural network: Linear regression

$$y = ax + b$$



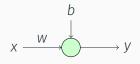
Building a neural network: Linear regression



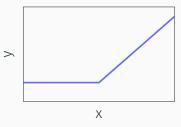
$$y = ax + b$$



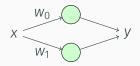
Building a neural network: Artificial neuron



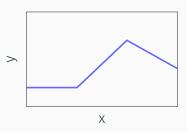
$$y = max(0, wx + b)$$



Building a neural network: Artificial neural network (ANN)



$$y = max(0, w_0x + b_0) + max(0, w_1x + b_1)$$



Building a neural network: Universal approximation theorem

"Any relationship that can be described with a polynomial function can be approximated by a neural network with a single hidden layer."

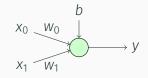
- Some guy in the 80s, probably

Building a neural network: Universal approximation theorem

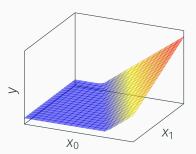
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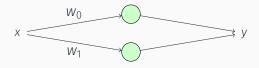
- Some guy in the 80s, probably

Building a neural network: Increasing dimensionality

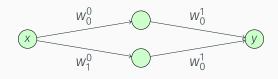


$$y = max(0, w_0x_0 + w_1x_1 + b)$$

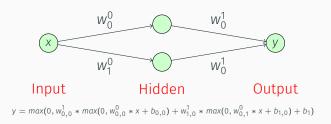


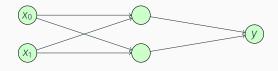


$$y = \max(0, w_0 x + b_0) + \max(0, w_1 x + b_1)$$

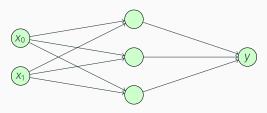


$$y = \max(0, w_{0,0}^1 * \max(0, w_{0,0}^0 * x + b_{0,0}) + w_{1,0}^1 * \max(0, w_{0,1}^0 * x + b_{1,0}) + b_1)$$

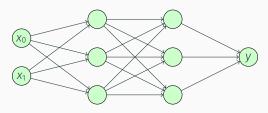




$$y = max(0, w_{0,0}^{1} * max(0, w_{0,0}^{0} * x_{0} + w_{1,0}^{0} * x_{1} + b_{0,0}) + w_{1,0}^{1} * max(0, w_{0,1}^{0} * x_{0} + w_{1,1}^{0} * x_{1} + b_{0,1}) + b_{1})$$



$$y = max(0, w_{0,0}^{1} * max(0, w_{0,0}^{0} * x_{0} + w_{1,0}^{0} * x_{1} + b_{0,0}) + w_{1,0}^{1} * max(0, w_{0,1}^{0} * x_{0} + w_{1,1}^{0} * x_{1} + b_{0,1}) + w_{2,0}^{1} * max(0, w_{0,2}^{0} * x_{0} + w_{1,2}^{0} * x_{1} + b_{0,2}) + b_{1})$$



$$y = max(0, w_{0,0}^2 * max(0, w_{0,0}^1 * max(0, w_{0,0}^0 * x_0 + w_{1,0}^0 * x_1 + b_{0,0}) + w_{1,0}^1 * max(0, w_{0,1}^0 * x_0 + w_{1,1}^+ * w_1 + b_{0,1}) + w_{2,0}^2 * max(0, w_{0,2}^0 * x_0 + w_{1,2}^+ * w_1 + b_{0,2}) + b_{1,0}) + \\ w_{1,0}^2 * max(0, w_{0,1}^1 * max(0, w_{0,0}^0 * x_0 + w_{1,0}^0 * x_1 + b_{0,0}) + w_{1,1}^1 * max(0, w_{0,1}^0 * x_0 + w_{1,1}^1 * w_1 + b_{0,1}) + w_{2,1}^1 * max(0, w_{0,2}^0 * x_0 + w_{1,2}^1 * w_1 + b_{0,2}) + b_{1,1}) + \\ w_{2,0}^2 * max(0, w_{0,2}^1 * max(0, w_{0,0}^0 * x_0 + w_{1,0}^0 * x_1 + b_{0,0}) + w_{1,2}^1 * max(0, w_{0,1}^0 * x_0 + w_{1,1}^1 * w_1 + b_{0,1}) + w_{2,2}^1 * max(0, w_{0,1}^0 * x_0 + w_{1,1}^1 * w_1 + b_{0,1}) + b_{1,2}) + b_{1,2}) + b_{1,2}) + b_{1,2}) + b_{1,2})$$

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Building a neural network: Summary

- Artificial neurons are (linear) weighted sums wrapped in non-linear activation functions
- Multiple artificial neurons stacked together in a layerwise fashion comprise an artificial neural network
- Artificial neural networks allow us to model arbitrarily complex relationships between inputs and outputs