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Physiology  
Bio125  
Lab#10

## **Recording EKG – Lead II**

### **Purpose:**

Electrocardiograms (EKG or ECG) are graphical records that measure the change in the electrical activity of the heart. Cardiac muscle cells are the sources of this electrical activity.

### **Procedure:**

1. Before you turn anything on, be sure the IWX/214 unit is plugged in, and that the IWX/214 unit is connected to the laptop by USB cable.

Be sure that the C-AAMI-504 EEG cable is inserted into the isolated inputs of Channels 1 and 2 of the IWX/214. Be sure that the three-color-coded lead wires are correctly inserted in the lead pedestal of the C-AAMI-504 EEG cable. Insert the connectors on the red, black, and green electrode lead wires into the color-coded matching sockets on the lead pedestal of the ECG cable. The white and brown lead wires can be removed and neatly placed in the iWork case, you do not need them for Lab 10, but after the week is over, they will need to be replaced.

Once everything is connected, FIRST turn on the laptop and allow it to fully boot up before you turn on the IWX/214 unit. Once the iWork unit is on, the red indicator light on the iWork unit should light up and you may hear the USB chime from the laptop if the laptop does not default to mute (many are set to default to mute).

2. Open the Labscribe3 program by clicking on the Labscribe3 icon on the desktop. As soon as the program opens, you should see a window pop-up that says, "Hardware found IWX214:2008-1-24," click "OK."

3. In the second row from the top row (the row that says "File Edit View Tools Settings Advanced External Devices Help"), click on the "Settings" tab. About one third of the way down the drop-down window should be a tab called "Human Heart." Click on that tab and that should lead you to a tab called "ECG-Heart Sounds."

4. Since Lab 10 is about ECG only, we can hide the lower "Heart Sounds" row by clicking on the  $\sigma$  symbol to the left of the row label, then clicking on the "Hide" tab, and then "Yes".

5. Remove the disposable ECG electrodes from its envelope and snap the lead wires onto the electrodes while the electrodes are still on the plastic shield. Instruct the subject to remove all jewelry from their wrists and ankles. Use an alcohol swab to clean the skin on the subject's right wrist, and the inside of both ankles. Let the area dry.

6. Apply the black (-1) electrode to the scrubbed area on the right wrist. Repeat Steps 5 and 6 for the inside of the left ankle and the inside of the right ankle, so that the following Lead II is arranged:

- the black (-1) lead is attached to the right wrist,
- the red (+1) lead is connected to the left ankle,

- the green (Cor ground) lead is connected to the right ankle.

**7.** Instruct the subject to sit quietly with their hands in their lap. If the subject moves, the ECG trace will move off the top or bottom of the screen. If the subject moves any muscles in the arms or upper body, electromyograms (EMGs) from the muscles will appear on the ECG recording as noise.

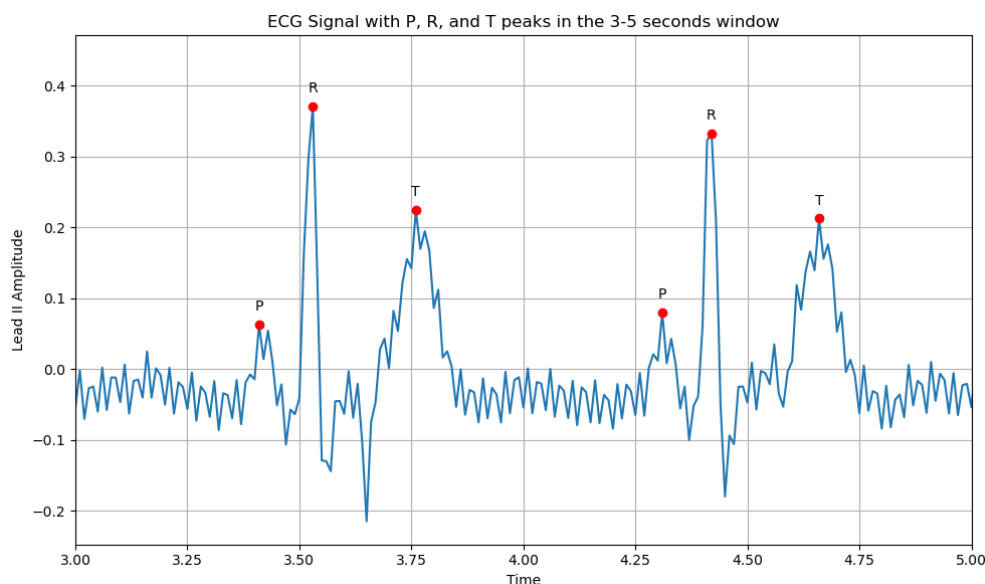
**8.** Click on the Record button, located on the upper right side of the Lab Scribe Main window. The signal should begin scrolling across the screen. If the ECG appears upside down in Lead II (upside down P, R and T waves), click on the upside down triangle on the far left of "σA1:ECG 0.3-35Hz," then click on the first option "Invert." This should correct the image of your Lead II ECG to be "right side up," but do this ONLY ONCE.

**9.** When you have a suitable trace, type <Subject's Name> Lead II in the Mark box to the right of the Mark button. Press the Enter key on the keyboard after the recording has started to attach the comment to the data.

**10.** Click on the Auto Scale tab at the upper margin of the ECG channel (look for the row that says on the left "σA 1: ECG 0.3-35Hz" the Auto Scale tab is the second icon after "Hz," it looks like a magnifying glass with a 2symbol on it). Your recording should look like the figure in step #4. If the ECG waves appear too compressed (too close together), consider clicking the tab above the "Mark" tab that looks like snow-capped pyramid. When the mouse is on top of this tab, it will say "Half Display Time." Clicking this tab will spread out your ECG patterns for step 11. If you overdo that last step, reverse it by clicking on the tab that looks like double pyramids ("Double Display Time") just to the right of the Half Display Time tab.

**11.** Record for approximately one minute and then click Stop to halt recording. Label one set of the five ECG waves (P, Q, R, S and T). Notice that every cycle is similar but not identical, and the distances between the QRS complexes may alter slightly.

## **Results:**



**Discussion:**

It is shown that the P wave indicates atrial depolarizations and the QRS are responsible for ventricular depolarizations. The T wave is ventricular repolarization.

**Conclusion:**

This type of test is very common and painless. It is used to detect any heart problems and monitor the heart's health. It can record the heart's rate and rhythm.