## **Introduction to Data Science and Analytics**

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#### Before we start...

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# Welcome to Introduction to Data Science and Analytics

#### **Contents**

What is Data Science?

Who is a Data Scientist?

What's it like to be a Data Scientist?

Planning your Data Science career

Mathematics and Statistics / Operational Research

Computing and Software Engineering

Visualisation and Communication Skills

Domain expertise

A problem-solving approach based on the scientific method

#### What does Data Science deal with?

#### **Problems!**

#### Can we improve...

- The quality of offers we send to our customers?
- Road safety?
- How we identify people at high risk of cancer?

#### What does Data Science deal with?

#### **Predictions?**

#### How likely...

- Is a customer to respond to some offer?
- Are traffic accidents to occur in a certain area?
- Is a person to develop cancer in the next 10 years?

#### What does Data Science deal with?

#### Mechanisms?

#### Why...

- Does a customer decide to respond to some offer?
- Do traffic accidents occur regularly in certain areas?
- Do people develop cancer?

#### **Statistics**

- Predates computers
- Understand why something happens in the face of uncertainty

#### **Machine Learning**

- 'Algorithmic modelling' (L. Breiman)
- Computers can learn rules without explicit programming

#### **Deep Learning**

- Less structured inputs
- Computers can learn structure without explicit programming

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Predictions

Mechanisms

Analysis

**Descriptive**What's happening?

**Diagnostic**Why is it happening?

**Building** 

**Predictive**What's likely to happen?

**Prescriptive**What do I need to do?

#### Recap

#### Data Science is...

- Evidence-based problem solving and decision-making
- Multidisciplinary but domain-driven
- Analysis-focused or building-focused

Who is a Data Scientist?

#### Who is a Data Scientist?

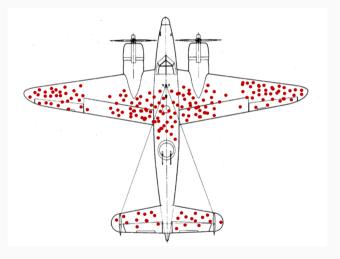
#### Someone who can...

- Get a 'feel' for the data
- Communicate effectively
- Work well in a team

#### What's this 'feel' for the data?

- Passion for the domain
- Curiosity about the data
- Intuition and creativity
- Common sense
- Rigour and accuracy
- Relevance

#### What's this 'feel' for the data?

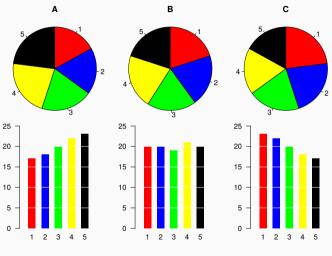


Via Wikimedia Commons

#### How do I communicate effectively?

- Condense findings into recommendations
- Use storytelling techniques and visual aids
- Understand limitations and don't overstate results

#### How do I communicate effectively?



Via Wikimedia Commons

#### The 'PR problem' of Data Science

#### Inevitably the data are...

- Not quite what you need to solve your problem
- Too limited, too large, too inaccurate, too expensive to obtain...

#### But (eventually) you...

- End up with a 'nice' dataset
- Apply some models

...and it looks incredibly easy from the outside!

# What's it like to be a Data Scientist?

#### Data Science workflow

- 1. Define the problem
- 2. Obtain the data
- 3. Clean and explore the data
- 4. Model the data
- 5. Summarise the results

#### Time allocation

Which takes longer?

#### Time allocation

#### In decreasing order...

- 1. Defining the problem
- 2. Obtaining the data
- 3. Cleaning and exploring the data
- 4. Managing expectations
- 5. Summarising the results
- 6. Learning new things
- 7. Modelling

#### **Modelling misconceptions**

Most well-executed data science projects don't...

- Use complicated tools
- Fit complicated models

#### Instead, they do...

- Focus on solving the problem
- Use appropriate not necessarily big! data
- Use relatively standard models
- Interpret results sceptically

#### The 80—20 rule of modelling

- The first reasonable thing you can do goes 80% of the way
- Everything after that is to get the remaining 20%... often at additional cost!

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#### Is it worth it?

#### **Caveat**

The Data Science workflow is non-linear and iterative

#### Recap

#### A successful Data Scientist...

- Is insatiably curious and a bit stubborn!
- Never stops learning
- Is a practical, impact-driven, dependable person
- Can tell a story
- Knows the limitations of Data Science

# Planning your Data Science career

#### Why should you consider it?

#### Many companies struggle to recruit in this area

- Traditional analysts often focused on specific tools
- Many programmers don't have business experience
- Few people with leadership skills

#### The possibilities are endless... and growing!

- Many new companies are built on data
- Most industries are becoming increasingly analytical
- Data as an asset the lifeblood of the organization

- 1. Be passionate about your domain
- 2. Know about research methods and statistics
- 3. Become a coding ninja

#### Be passionate about your domain

- Understand where the data come from
- Know your stakeholders and speak their language
- Communicate to others why a question is worth answering

#### Know about research methods and statistics

- Remember the 80—20 rule of modelling
- Interpret sceptically
- Understand limitations and don't overstate results

#### Become a coding ninja

- Standardise and automate data collection and analysis
- Standardise and automate everything!
- Share your analyses with others

# Thanks for your attention!

# Oh, one last thing...

#### Taking the first step

### You can begin today!

#### Figure out what you need to learn

- Code comfortably in a programming language (Python or R)
- Work with data in that language
- Understand basic statistical concepts

#### Taking the first step

#### For example...

- 1. Get comfortable with Python
  - Complete 'Intro to Python for Data Science' on DataCamp
  - Attend 'Python Programming 101' at General Assembly
- 2. Learn data manipulation and visualisation with pandas
  - Go through Python for Data Analysis by Wes McKinney
  - Try using pandas instead of Excel
- 3. Brush up on statistics
  - Go through Think Stats by Allen B. Downey

... ... ...

#### One final word of advice

Find 'the thing' that motivates you to practise and learn more...

Then do it!

We're really done now!

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