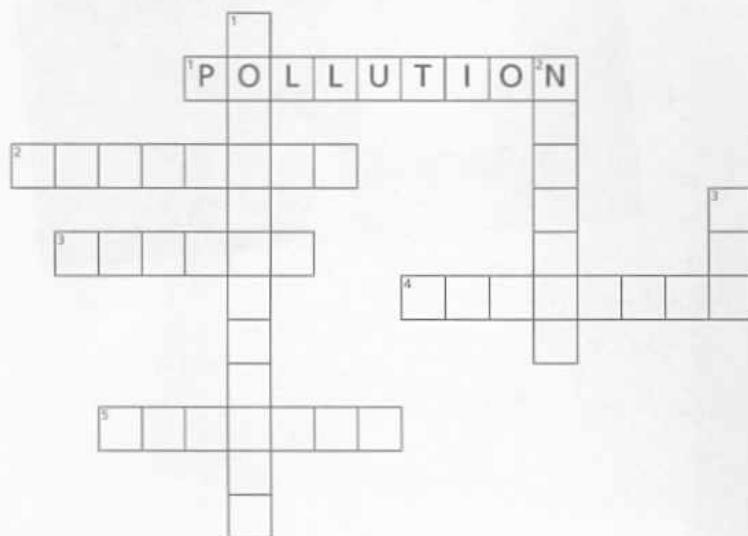


7 Help!

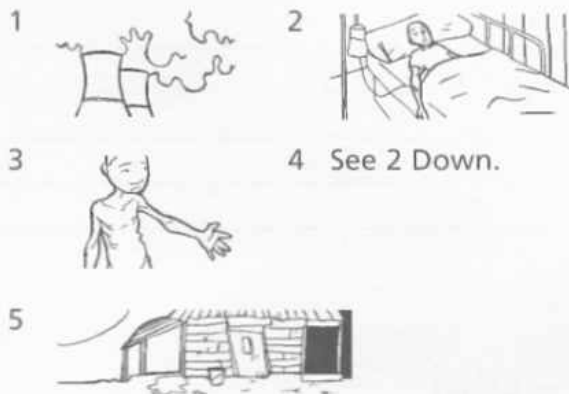
Vocabulary

World problems

1 Complete the crossword.



ACROSS →



DOWN ↓



Grammar

Have to, don't have to

2 Read the text. Then decide if the sentences about becoming a pilot are true or false.

The first thing you have to do to become a pilot is to find a teacher, a flight instructor. You don't have to have a student pilot's certificate or a medical certificate to take flying lessons, but you have to have those certificates to fly solo. To get a student pilot's certificate you have to be 16 years old. (In fact, if you want to fly a balloon you only



have to be 14!). How many lessons do you have to take before you can fly solo? That depends on you. There isn't a specified number of lessons. You have to demonstrate to your flight instructor that you're ready.

- a It's obligatory to find a flight instructor. True
- b It's obligatory to have a student pilot's certificate and a medical certificate to take flying lessons. _____
- c It's obligatory to have a student pilot's certificate and a medical certificate to fly solo. _____
- d It's obligatory to be 16 to get a student pilot's certificate. _____
- e It's obligatory to be 16 to fly a balloon. _____
- f It's obligatory to take 50 flying lessons before you can fly solo. _____

See

→ Workbook Extra page 115

More practice

→ Revision/Extension pages 78-80

3 Write eight true sentences by using words or phrases from each column.

| A | B | C |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| I / You / My mother. | has to / have to / doesn't have to don't have to | go to school / work in an office / be 18 to vote/ cook every day / help in the house / do exams at school |

- a I _____
- b You _____
- c My mother _____
- d I _____
- e You _____
- f My mother _____
- g I _____
- h My mother _____



4 Match the start and ends of the questions.

- a Do you
- b What time do
- c Does
- d When
- e Does your
- f What do you have
- 1 have to make your bed?
- 2 your mother have to work at the weekend
- 3 to do now?
- 4 do you have to do your next exam?
- 5 you have to go to bed on Monday?
- 6 father have to wear a tie?

- a 7 d _____
- b _____ e _____
- c _____ f _____

5 Answer the questions in 4.

- a _____
- b _____
- c _____
- d _____
- e _____
- f _____

See

More practice

→ Workbook Extra pages 102–103

→ Revision/Extension pages 78–80

English in use

Mustn't and don't have to

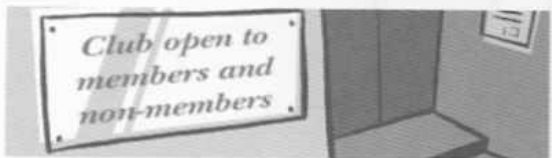
- 6 Look at the signs. Complete the instructions with *mustn't* or *don't have to*.



- a You mustn't continue.



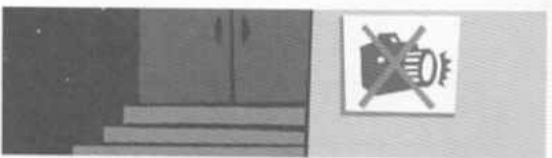
- b You _____ go at 50 miles per hour.



- c You _____ be a member to go in this club.



- d You _____ pay for the ticket.



- e You _____ take photos here.



- f You _____ have any experience.



- g You _____ feed the animals.

Vocabulary

Helping charities

- 7 Look at the pictures and complete the phrases.



- a d o a sponsored run



- b b _____ c _____



- c o _____ a p _____



- d s _____ y _____ o _____
p _____



- e w _____ s _____ s _____



- f s _____ t _____ f _____ a
l _____



- g w _____ c _____

See

More practice

→ Workbook Extra page 115

→ Revision/Extension pages 78–80

Grammar

Be going to

- 8 Use *be going to* and the verbs to complete the letter.

Hi Jane

What (a) are you going to do (do) next month? I

(b) _____ (work) for a charity that helps children. We

(c) _____ (have) a summer camp for the children in July and we need to prepare it now. Next month I

(d) _____ (meet) the other people from the charity. We (e) _____

(not work) all day, only in the mornings. Katy told me that you (f) _____ (not work) next month. (g) _____

you _____ (study)? Brian

(h) _____ (help) us. Perhaps you can help us too. Write back and tell me.

Love

Pamela

- 9 Look at Josh's plans for next weekend. Complete the dialogue with *be going to*. Add appropriate verbs and other words where necessary.



Stuart Is Josh (a) going to have a party next weekend?

Rod Yes, he (b) _____. And he (c) _____ tennis.

Stuart (d) _____ he (e) _____ a restaurant next weekend?

Rod No, he (f) _____. But he (g) _____ the cinema.

Grammar

Present continuous for the future

- 10 Translate the sentences into your language. Which sentence does not refer to the future?

- a What are you doing tomorrow?

- b We're having a party next Saturday.

- c She's talking on the phone at the moment.

- d My friends aren't doing anything special next weekend.

- e I'm flying to Paris on Monday.

- f Are you working in July?



See

→ Workbook Extra pages 102–103

More practice

→ Revision/Extension pages 78–80

Reading

Sport Relief

Sport Relief is a charity which wants to make money to combat poverty in Britain and the world. A few years ago Sport Relief organized 150 sponsored runs, and the BBC helped them by showing five hours of special BBC programmes to give them maximum publicity. 81,000 people participated in the sponsored runs. They all had to run one mile (1.6 kilometres). There were a lot of famous people contributing, like Prince William, who ran in London. He finished the distance in six minutes 10 seconds. Other celebrities were Prime Minister Tony Blair and singer Rachel Stevens. Rachel Stevens ran the distance and also donated the money from her single 'Some Girls' to help the charity.



The organizers of Sport Relief consider that sport and charity go together well. Sport has the power to unite communities that are divided by fear, violence and tension. Playing sport can help people to escape from loneliness and isolation. The money from Sport Relief goes to projects that use sport to change the lives of children who live in poor areas of Britain. It also helps children in some of the poorest countries in the world. It helps them to get an education and stay healthy. For example, in India, where there are 200,000 children living around railway stations, with no families or homes. Sport Relief tries to help them.

1 Read the text. Are the statements true or false?

- a Sport Relief is a charity that organizes sponsored runs. _____
- b There was no fixed distance for the sponsored run. _____
- c Rachel Stevens did two things to help Sport Relief. _____
- d The money from Sport Relief is only for the poor people in Britain. _____

2 Read the text again and answer the questions.

- a How did the BBC help Sport Relief?

- b What did Prince William do to help Sport Relief?

- c How did Rachel Stevens help Sport Relief?

- d How can sport help problematic communities?

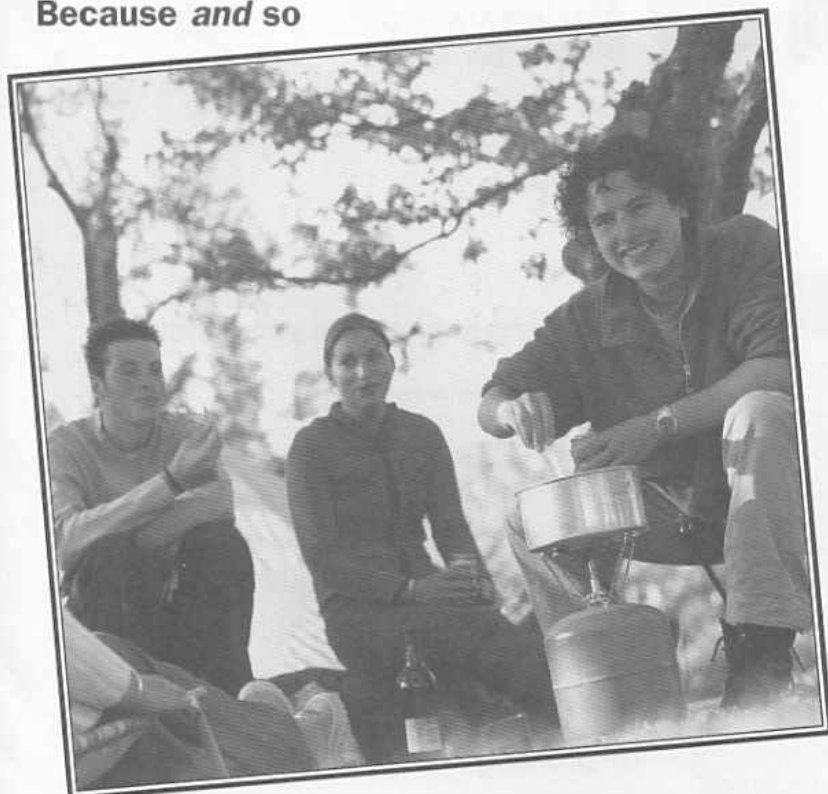
Extension

3 Explain the significance of these numbers in the text.

- a 81,000 _____
- b 150 _____
- c 5 _____
- d 200,000 _____
- e 1.6 _____

Writing

Because and so



1 Choose the correct alternative.

- a I couldn't go for a run last weekend because/so I had a bad leg.
- b My brother couldn't do his maths homework last night **because/so** I helped him.
- c My computer broke down last summer **because/so** my parents bought me a new one.
- d I watched the TV last night **because/so** I didn't have any homework.
- e I went to Keith's house last night **because/so** he was having a party.
- f It was Vanessa's birthday yesterday **because/so** I gave her a present.

2 Connect the ideas with *because* or *so*.

- a We had a fantastic weekend / we went camping with our friends.
We had a fantastic weekend because we went camping with our friends.

- b The weather was hot / we went swimming in a lake.

- c We swam all Saturday afternoon / we were tired.

- d We went to bed late / we were talking until 1 am.

- e We didn't have anything special to do on Sunday / we got up late.

- f We were sad / we had to go home.

Extension

3 Complete the sentences in an appropriate way.

- a My best friend lives near my house so _____
- b I love swimming because _____
- c I usually go to bed late because _____
- d Jamie loves basketball so _____
- e Becky was happy last weekend because _____
- f Yesterday was a holiday so _____