

56 Canterbury English

# 1

# THE HEADHUNTERS1

## OF BORNEO

PARTONE

hanging33 in the entrance34 of the hut35. It is very small, but it is definitely human. A string36 connected to the blond hair37. The head sways38 in the breeze. The eyes are closed, and the expression on the face is tranquil. though<sup>39</sup> in a profound state of meditation. The head is different from the other ones in the village huts. The other heads have black hair and orien"Their custom of reducing human heads to the size of an orange (and the spiritual beliefs) related with this), has made the Dusun tribe of Borneo one of the most interesting subjects in the field of ethnology. The terrible reputation of the Dusuns began in 1799. In that year, the Dusuns killed 1.700 people in one day. They carried off many women, because women are always' captured, especially the young' ones. Today, you can rarely see a Dusun male walking without weapons in the jungle. The scars on his body and face are the result of a headhunting expedition. If he is coming back from a successful<sup>13</sup> expedition, the person who meets<sup>14</sup> him will see one or more heads suspended from a cord that hangs from his neck f.

The shrunken17 heads are a sign18 of bravery, and a sign of a responsible man. Each tribe in the area lives under the constant threat of attack. Therefore", a man is only respected, if he has captured one or more heads. Another reason? for headhunting, is the desire to possess a certain spiritual power. This power cannot be acquired in any other way. According to their beliefs, it is necessary for each young man to acquire a souf. To do this, he goes into the jungle to meditate, preferably underneath a waterfalf. He drinks a hallucinogenic drug called maikoa. When he visualizes the soul of his enemy3, he must then kill him, and take over his soul. This is the fundamental reason for the headhunting expeditions.

-Primitive Tribes of Today, 1930

tal faces. This one looks European. In fact<sup>40</sup>, it looks French.

Lester is sitting on a mat<sup>41</sup>. The only decoration in the hut, apart from the head, is an old machete. hangs on the wall42 above Lester's head. Kunu sits in front of Lester. Kunu is young, strong and hotheaded43. He is the son of the tribal chief, and speaks English quite well. "Kunu," asks Lester, while he drinks the rice44 wine with the village elders45, "Is the head at the entrance of

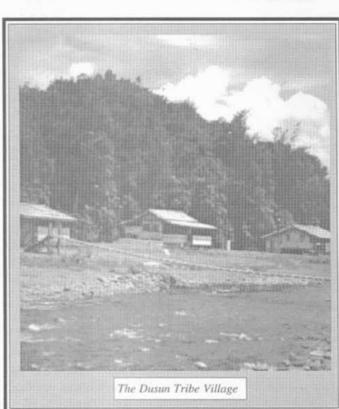
CHAPTER FOUR

Canterbury English 57

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my hut from that famous French explorer who was killed\*6 in this jungle?"

Kunu does not respond. The question seems to make him angry<sup>47</sup>, and he continues to drink from his wooden bowl<sup>48</sup>.



"Well, never mind<sup>49</sup>," mumbles<sup>50</sup> Lester, who worries<sup>51</sup> that he has offended his host<sup>52</sup>. It is certainly not courteous to talk about human heads at dinner, he thinks. It is said<sup>53</sup> that the Dusun tribe has not cut<sup>54</sup> off a head since 1935. But anyway<sup>55</sup>, it is better to be careful, just in case<sup>56</sup>.

Lester has been in Borneo for two

years with his wife, Soraya. Borneo is the third largest island<sup>57</sup> on earth, covering an area of 743,246 km<sup>2</sup>. He has been sent by the United Nations Development Program to design and implement rural development projects<sup>58</sup> on the island. These projects

help the people of tribes become<sup>59</sup> selfsufficient60. RTC's (Rural Training Centers) are built61 in certain62 villages. An RTC is a building that is used as a training center. The centers train<sup>63</sup> the villagers, especially the women, how to make bee64 hives, how to sow65 rice fields, how to make baskets66, or how to plant<sup>67</sup> banana trees in the jungle. The theory is that if a woman can become self-sufficient and not dependent on a man, then the whole village will evolve68.

Lester was especially happy to hear that an

RTC had to be built<sup>69</sup> in the Dusun tribal village. He has studied the history of this unique<sup>70</sup> tribe, because he has always been fascinated with their traditions. Most notably with their main<sup>71</sup> tradition; the collection and shrinking<sup>72</sup> of human heads.

That same night, he sits in the U.N. guest<sup>73</sup> hut, with Kunu, drinking more

of the colorless74 rice wine. Lester reaches75 for his backpack76.

"Kunu, I have a present77 for you." Kunu looks up.

"It comes from Spain," adds78 Lester. "Spain. Is that a place?"

Lester smiles 79.

"It is a country80. My wife is from Spain." Lester opens81 his wallet and takes out82 a photo. He gives it to Kunu.

"Ah, she is beautiful!" remarks83 Kunu. Lester laughs. "She is in Kota Kinabalu, the capital of Saba, at the moment, but she will come and meet me in the village next week. There are many more women like her in Spain. In fact, Spanish women are the most beautiful women in the world."

"Then I would like to go to Spain," says

Kunu. "I would also like a wife from this country."

"Well," replies Lester, "first I will give you your present." He opens his backpack. There are bottles<sup>84</sup> inside it.

Lester takes one 85 out and gives it to Kunu. He reads the label<sup>86</sup>.

"Rioja wine," he says. "This is delicious; better87 than rice wine."

"If you like this wine, then you will like the women too," says Lester. "They

are both the same88; rich89, smooth, fullbodied90 and heady91."

Kunu looks at Lester, but says nothing. Lester pours<sup>92</sup> the wine into Kunu's bowl. Kunu picks93 it up. He examines it in the light. He smells94 it and puts his finger into the bowl. "Red," he says, "like human blood95."

"Red," echoes96 Lester.

Kunu lifts97 the bowl to his lips98 and drinks the wine.

"It is good," he admits.

"Of course"," replies Lester.

Kunu holding a log (tronco)

"Then I will be happy with a woman from the country of this wine."

"Yes," responds Lester, "Soraya is my second wife. She is marvelous."

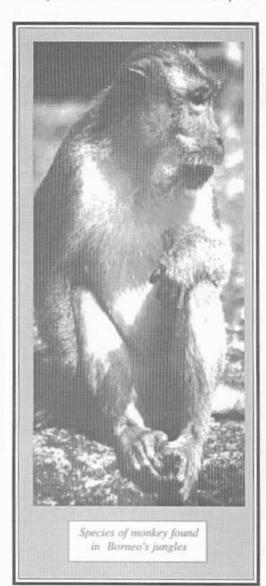






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"Give me her photo," says Kunu, "and I will tell you about the Frenchman." Lester is quiet for a few moments. Finally, he reaches for his wallet, opens



it and throws 100 the photo to Kunu. "Here! It is yours." Kunu looks at the dark-haired 101 woman leaning<sup>102</sup> against a rail<sup>103</sup> on the deck<sup>104</sup> of 'The Marques,' an old sailing ship<sup>105</sup>. Her hair reflects<sup>106</sup> the sun. She is radiant. He finally places<sup>107</sup> it against his heart<sup>108</sup>. Kunu rests<sup>109</sup> against the bamboo wall and begins the story.

## PART TWO

"In 1935, a Frenchman was found unconscious near our village with a machete in his hand. Our people had never seen a white man before. My grandfather found him. He carried him back to his hut. He put him on the floor, over there 110." Kunu points 111 to where Lester's sleeping112 mat is. "Everyone in our village thought he was a god113. The villagers brought presents of women to love, monkeys114 to eat, and rice wine to drink. He consumed everything. Then one evening, he drank too many115 bowls of rice wine. He staggered116 through the village and fell117 down on top of118 a sharp stone119. He cut his hand and dropped120 the machete that he was carrying. My grandfather saw his left hand bleeding121, and realized122 he was not a god. My grandfather ran123 towards him and picked124 up the sharp machete. He screamed125 the tribal battle scream, and cut the Frenchman's head off. He is still here!" Kunu points to the head of the Frenchman. Its shadow126 crosses the floor of the hut, and finally stops at Lester's kneecap127. Lester picks up the bottle of wine, lifts it to his lips and drinks. A monkey screams, and

### THE HEADHUNTERS OF BORNEO

shadows dance across the face of Kunu. He smiles and Lester relaxes, now feeling<sup>128</sup> intoxicated. He consumes more of the blood red wine and looks at Kunu. Their eyes meet<sup>129</sup>. Lester lifts his left hand and closes it.

"Kunu!" he suddenly<sup>130</sup> says in a slurred<sup>131</sup> voice, "Teach me how to shrink<sup>132</sup> a human head down to the size of this fist<sup>133</sup>!"

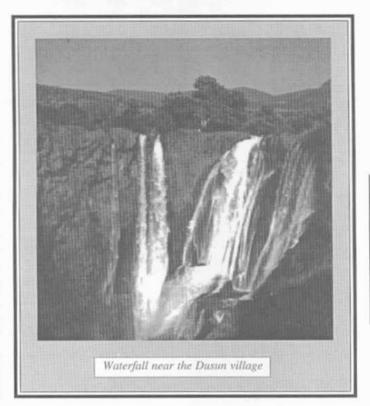
There is a long silence. Kunu's face is red and hot. A breeze moves the blond head hanging in the entrance. The silence continues. The head swings<sup>134</sup> hypnotically. Backwards<sup>135</sup> and forwards<sup>136</sup>, left and right, right and left.

"Damn it<sup>137</sup>!" shouts Kunu, and strikes<sup>138</sup> his fist on the mat. The red wine spills<sup>139</sup> and forms<sup>140</sup> a pool between the two. Lester's eyes widen<sup>141</sup>, as the red liquid glistens<sup>142</sup> in the lamplight. "Alright<sup>143</sup>!" shouts Kunu, pointing violently at the unsmiling<sup>144</sup> head, "I'll show<sup>145</sup> you how to

shrink a head the size of yours, down to one the size of the Frenchman's, if you give me your wife!"

The next morning a hand<sup>146</sup> wakes Lester. Kunu throws a pail<sup>147</sup> of black sand<sup>148</sup> onto the floor next to the sleeping mat. One bloody<sup>149</sup> eye looks at Lester. It doesn't blink<sup>150</sup>. "Oh my God!" Lester shouts, still half asleep. "You've killed someone!"

"Ha," said Kunu, "our generation is not so lucky<sup>151</sup>!" He looks at the old machete above the sleeping mat. "This is a monkey's head, but it will do<sup>152</sup>." "Do," says Lester, mystified, "Do for what?"



"Listen," Kunu says not answering Lester and pointing to the pail, "This black sand comes from a thermal cave<sup>153</sup> under the Laka waterfall. I have spent part of the morning in meditation, and the other part collecting the necessary objects."

Canterbury English 61

CHAPTER FOUR

1

"Meditating. Is that why your eyes are so red?" asks Lester. "You look terrible!" "I took a little maikoa. It helps me think." Lester did not respond, and Kunu continues, "First I separated the scalp<sup>154</sup> of the monkey from the cranium. I then pulled the scalp off the cranium. It comes off like a rubber<sup>155</sup> glove from your hand. The cranium is thrown away<sup>156</sup>, and the flesh<sup>157</sup> is cooked in a pot. Then, to shrink the skin, three stones<sup>158</sup> are heated<sup>159</sup> up. They are put inside the skin<sup>160</sup> of the head."

At this, Lester looks up, wondering 161 why Kunu is telling him a tribal secret. He tries to remember what they had talked about the night before. When he drinks a lot, he forgets everything. Usually, during the next morning, he remembers. Lester takes out162 his note pad163 and writes down164 what Kunu is telling him. There is no book that describes the process used by the Dusun tribe. He has looked for many years. It is a secret of the headhunters. And now, he is learning their secret. This is unusual, though165, he thinks. What did we talk about last night? He looks at the sleeping mat. There are two bowls, and an empty166 bottle of wine. Wine, yes, I gave him the Rioja wine, he remembers. Suddenly Lester reaches for his wallet and opens it. The picture of Soraya is gone. His face grows167 pale. "Kunu! Do not tell me any more", Lester says urgently. But it is impossible. Kunu continues the explanation.

"The hot sand that has been heated in the black pan<sup>168</sup> over there, is poured<sup>169</sup> into the scalp until it is half filled<sup>170</sup>. The sand is changed a few times. The face must be molded<sup>171</sup> to keep<sup>172</sup> its original form. It gets smaller each time the sand is changed, until<sup>173</sup> it is the size of an orange. Finally, the head is tinted<sup>174</sup> black with vegetable<sup>175</sup> coal. It is then smoked<sup>176</sup> and polished<sup>177</sup> like leather<sup>178</sup>, until it becomes very hard. It will be a perfect miniature of the original head!"

Lester puts his hands on the ground to get up<sup>179</sup>. He does not notice the sharp stone that cuts his left hand. He stands up<sup>180</sup>, and looks at Kunu. "Give me back<sup>181</sup> the picture<sup>182</sup> of my wife!" he shouts. Kunu looks up, his two hands are in the black sand underneath the monkey head. He replies, "You are a guest in this tribe. You have given me a picture of this woman. It is my picture. It is my woman."

Lester takes one step<sup>183</sup> backwards<sup>184</sup> and pulls out<sup>185</sup> an enormous<sup>186</sup> knife from his trousers<sup>187</sup>. Kunu pulls his hands out of the wet black sand. He turns around quickly and takes the old machete from the bamboo wall behind him. As Lester holds up the knife to defend himself, Kunu steps towards him with the sharp<sup>188</sup> machete, and all that can be heard in the village is a terrible, terrible tribal scream<sup>189</sup>, that has not been heard since 1935.



Richard Clarke



Lester Moores

# EVERYONE, ALL, EVERY AND WHOLE

## EVERYONE/ EVERYBODY AND ALL

#### SECTION ONE

- Everyone = Everybody = Todo el mundo Everyone is exactly the same as everybody.
- All of us/them/you = Todos (nosotros, ellos, vosotros)
  All must be accompanied by of us, of you, of them, etc.

#### Common mistakes:

- Everybody of us are going = X (incorrect)
- Everybody is going = (correct) (todo el mundo va).
- All us are going = X (incorrect).
- All are going = X (incorrect).
- All of + us, the people, them, etc. are going = (correct).

#### ALL/ EVERYTHING

#### SECTION TWO

- 1. All (of) and Everything = todo (cosas)
- IA. Of is not necessary in this case, although it is also correct.

Canterbury English 63

CHAPTER FOUR

- Kunu has brought all (of) the necessary objects.
  (Kunu ha traído todos los objetos necesarios).
- Kunu has brought everything. (Kunu ha traido todo).
  - 1B. We also use the expression all about which means todo sobre.
    - Kunu knows all about the shrinking of heads.
      (Kunu sabe todo sobre la reducción de cabezas).



#### Common Mistakes:

- He's brought all = X (incorrect).
- He's brought everything of the neccessary objects = X (incorrect).

#### ALL (OF) THE/ WHOLE

#### SECTION THREE

- 1. All (of) the/Whole = Todo
- 1 A. Whole is generally used for singular countable nouns.
- Γ ve visited the whole village = (correct).
- I've visited the whole villages = X (incorrect)
- I've drank the whole wine = X (incorrect, wine is not countable).

64 Canterbury English

1B. All (of) + the is used for singular + plural nouns (countable + uncountable). Of is not necessary, although is also correct.

- I've visited all (of) the village.
- I've visited all (of) the villages.
- I've drank all (of) the wine.

IC. All is also used to mean the only thing = la única cosa.

All Kunu has said is that he has drunk some maikoa.
 (Todo lo que ha dicho Kunu es que ha tomado maikoa).

#### THE WHOLE/ ALL/EVERY

#### SECTION FOUR

- 1. The whole/All/Every + period of time
- 1A. The whole and all + period of time = todo + un periodo de tiempo.
- 1B. They are used to indicate a **period of time** from start to finish. They are **not** used to indicate **frequency**.
- We've drunk rice wine all night/the whole night.
  (Hemos bebido vino de arroz toda la noche).
  - 1C. Note that with periods of time, all is not accompanied by of or the.
- All of the day = X (incorrect).
- All the day = X (incorrect).
- All day, month, year, summer, etc. = (correct).
  - 1D. We do say all the time (an exception).

Canterbury English 65