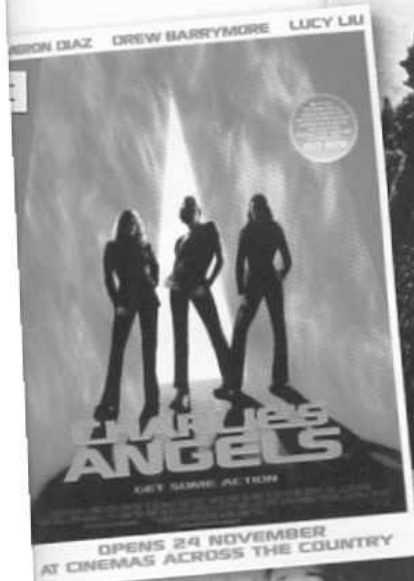


8A

Remakes

SPEAKING

- 1 Look at the film posters. Do you know them?



READING

- 1 Read the magazine article and match the pictures A-E in Speaking exercise 1 to the television shows or films. There is one extra picture.

REMAKES!

The number one rule in television and film is 'if it works, do it again'. Remakes are big business in Hollywood. We look at some popular remakes and their origins.

Charlie's Angels was a television programme of the 1970s. The 'Angels' were three women detectives. The Hollywood remake was in 2000.

The original *King Kong* was a 1933 film about a giant gorilla in New York City. *Gojira* was a Japanese film from 1954 about a giant monster from the sea. The Hollywood remakes were in 1998 (*Godzilla*) and 2005 (*King Kong*).

The *Mission Impossible* films with Tom Cruise (*Mission Impossible I* was in 1996, *II* in 2000 and *III* in 2006) were very popular. But the real *Mission Impossible* was a television programme from the 1960s and 70s.

- 2 Read the article again and complete the sentences with words from the text.

- _____ are good for business in Hollywood.
 - _____ was a film from Japan.
 - _____ was a gorilla in New York.
 - _____ and _____ were Hollywood remakes in 2000.
- 3 Do you know the Hollywood remakes from the article? Do you like them? Tell a partner.

GRAMMAR: *was/were*

The past tense of *to be* is *was/were*.

Godzilla **was** a Japanese film.

Charlie's Angels and Mission Impossible **were** television programmes.

I/He/She/It **was**

You/We/They **were**

SEE LANGUAGE REFERENCE PAGE 76

1 2.23 Listen and make the sentences in the past tense.

- 1 The film is at seven o'clock.
- 2 The tickets are expensive.
- 3 You are on the street.
- 4 It is cold.
- 5 I am late.
- 6 You are angry.

2 Complete the texts about television shows and films with the verb *to be* in the past.

- 1 The first James Bond film Dr No (1962). The actor Sean Connery was James Bond.
- 2 *Bewitched* was a television programme from the 1960s. Nicole Kidman was in the 2005 Hollywood remake.
- 3 The original *Star Trek* was on television from 1966 to 1969.
- 4 The American television programmes *X-files* and *Friends* were very popular in the 1990s.
- 5 *The Lord of the Rings* was a book by JRR Tolkien before it became a series of Hollywood films.

VOCABULARY & PRONUNCIATION: years

1 2.24 Listen and repeat the years.

2008	two thousand and eight
2000	two thousand
1954	nineteen fifty-four
2010	two thousand and ten
1960s	the nineteen sixties

2 Say these years.

1 1889	2 1962
3 1984	4 1977
5 1926	6 2014
7 2009	8 1930

3 2.25 Listen and complete the sentences with a year from exercise 2. When were they born?

Marilyn Monroe

Charlie Chaplin

Jodie Foster

Clint Eastwood

Orlando Bloom

Scarlett Johansson

was born in ...

4 Work in pairs. Repeat the sentences in exercise 3.

SPEAKING

1 2.26 Read and listen to the text.

I'm a child of the 1980s

When I was young my favourite TV shows were *Columbo* and *Dallas*. My favourite actor was Harrison Ford. My favourite singer was Madonna. There was a picture of my favourite football player, Ruud Gullit, on the wall in the bedroom.



2 Work in pairs. Make a similar text about your partner. Don't ask questions, guess.

3 Read your sentences to your partner. Were you correct?

4 Now work with another student. Talk about your partner.

Gabriela is a child of the 1990s. When she was young ...

8B | Crime Scene!

READING

- 1 2.27 Listen and match the words to the pictures A-C.

Fire! Help! Look out!



- 2 You are going to read a dialogue from a TV programme, *Crime Scene*. Check you understand these words.

dead blood fingerprints lawyer divorced



- 3 2.28 Read and listen to the dialogue. Answer the questions.

- What do John Kellerman and Dana Diaz do?
- Does Mr Magnus know Peter Gordon?

Kellerman: Mr Magnus. My name's John Kellerman, and this is Dana Diaz. She works with the Crime Scene department.

Magnus: Well, nice to meet you, but I don't know what this is all about. Why am I here?

Diaz: Mr Magnus, do you know Peter Gordon?

Magnus: Yes, I do. We work at the same factory.

Kellerman: Mr Magnus. I have some bad news. Mr Gordon is ... dead.

Magnus: That's impossible! He was at the factory yesterday!

Diaz: There was a fire at the factory last night Mr Magnus.

Kellerman: Where were you at 8 o'clock last night?

Magnus: Ummm, I was at home.

Kellerman: Really? Were you with somebody? Your wife?

Magnus: No, I wasn't with my wife. I'm divorced.

Diaz: That's right. Your wife, your ex-wife, was Peter Gordon's new girlfriend.

Magnus: Really?

Diaz: Mr Magnus, if you were at home, why were your fingerprints on the factory emergency exit?

Magnus: Wh ... what?

Diaz: Yes, your fingerprints. And why was your blood on Mr Gordon's jacket?

Magnus: Listen, I wasn't at the factory last night and I wasn't with Peter.

Kellerman: Mr Magnus. You *were* at the factory. And you *were* with Mr Gordon.

Magnus: I ... I ...

Diaz: Do you have a good lawyer, Mr Magnus?

- 4 Read the dialogue again and decide if the sentences are true (T) or false (F).

- 1 Mr Magnus is dead.
- 2 Mr Magnus works with Peter Gordon.
- 3 There was a fire at the factory.
- 4 Mr Magnus wasn't at the factory yesterday.
- 5 Mr Magnus isn't married.
- 6 Mr Magnus' blood and fingerprints were at the crime scene.

GRAMMAR: *was/were* (questions, negative and time expressions)

Negative

Add *not* or *n't* to *was/were*.

I wasn't at the factory.

Question

The verb and the subject change places.

Were you at the factory?

Where were you last night?

Short answer

Yes, I was. No, I wasn't.

Time expressions

You can use these time expressions with the past.

yesterday

last night/week/month

Put them at the beginning or end of a sentence.

➤ SEE LANGUAGE REFERENCE PAGE 76

- 1 Rearrange the words to make sentences or questions.

- 1 you friends Were Peter with ?
- 2 factory at the He yesterday was
- 3 fingerprints door Your were the on
- 4 night last you were Where ?
- 5 factory at you the Were ?
- 6 her last night with wasn't I

- 2  2.29 Listen to the recording to check your answers. Repeat the sentences.

- 3 Make questions with *Where* and the words and expressions in the box.

last Friday night last Sunday morning
at 11.15 last night at 5.30 yesterday

- 4 Work in pairs. Ask and answer the questions in exercise 2.

Where were you last Friday night?
I was at home.

SPEAKING

- 1 Play *Find someone who ...*

Move around the class. Ask *Were you...* questions. Answer *Yes, I was.* or *No, I wasn't.* Complete the spaces with names.

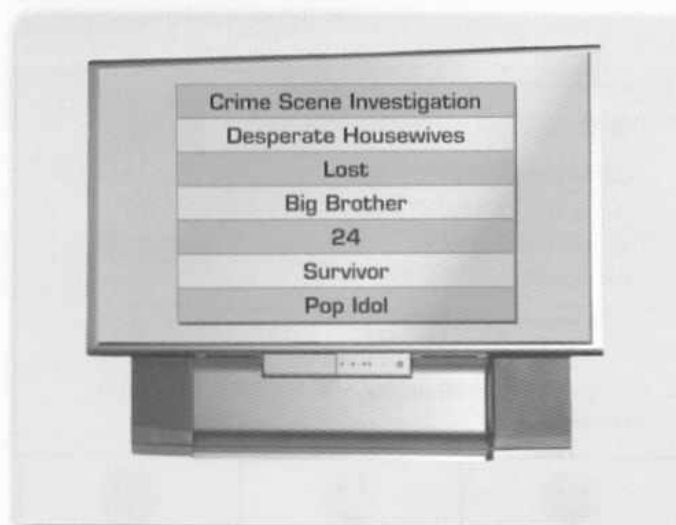
Were you in bed at 9 o'clock last night?
Yes I was.

Find someone who ...

... was in bed at 9 o'clock last night.
... wasn't in English class last week.
... wasn't in bed at 6.30 this morning.
... was at a party last weekend.
... wasn't at work yesterday.
... was at the cinema last Saturday or Sunday.

ENGLISH AROUND YOU: television

- 1 Read the names of famous English/American television programmes from recent years. Do you know these programmes? Do you like them?



- 2 What are these programmes in your language?
- 3 Which other American or English films/TV programmes do you know? What are their names in English?

8c


That's my opinion

VOCABULARY: adjectives of opinion

- 1 Read the three texts and underline the adjectives.

A

Golden Dragon



Restaurant

Located on Centre Street, this Chinese restaurant has good food and the prices aren't bad. We recommend the Sunday lunch 'dim sum'.

B

ROBOT ATTACK!



**** A great science fiction film!
Roger Dryden, Times

**** Very very good. The action doesn't stop!
Duncan Foord, Independent Daily Newspaper

*** I like this film. I like it a lot.
Mercedes Grau, Latin film press

★★★★★




Customer Review

I hate this computer. It's awful. Don't buy it.

Freddy January 4, 2006 London, UK



Complete the chart below with the adjectives from exercise 1.


		

PRONUNCIATION: intonation (3)


- 1  2.30 Listen to the sentences. Are they positive or negative opinions? Underline the correct symbol.

1   3  

2   4  

- 2  2.30 Listen again and repeat the sentences. Copy the intonation.

LISTENING

- 1  2.31 Listen to people talk about their opinions. Match the conversations 1-3 to texts A-C.
- 2 2.31 Listen again and underline the correct words.
- 1 The man likes / doesn't like the computers / the food.
- 2 The woman likes / doesn't like the film / computers.
- 3 The woman likes / doesn't like the film / the food.

FUNCTIONAL LANGUAGE: giving an opinion

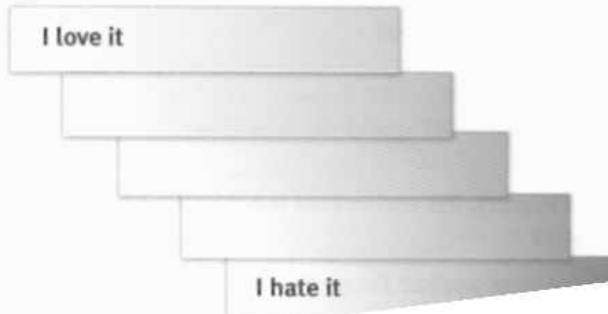
- 1  2.32 Listen and repeat.

A: What do you think of the food?
B: I like it.
C: I think it's great.



- 2 Put the phrases in order on the diagram.

I like it. I don't like it. It's OK.



- 3 Make sentences about the words in the box. Use the phrases from exercise 2.

science fiction films	football	computers
rock music	cats	smoking
		Chinese food

I like football.

I don't like rock music.

Science fiction films are OK.

I don't like smoking.

GRAMMAR: subject & object pronouns

Pronouns have two forms.

Subject pronouns

He is an actor.

Object pronouns

I like **him**.

➤ SEE LANGUAGE REFERENCE PAGE 76

- Look at the tapescript on page 123. Underline all the object pronouns.
- Replace the underlined words below with object pronouns.
 - Do you like Italian food?
Yes, I love Italian food.
 - Do you like dogs?
Yes, I like dogs.
 - Do you like golf?
No, I hate golf.
 - Do you like mornings?
Yes, I like mornings.
 - Do you like Brad Pitt?
No, I don't like Brad Pitt.
 - Do you like Angelina Jolie?
Yes, I love Angelina Jolie.
- Work in pairs. Ask the questions in exercise 2. Give your own answers.

SPEAKING

- Read the instructions to the game.
- Work in small groups. Play the game.

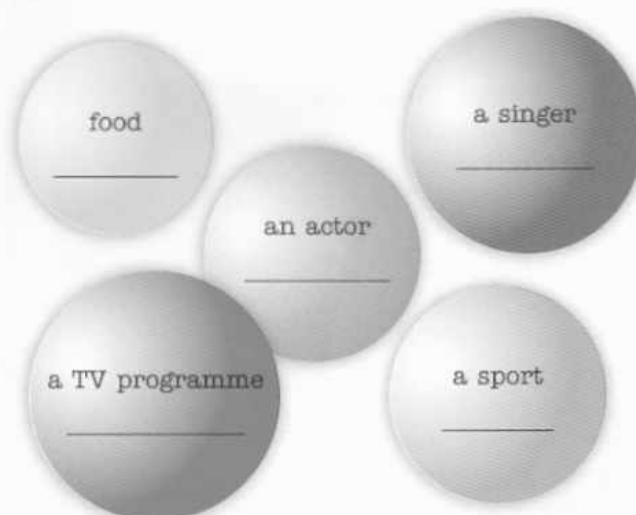
Game: *That's my opinion*

- Complete the circles with names of people or things that you know.
- Work in small groups.
- Ask and give opinions.

What do you think of Shakira?

I love her!

I think she's OK.



Useful language

What do you think of ...?

Do you like ...?

I like/love/hate it.

It's OK.

I think it's/they're great/good/bad.



8D

Review

READING

1 Read the article about two actors.

- 1 Who was on television first, then in movies?
- 2 Who was in movies first, then on television?

From TELEVISION to the MOVIES and VICE VERSA

– a story of two actors

Keifer Sutherland

is the son of actor Donald Sutherland. He was born in 1966, in London, UK. His first film was *Max Dugan Returns*. He was in other Hollywood films in the 1980s and 1990s, but he wasn't usually the main actor. Keifer Sutherland is now most famous for the television series *24*.



George Clooney

is from Kentucky, USA. He was born in 1961. Clooney's father was a newsreader on television and George Clooney's first big acting job was in the television show *ER*. He was a doctor

in that show. George Clooney is now a big Hollywood star, and was in many blockbuster films including *Batman and Robin*, *Ocean's Eleven* and *Syriana*.

2 Read the article again and answer the questions about each actor.

- 1 Where was he born?
- 2 When was he born?
- 3 What was his first acting job?

GRAMMAR

1 Choose the correct answer.

- 1 Please listen ...
 - a) ... to me.
 - b) ... to I.
- 2 Do you like the music group Coldplay?
 - a) I don't know they.
 - b) I don't know them.
- 3 Does you father speak English?
 - a) He speaks a little.
 - b) Him speaks a little.
- 4 She loves me, but I don't ...
 - a) ... love she.
 - b) ... love her.
- 5 They know us but we don't know ...
 - a) ... them.
 - b) ... they.

2 Put the words in the box in the correct order.

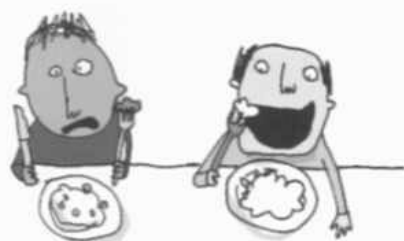
yesterday last night this morning
last Saturday last week last March

NOW

LAST YEAR

VOCABULARY

- 1 Underline the correct word for the dialogues.



- 1 A: Do you like it?
B: No, I don't. It's *great* / *awful*.



- 2 A: What do you think?
B: It's *beautiful* / *ugly*. I love it!



- 3 A: Teacher! Teacher! Look!
B: Very *good* / *bad*, Barnaby. Everybody, look at Barnaby's work.

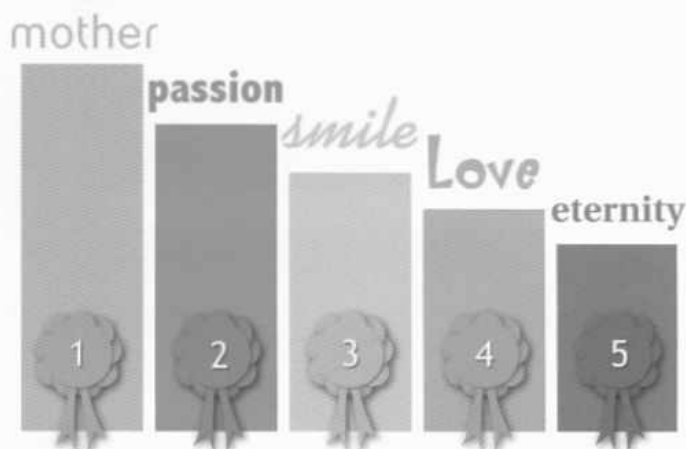


- 4 A: How's the weather today, Jim?
B: The weather today isn't very *good* / *bad*.
- 2 2.33 Listen to the recording to check your answers. Read the dialogues.

FUNCTIONAL LANGUAGE

- 1 2.34 Read and listen to the text.

In 2004, the British Council asked more than 7,000 students of English in 46 countries: What is the most beautiful word in English? Here are the top five words:



- 2 Do you have a favourite word in English? Complete the sentences with words you know in English.

- 1 I like the word ...
2 I love the word...
3 I don't like the word ...
4 I hate the word ...

- 3 Work in pairs. Compare your sentences.

Self assessment (tick ✓)

In English ...

- ☐ I can say when and where I was born.
☐ I can ask about likes and dislikes.
☐ I talk about things I like and don't like.

7 & 8

Language reference

GRAMMAR

There is/there are

Affirmative		
There	is	a supermarket.
	are	two schools.

Negative		
There	isn't	a restaurant.
	aren't	any parks.

Question			Short answer
Is	there	a park?	Yes, there is. No, there isn't.
Are		any parks?	Yes, there are. No, there aren't.

Use *any* with plural nouns in questions and negatives.

There aren't any discos.

Are there any schools?

Yes, there are.

No, there aren't.

Past simple *was/were*

The past simple of *to be* is *was/were*.

Godzilla was a Japanese film.

Charlie's Angels and Mission Impossible were television programmes.

Affirmative & negative		
I He/She/It	was wasn't	on television.
You/We/They	were weren't	

Question

Was	I he/she/it	in a film?
Were	you/we/they	

Time expressions

Use these time expressions with the past.

yesterday/last night/week/month

Put them at the beginning or end of a sentence.

NOW

THIS MORNING

LAST NIGHT

YESTERDAY

LAST SATURDAY

LAST WEEK

LAST MARCH

LAST YEAR

Subject and object pronouns

Pronouns have two forms:

Subject pronouns come before the verb.

He is an actor.

Object pronouns come after the verb.

I like him.

Subject	Object
I	me
you	you
he	him
she	her
it	it
we	us
they	them

FUNCTIONAL LANGUAGE

Survival English

I'm sorry, I don't speak English.

I don't understand.

I only speak a little English.

Can you repeat, please?

Do you speak German?

*I'm sorry, I don't
speak English.*



Giving an opinion

What do you think of the food?

I think it's great/awful.

I like it.

It's OK.

I don't like it.

WORD LIST

Places in a city

airport <i>n</i> ***	/ˈeəpɔ:t/
bank <i>n</i> ***	/bæŋk/
beach <i>n</i> **	/bi:tʃ/
bridge <i>n</i> **	/brɪdʒ/
castle <i>n</i> **	/ˈkɑ:səl/
hospital <i>n</i> ***	/ˈhɒspɪtl/
market <i>n</i> **	/ˈmɑ:kət/
museum <i>n</i> ***	/mjuːˈzi:əm/
park <i>n</i> **	/pɑ:k/
river <i>n</i> ***	/ˈrɪvə/
shop <i>n</i> ***	/ʃɒp/
supermarket <i>n</i> *	/ˈsu:pəmə:kət/
(train) station <i>n</i> ***	/(treɪn) ˈsteɪʃən/

Things to take on holiday/Travel words

luggage <i>n</i>	/ˈlʌɡɪdʒ/
map <i>n</i> **	/mæp/
money <i>n</i> ***	/ˈmʌni/
passport <i>n</i> *	/ˈpɑ:spɔ:t/
phrase book <i>n</i>	/ˈfreɪz bʊk/
ticket (single/return) <i>n</i> ***	/ˈtɪkɪt (ˈsɪŋɡəl/rɪˈtʌn)/
visa <i>n</i>	/ˈvi:zə/

Adjectives

awful <i>adj</i> **	/ɔ:fəl/
bad <i>adj</i> ***	/bæd/
beautiful <i>adj</i> ***	/ˈbju:təfl/
big <i>adj</i> ***	/bɪɡ/
cheap <i>adj</i> ***	/tʃi:p/
expensive <i>adj</i> ***	/ɪkˈspensɪv/
favourite <i>adj</i> **	/ˈfeɪvərət/
friendly <i>adj</i> **	/ˈfrendli/
giant <i>adj</i>	/ˈdʒaɪənt/
good <i>adj</i> ***	/ɡʊd/
great <i>adj</i> ***	/ɡreɪt/
nice <i>adj</i> ***	/naɪs/
original <i>adj</i> ***	/əˈrɪdʒɪnəl/
popular <i>adj</i> ***	/ˈpɒpjələ/
real <i>adj</i> ***	/riəl/
small <i>adj</i> ***	/smɔ:l/
ugly <i>adj</i> *	/ʌɡli/
unfriendly <i>adj</i>	/ʌnˈfrendli/

Other words & phrases

actor <i>n</i> ***	/ˈæktə/
again <i>adv</i> ***	/əˈɡen; əˈɡeɪn/
bar <i>n</i> ***	/bɑ:/
blood <i>n</i> ***	/blʌd/
break <i>n</i> **	/breɪk/
dead <i>adj</i> ***	/ded/
desk <i>n</i> ***	/desk/
detective <i>n</i> *	/dɪˈtektɪv/
divorced <i>adj</i> *	/dɪˈvɔ:st/
ex-wife <i>n</i>	/eksˈwaɪf/
fingerprint <i>n</i>	/ˈfɪŋɡəprɪnt/
fire <i>n</i> ***	/faɪə/
impossible <i>adj</i> ***	/ɪmˈpɒsəbl/
lawyer <i>n</i> **	/ˈlɔ:jə/
many <i>det</i> ***	/ˈmeni/
opera <i>n</i>	/ˈɒprə/
parking <i>n</i>	/ˈpɑ:kɪŋ/
programme <i>n</i> ***	/ˈprəʊɡræm/
public transport <i>n</i>	/ˈpʌblɪk ˈtrænspɔ:t/
pull <i>v</i> ***	/pʊl/
puppet <i>n</i>	/ˈpʌpət/
push <i>v</i> ***	/pʊʃ/
remake <i>n</i>	/ˈrɪːmeɪk/
scene <i>n</i> ***	/si:n/
series <i>n</i> ***	/ˈsiəri:z/
show <i>v</i> ***	/ʃəʊ/
statue <i>n</i>	/ˈstætju:/
stay <i>v</i> ***	/steɪ/
stop <i>v</i> ***	/stɒp/
tour <i>n</i> **	/tuə/
wake up <i>v</i> ***	/ˈweɪk ˈʌp/
weekend <i>n</i> ***	/ˈwi:kend/