RBarros Docker Deployment

This Docker Compose setup provides a complete containerized environment for the RBarros application, including:

- Frontend: Vue.js application served by Nginx
- Backend: Node.js/Express API server
- Database: MySQL 8.0 database
- Reverse Proxy: Nginx for load balancing and SSL termination

Prerequisites

- Docker Engine 20.10+
- Docker Compose 2.0+
- At least 4GB of available RAM
- Ports 80, 3000, 3306, and 8080 available on your host machine

Docker Compose Configuration

This project uses a clean 3-file setup:

docker-compose.base.yml (Base Configuration)

- Shared configuration for all environments
- Defines services without environment-specific settings
- No port mappings (defined in override files)

docker-compose.prod.yml (Production Overrides)

- Production-specific settings
- Port mapping: 8080:80 (Nginx serving static files)
- Used with: make prod

docker-compose.dev.yml (Development Overrides)

- Development-specific settings
- Port mapping: 8080:8080 (Vue CLI dev server)
- Volume mounts for live code editing and hot reloading
- Used with: make dev

Quick Start

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Production Mode (Default)

1. Setup environment:

```
# Copy the environment template
cp env.example .env

# Edit the .env file with your actual values
nano .env
```

2. Start production services:

```
# Using Makefile (recommended)
make prod

# Or directly with Docker Compose
docker-compose up -d
```

Development Mode

- 1. **Setup environment** (same as above)
- 2. Start development services:

```
# Using Makefile (recommended)
make dev

# Or directly with Docker Compose
docker-compose -f docker-compose.yml -f docker-compose.dev.yml up -d
```

3. Check service status:

```
docker-compose ps
```

Service URLs

Production Mode

- Application: http://localhost (via Nginx reverse proxy)
- **Frontend**: http://localhost:8080
- Backend API: http://localhost:3000
- Database: localhost:3306

Development Mode

- Application: http://localhost (via Nginx reverse proxy)
- **Frontend**: http://localhost:8080 (with hot reload)

- Backend API: http://localhost:3000 (with hot reload)
- Database: localhost:3306

Environment Configuration

Required Environment Variables

Copy env.example to .env and configure the following:

Database Settings

```
DB_HOST=database
DB_USER=rbarros_user
DB_PASSWORD=your-secure-password
DB_NAME=rbarros_db
MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD=your-root-password
```

Application Secrets

```
SECRET_KEY=your-jwt-secret-key-minimum-32-characters
SECRET_KEY_REFRESH_TOKEN=your-refresh-token-secret
```

External Services

```
SENDGRID_API_KEY=your-sendgrid-api-key
WEBHOOK_SECRET=your-webhook-secret
VUE_APP_API_URL=http://localhost:3000
```

Note: Production configuration requires all environment variables to be set. Development mode provides sensible defaults for most values.

Database Setup

Initial Database Setup

1. Create database initialization scripts (optional):

```
mkdir -p rbarros-backend/database/init
```

- 2. Add SQL initialization files to rbarros-backend/database/init/ directory:
 - o Files will be executed in alphabetical order

```
Use .sql or .sh extensions
```

Database Access

```
# Connect to MySQL container
docker-compose exec database mysql -u rbarros_user -p rbarros_db
# Or using root
docker-compose exec database mysql -u root -p
```

Development vs Production

Development Mode

For development with hot reloading:

```
# Override the docker-compose for development
docker-compose -f docker-compose.yml -f docker-compose.dev.yml up -d
```

Production Mode

The default configuration is optimized for production:

- Multi-stage builds for smaller images
- Non-root users for security
- · Health checks for reliability
- Nginx reverse proxy with rate limiting

Common Commands

Service Management

```
# Start all services
docker-compose up -d

# Stop all services
docker-compose down

# Restart a specific service
docker-compose restart backend

# Rebuild and restart
docker-compose up -d --build
```

Logs and Debugging

```
# View logs
docker-compose logs -f [service-name]

# Execute commands in containers
docker-compose exec backend sh
docker-compose exec frontend sh
docker-compose exec database bash
```

Database Operations

```
# Backup database
docker-compose exec database mysqldump -u root -p rbarros_db > backup.sql

# Restore database
docker-compose exec -T database mysql -u root -p rbarros_db < backup.sql</pre>
```

Scaling

Scale specific services:

```
# Scale backend to 3 instances
docker-compose up -d --scale backend=3

# Scale with load balancer update
docker-compose up -d --scale backend=3 --scale frontend=2
```

SSL/HTTPS Setup

1. Generate SSL certificates:

```
mkdir -p nginx/ssl
# Add your SSL certificates to nginx/ssl/
```

- 2. **Update nginx configuration** for HTTPS in nginx/nginx.conf
- 3. Restart nginx:

```
docker-compose restart nginx
```

Monitoring and Health Checks

Health Check Endpoints

- Backend: http://localhost:3000/health
- Frontend: http://localhost:8080 (nginx status)

Container Health Status

```
docker-compose ps
```

Troubleshooting

Common Issues

1. Port conflicts:

```
# Check what's using the ports
netstat -tulpn | grep :80
netstat -tulpn | grep :3000
```

2. Database connection issues:

```
# Check database logs
docker-compose logs database

# Verify database is ready
docker-compose exec database mysqladmin ping -h localhost
```

3. Frontend build issues:

```
# Rebuild frontend
docker-compose build --no-cache frontend
```

4. Backend API issues:

```
# Check backend logs
docker-compose logs backend

# Test backend health
curl http://localhost:3000/health
```

Reset Everything

```
# Stop and remove all containers, networks, and volumes
docker-compose down -v --remove-orphans

# Remove all images
docker-compose down --rmi all

# Start fresh
docker-compose up -d --build
```

Security Considerations

- 1. Change default passwords in production
- 2. Use strong JWT secrets (minimum 32 characters)
- 3. **Configure firewall** to restrict database access
- 4. Enable SSL/HTTPS for production
- 5. Regular security updates for base images
- 6. Monitor logs for suspicious activity

Performance Optimization

1. **Resource limits** in docker-compose.yml:

```
deploy:
    resources:
    limits:
        memory: 512M
        cpus: '0.5'
```

2. Database optimization:

- Configure MySQL settings in database/my.cnf
- Set up proper indexes
- Regular database maintenance

3. Nginx caching:

- Configure static asset caching
- Enable gzip compression
- Set up proxy caching

Backup Strategy

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1. Database backups:

```
# Automated backup script
docker-compose exec database mysqldump -u root -p rbarros_db | gzip >
backup-$(date +%Y%m%d).sql.gz
```

2. Volume backups:

```
# Backup persistent volumes
docker run --rm -v rbarros-deployment_mysql_data:/data -v $(pwd):/backup
alpine tar czf /backup/mysql_data_backup.tar.gz -C /data .
```

Support

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For issues and questions:

1. Check the logs: docker-compose logs

2. Verify service health: docker-compose ps

3. Review this documentation

4. Check the individual service README files