

1. 需求说明

在算法模块，完成异常检测的能力构建。当前仅后端任务，用python实现。算法模块以指标的形式输出模型计算后的预测值和异常值。

2. 概要设计

2.1.相关概念说明

2.1.1. 异常检测

根据时序指标的历史值建模，分析当前值是否异常

2.1.2. Handler

API处理服务，负责解析api接口的指令和配置数据。

2.1.3. Scheduler

调度器，负责调度模型参数训练任务和当前异常检测任务。

2.1.4. Connector

连接器，负责数据的查询和写入。

2.1.5. Model

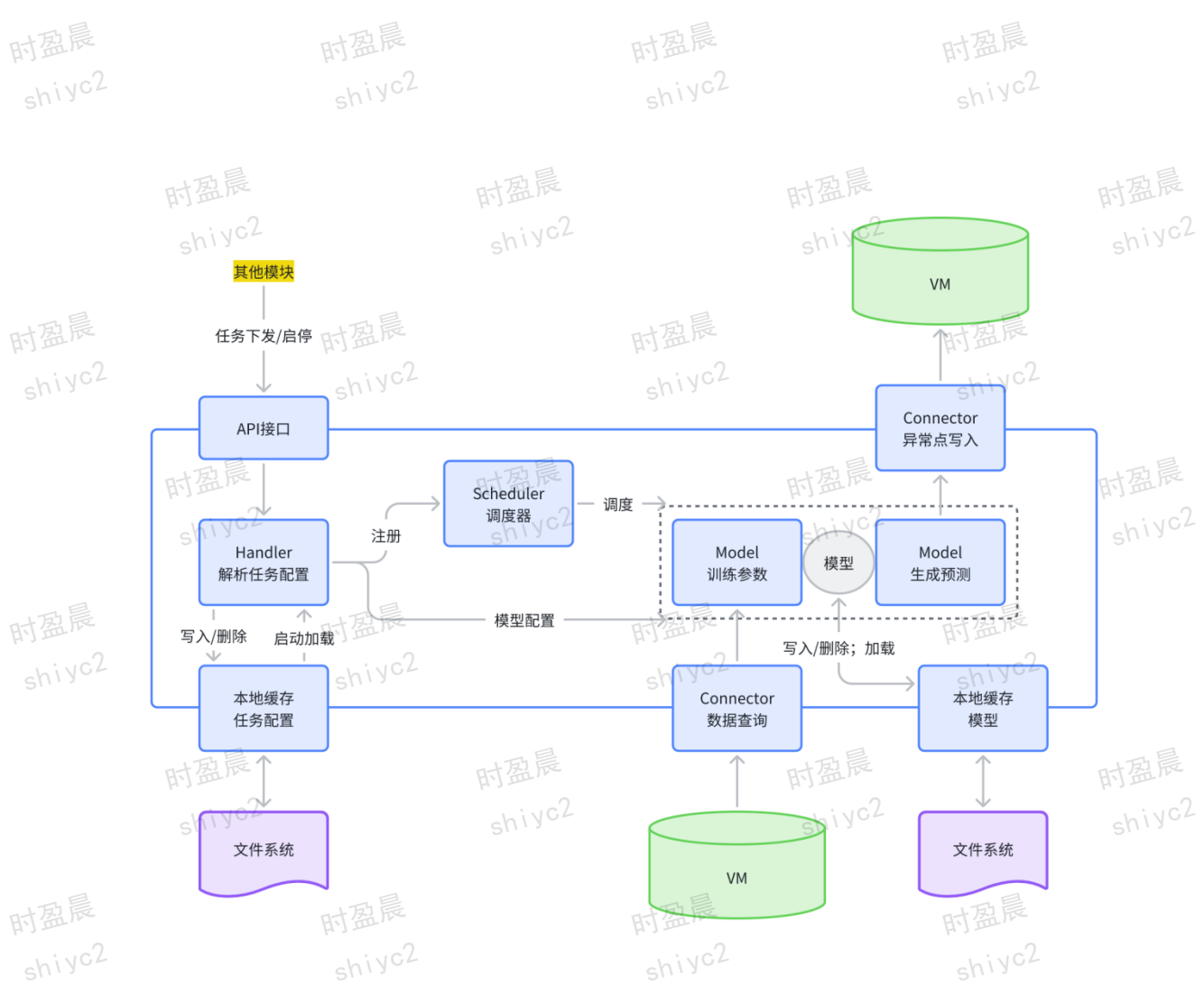
模型。负责训练和预测。

2.2.流程图

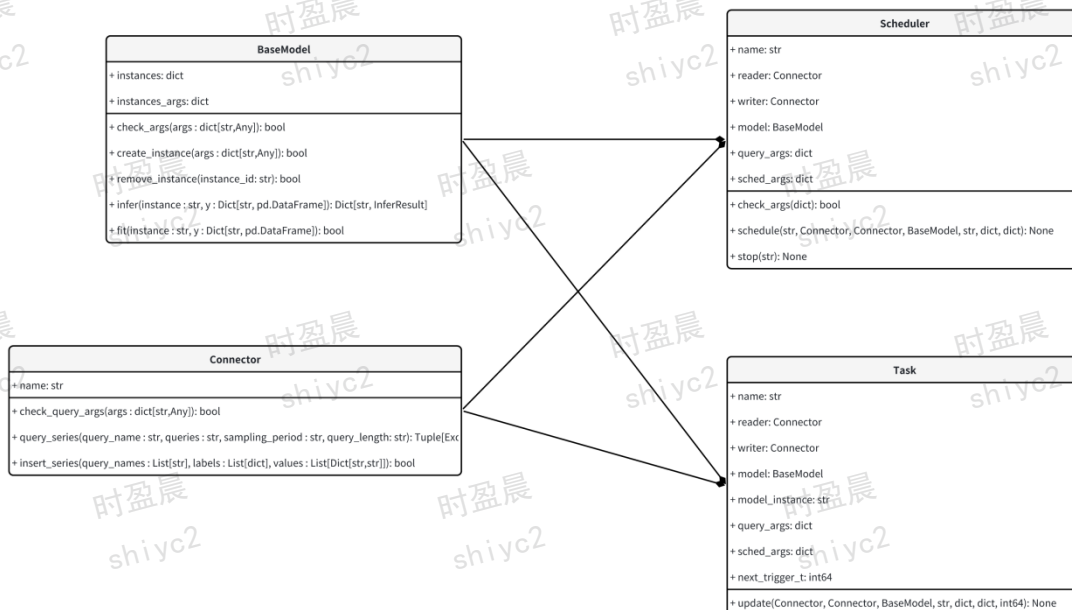
算法模块分为两个能力：第一是预测能力，第二是异常检测能力。

预测能力指的是，采用历史的指标数据训练一个模型（注意，每个时间序列都会对应一个模型），再利用训练好的模型，预测某一段时间内的指标值。

异常检测能力指的是，根据预测的指标值，包括预测的上下限，和真实的指标值进行计算，反应当前真实指标值偏离预测的程度，这个程度即为“异常分数”。



2.3.主要类图



2.4.组件

2.4.1.调度器

- 周期调度器 (Periodic)

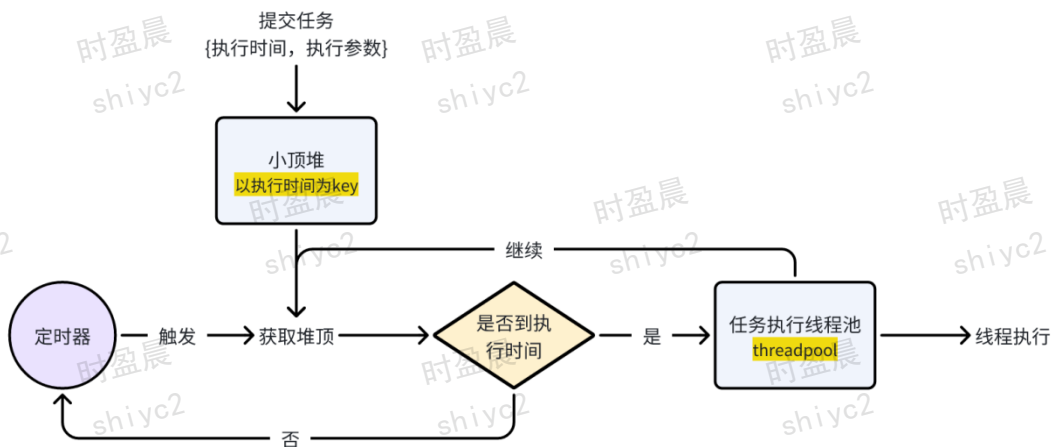
- 调度器参数：

单任务参数：

```
{  
    "infer_every": "多长时间推理一次，必填，格式类似于  
5s/5m/5h/5d/5w",  
    "infer_window": "推理的时间跨度，必填，格式类似于  
5s/5m/5h/5d/5w",  
    "fit_every": "多长时间训练一次，必填，格式类似于  
5s/5m/5h/5d/5w",  
    "fit_window": "训练数据的时间跨度，必填，格式类似于  
5s/5m/5h/5d/5w"  
}
```

全局参数（在服务的全局配置文件中，提交任务时不用给）：

```
{  
    "max_tasks": -1 //最大任务数，超过则拒绝，-1为不限制  
}
```



- 单次任务调度器

执行一次“训练”+“推理”的步骤。

单次任务调度器是服务强制加载的，无需启动时指定。

- 调度器参数

```
{  
    "infer_window": "推理的时间跨度，必填，格式类似于  
5s/5m/5h/5d/5w",  
    "fit_window": "训练数据的时间跨度，必填，格式类似于  
5s/5m/5h/5d/5w"  
}
```

2.4.2.模型

主要负责指标的异常检测，滚动训练，定时输出指标值的异常分数，分数在(-1,1)可认为此指标在此时刻正常，否则异常，绝对值越高越严重。正数意味着因偏高而异常，负数意味着因偏低而异常。

当前支持以下模型：

1. Prophet模型 (Prophet)

- 模型参数（所有参数均选填，具体含义参考官网

https://facebook.github.io/prophet/docs/quick_start.html#python-api)

```
{
  "growth": "linear",
  "changepoints": null,
  "n_changepoints": 25,
  "changepoint_range": 0.8,
  "yearly_seasonality": "auto",
  "weekly_seasonality": "auto",
  "daily_seasonality": "auto",
  "holidays": null,
  "seasonality_mode": "additive",
  "seasonality_prior_scale": 10,
  "holidays_prior_scale": 10,
  "changepoint_prior_scale": 0.05,
  "mcmc_samples": 0,
  "interval_width": 0.8,
  "uncertainty_samples": 1000
}
```

2.4.3.输入输出

- 支持的连接器列表：

- Victorimetrics：输入、输出
- Pulsar：输出
- 标准输入输出：输出

- 输出指标：查询表达式返回的label都会添加到输出指标中，任务参数中的\${query_name}会写到标签“__for”中。

- __model_output_y：指标原始值，仅异常检测任务有此指标
- __model_output_yhat：指标预测中位值
- __model_output_yhat_upper：指标预测范围的上限
- __model_output_yhat_lower：指标预测范围的下限
- __model_output_anomaly_score：指标异常分数，仅异常检测任务有此指标

3. 数据库设计

无

4. 接口设计

— 接口列表

● 任务提交

【注】若提交时name重复，则会更新此任务。更新任务为CPU高负载工作，故尽量不要重复提交任务。

URL	srv-algorithm:8450/submit/{tenant}
参数	tenant：租户ID，int64，是数据源的租户
调用方法	POST
请求体	<pre>{ "name": "task名称，自定义，特殊字符仅支持'-','/','_','.',每个租户唯一，必填", "reader": "数据查询组件，选择，范围由服务配置文件确定（配置文件中connector.name, pipeline包含reader的）", "writer": "数据写入组件，选择，范围由服务配置文件确定（配置文件中connector.name, pipeline包含writer的）", "model": "模型，选择，范围由服务配置文件确定（配置文件中model.name）", "model_args": {}, // 模型参数，由具体模型确定 "scheduler": "调度器，选择，范围由服务配置文件确定（配置文件中scheduler.name）", "scheduler_args": {}, // 调度器参数，有具体调度器确定 "query_name": "本次任务的查询名称，用于输出指标的_for标签，每个租户唯一", "query_args": { "queries": "查询表达式", "sampling_period_fit": "训练采样间隔，例如：5m", "sampling_period_infer": "推理采样间隔，例如：1m" } }</pre>
响应体	失败返回错误信息； 成功返回'success'

● 任务停止

URL	srv-algorithm:8450/stop/{tenant}
参数	tenant：租户ID，int64，是数据源的租户
调用方法	POST

请求体	<pre>{ "schedule": "调度器，选择，范围由服务配置文件确定", "name": "任务名称" }</pre>
响应体	失败返回错误信息； 成功返回'success'

● 模型测试

执行单次训练和检测，返回结果

URL	srv-algorithm:8450/test/{tenant}
参数	tenant: 租户ID, int64, 是数据源的租户
调用方法	POST
请求体	<pre>{ "reader": "数据查询组件，选择，范围由服务配置文件确定（配置文件中connector.name, pipeline包含reader的）", "writer": "数据写入组件，选择，范围由服务配置文件确定（配置文件中connector.name, pipeline包含writer的）", "model": "模型，选择，范围由服务配置文件确定（配置文件中model.name）", "model_args": {}, // 模型参数，由具体模型确定 "scheduler_args": { // 单次任务调度器参数 "infer_window": "12h", "fit_window": "12h" }, "query_name": "本次任务的查询名称", "query_args": { "queries": "查询表达式", "sampling_period_fit": "训练采样间隔，例如：5m", "sampling_period_infer": "推理采样间隔，例如：1m" } }</pre>
响应体	<pre>{ "anomaly": { // 异常检测结果 "cpu_usage-202.4": { // query_name "data": { // 和prometheus query_range结构一致 "result": [{ "metric": { "__name__": "_model_output_y", "_res_id": "507215006502145", "_res_ip": "192.168.202.4", "_res_model": "Switch", "_task_id": "1868911926194339841" }, "values": [1734483840.0, 6.0] }] } } } }</pre>

```

    ],
    ...
  ],
  },
  {...}
],
},
},
"original": { // 原始查询结果
  "cpu_usage-202.4": { // query_name
    "data": { // 和prometheus query_range结构一致
      "result": [...]
    }
  }
}
}
}

```

— 任务配置示例

每个任务在服务的本地文件系统都存有一份配置信息，路径在 `${home}/task/${tenantid}/${task-name}.yaml`，其中 `${home}` 是服务数据目录的根路径，`${tenantid}` 是租户ID（需要和数据源，例如VM使用的租户ID保持一致），`${task-name}` 是task名称（即），每个租户下唯一。一个推荐配置如下：

```

model_args: {}
model_name: prophet
name: yc-task
query_args:
  queries: os.mem.used
  sampling_period_fit: 5m
  sampling_period_infer: 1m
query_name: os_mem_used
reader_name: vm-source
scheduler_args:
  fit_every: 1d
  fit_window: 14d
  infer_every: 1m
  infer_window: 5m
scheduler_name: periodical
writer_name: vm-source

```

配置中的字段与提交任务接口中的字段一一对应。

5. 部署说明

服务由python编写，需要的基础环境为python3.10。安装其他依赖可以执行：

```
pip install -r requirements.txt
```

如果需要部署镜像，本地执行：

```
pip download -r ./requirements.txt -d ./lib/
```

将包下载到lib文件夹下，一并打入基础镜像中，在dockerbuild时执行包安装：

```
pip install --no-index --find-links=./lib -r ./requirements.txt
```

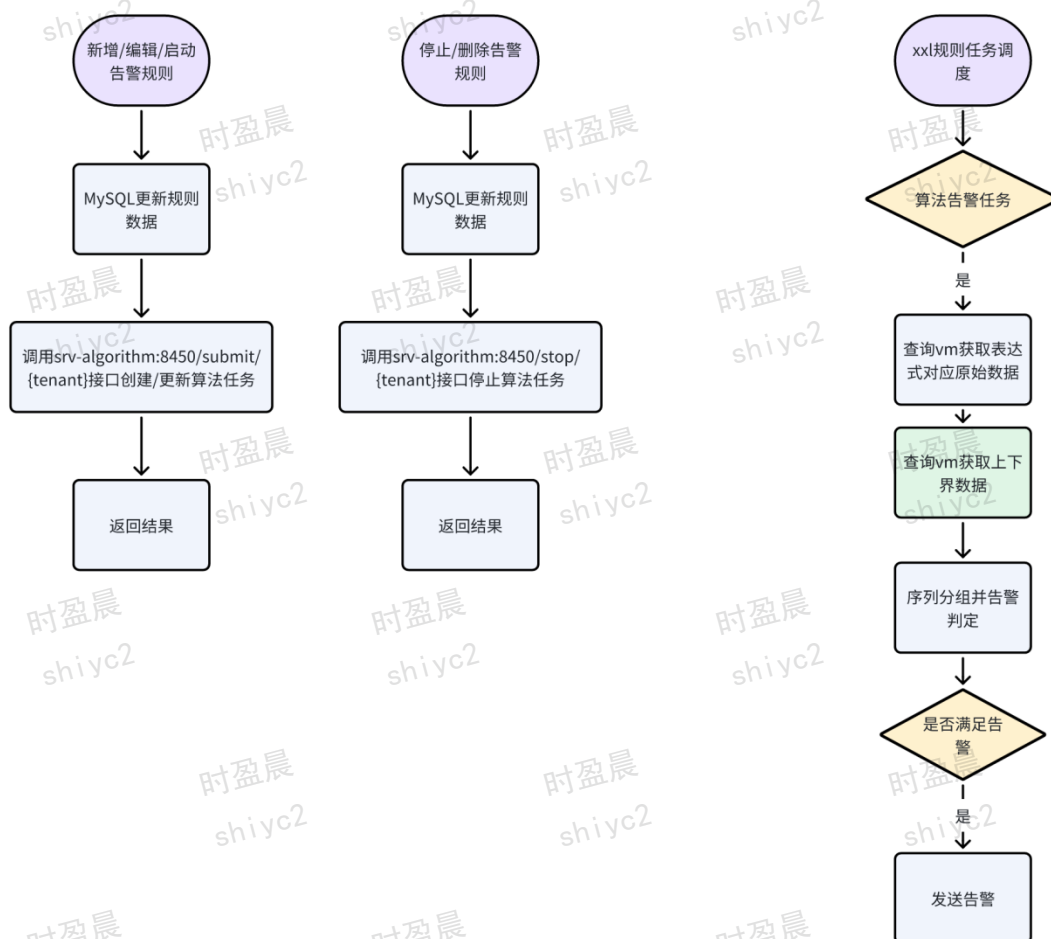
资源限制：视数据量，启动内存占用大概80M，单条时间序列训练的模型可以按照？计算内存占用。

业务指标定义（promethues）——暂未开发

6. 监控器改造点

5.1. 后端

5.1.1 接口&告警判定逻辑



5.1.2 算法任务参数

算法任务参数	对应取值
name	告警规则名
reader	默认vm-source

writer	默认vm-source
model	根据告警规则中配置的范型id, 取自范型数据
model_args	根据告警规则中配置的范型id, 取自范型数据
model_args.interval_width	对应告警规则中配置的置信区间比例值 \$.config.intervalWidth
scheduler	默认periodical
scheduler_args	默认 : { "fit_every": "1d", "fit_window": "14d", "infer_every": "1m", "infer_window": "5m" }
query_name	detector-rule-{告警规则id}
query_args	"query_args": { "queries": "{{查询表达式}}", "sampling_period_fit": "5m", "sampling_period_infer": "{{execInterval}}" }

5.1.3. 接口

5.1.3.1. 算法范型接口

URI	/srv-detector/anomaly-detection/paradigm/list
Method	GET
Response	{ "code": 0, "msg": "成功", "data": [{ "id": "asdasasda", "name": "", "param": { "growth": "linear", "changepoints": null, "n_changepoints": 25, "changepoint_range": 0.8, "yearly_seasonality": "auto", "weekly_seasonality": "auto", "daily_seasonality": "auto", "holidays": null, "seasonality_mode": "additive", "seasonality_prior_scale": 10, "holidays_prior_scale": 10, "changepoint_prior_scale": 0.05, "mcmc_samples": 0, "interval_width": 0.8, "uncertainty_samples": 1000 } }] }

5.1.3.2. 算法训练结果趋势图

字段	类型	描述
\$.fitWindow	String	训练数据的时间跨度，必填，格式类似于5s/5m/5h/5d/5w
\$.config.type	String	规则类型，此处算法异常检测type值为ANOMALY_DETECTION
\$.config.algorithmParadigmId	String	算法范型id，值为7.1.3.1算法范型接口的列表元素id (\$.data[*].id)
\$.config.intervalWidth	double	控制置信区间的宽度，即算法结果上下界宽度，默认0.8
\$.config.compareType	String	比较类型：大于上界-GT_UPPER、小于下界-LT_LOWER、大于上界或小于下界-OUT OF RANGE

URI	/srv-detector/anomaly-detection/query-range
Method	PSOT
Request	<pre>{ "fitWindow": "12h", "config": { "algorithmParadigmId": "common_paradigms", "intervalWidth": 0.8, "compareType": "OUT_OF_RANGE", "queryConfig": { "metricCode": "cpu.usage", "aggreType": "AVG", "groupBys": ["_res_ip", "_res_model"], "selectConditions": [{ "editorMode": "builder" }], "type": "ANOMALY_DETECTION", "alertCriteria": [{ "level": "CRITICAL", "triggerCount": 1, "logical": "AND", "conditions": [{ "operator": "EQUAL", "value": 1 }] }], { "level": "MAJOR", "triggerCount": 1, "logical": "AND", </pre>

	<pre>"conditions": [{ "operator": "EQUAL", "value": null }], { "level": "MODERATE", "triggerCount": 1, "logical": "AND", "conditions": [{ "operator": "EQUAL", "value": null }] }, { "level": "MINOR", "triggerCount": 1, "logical": "AND", "conditions": [{ "operator": "EQUAL", "value": null }] }], "noDataTriggerCount": 1, "noDataLevel": null, "resolveTriggerCount": 1, "abnormalDuration": "1" }, "execInterval": "1m" }</pre>
Response	<pre>{ "msg": "处理成功！", "body": [{ "metric": { "_res_ip": "192.168.202.3", "_res_model": "Switch" }, "values": [{ "1734542940.0": "3.0" }, { "1734543240.0": "3.0" }] }] }</pre>

	<pre>"metric": { "_res_ip": "192.168.202.4", "_res_model": "Switch" }, "values": [{ "1734543060.0": "3.0" }, { "1734543360.0": "3.0" }] }, { "metric": { "_res_ip": "192.168.235.10", "_res_model": "OS" }, "values": [{ "1734543000.0": "1.0" }, { "1734543300.0": "1.0" }] }], [{ "metric": { "_name": "_model_output_y", "_res_ip": "192.168.202.3", "_res_model": "Switch" }, "values": [{ "1734542940.0": "3.0" }, { "1734543240.0": "3.0" }] }, { "metric": { "_name": "_model_output_yhat", "_res_ip": "192.168.202.3", "_res_model": "Switch" }, "values": [{ "1734542940.0": "1.0" }, { "1734543240.0": "1.0" }] }]</pre>
--	---

	<pre>[{ "metric": { "_name_": "_model_output_yhat_lower", "_res_ip": "192.168.202.3", "_res_model": "Switch" }, "values": [{ "1734542940.0": "0.9999999987394873" }, { "1734543240.0": "0.9999999986925525" }] }, { "metric": { "_name_": "_model_output_yhat_upper", "_res_ip": "192.168.202.3", "_res_model": "Switch" }, "values": [{ "1734542940.0": "1.0000000013235644" }, { "1734543240.0": "1.0000000013043118" }] }, { "metric": { "_name_": "_model_output_anomaly_score", "_res_ip": "192.168.202.3", "_res_model": "Switch" }, "values": [{ "1734542940.0": "1547941451.3578053" }, { "1734543240.0": "1531534728.9098954" }] }], "httpStatusCode": 200 }</pre>
--	---

5.1.3.3. 创建监控器告警规则

字段	类型	描述
----	----	----

\$.type	String	规则类型，此处算法异常检测 type值为 ANOMALY_DETECTION
\$.config.type	String	规则类型，此处算法异常检测 type值为 ANOMALY_DETECTION
\$.config.algorithmParadigmId	String	算法范型id，值为7.1.3.1算法范型 接口的列表元素id (\$.data[*].id)
\$.config.intervalWidth	double	控制置信区间的宽度，即算法结 果上下界宽度，默认0.8
\$.config.compareType	String	比较类型：大于上界-GT_UPPER 、小于下界-LT_LOWER、大于 上界或小于下界- OUT_OF_RANGE

URI	/srv-monitor/monitor-strategy/add
Method	POST
Request	<pre> { "resType": "PhysicalServer", "name": "qweqwe", "defaultType": 0, "desc": null, "resIds": null, "resGroupIds": null, "rules": [{ "metricCode": "cpu.usage", "status": 1, "metricName": "CPU利用率", "config": { "algorithmParadigmId": "asdasdasdas", "intervalWidth": 0.8, "compareType": "OUT_OF_RANGE", "queryConfig": { "metricCode": "cpu.usage", "aggreType": "AVG", "groupBys": ["_res_ip", "_res_model"], "selectConditions": [{ "label": "_res_ip", "value": "192.168.202.3", "logic": "AND", "op": "EQUAL" }], "editorMode": "builder" } }, "type": "ANOMALY_DETECTION", "alertCriteria": [{ </pre>

	<pre>"level": "CRITICAL", "triggerCount": 1, "logical": "AND", "conditions": [{ "operator": "EQUAL", "value": 1 }], }, { "level": "MAJOR", "triggerCount": 1, "logical": "AND", "conditions": [{ "operator": "EQUAL", "value": null }] }, { "level": "MODERATE", "triggerCount": 1, "logical": "AND", "conditions": [{ "operator": "EQUAL", "value": null }] }, { "level": "MINOR", "triggerCount": 1, "logical": "AND", "conditions": [{ "operator": "EQUAL", "value": null }] },], "noDataTriggerCount": 1, "noDataLevel": null, "resolveTriggerCount": 1, "abnormalDuration": "1" }, "unit": "%", "metricType": 2, "description": "CPU利用率是指在一定时间内，CPU执行指令的比率。它通常用来衡量系统计算资源的使用情况", "execInterval": "1m", >alertTemplateConfig": { "type": 0,</pre>
--	--

	<pre> "alert": "\${resource.typeName}(名称: \${resource.name}, IP : \${resource.ip}), \${query.metricName} 触发【\${rule.level}】告警, 最近值为\${rule.result}。", "resolve": "\${resource.typeName}(名称: \${resource.name}, IP : \${resource.ip}), \${query.metricName} 告警【\${rule.level}】, 最近值为\${rule.result}。", "noData": "\${resource.typeName}(名称: \${resource.name}, IP : \${resource.ip}), \${query.metricName} 的最近数据为空, 触发【\${rule.level}】告警。" }, "type": "ANOMALY_DETECTION", "delayConfig": { }, },], "monitoringPeriodConfig": [{ "dayOfWeeks": ["MONDAY", "TUESDAY", "WEDNESDAY", "THURSDAY", "FRIDAY", "SATURDAY", "SUNDAY"], "startTime": "00:00", "endTime": "23:59" }], "dataType": 0, "status": 0 } </pre>
Response	<pre> { "code": 0, "msg": "成功", "data": {} } </pre>

5.1.3.4. 编辑监控器告警规则

URI	/srv-monitor/monitor-strategy/edit
Method	POST
Request	<pre> { "resType": "PhysicalServer", "name": "qweqwe", "defaultType": 0, "desc": null, "resIds": null, "resGroupIds": null, "rules": [{ "metricCode": "cpu.usage", "status": 1, </pre>

	<pre>"metricName": "CPU利用率", "config": { "algorithmParadigmId": "asdasdasdas", "intervalWidth": 0.8, "compareType": "OUT_OF_RANGE", "queryConfig": { "metricCode": "cpu.usage", "aggreType": "AVG", "groupBys": ["_res_ip", "_res_model"], "selectConditions": [{ "label": "_res_ip", "value": "192.168.202.3", "logic": "AND", "op": "EQUAL" }], "editorMode": "builder" }, "type": "ANOMALY_DETECTION", "alertCriteria": [{ "level": "CRITICAL", "triggerCount": 1, "logical": "AND", "conditions": [{ "operator": "GT", "value": 80 }] }, { "level": "MAJOR", "triggerCount": 1, "logical": "AND", "conditions": [{ "operator": "GT", "value": null }] }, { "level": "MODERATE", "triggerCount": 1, "logical": "AND", "conditions": [{ "operator": "GT", "value": null }] }] }</pre>
--	---

	<pre> { "level": "MINOR", "triggerCount": 1, "logical": "AND", "conditions": [{ "operator": "GT", "value": null }] }, { "noDataTriggerCount": 1, "noDataLevel": null, "resolveTriggerCount": 1, "abnormalDuration": "1" }, { "unit": "%", "metricType": 2, "description": "CPU利用率是指在一定时间内，CPU执行指令的比率。它通常用来衡量系统计算资源的使用情况", "execInterval": "1m", "alertTemplateConfig": { "type": 0, "alert": "\${resource.typeName}(名称：\${resource.name}, IP：\${resource.ip}), \${query.metricName}触发【\${rule.level}】告警，最近值为\${rule.result}。", "resolve": "\${resource.typeName}(名称：\${resource.name}, IP：\${resource.ip}), \${query.metricName}告警【\${rule.level}】，最近值为\${rule.result}。", "noData": "\${resource.typeName}(名称：\${resource.name}, IP：\${resource.ip}), \${query.metricName}的最近数据为空，触发【\${rule.level}】告警。" }, "type": "ANOMALY_DETECTION", "delayConfig": { }, "id": "1869209345426874369" }, { "monitoringPeriodConfig": [{ "dayOfWeeks": ["MONDAY", "TUESDAY", "WEDNESDAY", "THURSDAY", "FRIDAY", "SATURDAY", "SUNDAY"], "startTime": "00:00", "endTime": "23:59" }] } </pre>
--	---

