

Cours Web Semantique et Ontologies
M2P Génie Informatique UFR IM2AG – UGA

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TP WEB DES DONNÉES

DONNÉES LIÉES (LINKED DATA)

Ce TP est une adaptation de :

What Is This Thing Called Linked Data ? – Ph. GENOUD, M. ATENCIA, J. DAVID

ACM-DocEng2015 Tutorial – 9 Septembre 2015 – Lausanne

- Part I: From an Excel data file to linked open data
 - you will learn how to
 - create "cool" URIs
 - describe things with RDF
 - make links to other datasets
- Part II: Querying linked data with SPARQL
 - you will learn how to make queries with SPARQL
 - we will use Apache Jena - ARQ command line applications

Hands-on session

Introduction

Case study: Artemis Bookstore

- Artemis owns a bookstore. She has heard of the Linked Data technologies, but she is not fully convinced of the benefits of using these technologies.
- Artemis has provided you with a sample of her data in an Excel file: artemisBookstoreData.xlsx
- Let's convince Artemis to join Linked Open Data!



Hands-on session (I)

Introduction Organization and Goals

- Part I: From an Excel data file to linked open data
 - you will learn how to
 - create "cool" URIs
 - describe things with RDF
 - make links to other datasets
- Part II: Querying linked data with SPARQL
 - you will learn how to make queries with SPARQL
 - we will use Apache Jena - ARQ command line applications

Hands-on session (I)

Artemis' bookstore data

- Let's have a look at `artemisBookstoreData.xlsx`

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	LastName	FirstName	BookTitle	PagesNb	Isbn	PublisherName
2	Abbey	Edward	Black Sun (Edward Abbey novel)	159	978-1-55566-286-8	Simon & Schuster
3	Abbey	Edward	Fire on the Mountain (Abbey novel)	211	0-8263-0457-5	Dial Press
4	Abbey	Edward	Hayduke Lives	352	ISBN 0-316-00411-1 (first edition,	Little, Brown and Company
5	Abbey	Edward	Jonathan Troy	374	1-131-40684-2	Dodd, Mead and Company
6	Abbey	Edward	The Monkey Wrench Gang	352	ISBN 0-397-01084-2 (hardback ed	Lippincott Williams & Wilkins
7	Abbey	Edward	The Brave Cowboy	277	0-8263-0448-6	Dodd, Mead and Company
8	Abbey	Edward	The Fool's Progress	485	0-8050-0921-3	Henry Holt and Company
9	Acito	Marc	How I Paid for College: A Novel of S	288	ISBN 0-7679-1841-X (first edition,	Broadway Books
10	Acker	Kathy	Blood and Guts in High School	165	ISBN 0-8021-3193-X (Paperback e	Grove Press
11	Adler	Warren	The War of the Roses (novel)	263	0-446-51220-6	Hachette Book Group
12	Atkins	Will	The Hate (novel)	288	0-851-911-7	Gay Men's Press

Each line correspond to a different book.

For each book we have :

- the author first and last name
- the book title
- the number of pages
- the ISBN
- the publisher's name

- Now, let's create RDF data!
- But before, let's recall the Linked Data principles:
 1. Use URIs as names for things.
 2. Use HTTP URIs, so that people can look up those names.
 3. When someone looks up a URI, provide useful information using the standards (RDF, SPARQL).
 4. Include links to other URIs, so that they can discover more things.

Hands-on session (I)

Creating RDF data

- Now, let's create RDF data!
- But before, let's recall the Linked Data principles:

1. Use URIs as names for things.
2. Use HTTP URIs so that people can look up those names.
3. When someone uses the standard vocabularies, they can discover more.
4. Include links to other URIs so that they can discover more.

What are the things (Resources) we want to describe ?

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	LastName	FirstName	BookTitle	PagesNb	Isbn	PublisherName
2	Abbey	Edward	Black Sun (Edward Abbey novel)	159	978-1-55566-286-8	Simon & Schuster
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7	Abbey	Edward	The Brave Cowboy	277	0-8263-0448-6	Dodd, Mead and Company
8	Abbey	Edward	The Golden Progress	485	0-60500920-8	Henry Holt and Company
9	Acito	Marc	How I Paid for College: A Novel of	288	ISBN 0-7679-1841-X (first edition,	Broadway Books
10	Acker	Kathy	Blood and Guts in High School	165	ISBN 0-8021-3193-X (Paperback e	Grove Press
11	Adler	Warren	The Walcott Roses (novel)	25	0-446-51220-6	Hachette Book Group
12	Atkins	Will	The Hate (novel)	288	0-85139-117-7	Gay Men's Press

Propose a RDF graph (without taking care of URIs) for the two first lines of the Spreadsheet

Hands-on session (I)

Creating RDF data

What are the things (Resources) we want to describe ?

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3	Abbey	Edward	Fire on the Mountain (Abbey novel)	211	0-8263-0457-5	Dial Press
4	Abbey	Edward	Harduk Lives	352	ISBN 0-315-00411-1 (first edition, hardcover)	Little, Brown and Company
108	Auster	Paul	Oracle Man	256	0-14-017813-9	Viking Press
109	Auster	Paul	Leviathan (Auster novel)	275	0-14-017813-9	Viking Press
110	Auster	Paul	Moon Palace	320	0-670-82509-3	Viking Press
1	LastName	FirstName	BookTitle	PagesNb	Isbn	PublisherName
2	Abbey	Edward	Black Sun (Edward Abbey novel)	159	978-1-55566-286-8	Simon & Schuster
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4	Abbey	Edward	Harduk Lives	352	ISBN 0-315-00411-1 (first edition, hardcover)	Little, Brown and Company

- Book centric approach

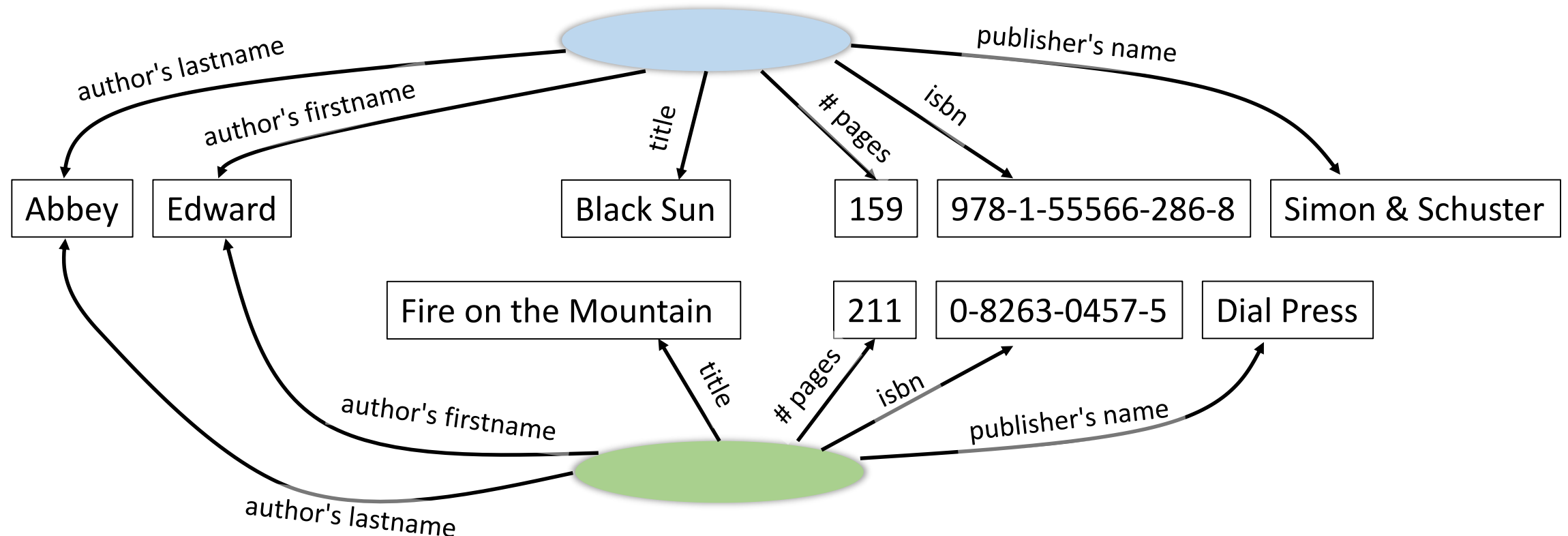
Hands-on session (I)

Creating RDF data

What are the things (Resources) we want to describe ?

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4	Abbey	Edward	Land of the Living	352	0-8263-0457-5	Dial Press

- Book centric approach – One kind of data: books



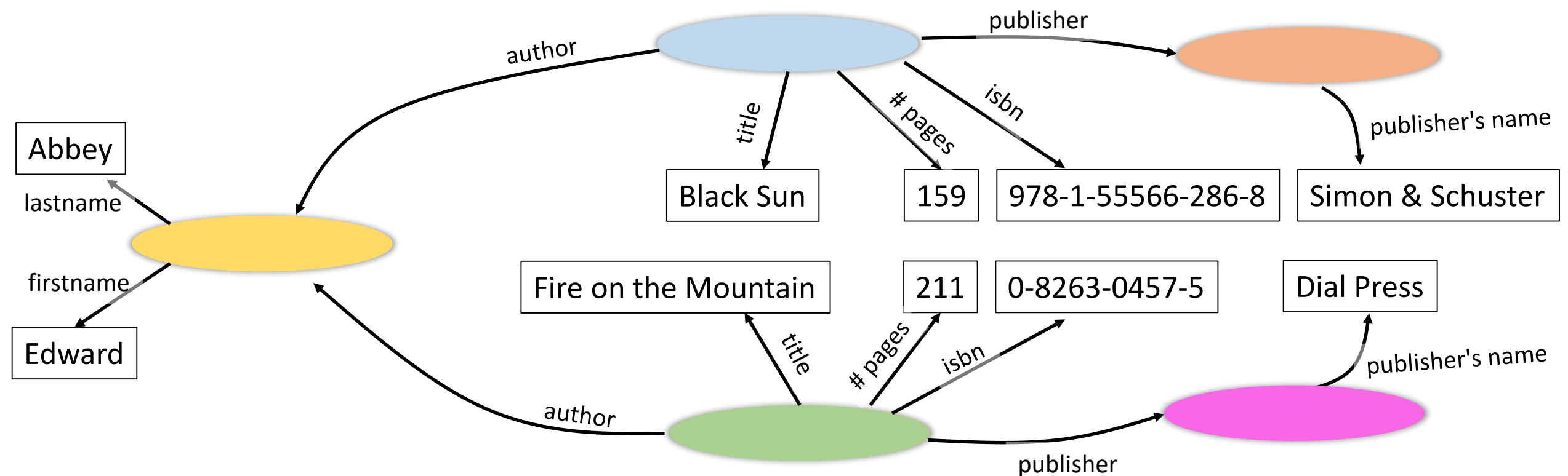
Hands-on session (I)

Creating RDF data

What are the things (Resources) we want to describe ?

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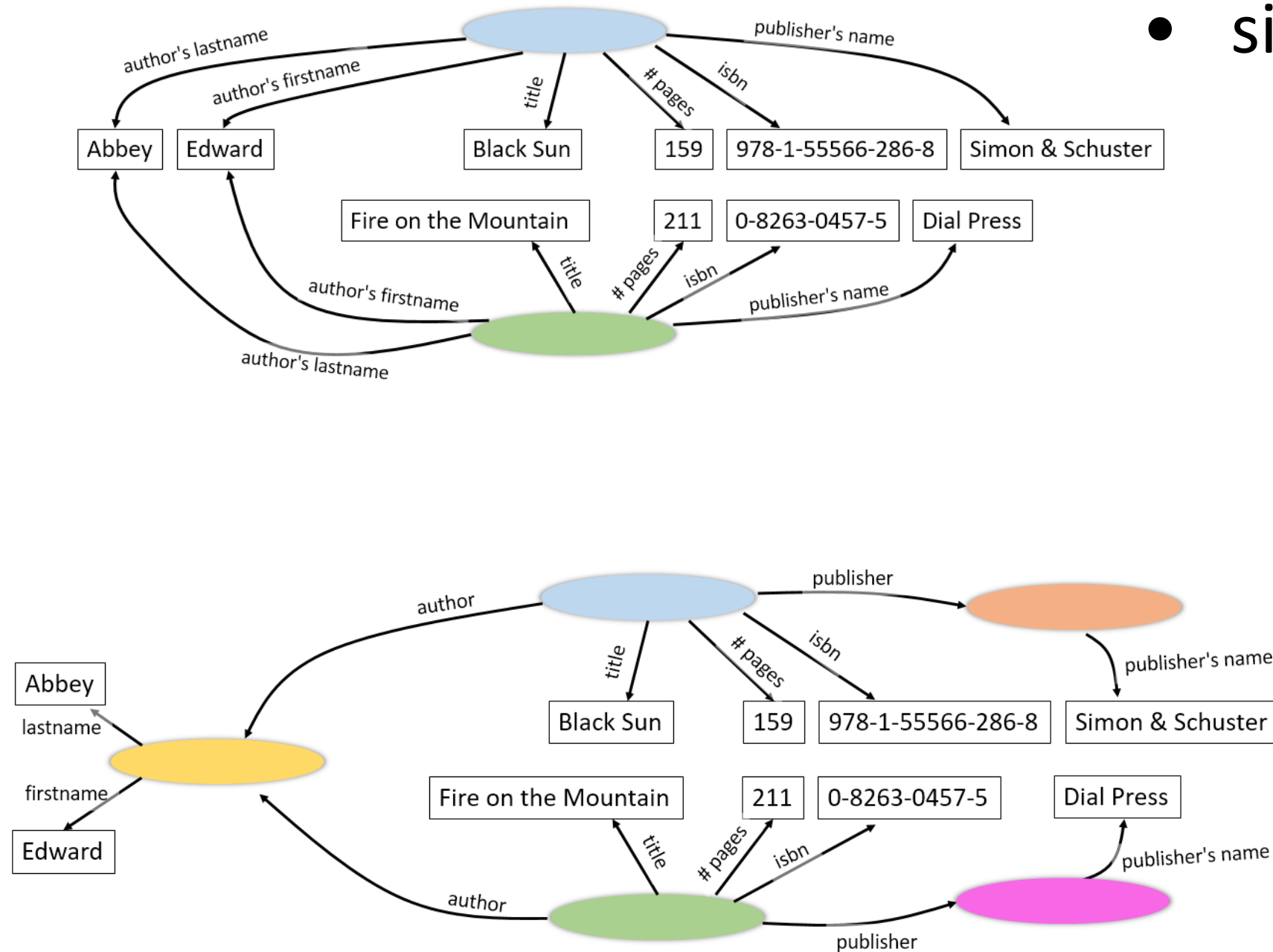
- Three kinds of data: books, authors, publishers



Hands-on session (I)

Creating RDF data

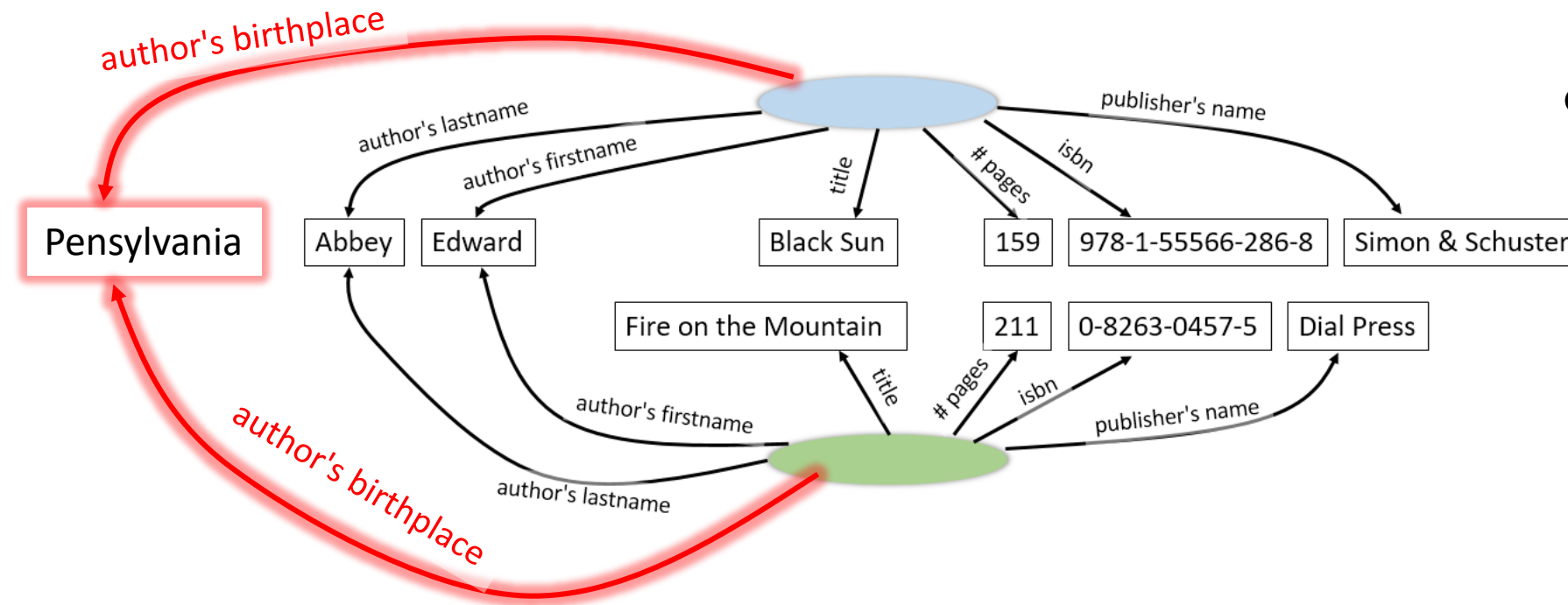
- simplicity ?



Hands-on session (I)

Creating RDF data

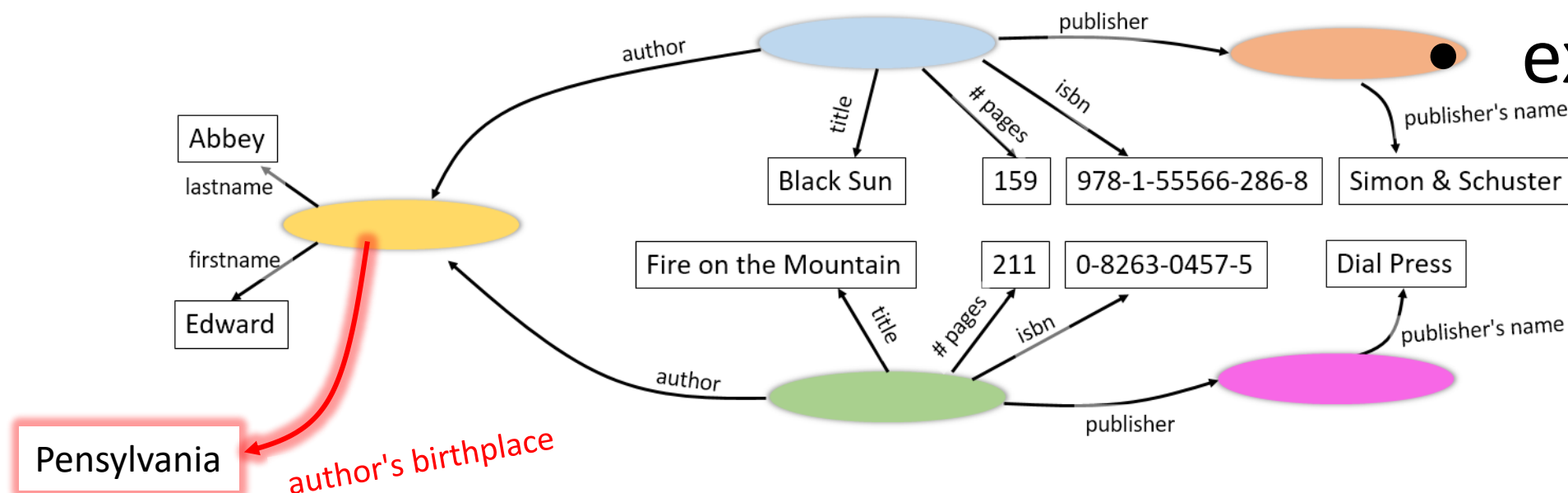
Let's add extra information, i.e birthplace of author's.
Edward Abbey is born in Pennsylvania



- simplicity ?

- flexibility

- extensibility

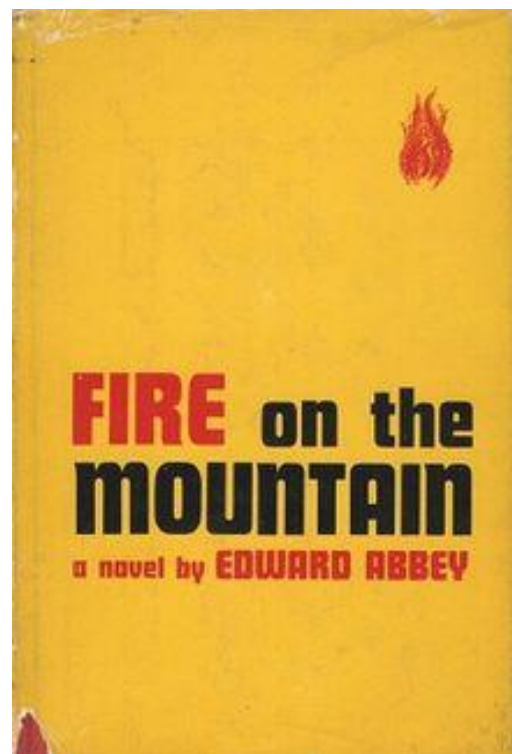


- Now, let's create RDF data!
- But before, let's recall the Linked Data principles:
 - 1. Use URIs as names for things.**
 - 2. Use HTTP URIs, so that people can look up those names.**
 3. When someone looks up a URI, provide useful information using the standards (RDF, SPARQL).
 4. Include links to other URIs, so that they can discover more things.

Hands-on session (I)

Creating RDF data Cool URIs

- Let's consider the book "Fire on the Mountain" written by Edward Abbey. Can you find a cool URI for this resource?



REMEMBER!

web document \neq web resource

Actually, you should find

- A URI for the real object itself.
- A URI for the related information resource that describes the real-world object and has an HTML representation.
- A URI for a related information resource that describes the real-world object and has an RDF/XML representation.

Hands-on session (I)

Creating RDF data Cool URIs

- Let's consider the paperback book "Invisible" written by Paul Auster. Can you find a cool URI for this resource?

- uncool URIs

keep out of namespaces you do not control

- `https://www.amazon.com/Fire-Mountain-Edward-Abbey/dp/0062193902`
- `http://artemisbookstore.com:8080/book.php?title=Fire+on+the+Mountain&author=Edward-Abbey&format=rdf`
- `http://localhost:3333/Fire-on-the-Mountain-Edward-Abbey`

abstract away from implementation details

- cool URIs

- `http://artemisbookstore.com/resource/0-8263-0457-57`
- `http://artemisbookstore.com/page/0-8263-0457-57.html`
- `http://artemisbookstore.com/data/0-8263-0457-57.rdf`

this local name must be **unique** and **persistent**.
i.e. ISBN or generated UUID (Universal Unique Identifier)

more info at <http://www.w3.org/TR/cooluris/>

Hands-on session (I)

Creating RDF data Cool URIs

- Let's consider the paperback book "Invisible" written by Paul Auster. Can you find a cool URI for this resource?
 - uncool URIs
 - `https://www.amazon.com/Fire-Mountain-Edward-Abbey/dp/0062193902`
keep out of namespaces you do not control
 - `http://artemisbookstore.com:8080/book.php?title=Fire+on+the+Mountain&author=Edward-Abbey&format=rdf`
abstract away from implementation details
 - `http://localhost:3333/Fire-on-the-Mountain-Edward-Abbey`
 - cool URIs
 - `http://id.artemisbookstore.com/book/0-8263-0457-57`
 - `http://page.artemisbookstore.com/book/0-8263-0457-57.html`
 - `http://data.artemisbookstore.com/book/0-8263-0457-57.rdf`

more info at <http://www.w3.org/TR/cooluris/>

- Now, let's create RDF data! But before
- Let's recall the Linked Data principles:
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Hands-on session (I) Creating RDF data

Describing things with RDF

- Which kind of information should we include in the description of the book "Invisible" written by Paul Auster?
 - triples that describe the resource with literals (e.g. title)
 - triples that describe the resource by linking *to* other resources, or *outgoing links* (e.g. author)
 - triples that describe the resource by linking *from* other resources, or *incoming links* (e.g. has written)
 - triples describing related resources (e.g. the name of the resource's creator)
 - triples describing the description itself (e.g. licensing terms)
 - triples about the broader dataset of which this description is a part

Hands-on session (I) Creating RDF data

Describing things with RDF

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 - triples that describe the resource with literals (e.g. title)
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Hands-on session (I) Creating RDF data

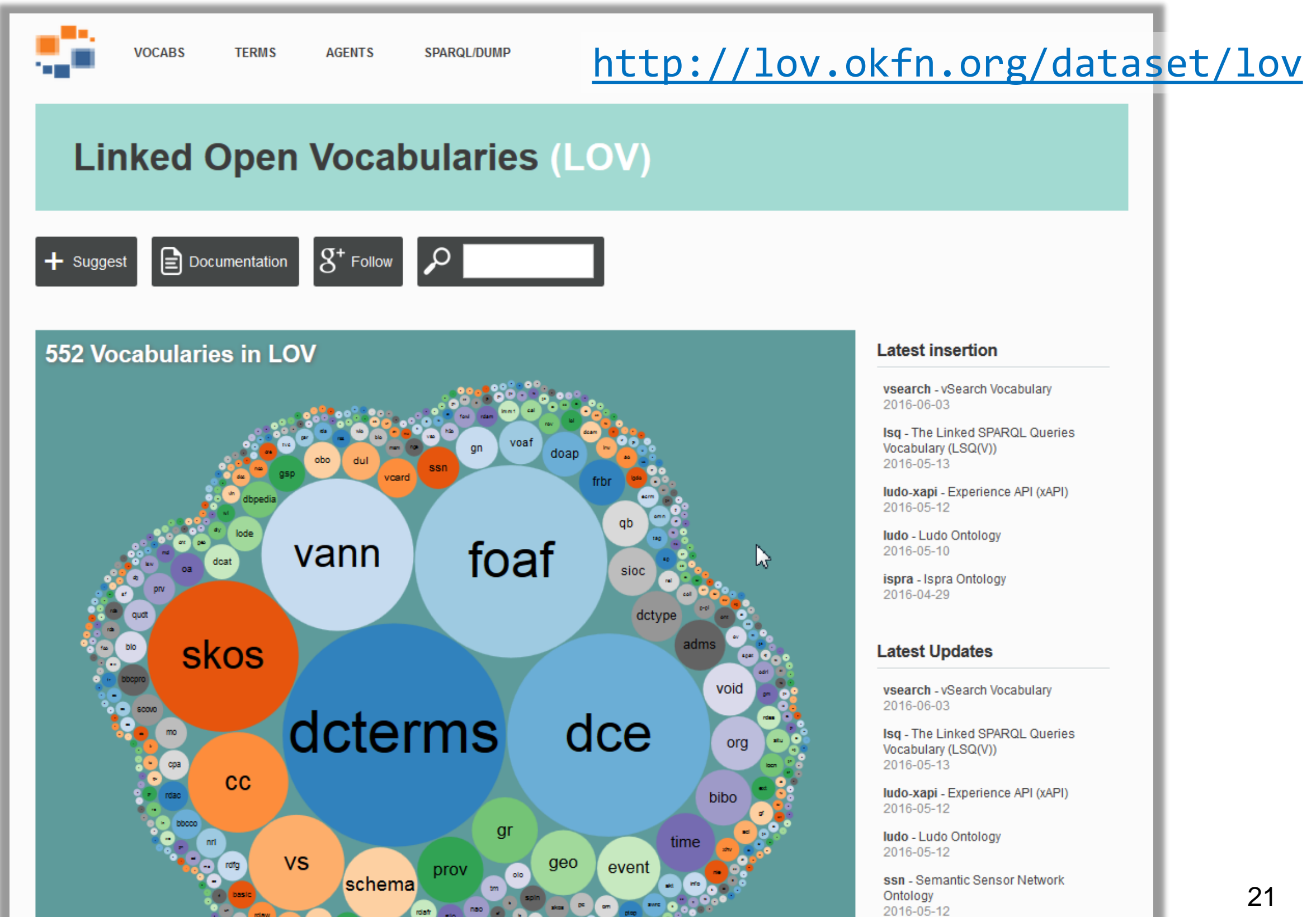
Describing things with RDF

- Which kind of information should we include in the description of the book "Invisible" written by Paul Auster?
 - triples that describe the resource with literals (e.g. title)
 - triples that describe the resource by linking to other resources, or *other*
 - triples that describe the resource with *other* resources, or *in*
 - triples describing the resource's creation
 - triples describing the resource's location
 - triples about the resource's parts
- and, for writing this description, you can use:

 - your own defined terms
 - terms from existing vocabularies
 - Dublin Core (e.g. `dcterms:title`)
 - FOAF (e.g. `foaf:name`)
 - RDFS (`rdfs:comment` and `rdfs:label` for annotations),
 - OWL (`owl:sameAs` for links)
 - ...

Hands-on session (I)

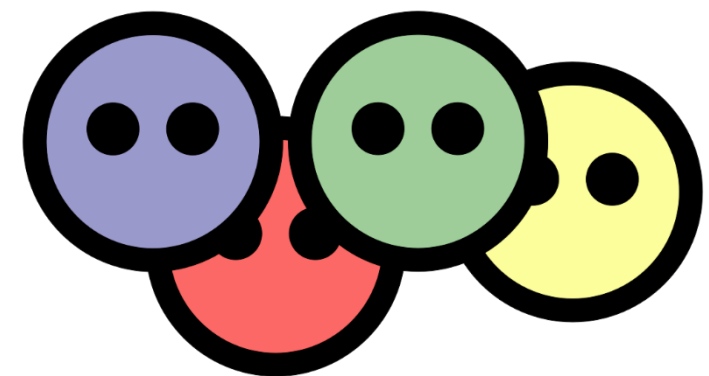
Hands-on session (I)



Hands-on session (I)

Reusing Existing Terms FOAF vocabulary

- The FOAF ("Friend of a Friend") vocabulary can be used for describing persons, their activities and their relations to other people and objects.
- FOAF = RDF + Social Web
- <http://xmlns.com/foaf/spec/>
- namespace:
foaf: <<http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1>>



Hands-on session (I)

Reusing Existing Terms FOAF vocabulary

- An example:

```
@base <http://exmo.inrialpes.fr/about> .
@prefix rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#> .
@prefix rdfs: <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#> .
@prefix foaf: <http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/> .
```

```
<#jdavid>
  a foaf:Person ;
  foaf:name "Jérôme David"@fr ;
  foaf:nick "JD" ;
  foaf:mbox <mailto:jerome.david@inria.fr> ;
  foaf:homepage "http://exmo.inria.fr/jdavid" ;
  foaf:depiction <http://exmo.inrialpes.fr/jdavid_img_small.jpg> ;
  foaf:knows <http://exmo.inrialpes.fr/about#matencia> .
```

jdavid is a person, with the name of "Jérôme David" and the nickname of "JD", who has an email address of "jerome.david@inria.fr". His homepage is... He is depicted in the image... He knows... He also knows a person whose name is "Ewan David" and who is 5 years old.

Property: foaf:knows

knows - A person known by this person (indicating some level of reciprocated interaction between the parties).

Status: stable

Domain: having this property implies being a [Person](#)

Range: every value of this property is a [Person](#)

from [http://xmlns.com/foaf/spec/#term knows](http://xmlns.com/foaf/spec/#term_knows)

The [knows](#) property relates a [Person](#) to another [Person](#) that he or she knows.

Hands-on session (I) Reusing Existing Terms

The Dublin Core Schema

- The Dublin Core Schema is a vocabulary of terms that can be used to describe web resources (videos, images, web pages) and physical resources (books, publications, CDs).

- Dublin Core Metadata Initiative (DCMI)



- two namespaces:

- Dublin Core Metadata Set version 1.1

dc: [<http://purl.org/elements/1.1/>](http://purl.org/elements/1.1/)

domains and ranges are not specified (e.g. `dc:creator` may be used with both literal and non-literal values)

- DCMI Metadata Terms 

dcterms: [<http://purl.org/dc/terms/>](http://purl.org/dc/terms/)

domains and ranges are specified (e.g. the range of `dcterms:creator` is the class `dcterms:Agent`)

`dcterms:creator` is a subproperty of `dc:creator`

Hands-on session (I)

Reusing Existing Terms The Dublin Core Schema

- An example:

```
@prefix rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#> .
@prefix rdfs: <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#> .
@prefix foaf: <http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/> .
@prefix dcterms: <http://purl.org/dc/terms/> .
@prefix ex: <http://www.example.org/> .
```

```
ex:myPaper a dcterms:BibliographicResource ;
           dcterms:title "What is this thing called Linked Data?" ;
```

```
           dcterms:creator ex:
```

from <http://dublincore.org/documents/2012/06/14/dcmi-terms/?v=terms#terms-creator>

```
           dcterms:subject "Li
```

```
           dcterm
```

```
           dcterm
```

```
           dcterm
```

```
           dcterm
```

```
ex:matencia a foa
```

```
           foaf:
```

```
           foaf:
```

...

Term Name: creator

URI:

<http://purl.org/dc/terms/creator>

Label:

Creator

Definition:

An entity primarily responsible for making the resource.

Comment:

Examples of a Creator include a person, an organization, or a service.

Type of Term:

[Property](#)

Refines:

<http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/creator>

Refines:

<http://purl.org/dc/terms/contributor>

Has Range:

<http://purl.org/dc/terms/Agent>

Version:

<http://dublincore.org/usage/terms/history/#creatorT-002>

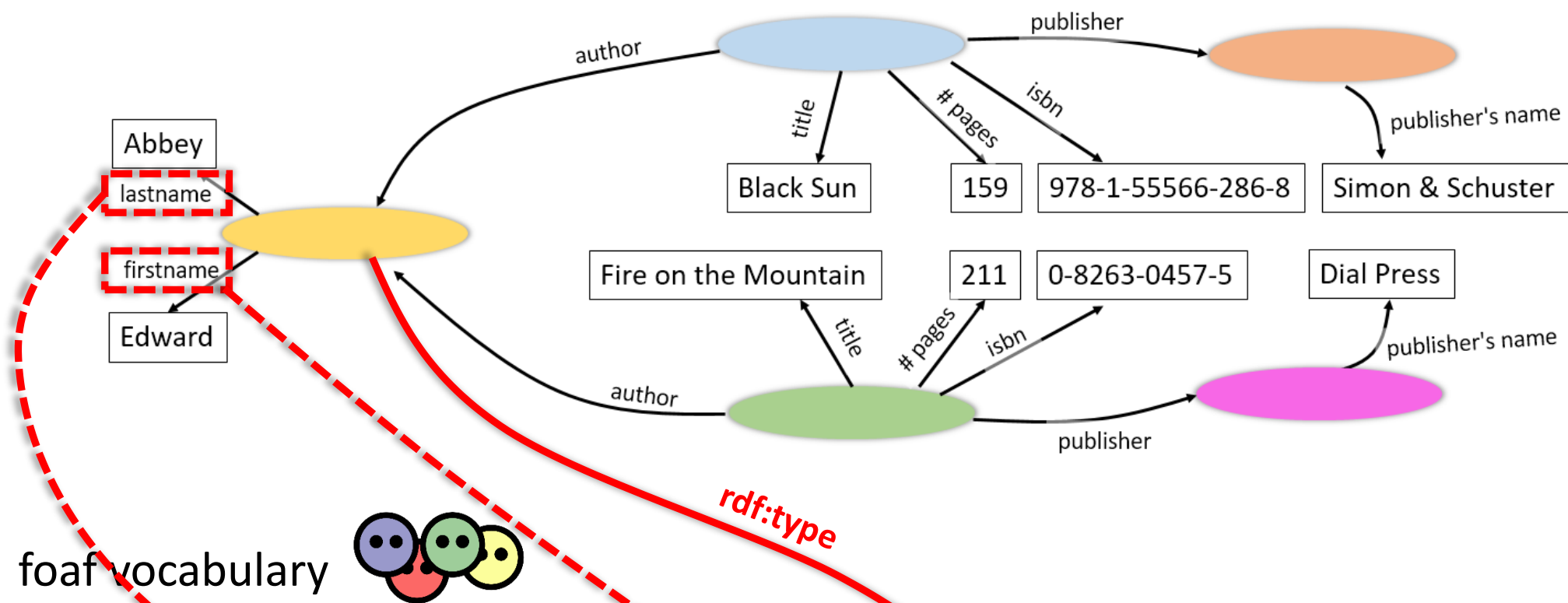
EquivalentProperty:

<http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/maker>

Hands-on session (I)

Creating RDF data Reusing existing terms

- Which properties/classes could we use for describing Artemis' bookstore data?



foaf vocabulary



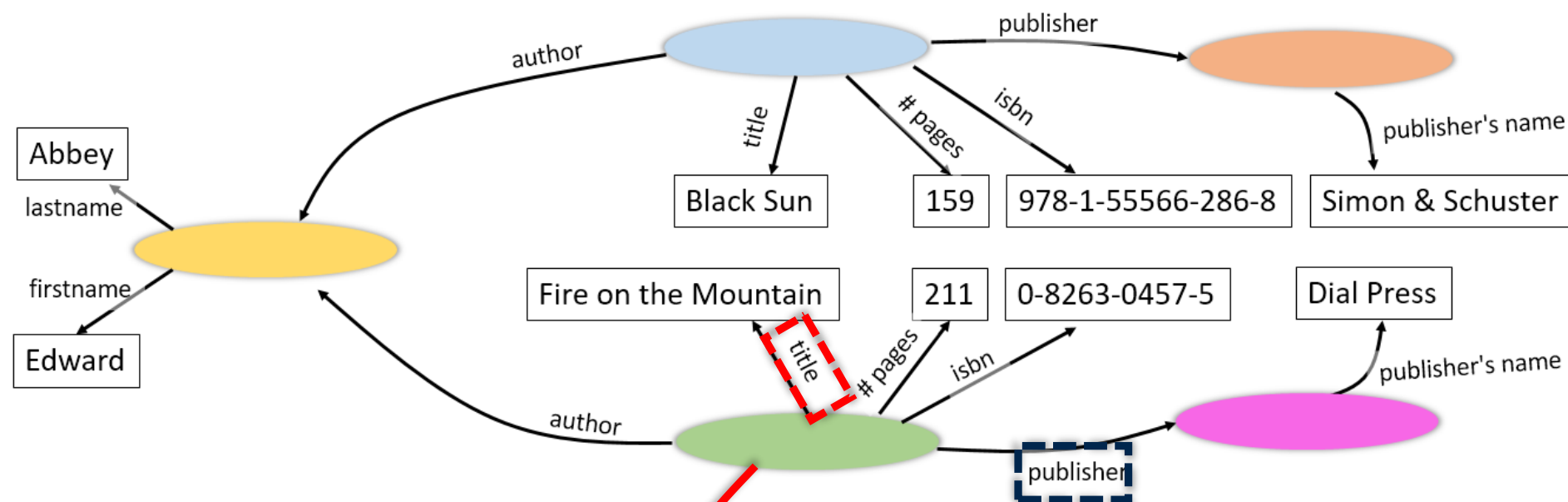
Classes: | [Agent](#) | [Document](#) | [Group](#) | [Image](#) | [LabelProperty](#) | [OnlineAccount](#) | [OnlineChatAccount](#) | [OnlineEcommerceAccount](#) | [OnlineGamingAccount](#) | [Organization](#) | [Person](#) | [PersonalProfileDocument](#) | [Project](#) |

Properties: | [account](#) | [accountName](#) | [accountServiceHomepage](#) | [age](#) | [aimChatID](#) | [based near](#) | [birthday](#) | [currentProject](#) | [depiction](#) | [depicts](#) | [dnaChecksum](#) | [familyName](#) | [family name](#) | [firstName](#) | [focus](#) | [fundedBy](#) | [geekcode](#) | [gender](#) | [givenName](#) | [givenname](#) | [holdsAccount](#) | [homepage](#) | [icqChatID](#) | [img](#) | [interest](#) | [isPrimaryTopicOf](#) | [jabberID](#) | [knows](#) | [lastName](#) | [logo](#) | [made](#) | [maker](#) | [mbox](#) | [mbox sha1sum](#) | [member](#) | [membershipClass](#) | [msnChatID](#) | [myersBriggs](#) | [name](#) | [nick](#) | [openid](#) | [page](#) | [pastProject](#) | [phone](#) | [plan](#) | [primaryTopic](#) | [publications](#) | [schoolHomepage](#) | [sha1](#) | [skypeID](#) | [status](#) | [surname](#) | [theme](#) | [thumbnail](#) | [tipjar](#) | [title](#) | [topic](#) | [topic interest](#) | [weblog](#) | [workInfoHomepage](#) | [workplaceHomepage](#) | [yahooChatID](#) |

Hands-on session (I)

Creating RDF data Reusing existing terms

- Which properties/classes could we use for describing Artemis' bookstore data?



dublin core vocabulary

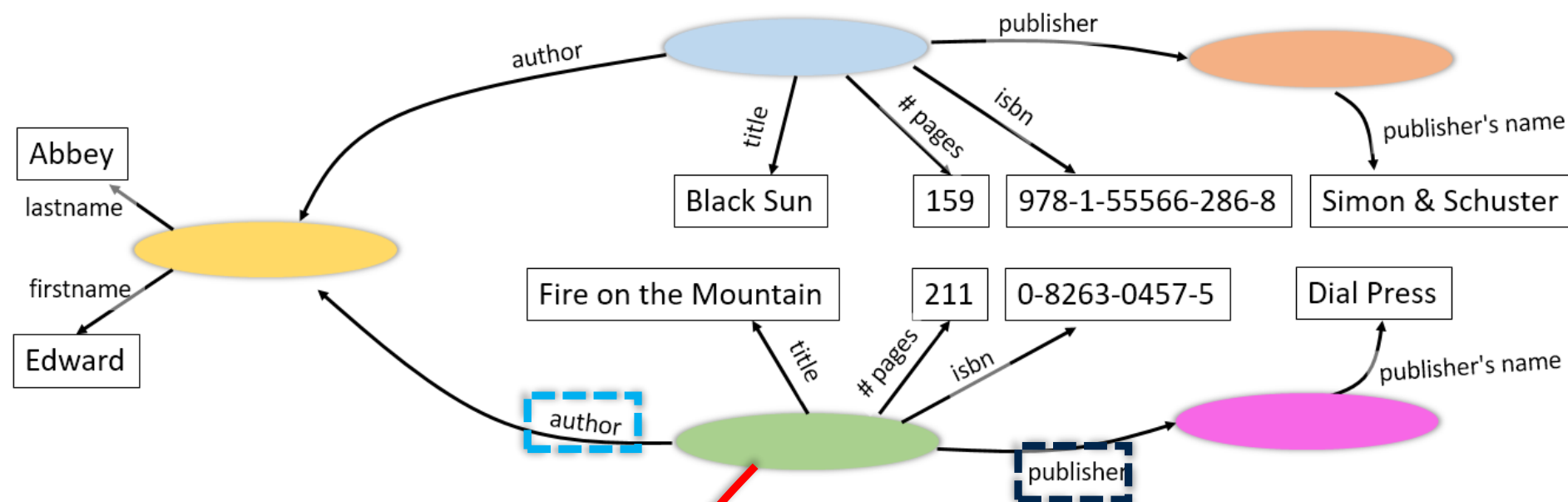


Properties in the <i>/terms/</i> namespace	<u>abstract</u> , <u>accessRights</u> , <u>accrualMethod</u> , <u>accrualPeriodicity</u> , <u>accrualPolicy</u> , <u>alternative</u> , <u>audience</u> , <u>available</u> , <u>bibliographicCitation</u> , <u>conformsTo</u> , <u>contributor</u> , <u>coverage</u> , <u>created</u> , <u>creator</u> , <u>date</u> , <u>dateAccepted</u> , <u>dateCopyrighted</u> , <u>dateSubmitted</u> , <u>description</u> , <u>educationLevel</u> , <u>extent</u> , <u>format</u> , <u>hasFormat</u> , <u>hasPart</u> , <u>hasVersion</u> , <u>identifier</u> , <u>instructionalMethod</u> , <u>isFormatOf</u> , <u>isPartOf</u> , <u>isReferencedBy</u> , <u>isReplacedBy</u> , <u>isRequiredBy</u> , <u>issued</u> , <u>isVersionOf</u> , <u>language</u> , <u>license</u> , <u>mediator</u> , <u>medium</u> , <u>modified</u> , <u>provenance</u> , <u>publisher</u> , <u>references</u> , <u>relation</u> , <u>replaces</u> , <u>requires</u> , <u>rights</u> , <u>rightsHolder</u> , <u>source</u> , <u>spatial</u> , <u>subject</u> , <u>tableOfContents</u> , <u>temporal</u> , <u>title</u> , <u>type</u> , <u>valid</u>
Classes	<u>Agent</u> , <u>AgentClass</u> , <u>BibliographicResource</u> , <u>FileFormat</u> , <u>Frequency</u> , <u>Jurisdiction</u> , <u>LicenseDocument</u> , <u>LinguisticSystem</u> , <u>Location</u> , <u>LocationPeriodOrJurisdiction</u> , <u>MediaType</u> , <u>MediaTypeOrExtent</u> , <u>MethodOfAccrual</u> , <u>MethodOfInstruction</u> , <u>PeriodOfTime</u> , <u>PhysicalMedium</u> , <u>PhysicalResource</u> , <u>Policy</u> , <u>ProvenanceStatement</u> , <u>RightsStatement</u> , <u>SizeOrDuration</u> , <u>Standard</u>

Hands-on session (I)

Creating RDF data Reusing existing terms

- Which properties/classes could we use for describing Artemis' bookstore data?



dublin core vocabulary



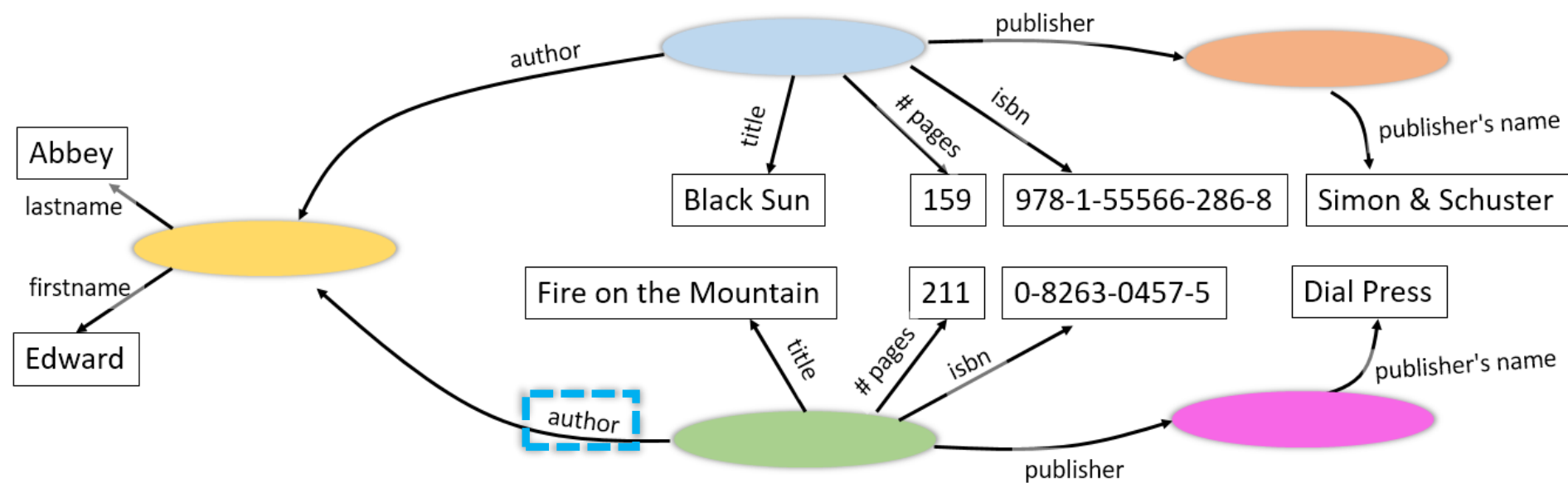
Properties in the <i>/terms/</i> namespace	<p><u>abstract</u> , <u>accessRights</u> , <u>accrualMethod</u> , <u>accrualPeriodicity</u> , <u>accrualPolicy</u> , <u>alternative</u> , <u>audience</u> , <u>available</u> , <u>bibliographicCitation</u> , <u>conformsTo</u> , <u>contributor</u> , <u>coverage</u> , <u>created</u> , <u>creator</u> , <u>date</u> , <u>dateAccepted</u> , <u>dateCopyrighted</u> , <u>dateSubmitted</u> , <u>description</u> , <u>educationLevel</u> , <u>extent</u> , <u>format</u> , <u>hasFormat</u> , <u>hasPart</u> , <u>hasVersion</u> , <u>identifier</u> , <u>instructionalMethod</u> , <u>isFormatOf</u> , <u>isPartOf</u> , <u>isReferencedBy</u> , <u>isReplacedBy</u> , <u>isRequiredBy</u> , <u>issued</u> , <u>isVersionOf</u> , <u>language</u> , <u>license</u> , <u>mediator</u> , <u>medium</u> , <u>modified</u> , <u>provenance</u> , <u>publisher</u> , <u>references</u> , <u>relation</u> , <u>replaces</u> , <u>requires</u> , <u>rights</u> , <u>rightsHolder</u> , <u>source</u> , <u>spatial</u> , <u>subject</u> , <u>tableOfContents</u> , <u>temporal</u> , <u>title</u> , <u>type</u> , <u>valid</u></p>
Classes	<p><u>Agent</u> , <u>AgentClass</u> , <u>BibliographicResource</u> , <u>FileFormat</u> , <u>Frequency</u> , <u>Jurisdiction</u> , <u>LicenseDocument</u> , <u>LinguisticSystem</u> , <u>Location</u> , <u>LocationPeriodOrJurisdiction</u> , <u>MediaType</u> , <u>MediaTypeOrExtent</u> , <u>MethodOfAccrual</u> , <u>MethodOfInstruction</u> , <u>PeriodOfTime</u> , <u>PhysicalMedium</u> , <u>PhysicalResource</u> , <u>Policy</u> , <u>ProvenanceStatement</u> , <u>RightsStatement</u> , <u>SizeOrDuration</u> , <u>Standard</u></p>

well... not so optimal

Hands-on session (I) Creating RDF data

User-defined vocabularies

- Which properties/classes could we use for describing Artemis' bookstore data?



your own vocabulary/ontology

use hash URIs for small datasets (e.g. ontologies)

<http://artemisBookstore.com/ontology#author>

<http://artemisBookstore.com/ontology#isbn>

<http://artemisBookstore.com/ontology#pages>

<http://artemisBookstore.com/ontology#datePublication>

<http://artemisBookstore.com/ontology#dateAcquired>

<http://artemisBookstore.com/ontology#Novel>

[rdfs:subPropertyOf](#) [dcterms:creator](#)

RDFS/OWL

to describe vocabularies (classes and properties)

[rdfs:subPropertyOf](#) [dcterms:date](#)

[rdfs:subPropertyOf](#) [dcterms:date](#)

[rdfs:subClassOf](#)

[dcterms:BibliographicResource](#)

Hands-on session (I)

Creating RDF data

- You should end up with something like this:

```
@prefix rdfs: <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#> .
@prefix foaf: <http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/> .
@prefix owl: <http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#> .
@prefix rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#> .
@prefix abo: <http://artemisBookstore.com/ontology#> .
@prefix dcterms: <http://purl.org/dc/terms/> .

<http://artemisBookstore.com/id/author/1> a foaf:Person ;
    foaf:firstName "Paul" ;
    foaf:lastName "Auster" .

<http://artemisBookstore.com/id/book/571142200> a dcterms:BibliographicResource ;
    dcterms:title "Moon palace" ;
    abo:author <http://artemisBookstore.com/id/author/1> ;
    abo:bookType "Paperback" ;
    abo:isbn "571142200" ;
    abo:language "English" ;
    abo:pages "320"^^<http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#int> ;
    abo:price "12.5"^^<http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#double> ;
    abo:datePublication "2004-02-01" ;
    abo:dateAcquired "2013-02-01 15:00:00" ;
    dcterms:publisher "Faber & Faber" .

<http://artemisBookstore.com/id/author/2> a foaf:Person ;
    foaf:firstName "Siri" ;
    foaf:lastName "Hustvedt" .
```

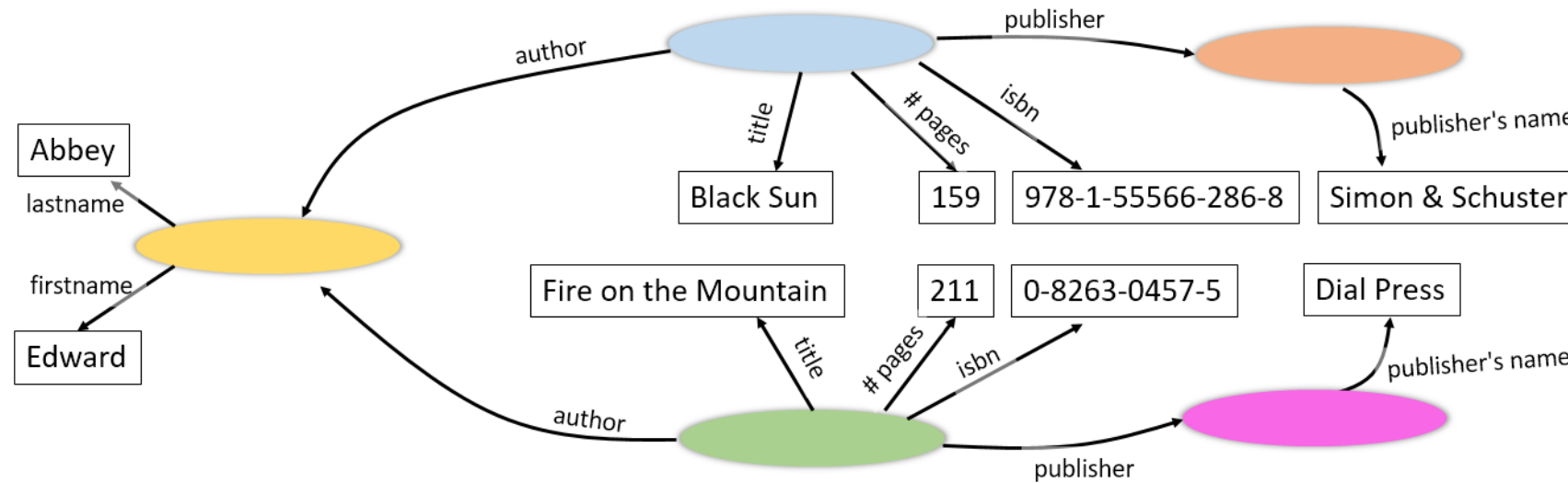
Hands-on session (I)

Creating links to external datasets

- Now, let's create RDF data! But before
- Let's recall the Linked Data principles:
 1. Use URIs as names for things.
 2. Use HTTP URIs, so that people can look up those names.
 3. When someone looks up a URI, provide useful information using the standards (RDF, SPARQL).
 - 4. Include links to other URIs, so that they can discover more things.**

Hands-on session (I)

Creating RDF data



- Dbpedia has data about Abbey Edwards

DBpedia

Browse using Formats Faceted Browser Sparql Endpoint

About: Edward Abbey

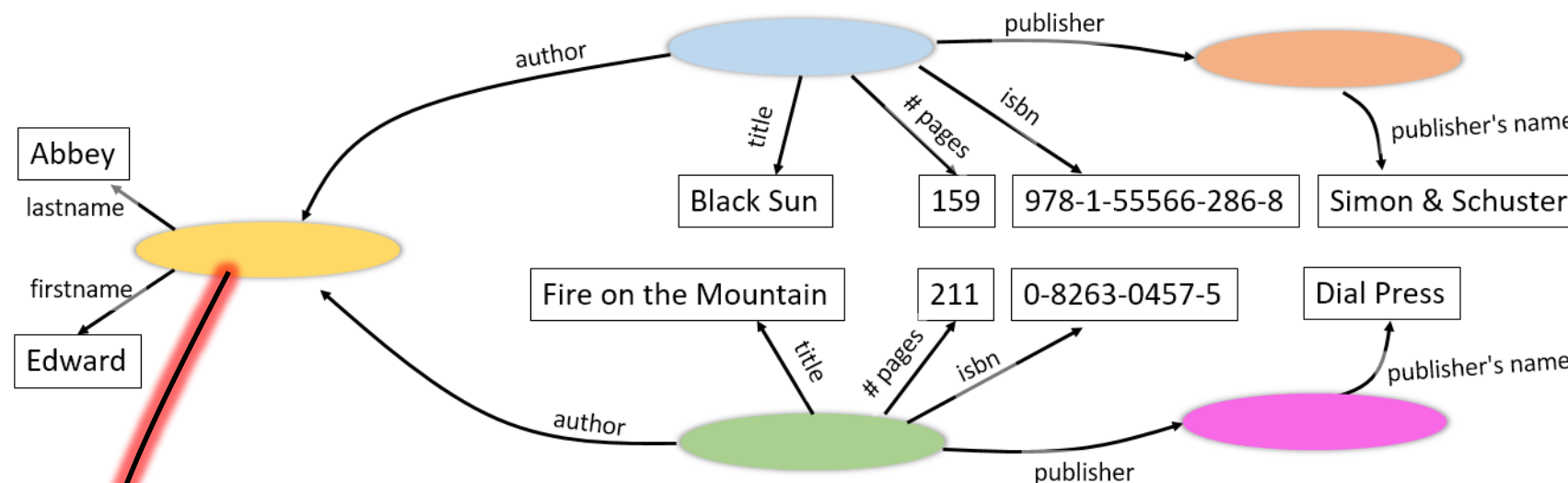
An Entity of Type : [personne](#), from Named Graph : <http://dbpedia.org>, within Data Space : [dbpedia.org](#)

Edward Abbey, né le 29 janvier 1927 à Indiana, dans l'État de Pennsylvanie, et mort le 14 mars 1989, à Tucson, dans l'Arizona, est un écrivain et essayiste américain, doublé d'un militant écologiste radical. Ses œuvres les plus connues sont le roman Le Gang de la clef à molette, qui inspira la création de l'organisation environnementale Earth First!, et son essai Désert solitaire. L'écrivain américain Larry McMurtry considère Abbey comme « le Thoreau de l'Ouest américain ».

Property	Value
dbo:abstract	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Edward Paul Abbey (January 29, 1927 – March 14, 1989) was an American author and essayist noted for his advocacy of environmental issues, criticism of public land policies, and anarchist political views. His best-known works include the novel The Monkey Wrench Gang, which has been cited as an inspiration by radical environmental groups, and the non-fiction work Desert Solitaire. (en)Edward Abbey, né le 29 janvier 1927 à Indiana, dans l'État de Pennsylvanie, et mort le 14 mars 1989, à Tucson, dans l'Arizona, est un écrivain et essayiste américain, doublé d'un militant écologiste radical. Ses œuvres les plus connues sont le roman Le Gang de la clef à molette, qui inspira la création de l'organisation environnementale Earth First!, et son essai Désert solitaire. L'écrivain américain Larry McMurtry considère Abbey comme « le Thoreau de l'Ouest américain ». (fr)
dbo:birthDate	<ul style="list-style-type: none">1927-01-29 (xsd:date)1927-1-29
dbo:birthPlace	<ul style="list-style-type: none">dbr:Home,_Pennsylvaniadbr:Indiana,_Pennsylvania
dbo:deathDate	<ul style="list-style-type: none">1989-03-14 (xsd:date)1989-3-14

Hands-on session (I)

Creating RDF data



owl:sameAs

- Dbpedia has data about Abbey Edwards

http://dbpedia.org/page/Edward_Abbey

DBpedia

Browse using Formats Faceted Browser Sparql Endpoint

About: Edward Abbey

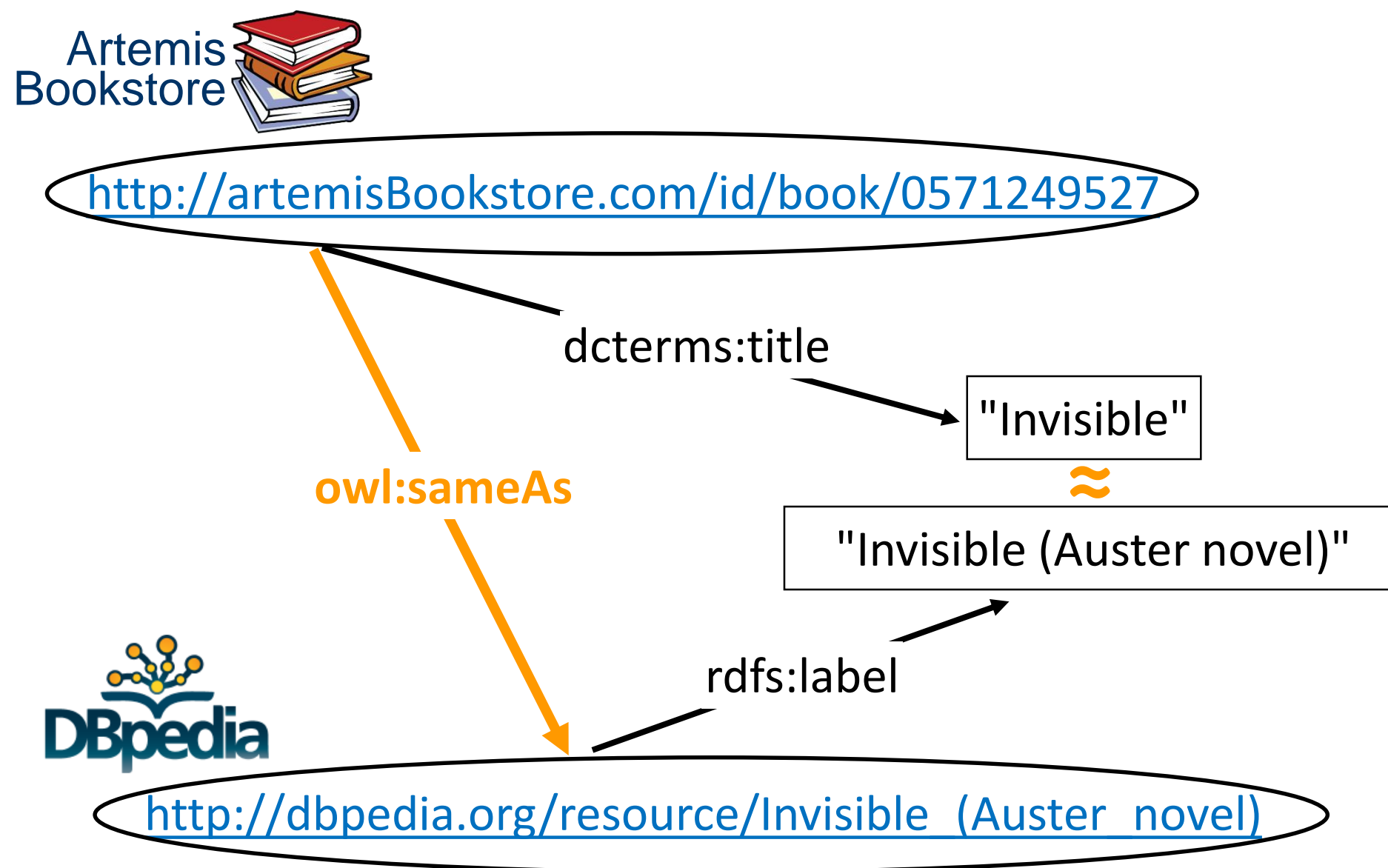
An Entity of Type : [personne](#), from Named Graph : <http://dbpedia.org>, within Data Space : [dbpedia.org](#)

Edward Abbey, né le 29 janvier 1927 à Indiana, dans l'État de Pennsylvanie, et mort le 14 mars 1989, à Tucson, dans l'Arizona, est un écrivain et essayiste américain, doublé d'un militant écologiste radical. Ses œuvres les plus connues sont le roman Le Gang de la clef à molette, qui inspira la création de l'organisation environnementale Earth First!, et son essai Désert solitaire. L'écrivain américain Larry McMurtry considère Abbey comme « le Thoreau de l'Ouest américain ».

Property	Value
dbo:abstract	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Edward Paul Abbey (January 29, 1927 – March 14, 1989) was an American author and essayist noted for his advocacy of environmental issues, criticism of public land policies, and anarchist political views. His best-known works include the novel The Monkey Wrench Gang, which has been cited as an inspiration by radical environmental groups, and the non-fiction work Desert Solitaire. (en)Edward Abbey, né le 29 janvier 1927 à Indiana, dans l'État de Pennsylvanie, et mort le 14 mars 1989, à Tucson, dans l'Arizona, est un écrivain et essayiste américain, doublé d'un militant écologiste radical. Ses œuvres les plus connues sont le roman Le Gang de la clef à molette, qui inspira la création de l'organisation environnementale Earth First!, et son essai Désert solitaire. L'écrivain américain Larry McMurtry considère Abbey comme « le Thoreau de l'Ouest américain ». (fr)
dbo:birthDate	<ul style="list-style-type: none">1927-01-29 (xsd:date)1927-1-29
dbo:birthPlace	<ul style="list-style-type: none">dbr:Home,_Pennsylvaniadbr:Indiana,_Pennsylvania
dbo:deathDate	<ul style="list-style-type: none">1989-03-14 (xsd:date)1989-3-14

- Data interlinking
 - Not an easy task
 - a large quantity of data
 - semantic heterogeneity
 - noisy data
 - Performed manually or (semi-)automatically
 - Key-based approaches vs similarity-based approaches
 - Data interlinking tools:
 - Silk - Link Discovery Framework
 - LiMES - Link Discovery Framework for Metric Spaces
 - Link Keys
 - OpenRefine + Reconciliation services

- Reconciliation services based on SPARQL endpoints



Hands-on session (I)

Creating links to external datasets

- You should end up with something like this

```
@prefix rdfs: <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#> .
@prefix foaf: <http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/> .
@prefix owl: <http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#> .
@prefix rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#> .
@prefix abo: <http://artemisBookstore.com/ontology#> .
@prefix dcterms: <http://purl.org/dc/terms/> .

<http://artemisBookstore.com/id/author/1> a foaf:Person ;
    foaf:firstName "Paul" ;
    foaf:lastName "Auster" ;
    owl:sameAs <http://dbpedia.org/resource/Auster,_Paul> .

<http://artemisBookstore.com/id/book/571142200> a dcterms:BibliographicResource ;
    dcterms:title "Moon palace" ;
    abo:author <http://artemisBookstore.com/id/author/1> ;
    abo:bookType "Paperback" ;
    abo:isbn "571142200" ;
    abo:language "English" ;
    abo:pages "320"^^<http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#int> ;
    abo:price "12.5"^^<http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#double> ;
    abo:datePublication "2004-02-01" ;
    abo:dateAcquired "2013-02-01 15:00:00" ;
    dcterms:publisher "Faber & Faber" ;
    owl:sameAs <http://dbpedia.org/resource/Moon_Palace> .

<http://artemisBookstore.com/id/author/2> a foaf:Person ;
    foaf:firstName "Siri" ;
    foaf:lastName "Hustvedt" ;
    owl:sameAs <http://dbpedia.org/resource/Siri_Hustvedt> .
```

Work to do

- write a Java Program that reads the artemisBookstoreData.csv CSV files and generates a RDF file in turtle using strings.
- validate your rdf file using riot Jena command line tool
- *optional: modify your program to create a Jena core API Model when parsing the csv file and to output it in various RDF serialization formats (Trurtle, RDF/XML...)*
- using Jena core API write a Java program that reads your RDF file and given an author's name finds and displays all the titles of all the books he wrote.