

Chess AI

Alex Godziela, Henry Kwan, Elias Strizower



Our Project

- Create an AI that can win a chess game against a human player
- Two main components:
 - Chessnut
 - Chessboard model
 - Handles chess moves and mechanics of game
 - Chess AI
 - Heuristics
 - Minimax Algorithm
 - Using minimax to look 2-3 ply deep



Chessnut

- Simple chess model written in Python
- Not a chess engine, has no AI
- Can import/export games in Forsyth-Edwards Notation (FEN)
- Generates a list of legal moves for the current board position
- Intelligently validates and applies moves (including en passant, castling, etc.)
- Keeps track of the game with a history of moves



Iteration 1 - AI makes random moves

- Player can input moves
- AI will randomly select from a list of valid moves
- Really easy opponent to beat...



What makes a chess AI?

- Search - look ahead at different move sequences (because a perfect evaluation of the board is impossible)
- Evaluation - what position on a board is the “best”
- A good chess AI will use these two components in tandem
- Iteration 1 did none of this



Searching, Ply, and Depth

- Ply/Depth is a full move (ie. white, then black in order)
- The deeper the ply/depth, the more sophisticated the AI's search, and the "smarter" the AI will be



Chess AI's are like toilet paper,
The more ply the better









Evaluation and Heuristics/Logic

- Many different heuristics go into creating an evaluation function
- Simple: value of piece, number of moves available, etc.
- Complex: when to sacrifice a piece, when to take a piece vs. setting up for check
- A masterful chess AI would take into account many heuristics

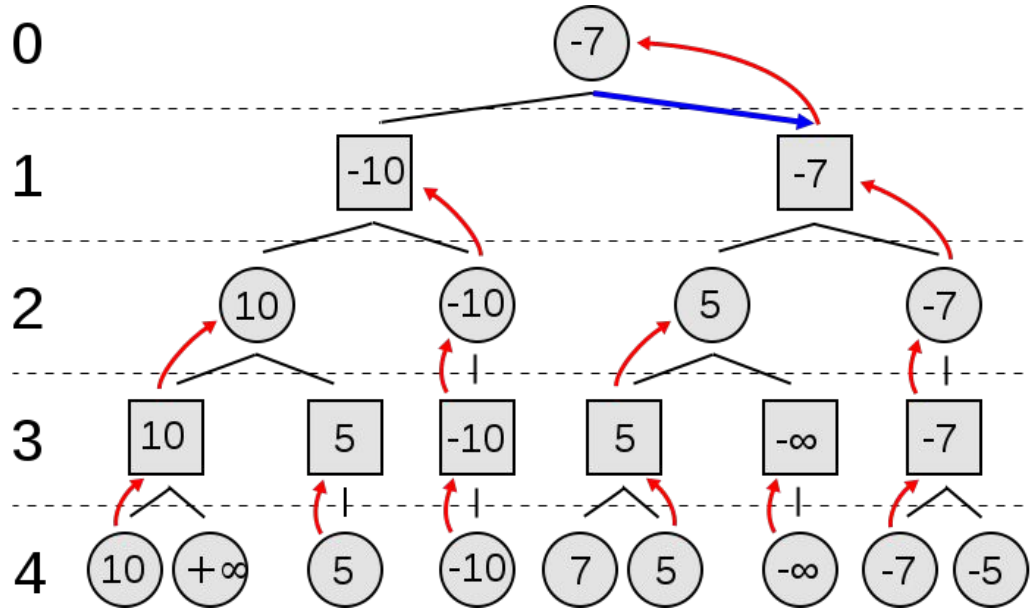


Iteration 2 - Basic Searching and Evaluation

- Search
- AI looks at next best move
- Evaluation
- Taking a piece gives a certain point value (see image)
- Uses highest point value to determine what is the “best” move

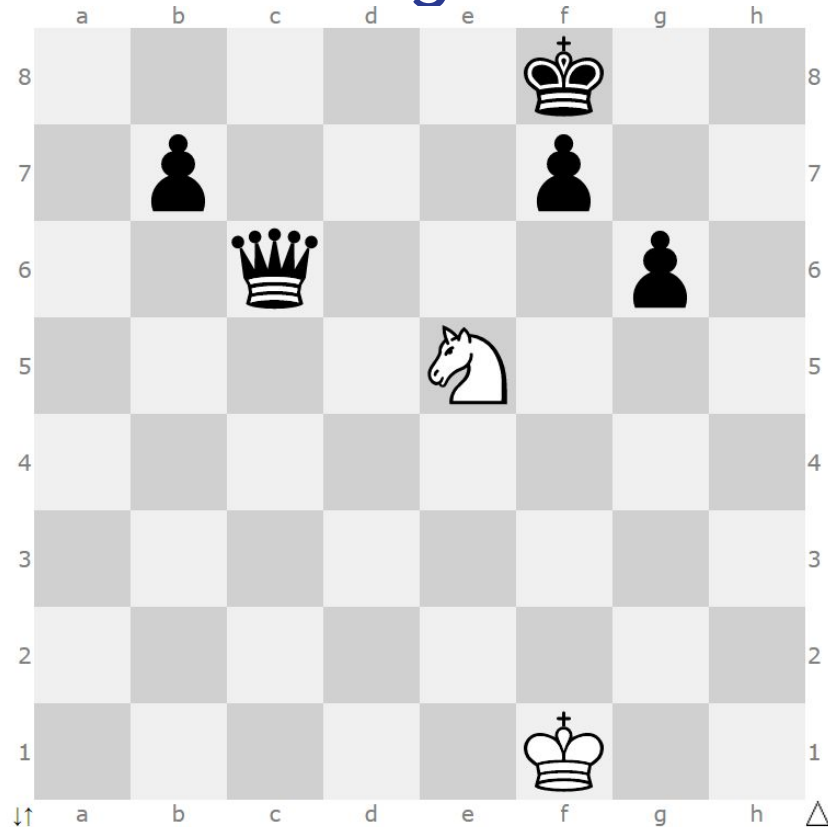
<i>Pieces and Point Value</i>		
<i>Pawn</i>		1
<i>Knight</i>		3
<i>Bishop</i>		3
<i>Rook</i>		5
<i>Queen</i>		9
<i>King</i>		priceless

Advanced Searching - The Minimax Algorithm



- Decision rule to minimize possible loss for a worst-case scenario
- For example, score of each move for two-ply search is the score of the worst that the opponent can do

Advanced Searching - The Minimax Algorithm



2-Ply Net Score: +6



Iteration 3 - Minimax Implementation

- An intelligent chess AI which uses minimax algorithm to choose its next move
- Uses combination of best AI move and worst human move to choose best possible move for itself
- Conceptually difficult
- Chessnut makes it challenging to implement



Advanced Evaluation - Additional Heuristics

- Combining simple heuristics makes a more sophisticated overall heuristic
- Handle a higher value piece taking a lower piece but putting itself into danger
- Advanced chess strategies and tactics



Future Work

- Searching can be improved with Alpha-Beta Pruning, Scouting, and Mate Searching for example
- Evaluation can have more complicated heuristics



Demo

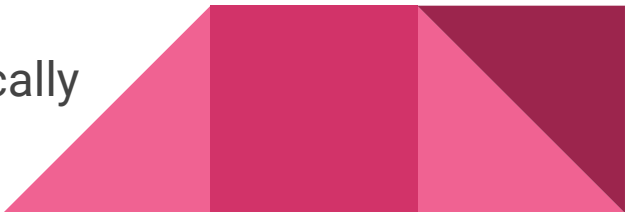


Reflections

Good:

- ChessNut was a great library that helped kickstart our project
- The simple GUI is intuitive and helped with development

Bad:

- ChessNut makes it complicated to look deeper than 1 ply
 - Minimax was tough to implement
 - Bit off more than we can chew (Chess is mathematically complex and minimax is hard to implement)
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Thanks for listening!

AI algorithms: <https://github.com/lamesjim/Chess-AI>

Chess board: <https://github.com/cgearhart/Chessnut>

Chess Programming Wiki: <https://chessprogramming.wikispaces.com/Programming>

Minimax Algorithm: <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Minimax>

Stockfish API for python: <https://pypi.python.org/pypi/stockfish>

Niklasf engine api: <https://github.com/niklasf/python-chess>

Sunfish engine api: <https://github.com/thomasahle/sunfish>

