## MECH 6024; MECH 5124

## Comp. Methods in Additive Manufacturing

<u>Individual Assignment – 4</u> Due: March 31st, 2020 (On Blackboard by 9 pm)

- This is an individual assignment.
- All the questions should be plotted using MATLAB (or any other programming language). Clearly indicate the steps followed and comment the code wherever necessary.
- Submit the hand-written steps and the printed graphical output as a scanned document.
- Submit the executable MATLAB code in a zip archive on Blackboard. Zip archives should be named in LastName\_FirstName.zip format.
- 1. Determine a point on a bicubic surface patch corresponding to u=0.35, w=0.45 and u=0.65, w=0.75.

The position vectors for four corner points are:

$$\begin{array}{ll} P(0,0) = [-100\ 0\ 100] & P(0,1) = [-100-100-100] \\ P(1,0) = [100-100\ 100] & P(1,1) = [100\ 0-100] \\ \text{The tangent vectors are:} \\ P^u(0,0) = [100\ 100\ 0] & P^u(0,1) = [1\ 1\ 0], \\ P^u(0,1) = [1\ 1\ 0], & P^u(1,1) = [1\ 1\ 0], \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} P^u(0,0) = [100\,100\,0] & P^u(0,1) = [1\,1\,0], \\ P^u(1,0) = [1\,-1\,0] & P^u(1,1) = [1\,-1\,0] \\ P^w(0,0) = [0\,10\,-10] & P^w(0,1) = [0\,-1\,-1], \\ P^w(1,0) = [0\,1\,-1] & P^w(1,1) = [0\,-1\,-1] \end{array}$$

and the twist vectors are:

$$\begin{array}{ll} P^{uw}(0,0) = [0\ 0\ 0] & P^{uw}(0,1) = [0.1\ 0.1\ 0.1], \\ P^{uw}(1,0) = [0.1-0.1-0.1] & P^{uw}(1,1) = [0\ 0\ 0] \end{array}$$

Plot the patch using MATLAB and determine unit normal vector at u=0.85, w=0.95

**2.** Generate a 5x3 ( $4^{th}$  degree in  $\mathbf{u}$  direction and  $2^{nd}$  degree in  $\mathbf{w}$  direction) Bezier patch having following control points:

$B_{00}[0,0,0]$ ,	$B_{01}[0,3,2]$ ,	$B_{02}[0,5,0]$
$B_{10}[2,0,3],$	$B_{11}[2,3,3],$	$B_{12}[2,5,3]$
$B_{20}[4,0,5]$ ,	$B_{21}[4,3,5]$ ,	$B_{22}[4,5,5]$
$B_{30}[6,0,4]$ ,	$B_{31}[6,3,4]$ ,	$B_{32}[6,5,4]$
$B_{40}[8,0,0]$ ,	$B_{41}[8,3,2]$ ,	$B_{42}[8,5,0]$

- (a) Plot the Bezier surface in MATLAB
- (b) For the generated surface, calculate  $P^u$  and  $P^w$  at u=0.35, w=0.45 and calculate the unit surface normal at this point.
- 3. A cylindrical surface is generated by sweeping a quarter circle in the x-y plane along the z-axis by 4 units as shown in the accompanying figure. The quarter circle has a unit radius and is centered at (0, 0, 0). Represent the cylindrical surface as a NURBS surface. For the NURBS patch indicate the following:
  - a) Order of the curve, control points and knot vectors for the base circle on x-y plane (v direction).
  - **b)** Control points for the upper circle of the cylinder.
  - c) Order of the curve, knot vector and control points in the "u" direction along the z axis.

- **d)** Formulate the NURBS equation for the cylinder and calculate the actual x and y values of the NURBS patch at u=0.5, v=0.5. Calculate the radius of the cylinder at this point by finding the shortest distance of this point from the z axis. Comment on the accuracy of radius obtained.
- e) Plot the NURBS surface patch using MATLAB.

