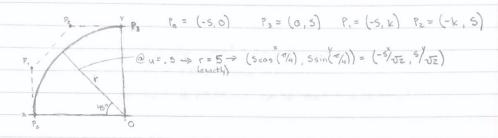
Estes, Wani



Cubic Bezier Curve $P(u) = (1-u)^{3} P_{0} + 3u(1-u)^{2} P_{1} + 3u^{2}(1-u) P_{2} + u^{3} P_{3}$ Qu = .5. this curve should lie exactly on quarter-circle $Qu = .5 P = (-5/\sqrt{52}, 5/\sqrt{52})$

 $P(.5) = (1-.5)^3(-5.0) + 3(.5)(1-.5)(-5.k) + 3(.5)^2(-.5)(-k,5) + (.5)^3(0.5)$ (-5/2, -5/2) = .1250(-5.0) + .3750(-5.k) + .3750(k,5) + .1250(0.5)can be solved in either x or y component, but we will solve in x

 χ : $-5/\sqrt{5} = -.625 - 1.875 + .3750k$ k = -2.7613

P. = (-5,0) P. = (-5,-2.7613) Pz = (2.7613,5) P3 = (0,5)

Max Deviation

critical pts of slope/derivative of dist formula $D(u) = \sqrt{P_x^2(u) + P_y^2(u)}$ $dD(u)/du = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{P_x^2(u) + P_y^2(u)} \left[2P_x(u) P_x^2(u) + 2P_y(u) P_y^2(u) \right]$

term I: $(1-u)^3 P_0$ $(1-u)^3 P_0 = (1-u^3-3u+3u^2) P_0$ x: $(1-u)^3 P_{0x} = -5+5u^3+15t-15t^2$ y: $(1-u)^3 P_{0y} = 0$

```
term II: 34 (1-4) 2 P.
             3u (1-u)2 P = (3u - Gu2 + 3u3)P,
             x: 3u (1-u) 2 P1 = -15 u + 30 u2 - 15 u3
             4: 3 u (1-u) P1 = 8.2839 u - 16.5678 u2 + 8.2839 u3
      term III: 342 (1-4) P.
           342 (1-4) Pz = (342 - 343) Pz
             x: 3u2 (1-u) Pzx = ~8.2839 L2 + 8.2839 43
             y: 3u2 (1-u) Pzy = 15u2 - 15u3
      term II: u3Pz
           x: u3P3x = 0
              y: u3 P3, = 5u3
      Px (u) = -1.7161u3 + 6.7161u2 -5
      Py (u) = -1.7161u3 -1.5678u2 + 8.2839u
      Px (u) = - 5.1483 42 + 13.43274
     Py (u) = -5.1483 u2 - 3.13564 + 8.2839
     P2 (u) = (-1.7161 u3 + G.7161 u2 -5)2
            = 12.9450 u6 - 23, as1 u3 + 45.1060 u4 + 17.1610 u3
             -67.1610u2 + 25
     Py2 (u) = (-1.7161 u3 -1.5678 u2 +8.2839 u)2
            = 5.89 u 6 - 17.67 u 5 + 19.1320 u 4 - 8.840 u 3 + 1.4620 u + 25
     2 (Px(u) · Px(u)) = 2[(-1.716143 + 6.716142-5)(-5.448342 + 13.43224)]
                      = 17.67 us -115 u4 + 180.42 u3 + 51.48 u2 - 134.37
Z(P, (u) - P, (u)) = Z[(-1.7161 u3 -1.5678 u2 +8.28394)(-5.1483 u2
                     -3.13564 + 8.2839)
                    = 17.67 us + 26.9 u4 - 103.58 u3 - 77.9 u2 + 137.24 u
```

[2P, P, + 2P, P,] = 35.34 us -88 u4 +76.54 u3 -26.42 u2 +2,92 u 1/2 JP2 + P2 = J 2495 4 - 8836 4 + 9566 44 - 44014 + 73142 + 12506 / 5-55 dp(u)/du = 35.34 u4 -88 u3 +76.54 u2 -26,424 +2.92 = 0 u= .9045 + .1289; u= .9045 - .1289; u= ,4709 + . GOO; u= .2107 + .000; @ u=.2107 r=5.0013 -> deviation = 5.0013-5=.0013=.132 ____ ______ _0 ______ _(3) _____ -- 39 -