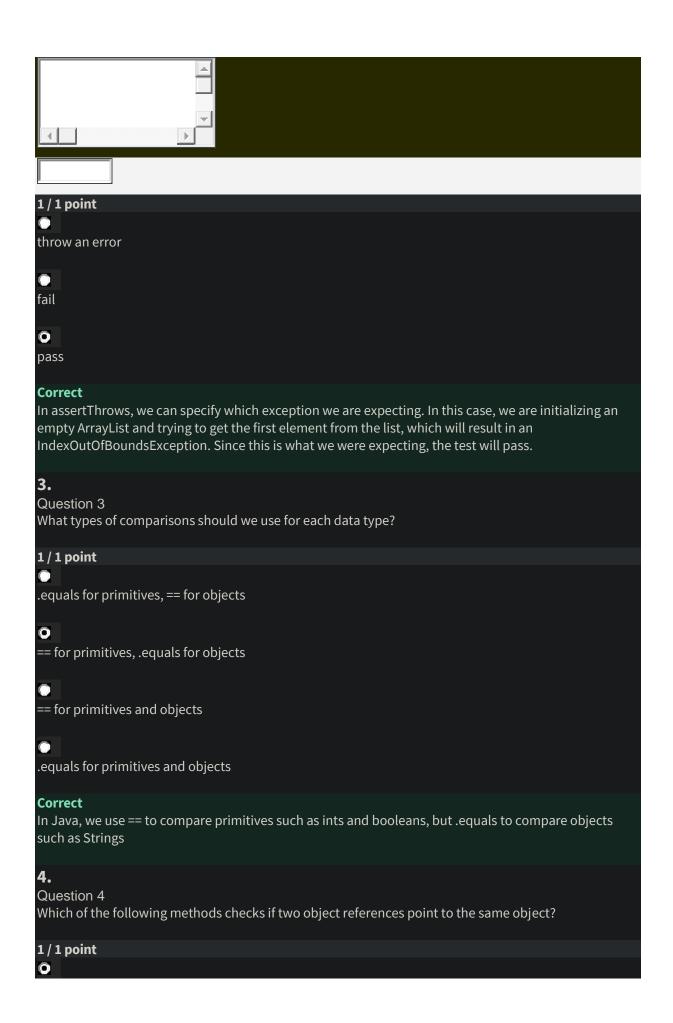
```
1.
Question 1
If you want to run a setUp method before every test method, what should you write?
1 / 1 point
@Test
0
@BeforeEach
@return
@BeforeThis
Correct
You should write @BeforeEach as @BeforeEach sets up test data before every test method, similar to
python's setUp method.
2.
Question 2
Will this test pass, fail or throw an error?
assertThrows(IndexOutOfBoundsException.class, () -> {
    // ArrayLists are like arrays in Python
    ArrayList<String> myList = new ArrayList<String>();
    // return the first element of the list
    String firstString = myList.get(0);
});
```



assertSame
assertCheck
assertEqual
assertEquals
<b>Correct</b> assertSame asserts that two given arguments refer to the same object. assertEquals compares that two given arguments are equal and uses .equals or == depending on whether the arguments are objects or primitives.
<b>5.</b> Question 5 When Eclipse and the JUnit framework creates new test method stubs for you, what is automatically filled in and what is the reason for that?
1/1 point
fail, so the test fails until the programmer writes it
fail, because Java is annoying
pass, so the test fails until the programmer writes it
pass, so the test passes until the programmer writes it
<b>Correct</b> "fail" should be automatically filled in, so the test fails until the programmer writes it. This is because

"fail" should be automatically filled in, so the test fails until the programmer writes it. This is because creating a method stub to return false helps "test the tests", and to help make sure that an incorrect method doesn't pass the tests.