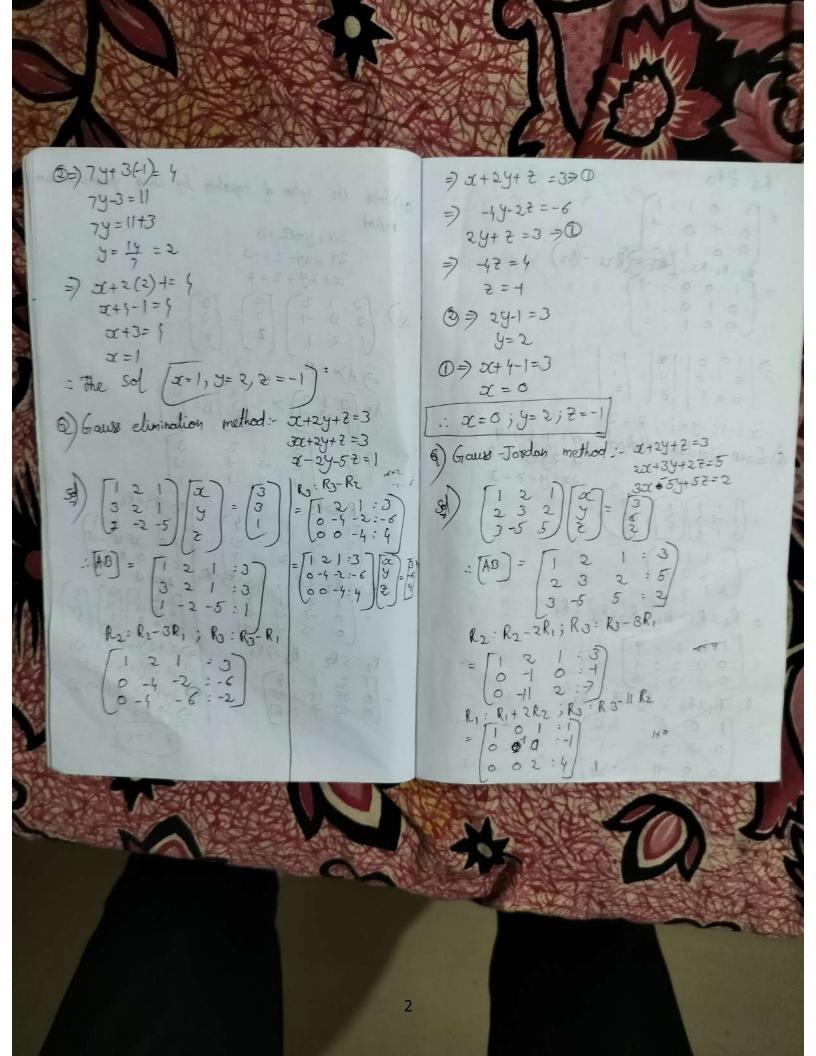
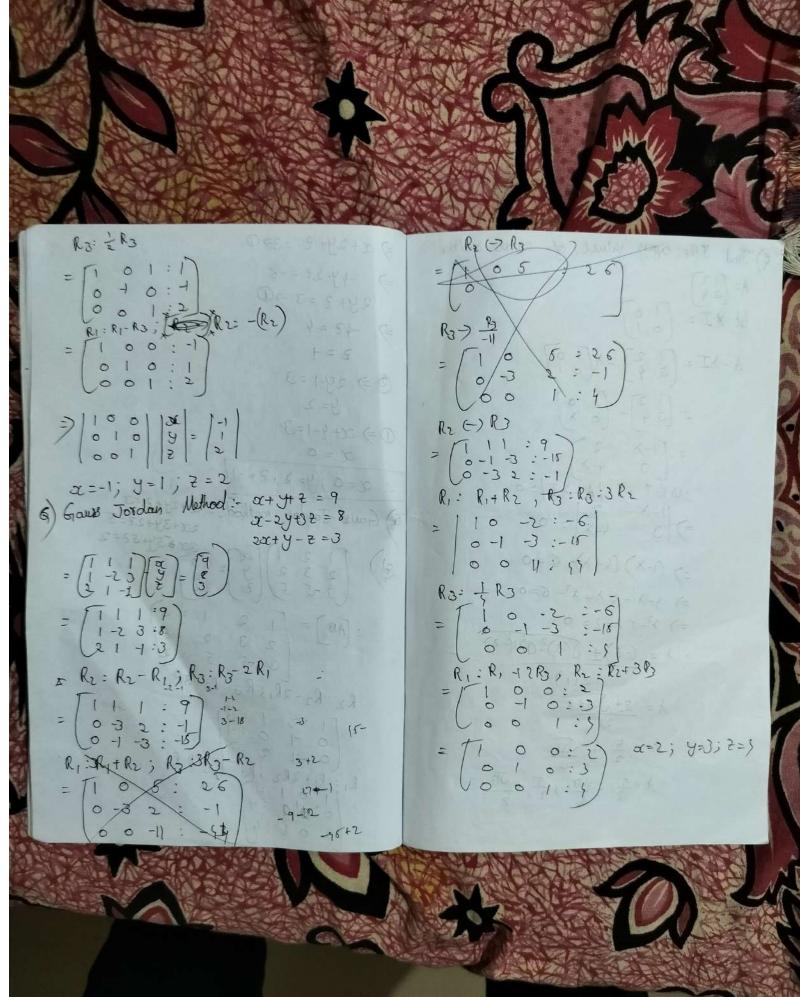
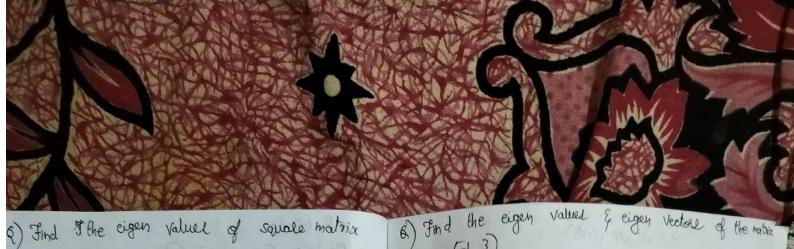
the system of equation by using gauss-climination Q4) Solve method 3x+y+2Z =3 2x - 3y - 2 = -3x+2y+2=4 $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0c \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$ $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -3 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \rangle = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} \beta = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$ R3: R3+Rz R3: R3-7R1 => 354+152=55







3) Find 8 the eigen values of square matrix
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A - \lambda I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix} - \lambda \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1-\lambda & 2 \\ 3 & 4-\lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{5 + \sqrt{25 + 8}}{2}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{5}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{33}}{2}, \frac{5}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{33}}{2}$$

6) Find the eigen values & eigen vectore of the mater
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 3 \\ -3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$
 let $J = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

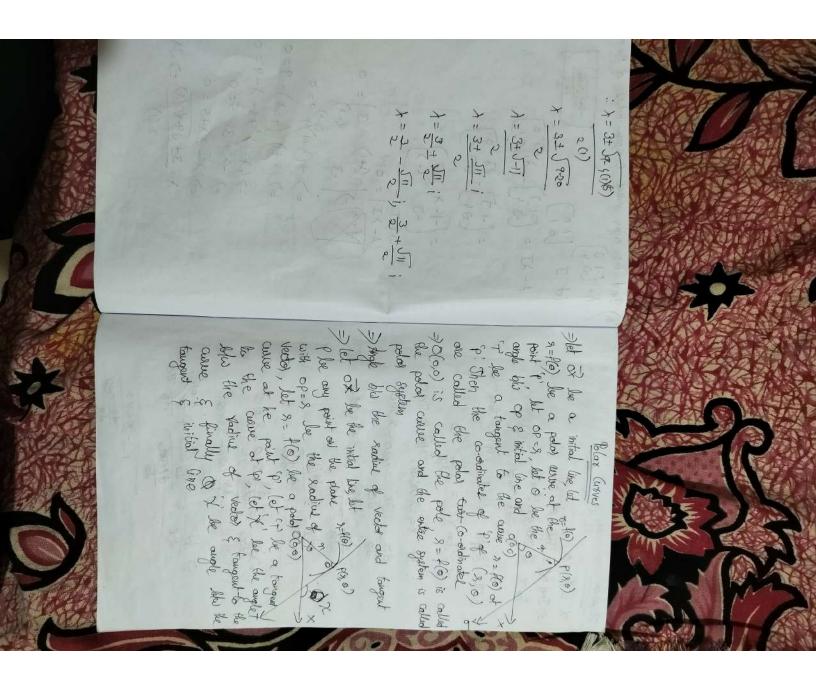
$$A - \lambda I = \begin{pmatrix} -13 \\ -34 \end{pmatrix} - \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 00 \\ 01 \end{pmatrix}$$

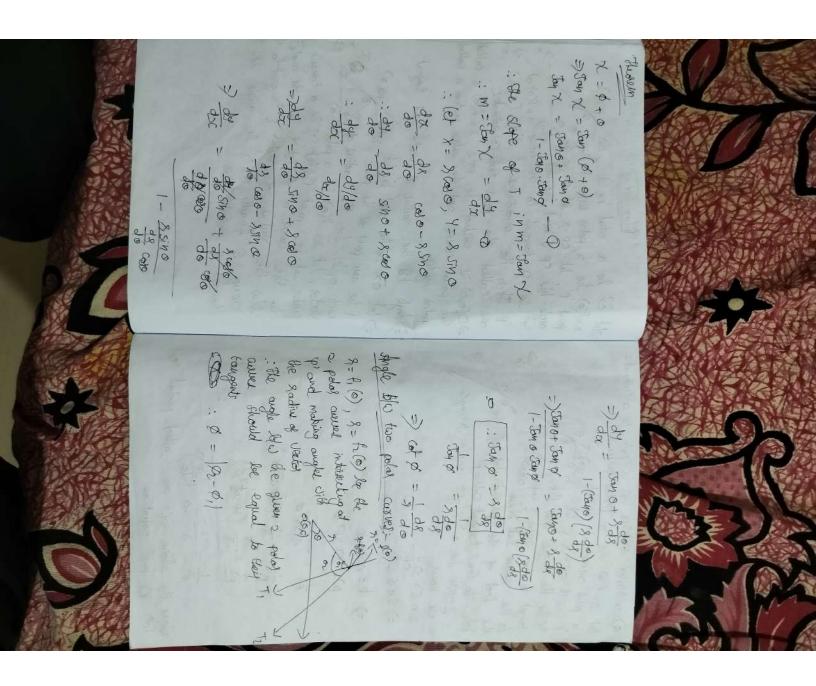
$$=\begin{bmatrix} -1-\lambda & 3 \\ -3 & 4-\lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

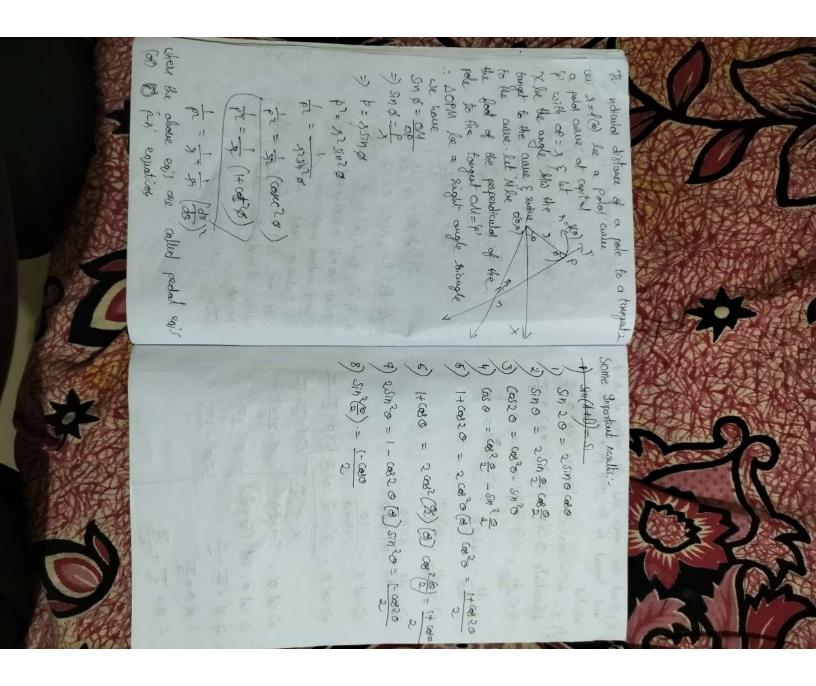
$$\frac{|A-\lambda I|=0}{|A-\lambda I|=0}$$

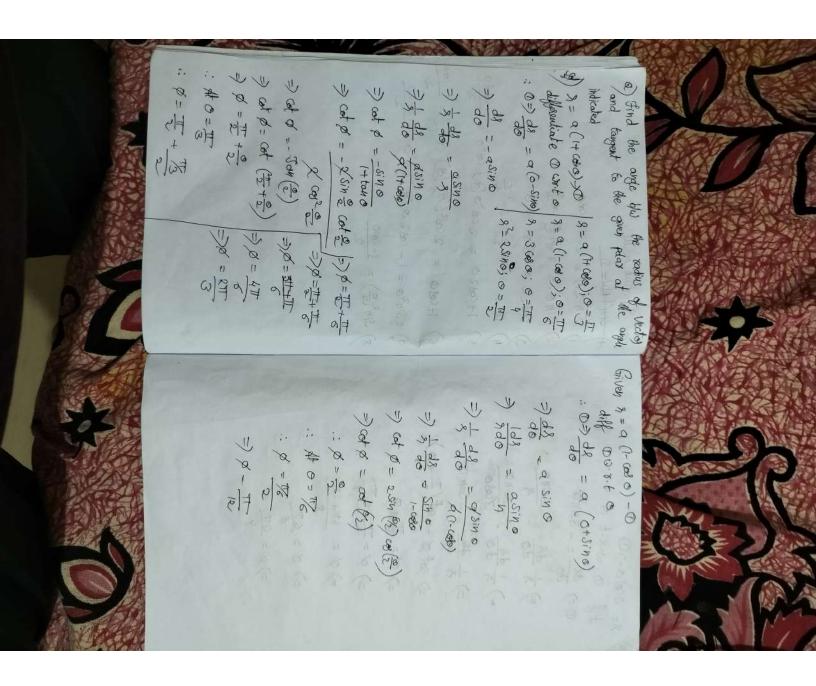
$$\frac{|A-\lambda I|=0}{|A-\lambda I|=0}$$

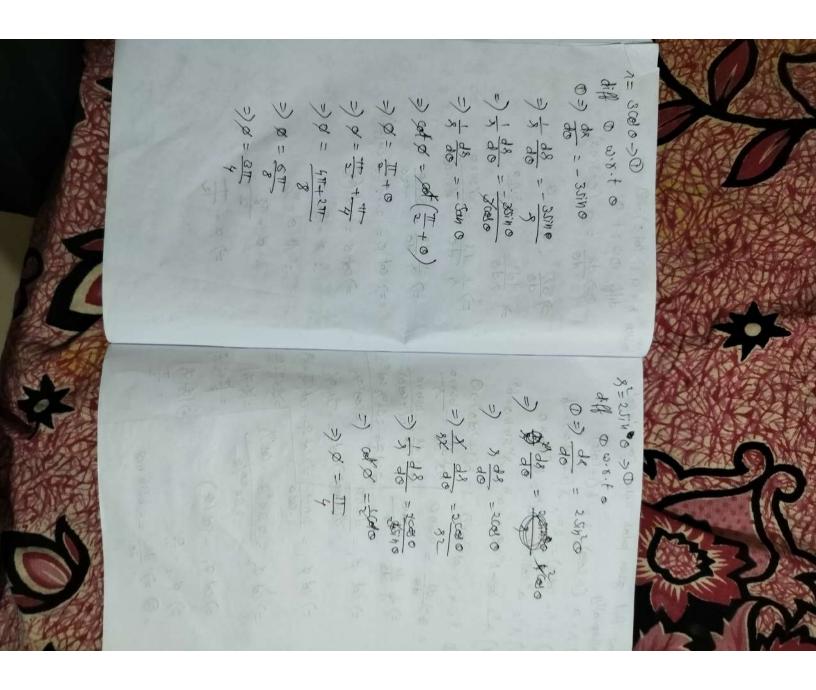
$$\frac{|A-\lambda I|=0}{|A-\lambda I|=0}$$

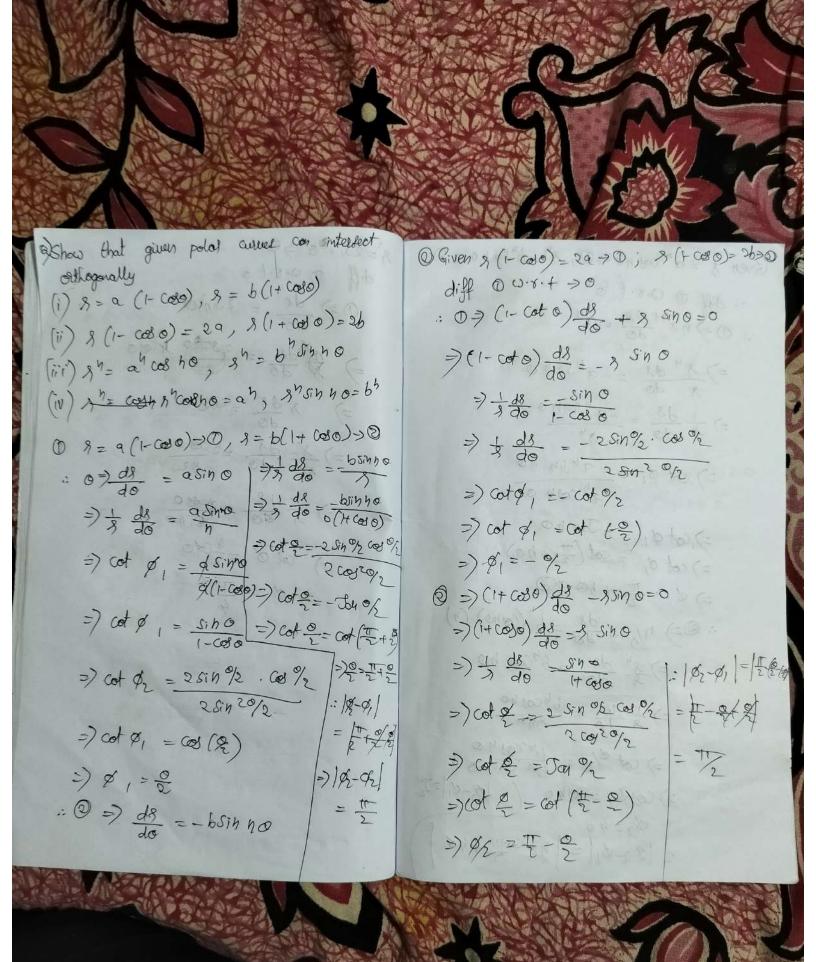


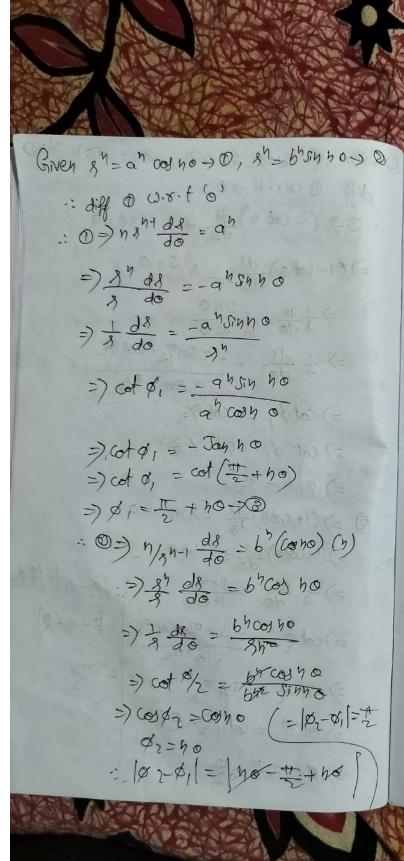


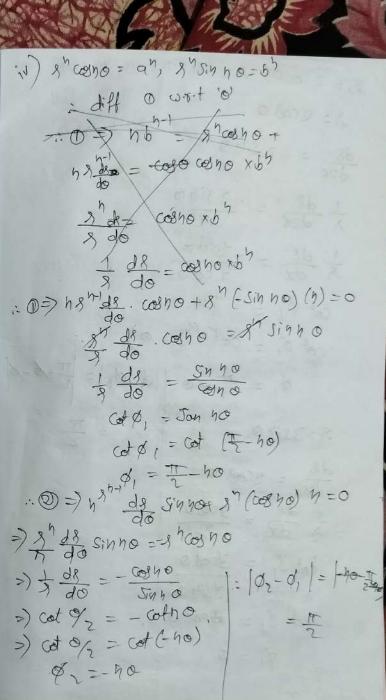


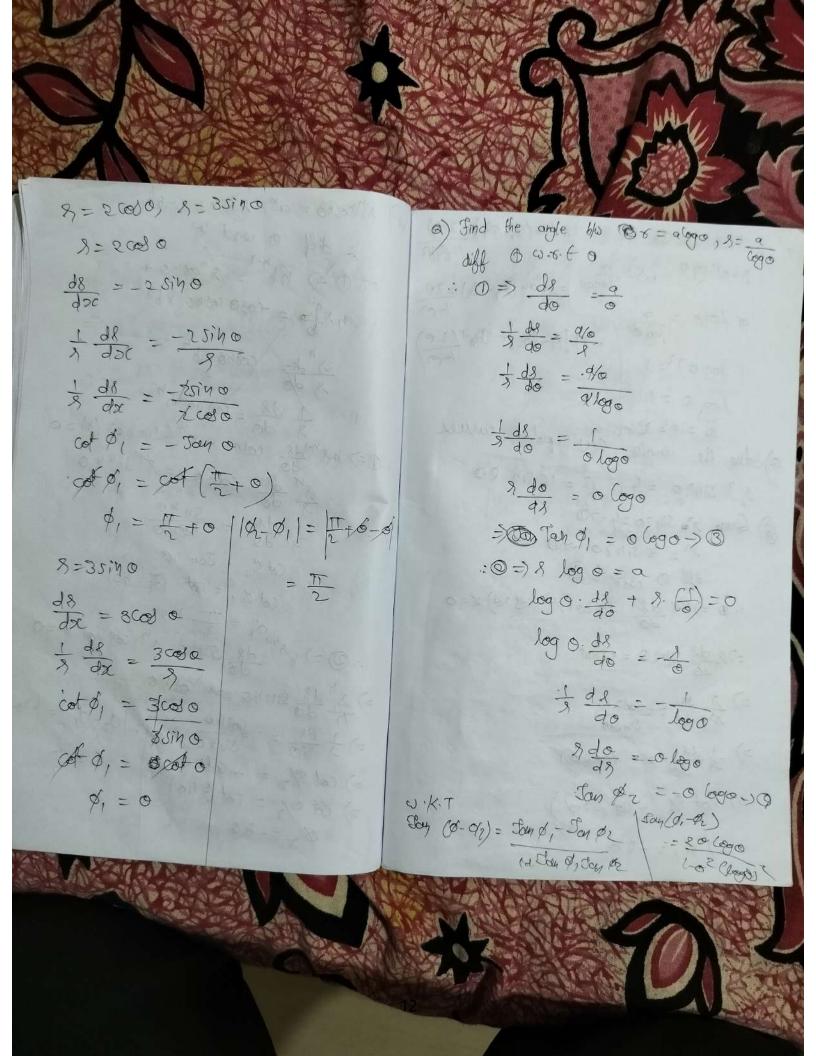


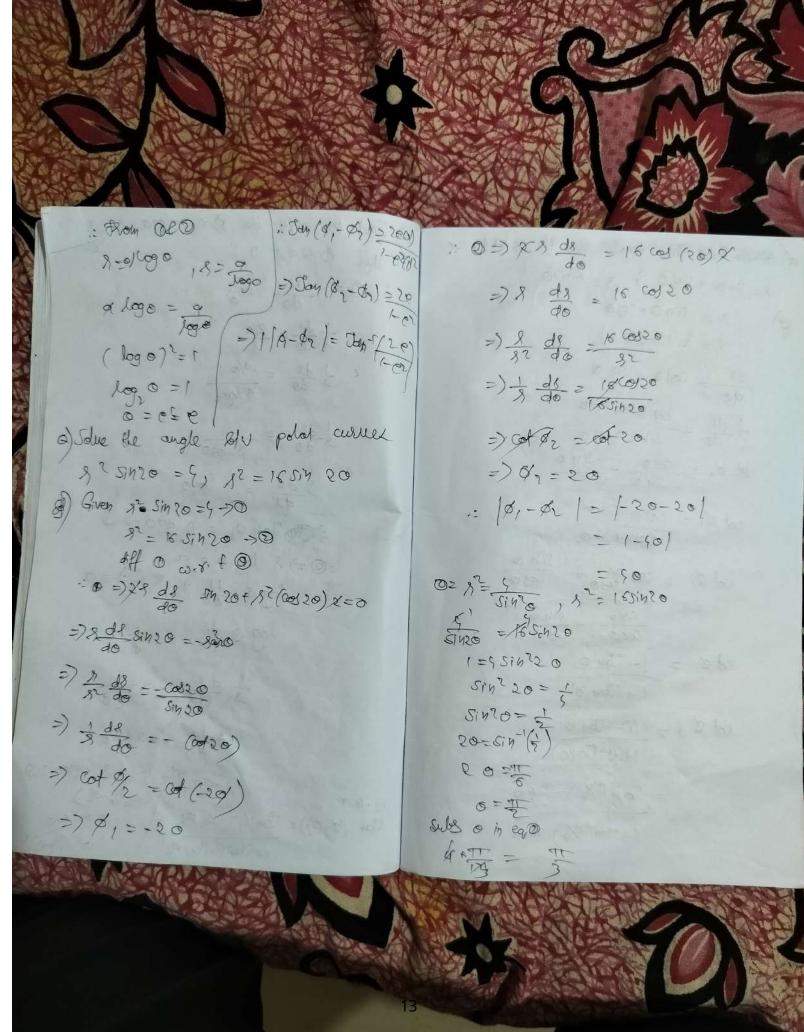


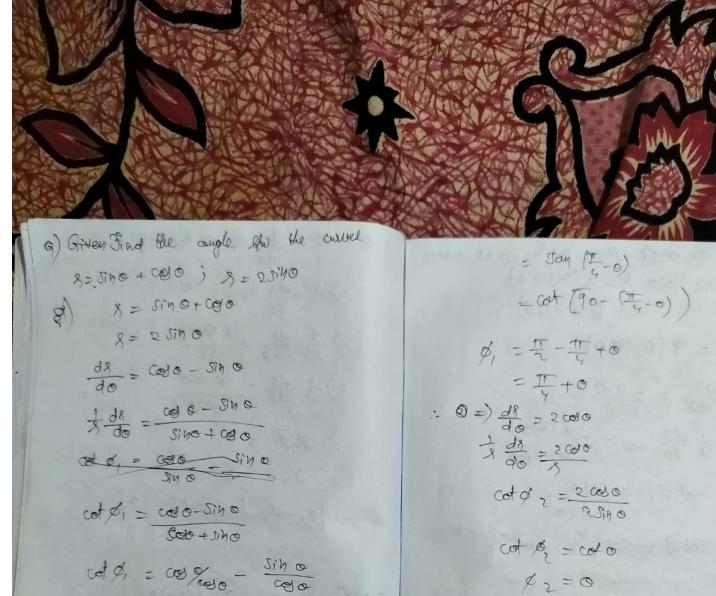












(80 - Sin 0

1+ Jan (0)

1+ (1) (Joyo)

= Jan (ty)-Jano

1+ Jay (1/4). Jay 0

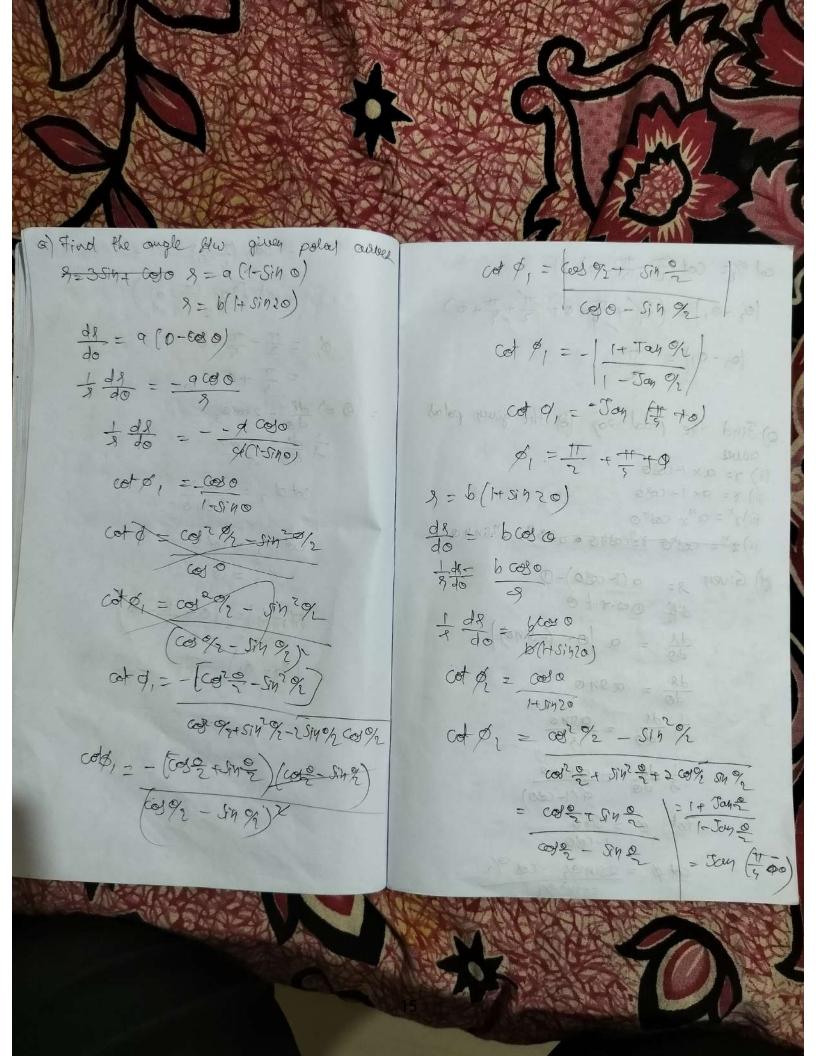
cot \$1 = 1 - Jon 0

cot \$ 1 = 10- 500

Ø2=0

(\$7-\$1) = #

| | | = | o - # 0 |





9) Find the pedal eq for the given polar

(i) r= ax 1-codo

ii) r= ex 1+ co80

Tii) x = anx cosh o

iv) x = costo x 2 costo = a7 h 7 = a msin y o

g) Given
$$S = a(1-080)-0$$

diff $0 = a \cdot (1-080)-0$
 $\frac{ds}{d0} = a \cdot (0-(-sino))$
 $\frac{ds}{d0} = a \cdot sino$
 $\frac{ds}{d0} = \frac{asino}{8}$
 $\frac{ds}{d0} = \frac{asino}{8}$

$$\cot \phi = \cot(2)$$

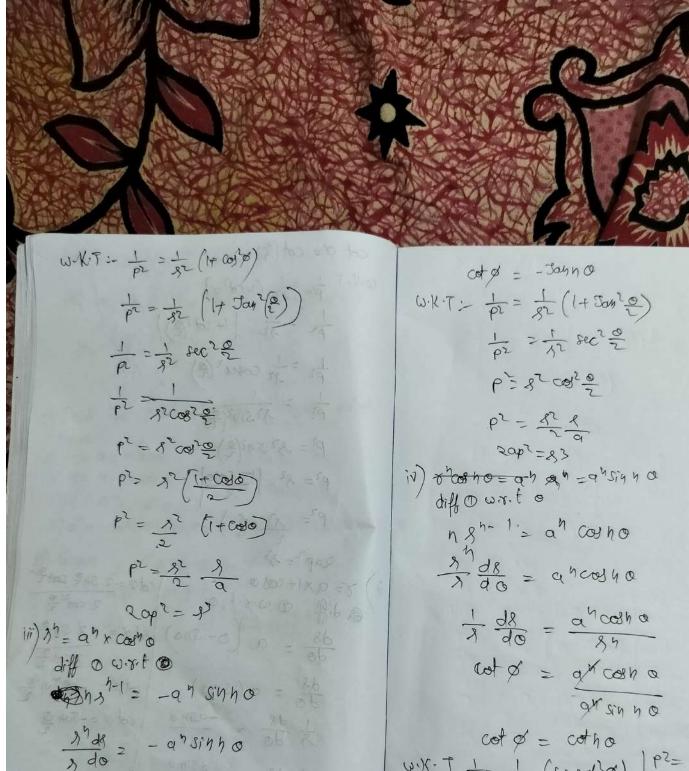
$$\cot \phi = \cot(2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{32} (+\cot^2 \phi)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{32} (+\cot^2 \phi)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{32} (-\cot^2 \phi)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{32} (-\cot^2$$

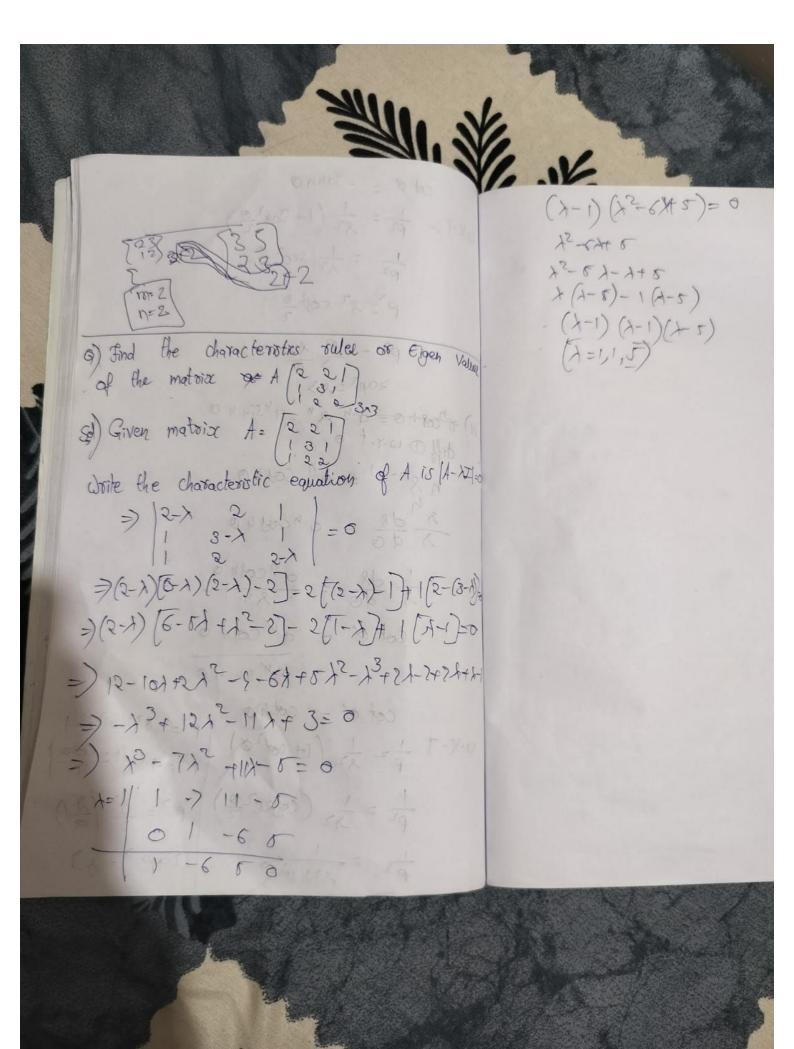


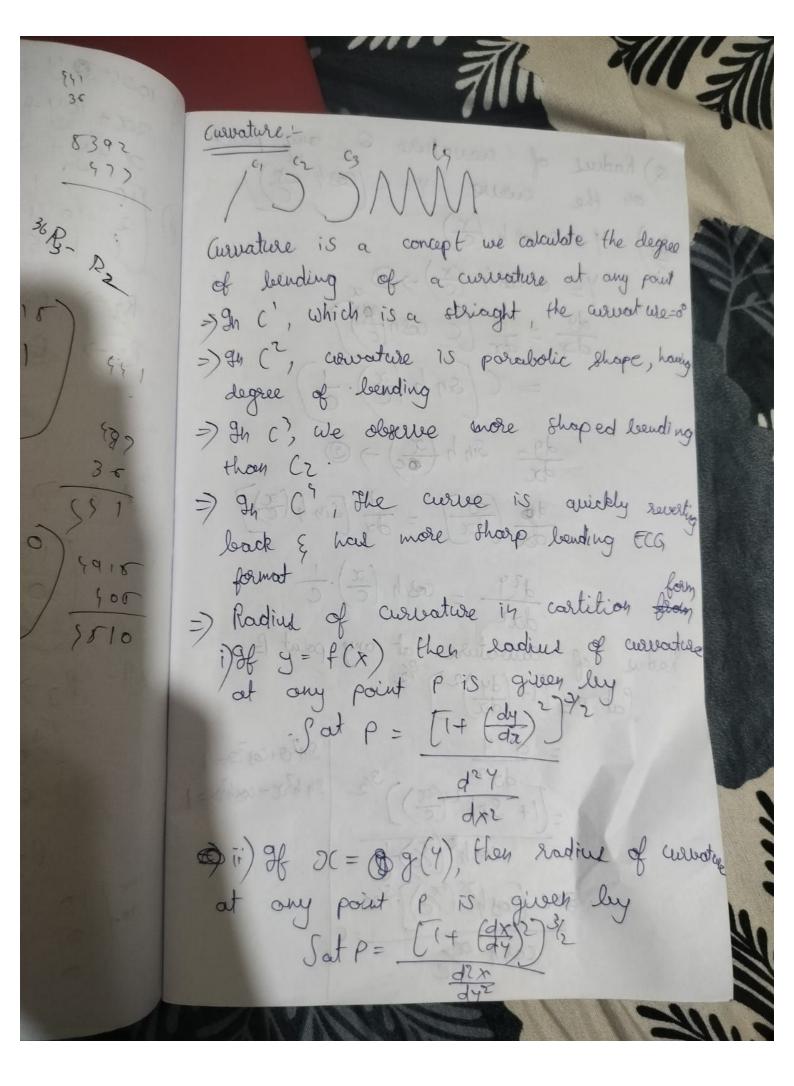
1 de z - ansinho

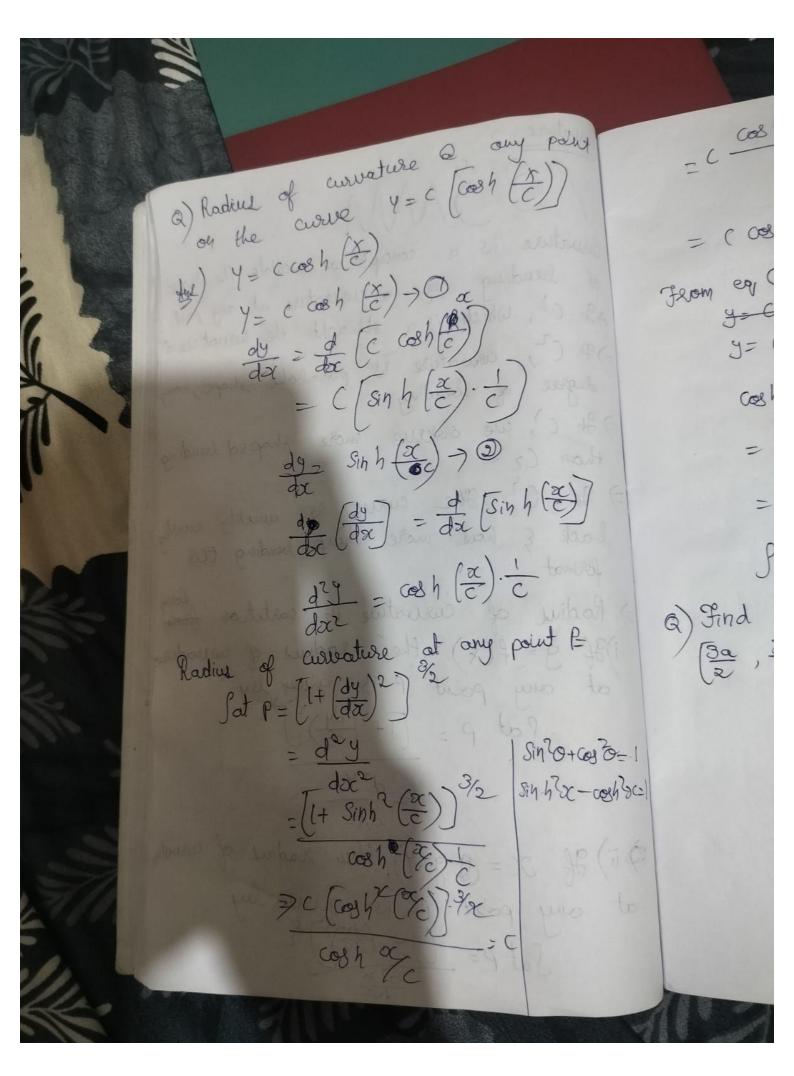
1 d8 = - ortsin ho

वर्ष त्ला

pr = 1/2 (cosecs &) pr = 3/8/ p2 = 325/1/2 tap? = 33







Cosh (x) = (cosh (3/c) = (08 12(%) From eq O J= C- cosh () cosh (%) = 4/c = 4. 92 Sat p=y? (a) Find the vadius of according at the point $\left(\frac{3a}{2}, \frac{3a}{2}\right)$ of the curve $x^3 + y^3 = 3axy$ point B Sin 20+60 3=-1 14 h & - cosh & col