



Distribution of Components in Event-Driven Sensor Networks

Seminar presentation

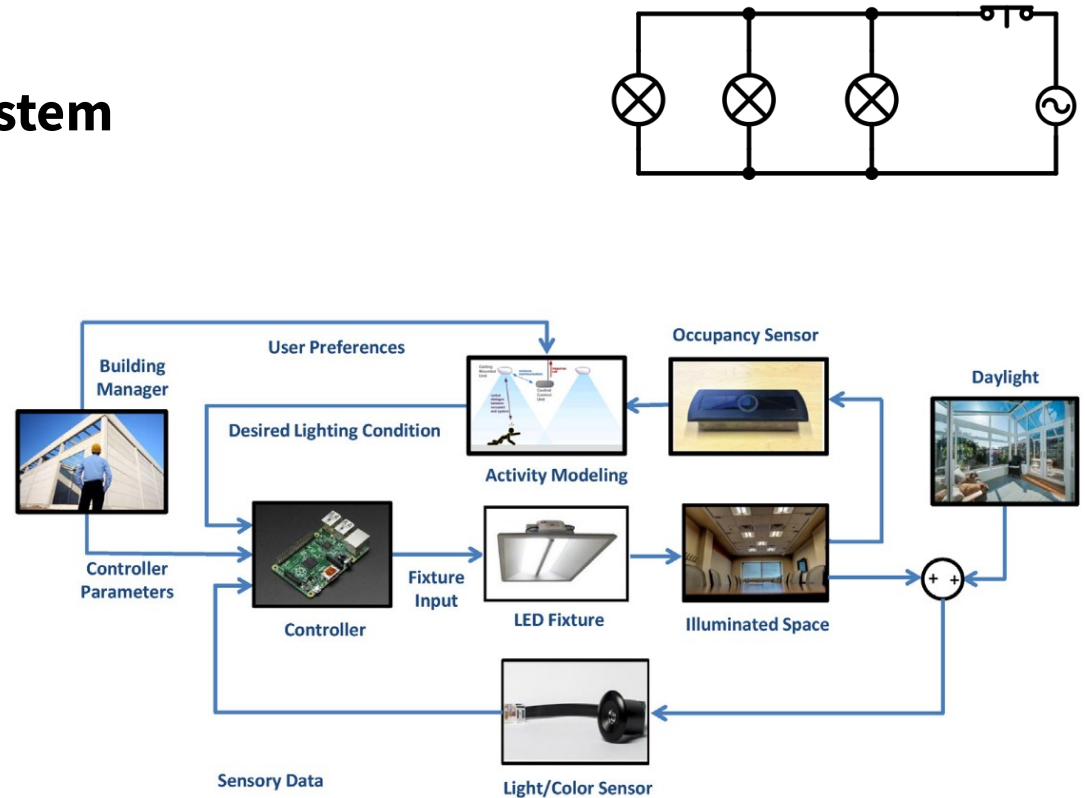
Bc. Miroslav Hájek
Software Architecture

Topics outline

- **Lighting control** system design
- **Event-based messaging**
- **Building Management Systems IoT architectures:**
 - CONDE, SorBet
- **OpenAIS reference architecture**
 - ODM: Object data model
 - Network stack
 - OGC: Object Group Communication
 - Deployment variations
- **Example app design** using OpenAIS

Lighting System in Smart Building

- **Part of Building Management System**
- **Objectives**
 - Uniform and bright illumination
 - Color matching
 - Inhabitant preferences
 - Power savings by:
 - Occupancy-based lighting
 - Daylight harvesting



Hardware components for Lighting

Sensors

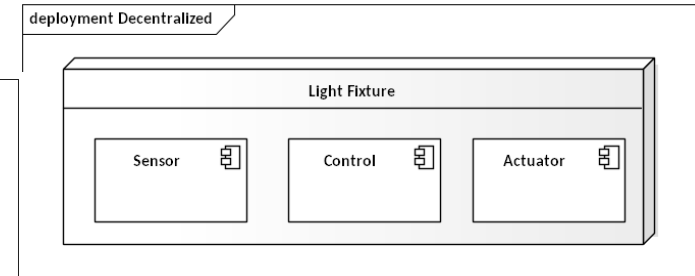
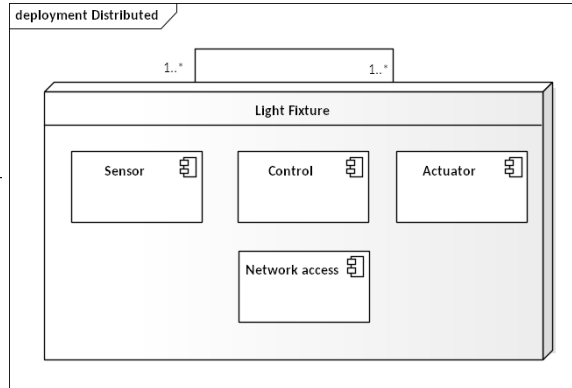
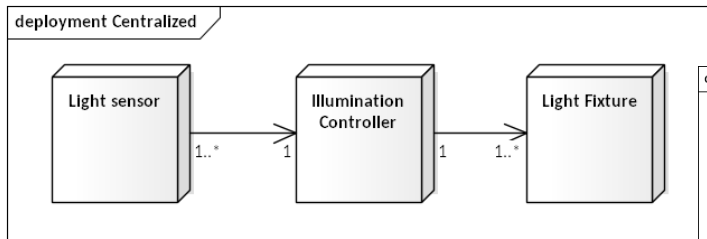
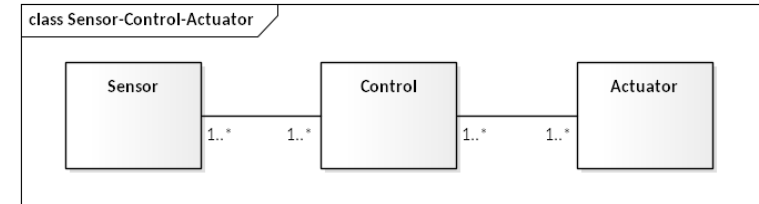


Actuators



Control Architectures for Lighting

- **Centralized:** all sensors → single controller → all fixtures
- **Decentralized:** each fixture has all components
- **Distributed:** local communication between fixtures



Event based system

- **Building blocks:**

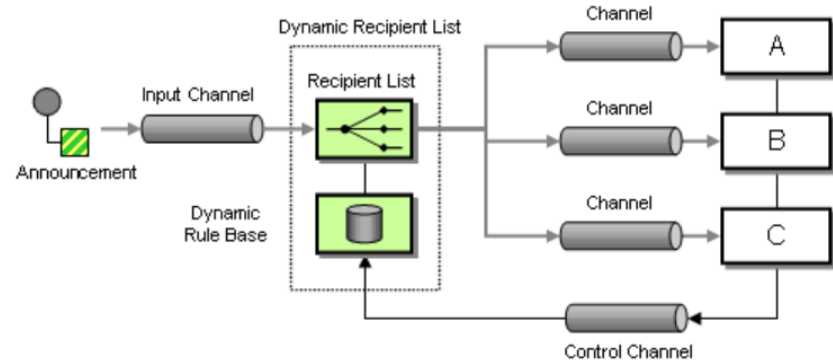
- Publisher (Producer) → Message → Channel → Subscriber (Consumer)

- **Design Patterns:**

- Mediator – decoupling of components
- Observer – notification on update

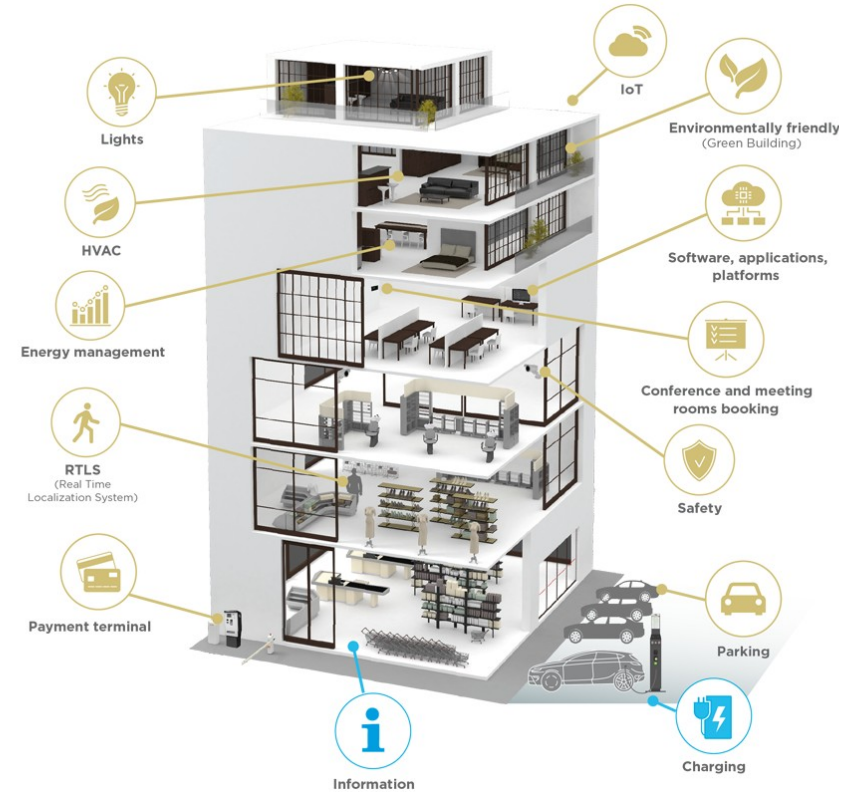
- **Event-driven SOA**

- 1) Event can trigger the invocation of service(s)
- 2) Service execution can produce new events

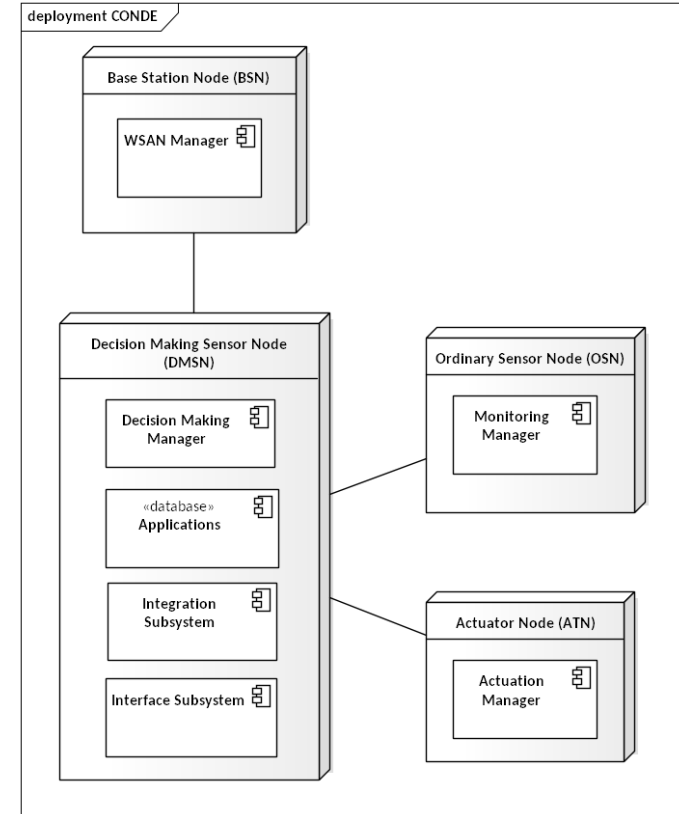
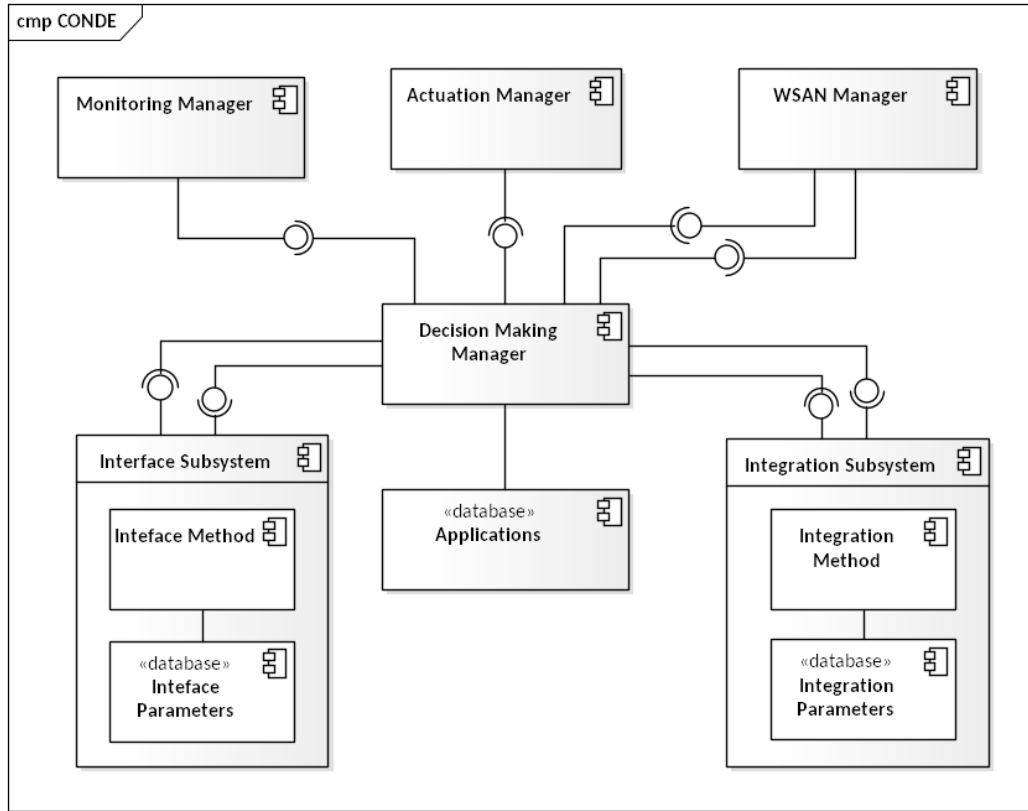


Building Management System (BMS / BAS)

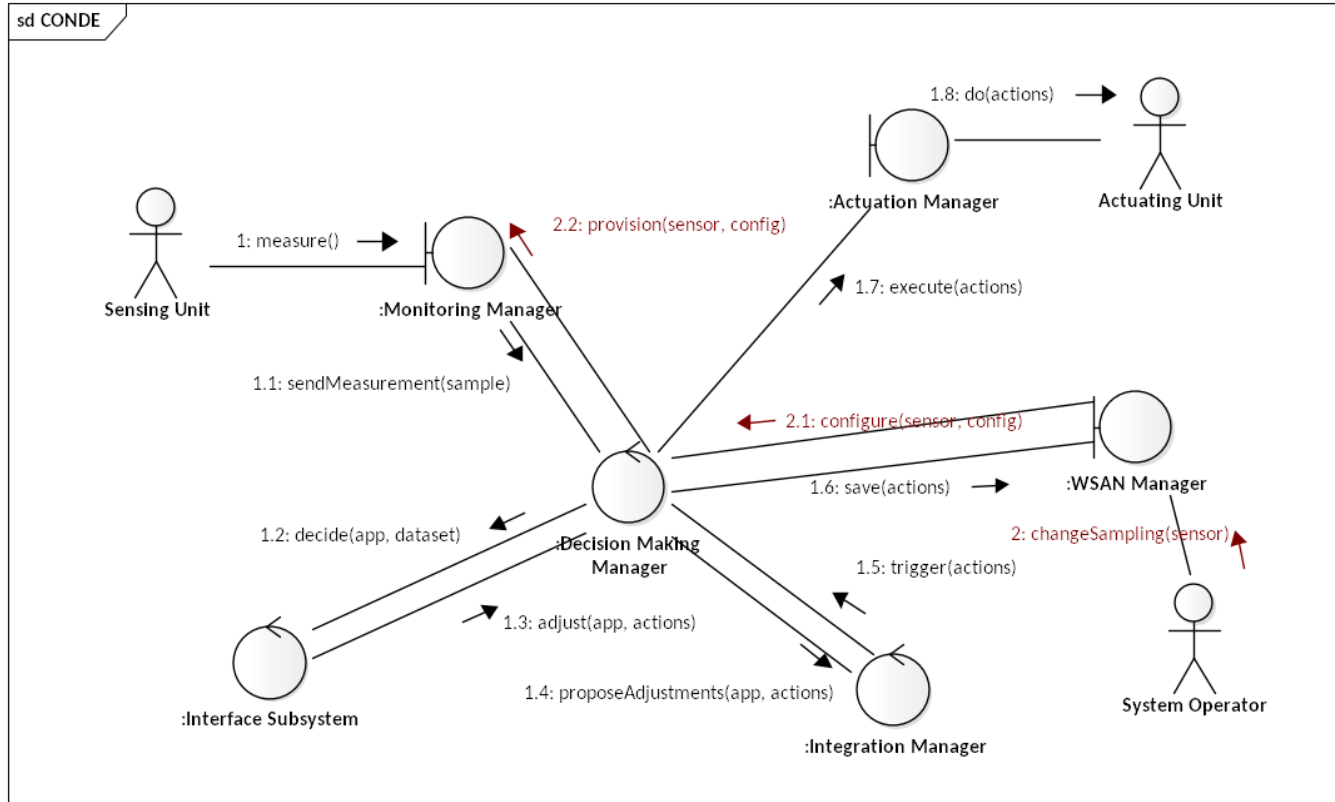
- **Building Automation:**
 - sensing the environment
 - making decisions
 - acting when needed transparently
- **Centralized control - single point of failures**
- Mainly wired communication
- Human intervention to configure new devices
- Proprietary technology devices
- Non-scalable architectures
- Isolation approach to security



CONDE – Component view



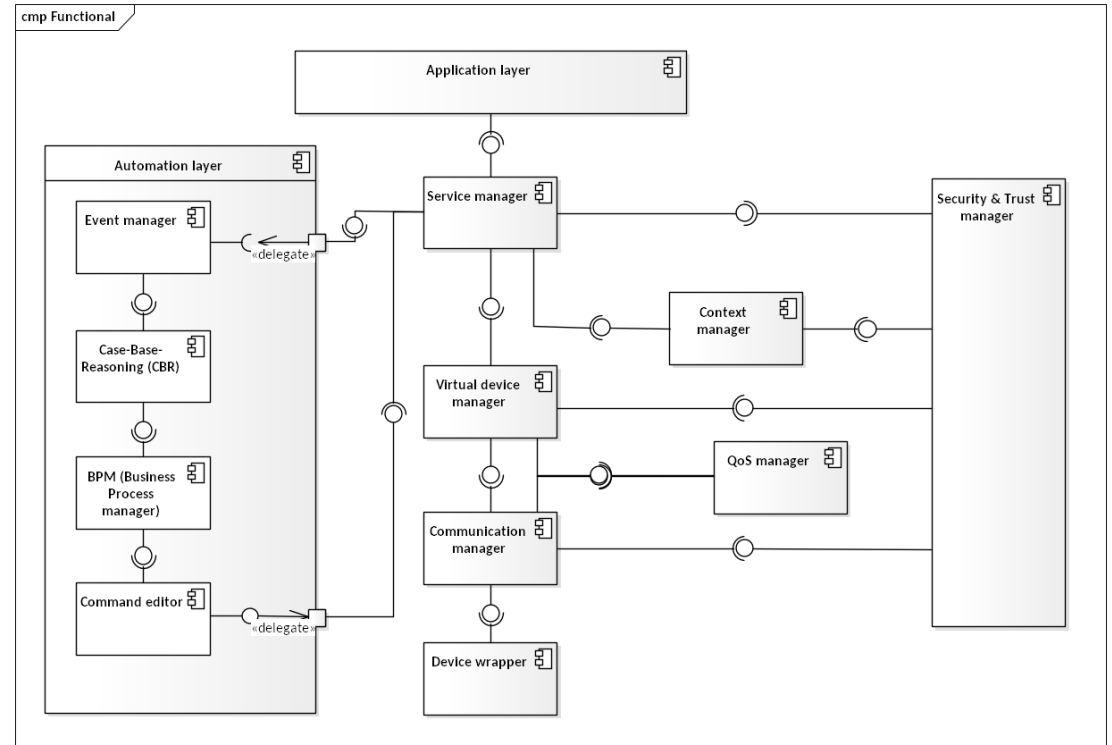
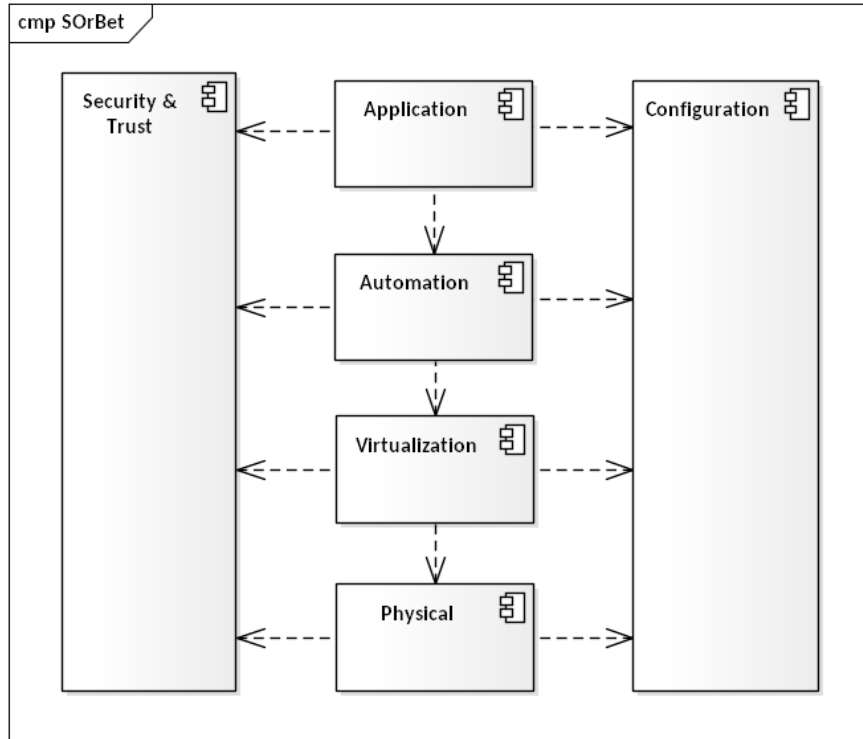
CONDE – Communication view



Decentralized system

- for decision and control
- in smart building apps
- using WSN

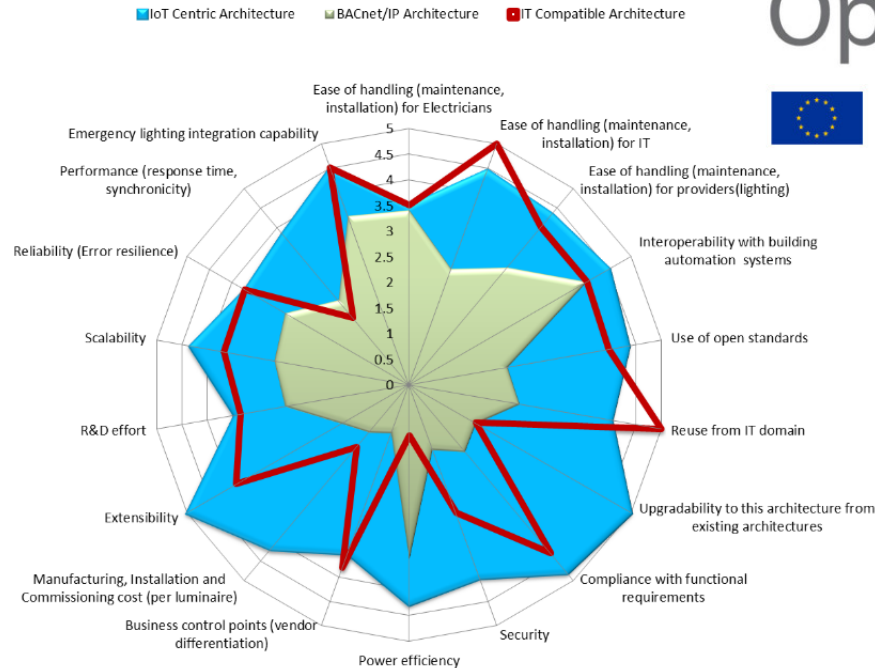
SOrBet Architecture



OpenAIS Reference Architecture

- Horizon 2020 project (<https://cordis.europa.eu/project/id/644332>)
- Open Architectures for Intelligent Solid State Lighting Systems (<http://openais.eu/en/results>)

- “OpenAIS aims at setting the **leading standard** for inclusion of lighting for professional applications in to IoT, with a focus on **office lighting**. This will enable a **transition from** the currently existing **closed and command** oriented lighting control systems”



Supported by the Horizon 2020 funding of the European Union

Pilot project validation in office space



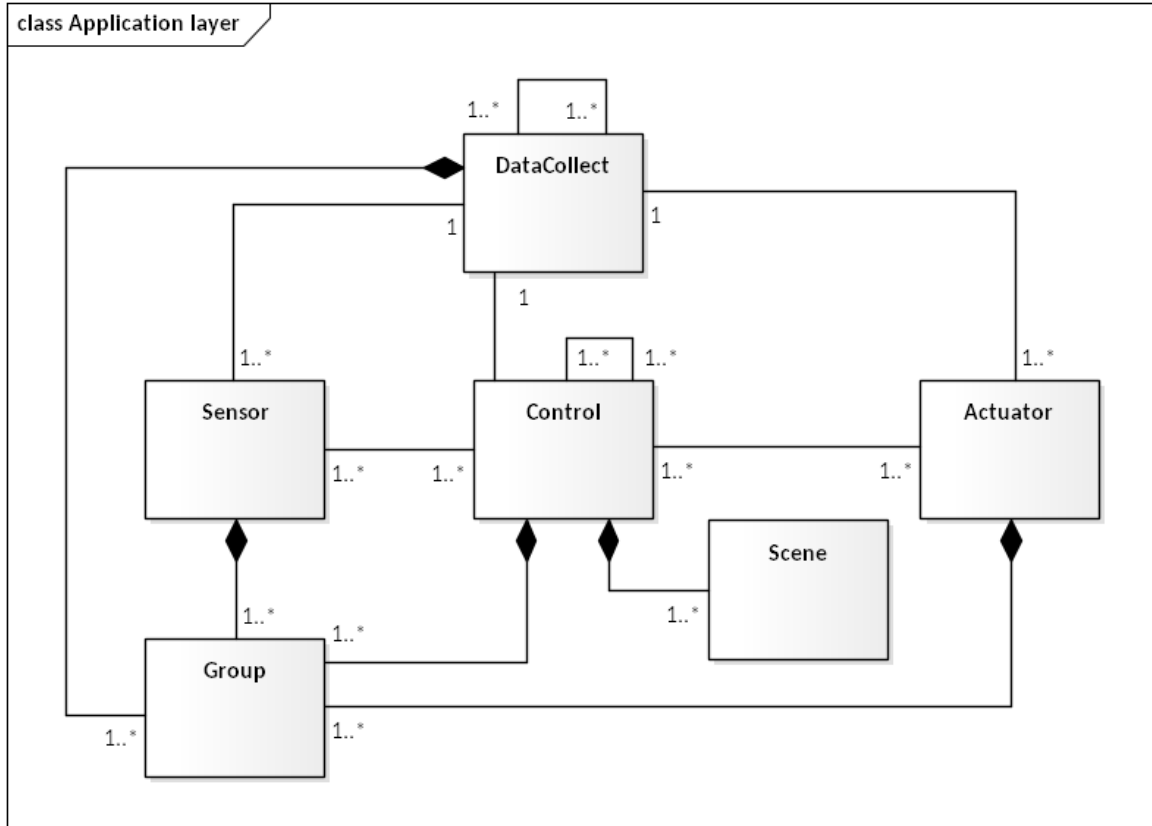
- Installation in Witte Dame, Eindhoven in 2018
- 400 luminaires with embedded sensors



OpenAIS IoL Reference Architecture

- **Key objectives:**
 - Define an open architecture with standardized APIs
 - Interoperable with BAS, cloud services and other systems
 - Increase the building value by combining IoT, LED technology and smart grids
 - Easy to specify, buy, install, maintain and use for all stakeholders in the value chain
- **Viewpoints for stakeholders:**
 - **Logical** - logical functions and their relations
 - **Physical** - mapping of logical functions to real SW and HW
 - **Networking** – communication stack and protocols
 - *Security – requirements based on LWM2M (CIA triad)*

Logical view: ODM – Application layer



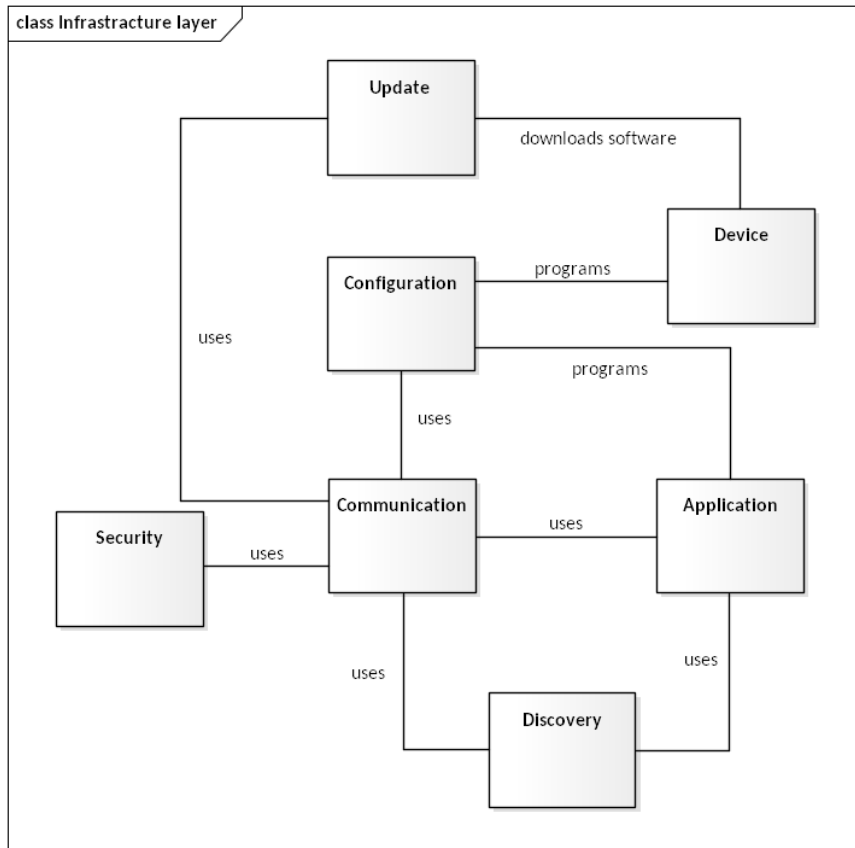
- **Actuator** – light fixtures
- **Sensor** - presence, light-level
- **Control** – lighting controller
 - *Stacked control* (priority)
- **DataCollect** – collection, storage
- *Support* - device / function
- **Grouping** and **Scene** setting
- **Gateway** – legacy system interface

Structural support for:

- Central controller to all lighting
- Fully distributed control in every single luminaire



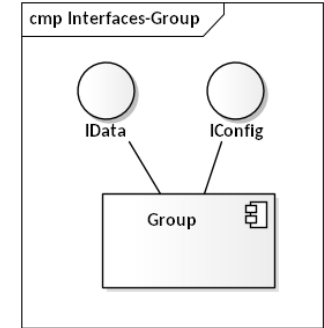
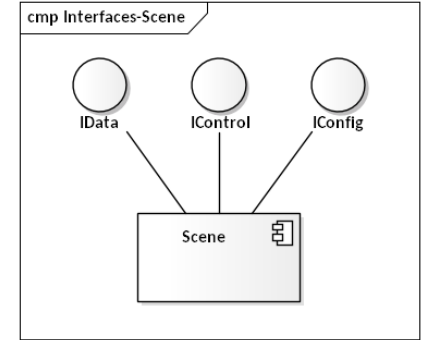
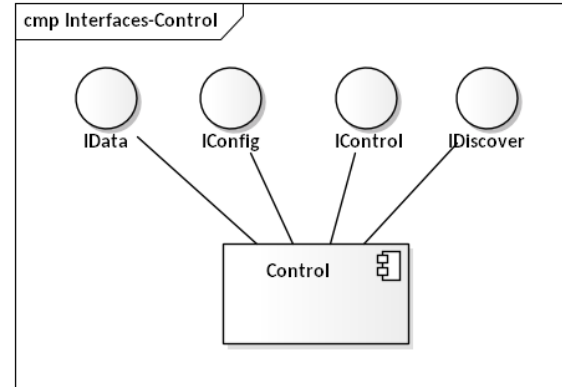
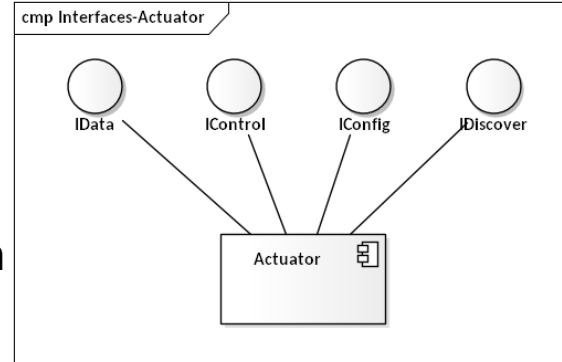
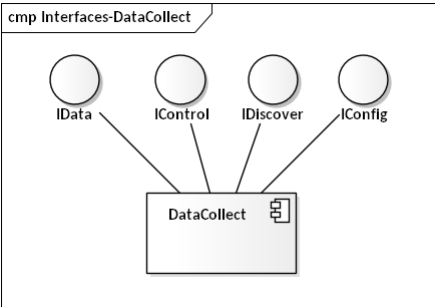
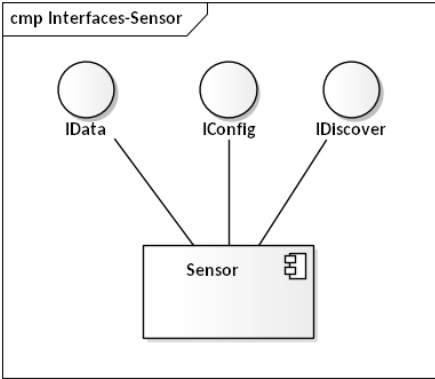
Logical view: ODM – Infrastructure layer



- **Communication** – network stack (L1 – L6 OSI)
- **Discovery** – of all available application functions (*Sensor, Control, Actuator, DataCollect*)
- **Device** – properties of a physical device
- **Configuration**
 - configuration parameters of the system
 - modify only by commissioning tool
- **Application** – OpenAIS application layer
- **Security** – not isolated, but in entire system
- **Update** – remote software updates

Logical view: ODM – Interfaces

- **IData** – (*getter*) produce and send measurements
- **IControl** – (*setter*) execute function based on caller parameters
- **IDiscover** – advertise presence on network
- **IConfig** – commissioning, algorithmic, regulation settings





Networking view

Recommended MAC :

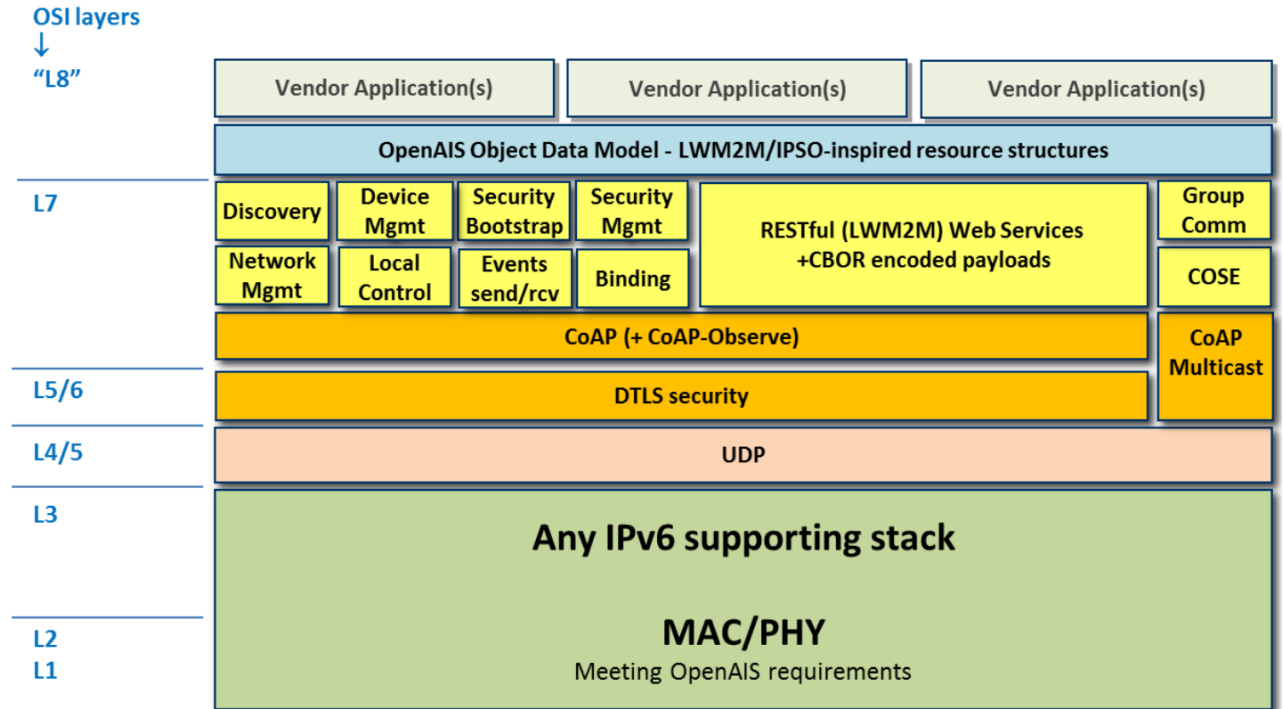
- Wired: Ethernet
- Wireless: 6LoWPAN / Thread

Transport:

- IPv6 (+ Multicast)
- UDP + DTLS

RESTful services

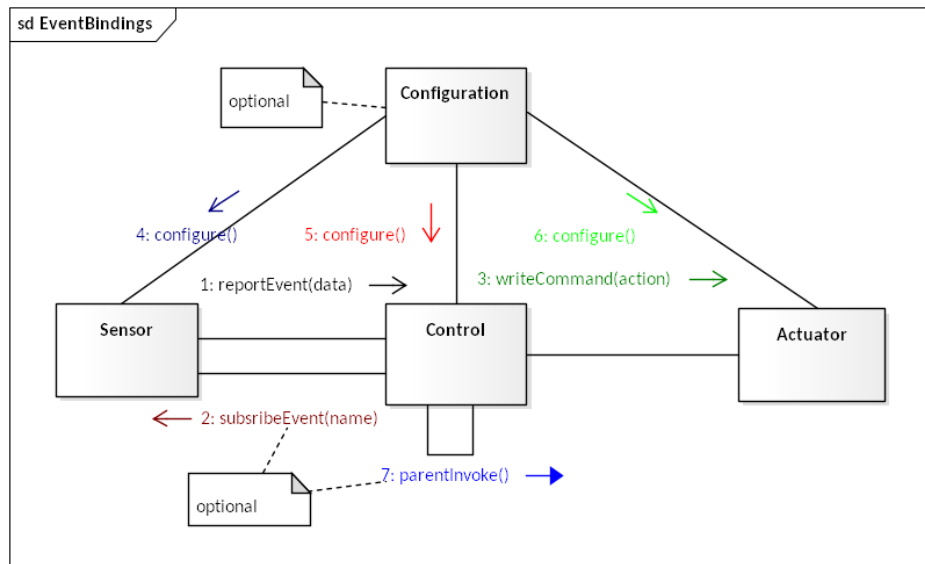
- CoAP (+ Multicast, + Observe)
- LWM2M
- CBOR format



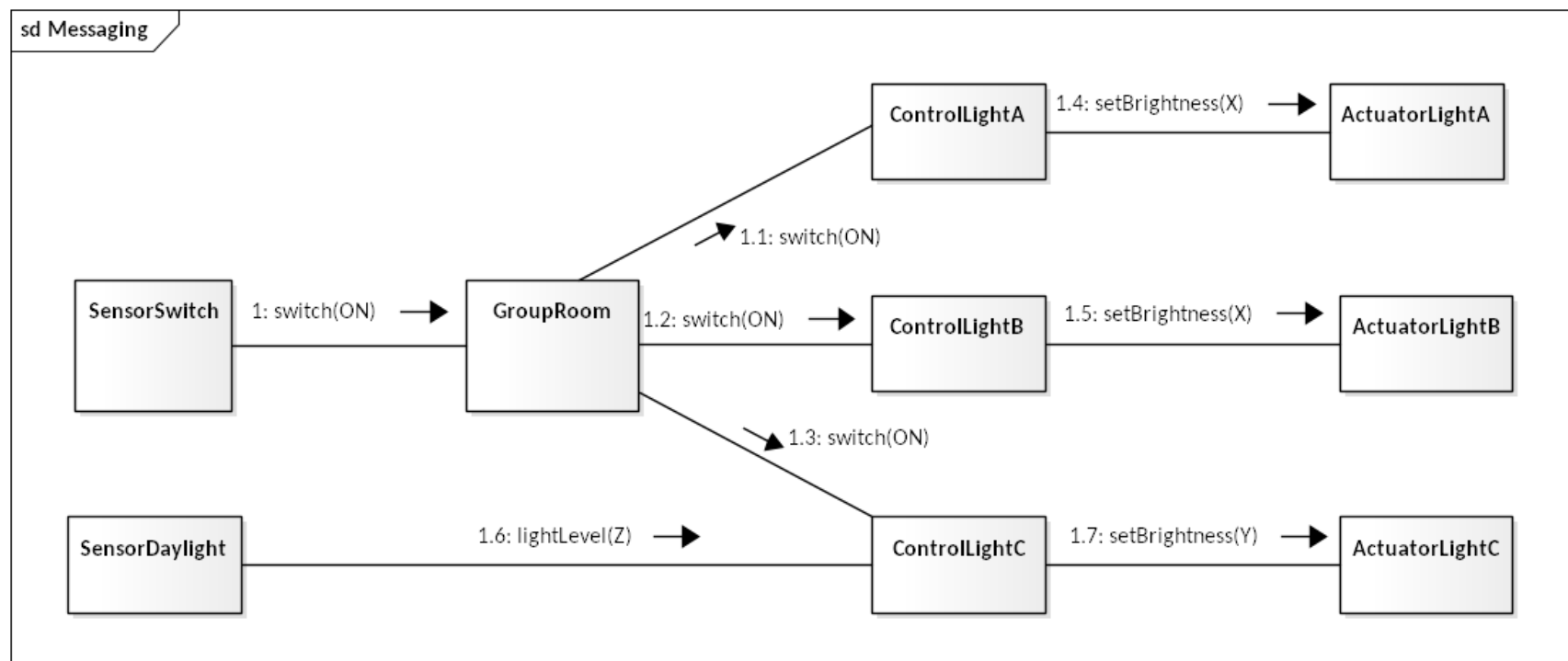


Event Messaging

- Sensors – *Time and Sequence number*:
 - **Push-button**: CLICK, HOLD, BREAK
 - **Presence detector**: PRESENCE, NO PRESENCE
 - **Light sensor** : BRIGHTNESS, STATUS
- Control commands:
 - **Absolute settings**: *go to level x*
 - **Relative settings**: *step up x*
 - **Referenced settings**: *scene x recall*
- Actuator:
 - Listen to Control commands
 - Regular status report to Control



Group Communication Example





CoAP API - URI Path Structure

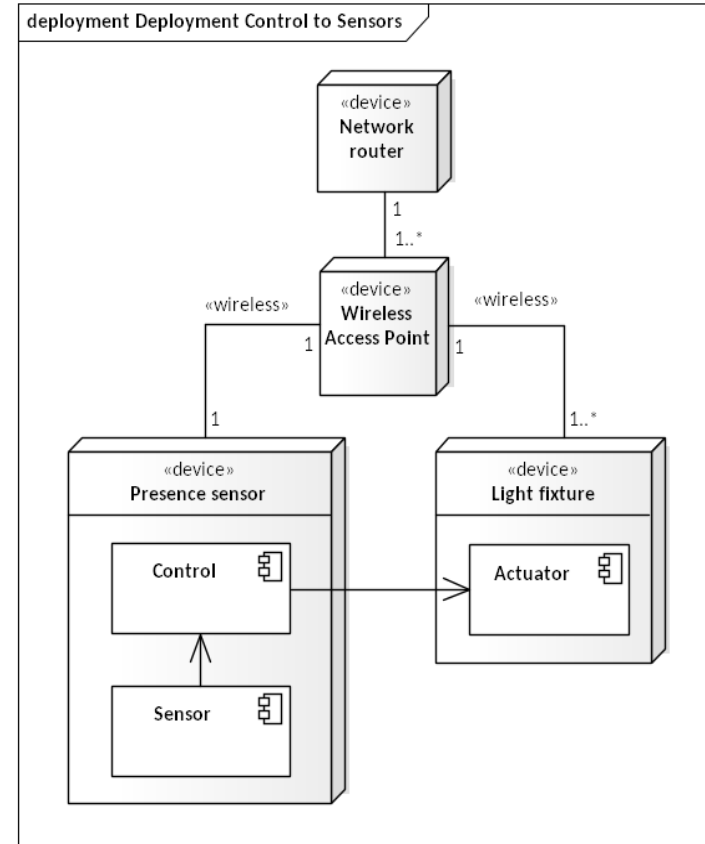
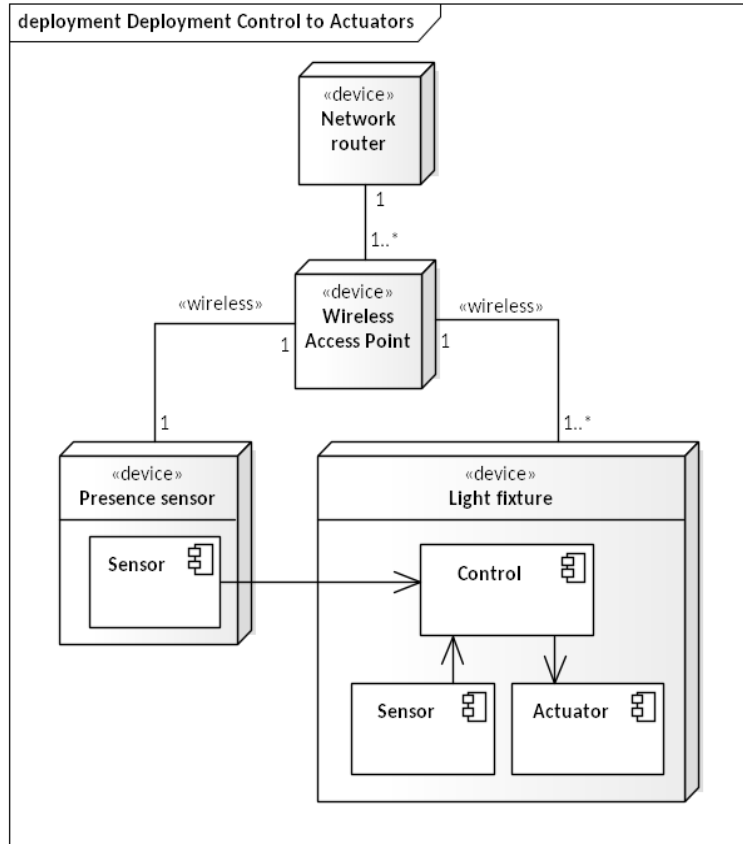
- **Configuration access** to OpenAIS Group Communication
 - /4006/<object-instance-id>
- **Access multiple group members** (*CoAP multicast or serial unicast*)
 - /g/<object-ID>/<group-ID>/<resource-ID>
- **Access single Object instance**
 - /s/<object-ID>/<object-instance-ID>/<resource-ID>

Object & Resource ID: Short IDs – 16-bit integers – LWM2M Registry & OpenAIS Appendix A

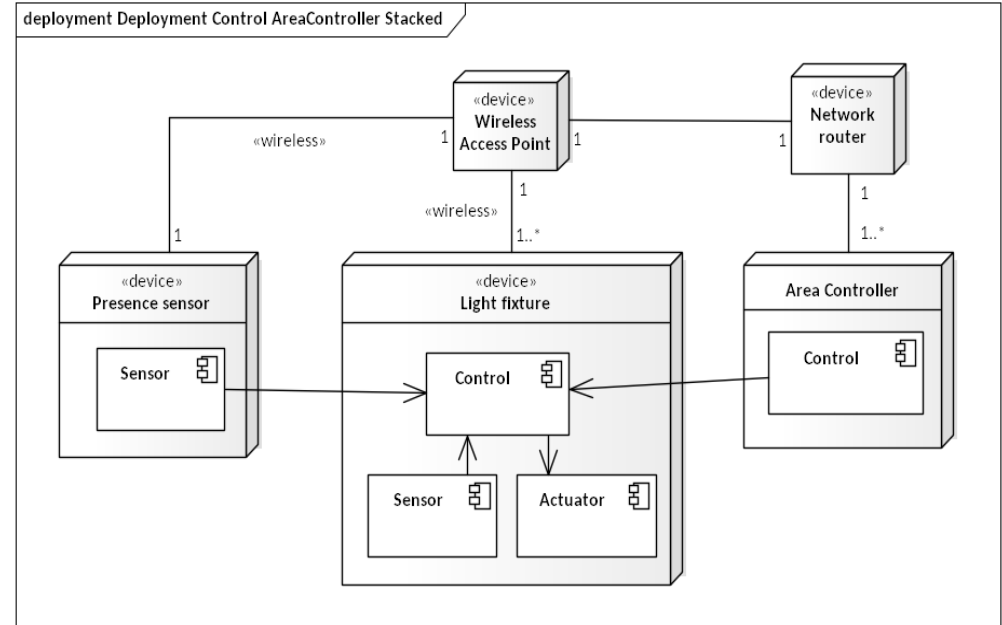
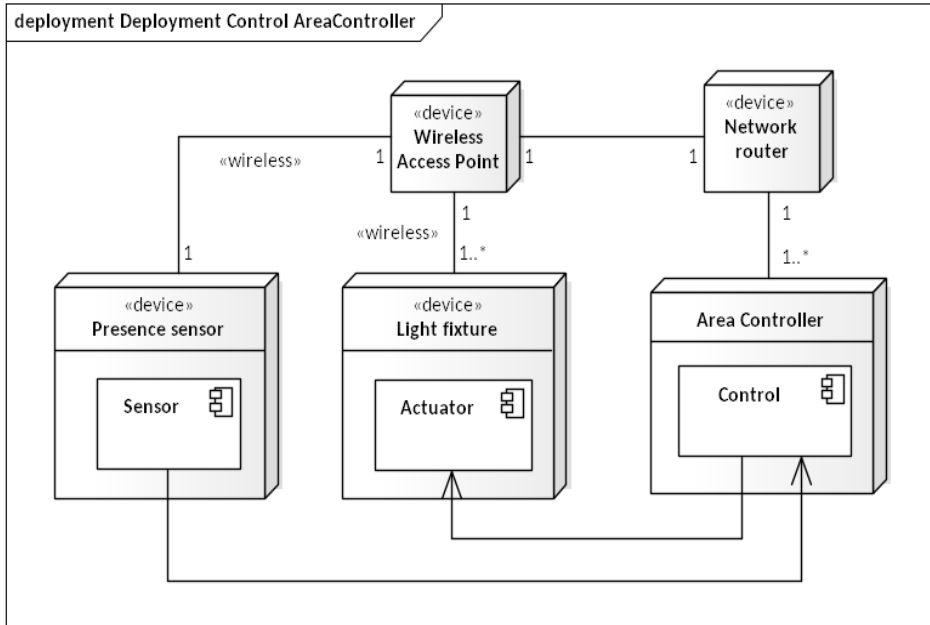
Example: Object: *Logical Light-Point Actuator*, **Resource:** *Switch*

- /#/4001/#/117
- *POST coap://<target IP address>/<dir>/<Obj ID>/<object-instance>/117 {0:false, 2:2}*

Physical view - Deployment



Deployment - Area controller



Example OpenAIS Application Design

- **Goals:**
 - **Compare** deployment of **Control function** to nodes:
 - (1) Sensor, (2) Actuator, (3) AreaController (*slide 21, 22*)
 - **Recreate** Group communication example (*slide 19*)
- **GUI Applications in Rust with Docker network**
 - Logical Light-Point Actuator (/4001) – *Actuator*
 - Logical Illuminance Sensor (/4004) – *Sensor*
 - Logical Push Button (/4002) – *Sensor*

Necessary ODM resources

- **Rust + Device(FLTK) + Communication(COAP + CBOR)**
- **IDATA, ICONFIG, ICONTROL**
- 4006 "oA Group"
 - 901 "Documentary Description" string get put
 - 600 "Application Group ID" uint16 get put
 - 602 "IP Addresses" multi-instances: [union] get put post
 - 603 "Members" multi-instances: [string] get put post
- 4001 "oA Logical Light-Point Actuator"
 - 901 "Documentary Description" string get put
 - 100 "Target ON/OFF" Boolean get
 - 101 "Target Intensity" float get
 - 921 "Priority" uint8 get put
 - 106 "Dimming Time" uint16 get put
 - 109 "Step Size" float get put
 - 117 "Switch" structure post
 - 118 "Dim" boolean post
 - 120 "Step" structure post
- 4004 "oA Logical Illuminance Sensor"
 - 901 "Documentary Description" string get put
 - 404 "Sensor Value" uint16 get
 - 400 "Less Than" uint16 get put (Optional)
 - 401 "Greater Than" uint16 get put (Optional)
 - 402 "Step" uint16 get put (Optional)
 - 403 "Minimum Update Interval" uint16 get put
- 4002 "oA Logical Push-Button Sensor"
 - 901 "Documentary Description" string get put
 - 202 "Push-Button Event Value" enumeration get
 - 203 "Single Click Time" uint16 get put
- 4012 "oA Status Report Structure"
 - 850 "Status Report Structure ID" uint8 get put
 - 851 "Keys" multi-instances: [string] get put post
- Same for every sensor and actuator:
 - 903 "Application Group ID" uint16 get put
 - 904 "Status Resend Time" uint16 get put
 - 919 "Status Report Structure ID" uint8 get put