

AT 2.0 Manual

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Abstract

We give an overview for the AT 2.0 code and describe how the functions and repository fit into this.

1 Introduction

2 Lattice Creation

The element creation functions are the following:

- atdrift Class: Drift
- atmonitor Class: Monitor
- atmultipole Class: Multipole
- atthinmultipole Class:
- atquadrupole Class: Quadrupole
- atrbend Class: Bend
- atrfcavity Class: RFCavity
- atsbend Class: Bend
- at solenoid Class: Solenoid
- atsextupole Class: Sextupole
- atwiggler Class: Wiggler
- idtable Class: KickMap

3 Pass Methods

- BndMPoleSymplectic4E2Pass
- BndMPoleSymplectic4E2RadPass
- BndMPoleSymplectic4Pass
- BndMPoleSymplectic4RadPass
- BendLinearPass
- CavityPass
- CorrectorPass
- DriftPass
- QuadLinearPass
- QuadMPoleFringePass
- StrMPoleSymplectic4Pass
- StrMPoleSymplectic4RadPass
- ThinMPolePass
- WiggLinearPass
- IDTablePass

4 Lattice Manipulation

A lattice manipulation function takes a lattice as an argument and produces a new lattice as a result. Here are some lattice manipulation functions:

- atsetshift
- atsettilt
- atsetfieldvalues
- ataddmpolecomppoly
- ataddmpoleerrors
- atloadfielderrs

5 Tracking Particles plus Moments

The pass methods have two different calling methods. They may be called directly via the Mex interface (through the MexFunction entry point in the C function), or they may be called indirectly through the function RingPass (through the passFunction entry). The pass methods should be defined so that calling them with no arguments gives a list of required and optional parameters.

The moment tracking and equilibrium finding occurs via the function OhmiEnvelope(). For this to work requires pass methods that include radiation (this gives a deterministic effect which results in damping and non-symplecticity. Further, the function findmpoleraddiffmatrix is required to compute the diffusion matrix.

6 Global parameters and Lattice Functions

Given the ability to track particles through the lattice, one can compute global beam dynamics parameters and properties that vary around the ring. Here are some global parameters:

- tunes
- chromaticity
- momentum compaction factor
- tune shift with amplitude

Here are some quantities that vary around the ring:

- Closed orbit
- One turn map matrix
- Transfer matrix from one position to another
- Beam sizes
- Twiss Parameters
- Dispersion function

7 Visualization

The lattice functions described in the previous section may be plotted, together with a synoptic representation of the lattice. The function atplot is designed for this purpose.

8 AT within a larger context: Other Codes, Matlab Middle Layer

References

- [1] A. Terebilo *Accelerator Toolbox for Matlab*, SLAC-PUB 8732 (May 2001)