## **Spring 2024 COP 4533 Programming Project**

**Language -** C, C++, or Python (your choice)

If you do not know any of these languages, please contact a TA

#### **Problem**

You are in charge of directing water through an aqueduct from a source to several bath houses. The aqueduct consists of stations connected by ramps that carry water. The stations are laid out in an m x n grid. From any station located at position (x,y), where  $0 \le x \le m$  and  $0 \le y \le n$ , there is a ramp leading to the station at position (x-1,y), (x+1,y), (x,y-1), and (x,y+1), so long as the target station lies inside the grid. Each station is at some height above the ground, and the time it takes for water to move along a ramp from station (x,y) to station (x',y') is

$$time((x,y),(x',y')) = max(-1, 1 + (height(x',y') - height(x,y))).$$

Given a set  $B = \{b_1 = (x_1,y_1),...,b_n = (x_n,y_n)\}$  of positions of stations that supply water to baths, a *supply path* is a (not necessarily simple) path in the aqueduct that starts from the source station S, visits every station in B, and ends at when it reaches the last station in B that it has not yet visited. The cost of a supply path is the total time it takes water to move along this path. Note that if such a path visits station (x,y), followed by station (x,y), followed by station (x,y), then the time it takes for water to move between these stations is

$$time((x,y),(x+1,y)) + time((x+1,y),(x,y))$$

Goal: given the set B, compute the minimum cost of any supply path.

Note: The path should end in one of the stations B

### **Submission/Grade Details**

Submit to Canvas a zip file named UFID\_4533PA1\_Lang, replacing UFID with your
UFID and Lang with the programming language you used (Py, C, or Cpp). The zip file
should contain your write-up and all files necessary to run your code. Further details
below.

- (30 points) Write-up: write 1-2 paragraphs explaining your solution. You should include the definitions of dynamic programming problems you designed, and their recursive equations. Also, briefly discuss the time-complexity of your algorithm.
- (70 points) Program: submit the correct option below for your language
  - C/C++ makefile and source code. To test this, we will run the commands (with grid.txt in the folder).

make

./aqueduct

• Python - aqueduct.py. We will test this using (with grid.txt in the folder):

py ./aqueduct.py

## **Program Input Details**

Your program should read a file called "grid.txt" in the root directory (where the program is running). This file contains the following information:

- 1. Number of rows and columns in the grid e.g. 5, 5
- 2. Station height, x-coordinate, and y-coordinate e.g., 5, 1, 2. Each station is written on its own line. The stations are listed row by row, starting with the station at position (0,0). For example:

2, 0, 0

4, 1, 0

. . .

1, m, 0

7, 0, 1

- 3. x-coordinate and y-coordinate of the station "S" on its own line.
- 4. x-coordinate and y-coordinate of the stations in B, each written on their own line. For example:

3, 2

4, 5

. . .

# **Expected output**

"pathLength.txt" file with the path length as an integer You do **NOT** have to find the path itself

#### **Constraints**

Number of stations in B will be between 1 and 8

The height of a station will be an integer between 1 and 25

The dimensions of the grid will be between 1 and 100

## **Examples**

Here is a simple example if grid.txt looks like this:

- 3, 3
- 7, 0, 0
- 5, 1, 0
- 1, 2, 0
- 1, 0, 1
- 3, 1, 1
- 4, 2, 1
- 6, 0, 2
- 5, 1, 2
- 5, 2, 2
- 0, 0
- 0, 2

The output solution is 3.

Please find a more complex example grid and corresponding answer in a folder on the assignment page