

Can ecologically-relevant stimuli improve cognitive performance among adversity-exposed youth?

Hidden Talents in Context

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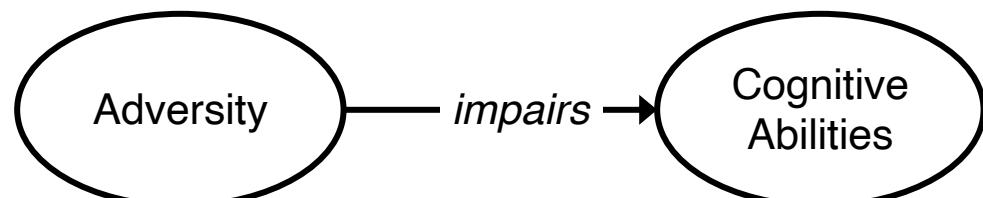
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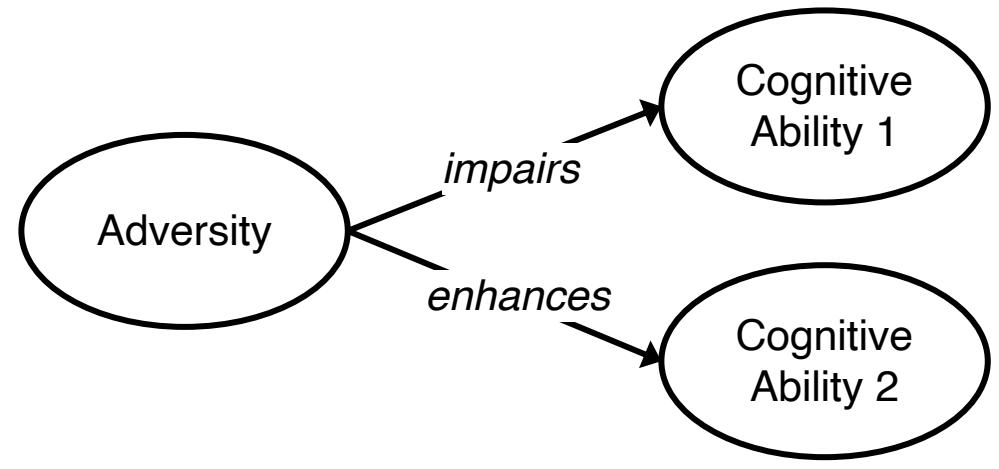


Cognition in Harsh Environments

Deficit Model



Hidden Talents Approach

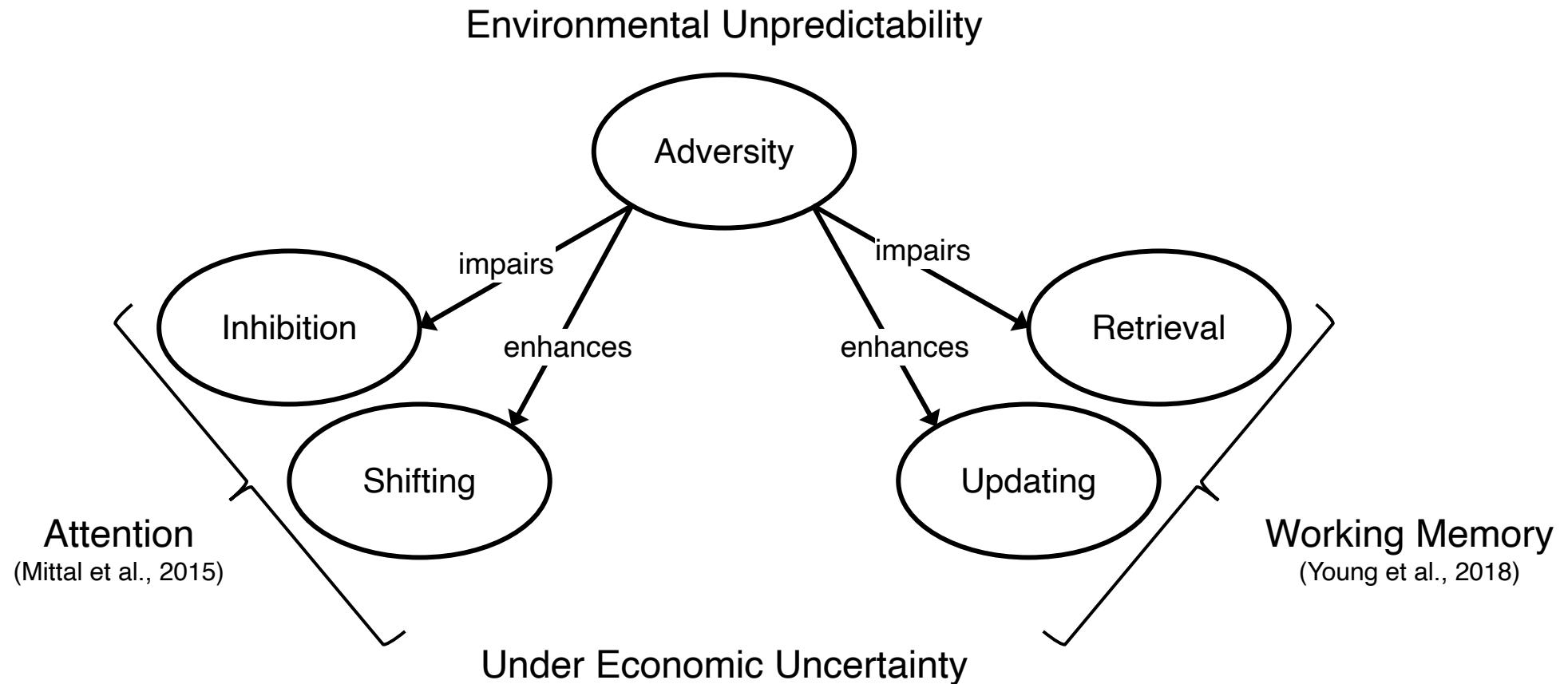


people develop abilities that are
ecologically relevant to their lived
experience

Blair et al., 2011
Bradley & Corwyn, 2002
Farah et al., 2006
Hackman et al., 2014

Ellis et al., 2017
Ellis et al., 2020
Frankenhuis & de Weerth, 2013
Frankenhuis et al., 2020

Ecologically Relevant *Contexts*



Limitations

- Sample populations
 - Student and community samples
 - Possible restricted range
- Measurement of adversity
 - Limited to retrospective-self reports
 - Focused on environmental unpredictability
- Limited or unclear practical relevance

**Can ecologically-relevant stimuli
improve cognitive performance
among adversity-exposed youth?**

Current Study

Sample data from a ***broad range*** of socioeconomic conditions

- Mean age 13.6 (.8)
- 43% economically disadvantaged
 - Reduced-price or free lunch
 - Fee waivers
 - Homelessness (N = 32)

Measure ***multiple dimensions*** of adversity

- Environmental Unpredictability
- Exposure to Violence
- Poverty Exposure

Compare performance on tasks with ***abstract*** versus ***ecologically relevant*** content

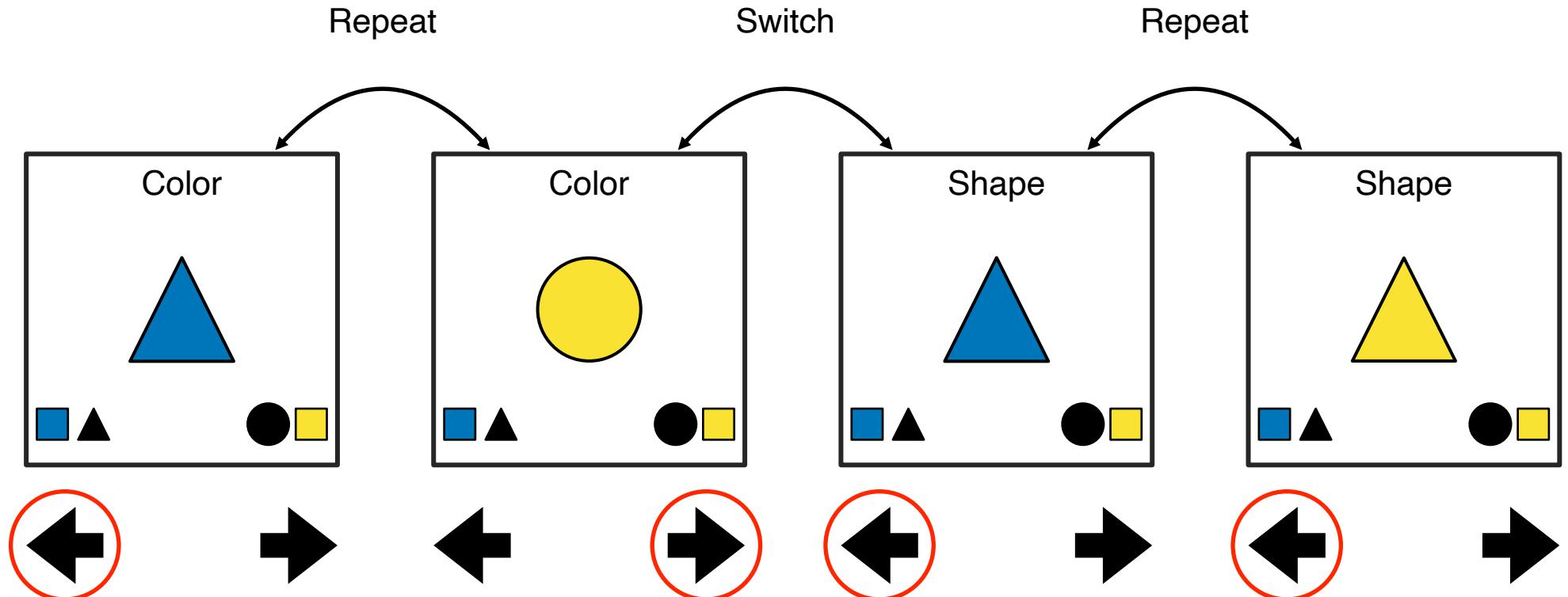
- Attention-Shifting
- Working Memory Updating

Analyze performance using ***multiverse analysis***

Dimensions of Adversity



Abstract Attention-Shifting



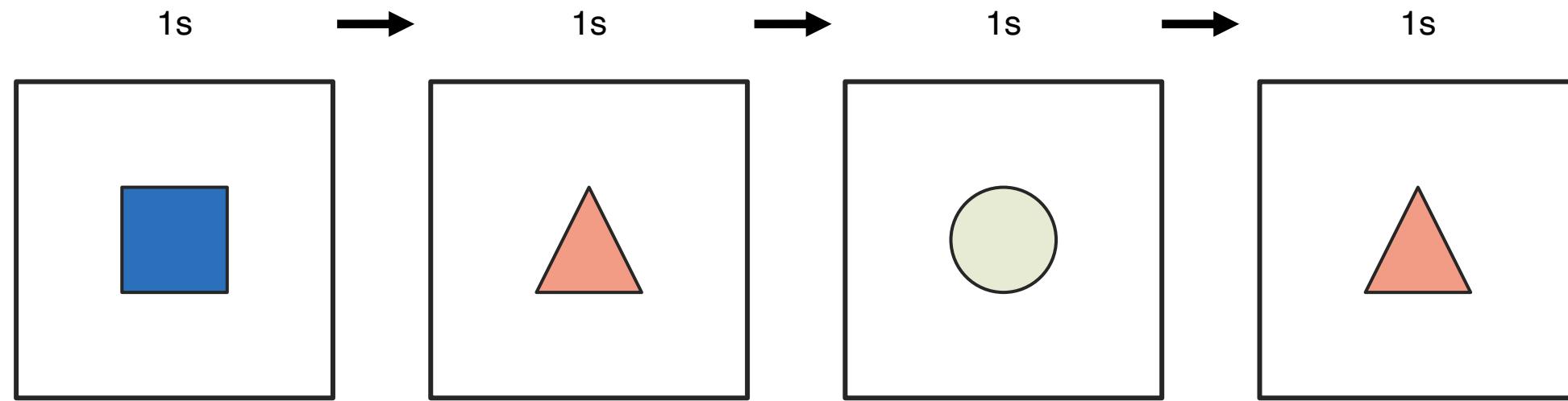
$$M_{\text{repeat}} - M_{\text{switch}} = \textbf{Switch Cost} \text{ (smaller is better)}$$

Friedman et al., 2008

Mittal et al., 2015

Miyake & Friedman, 2012

Abstract Working Memory Updating



Triangles:

0

1

1

2

Circles:

0

0

1

1

Squares:

1

1

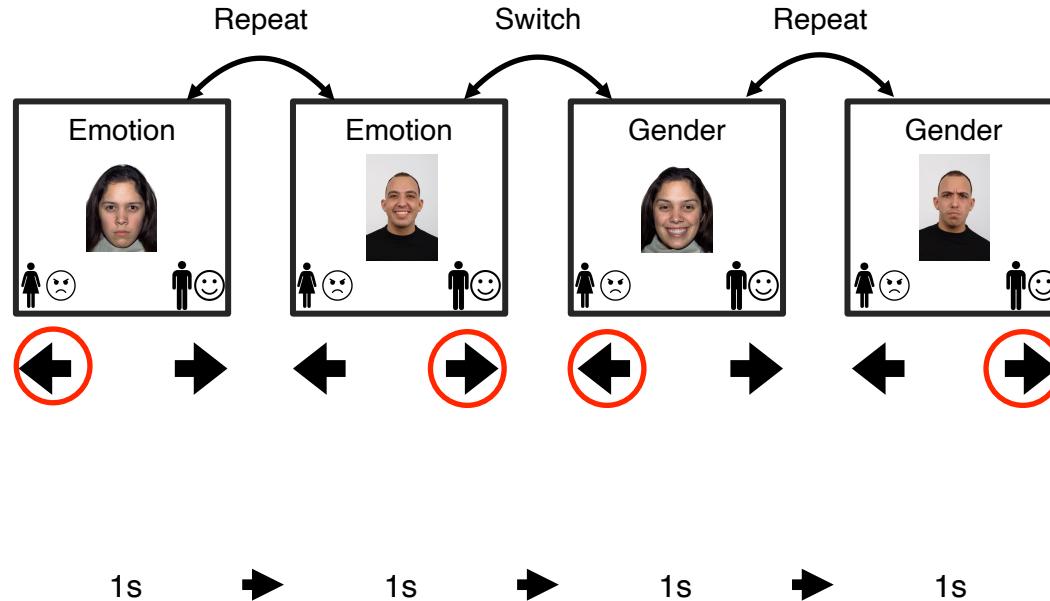
1

1

Proportion Correct (higher is better)

Ecologically Relevant Content

Attention-Shifting
with real-world stimuli



Working Memory Updating
with real-world stimuli



Faces:	0	1	1	2
Buses:	0	0	1	1
Bills:	1	1	1	1

Replace abstract content
with the real-world content

Multiverse Analysis

Non-Arbitrary

Some alternatives better than others

Arbitrary

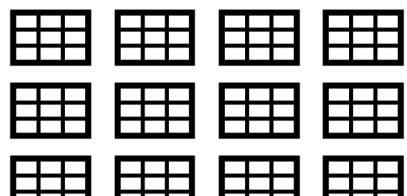
Equally defensible alternatives

6 arbitrary data decisions

2 alternatives each

64 possible data sets

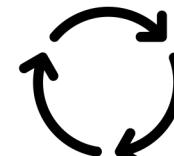
Multiverse of
datasets



...



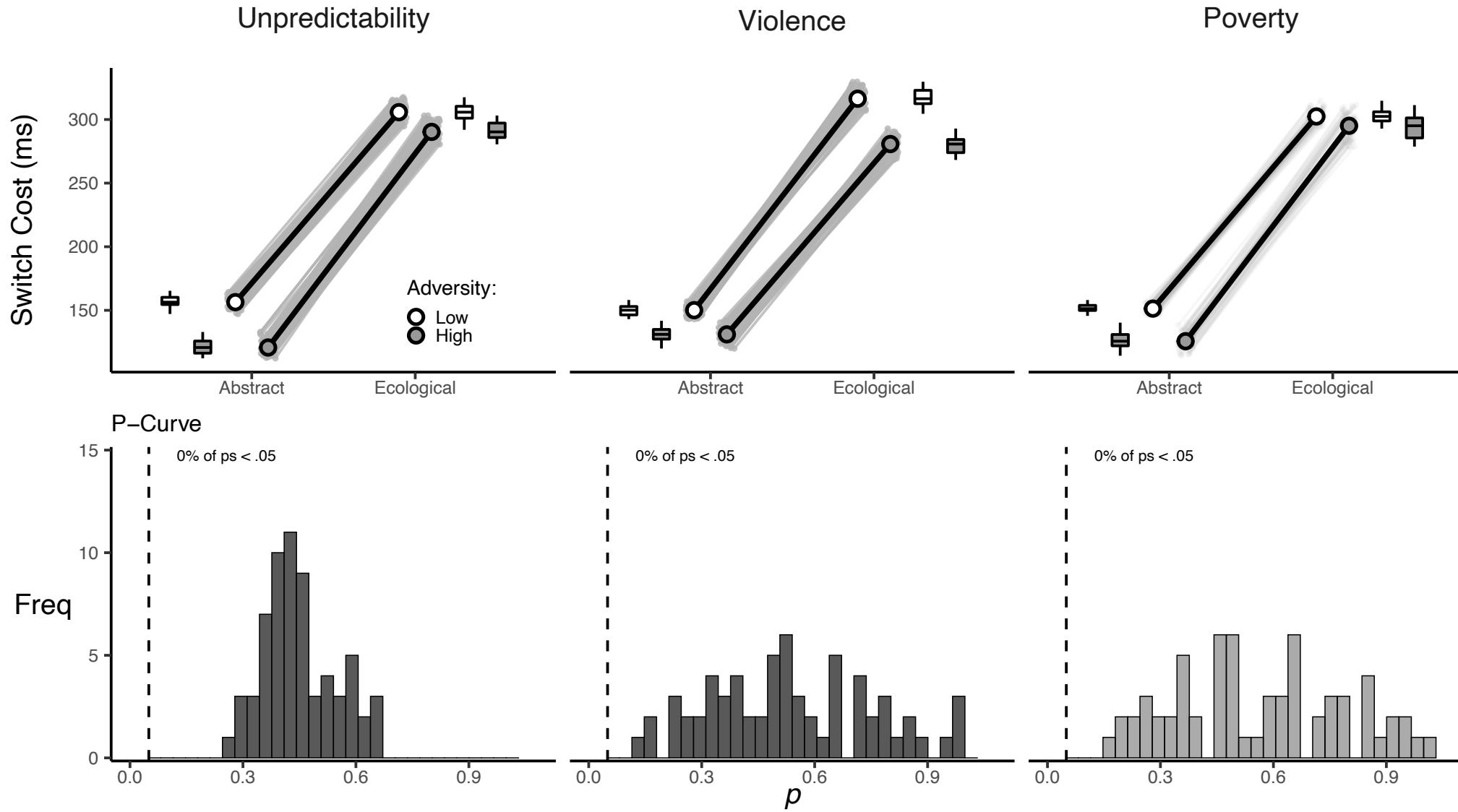
Iterate over data performing
same analysis



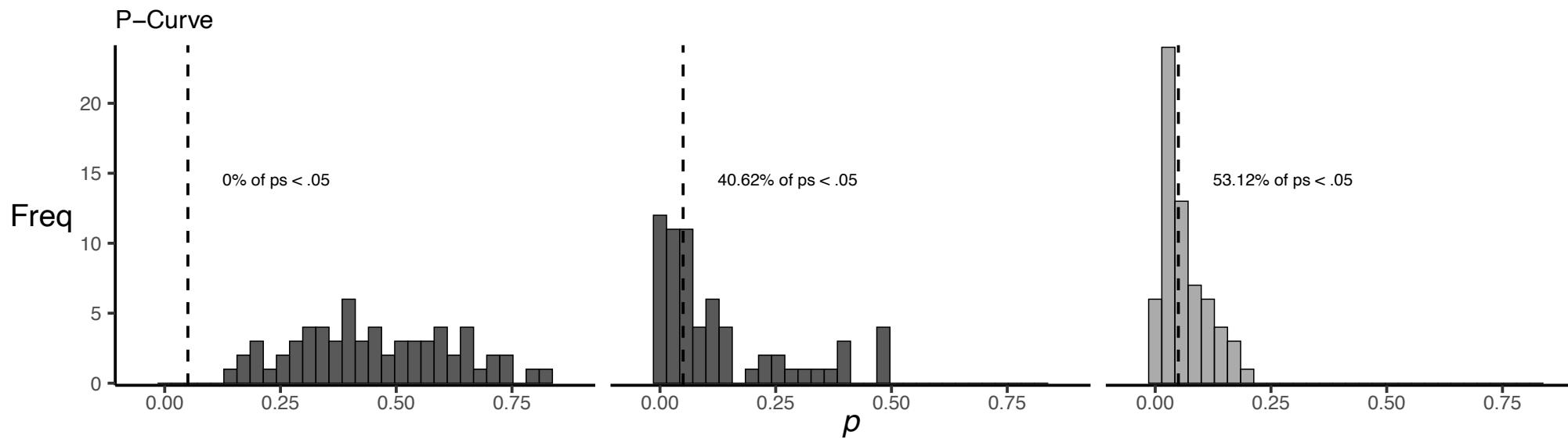
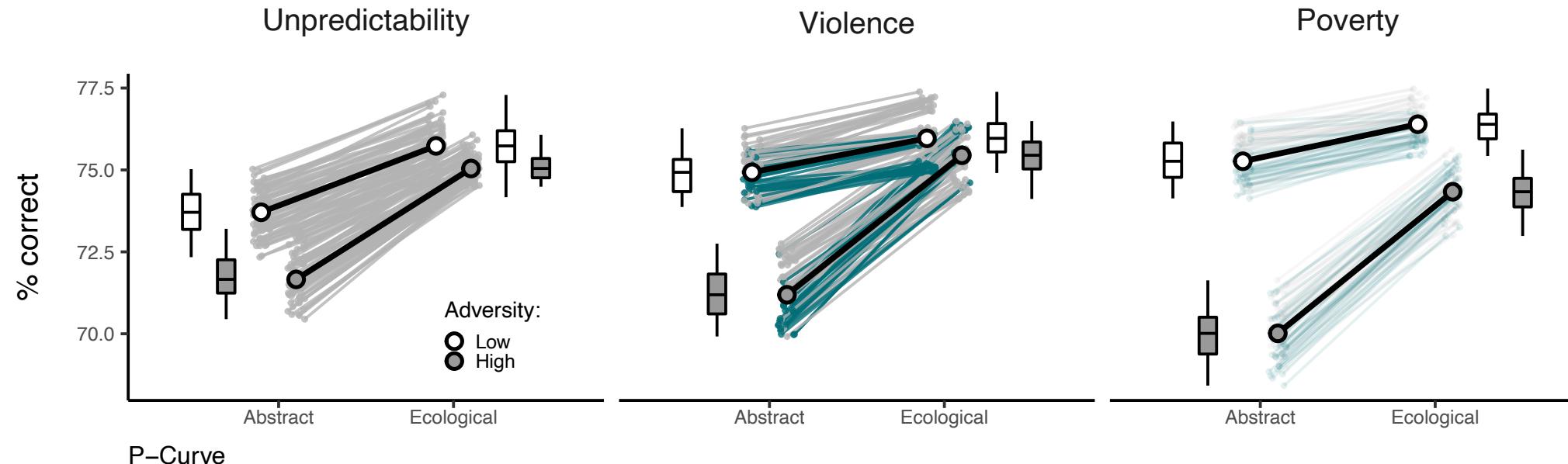
Compile
Results



Attention-Shifting



Working Memory Updating



Can ecologically relevant stimuli improve task performance for people living in poverty?

Not for attention-shifting...

But it does for working memory updating!

Particularly for people exposed to violence and poverty...

At least under some analytic decisions...

Take-Aways

- Take-aways
 - Deficits are only one piece of the puzzle
 - People also develop ***adaptations*** to adverse conditions
 - Both processes may operate ***simultaneously***
 - Real-world content may ***equalize*** performance for people from adversity
- Multiverse Analysis
 - ***Transparently*** and ***systematically*** unpack your data
 - Provides future research with guidelines for data decisions
 - Come with some pretty cool plots ;)



James S. McDonnell Foundation



Robert Wood Johnson Foundation



Jacobs Foundation



Dutch Research Council