```
1: // $Id: listmap.h, v 1.13 2017-07-17 15:16:35-07 - - $
 3: #ifndef __LISTMAP_H_
 4: #define __LISTMAP_H__
 6: #include "xless.h"
7: #include "xpair.h"
8:
9: template <typename Key, typename Value, class Less=xless<Key>>
10: class listmap {
11:
       public:
12:
          using key_type = Key;
13:
          using mapped_type = Value;
14:
          using value_type = xpair<const key_type, mapped_type>;
15:
      private:
16:
          Less less;
17:
          struct node;
18:
          struct link {
19:
             node* next{};
20:
             node* prev{};
21:
             link (node* next, node* prev): next(next), prev(prev){}
22:
          };
23:
          struct node: link {
24:
             value_type value{};
25:
             node (node* next, node* prev, const value_type&);
26:
          };
          node* anchor() { return static_cast<node*> (&anchor_); }
27:
28:
          link anchor_ {anchor(), anchor()};
29:
       public:
30:
          class iterator;
31:
          listmap(){};
          listmap (const listmap&);
32:
          listmap& operator= (const listmap&);
33:
34:
          ~listmap();
35:
          iterator insert (const value_type&);
36:
          iterator find (const key_type&);
37:
          iterator erase (iterator position);
38:
          iterator begin() { return anchor()->next; }
39:
          iterator end() { return anchor(); }
40:
          bool empty() const { return begin() == end(); }
41: };
42:
```

```
43:
44: template <typename Key, typename Value, class Less>
45: class listmap<Key, Value, Less>::iterator {
46:
       private:
47:
          friend class listmap<Key, Value>;
48:
          listmap<Key, Value, Less>::node* where {nullptr};
49:
          iterator (node* where): where(where){};
50:
      public:
51:
          iterator(){}
52:
          value_type& operator*();
53:
          value_type* operator->();
54:
          iterator& operator++(); //++itor
55:
          iterator& operator--(); //--itor
56:
          void erase();
57:
          bool operator== (const iterator&) const;
58:
          bool operator!= (const iterator&) const;
59: };
60:
61: #include "listmap.tcc"
62: #endif
63:
```

```
1: // $Id: listmap.tcc, v 1.11 2018-01-25 14:19:14-08 - - $
3: #include "listmap.h"
4: #include "debug.h"
5:
6: //
8: // Operations on listmap::node.
10: //
11:
12: //
13: // listmap::node::node (link*, link*, const value_type&)
15: template <typename Key, typename Value, class Less>
16: listmap<Key, Value, Less>::node::node (node* next, node* prev,
17:
                              const value_type& value):
18:
           link (next, prev), value (value) {
19: }
20:
21: //
23: // Operations on listmap.
25: //
26:
27: //
28: // listmap::~listmap()
29: //
30: template <typename Key, typename Value, class Less>
31: listmap<Key, Value, Less>:: ~listmap() {
     DEBUGF ('l', reinterpret_cast<const void*> (this));
32:
33: }
34:
```

```
35:
36: //
37: // iterator listmap::insert (const value_type&)
38: //
39: template <typename Key, typename Value, class Less>
40: typename listmap<Key, Value, Less>::iterator
41: listmap<Key, Value, Less>::insert (const value_type& pair) {
       DEBUGF ('1', &pair << "->" << pair);</pre>
42:
       return iterator();
43:
44: }
45:
46: //
47: // listmap::find(const key_type&)
49: template <typename Key, typename Value, class Less>
50: typename listmap<Key, Value, Less>::iterator
51: listmap<Key, Value, Less>::find (const key_type& that) {
52:
       DEBUGF ('1', that);
53:
       return iterator();
54: }
55:
56: //
57: // iterator listmap::erase (iterator position)
58: //
59: template <typename Key, typename Value, class Less>
60: typename listmap<Key, Value, Less>::iterator
61: listmap<Key, Value, Less>::erase (iterator position) {
62:
       DEBUGF ('l', &*position);
63:
       return iterator();
64: }
65:
```

```
66:
 67: //
 69: // Operations on listmap::iterator.
 71: //
72:
73: //
 74: // listmap::value_type& listmap::iterator::operator*()
76: template <typename Key, typename Value, class Less>
77: typename listmap<Key, Value, Less>::value_type&
78: listmap<Key, Value, Less>::iterator::operator*() {
       DEBUGF ('l', where);
80:
       return where->value;
81: }
82:
83: //
84: // listmap::value_type* listmap::iterator::operator->()
85: //
86: template <typename Key, typename Value, class Less>
87: typename listmap<Key, Value, Less>::value_type*
88: listmap<Key, Value, Less>::iterator::operator->() {
89:
       DEBUGF ('l', where);
       return & (where->value);
 90:
91: }
 92:
93: //
 94: // listmap::iterator& listmap::iterator::operator++()
95: //
96: template <typename Key, typename Value, class Less>
 97: typename listmap<Key, Value, Less>::iterator&
98: listmap<Key, Value, Less>::iterator::operator++() {
99:
       DEBUGF ('l', where);
100:
       where = where->next;
101:
       return *this;
102: }
103:
104: //
105: // listmap::iterator& listmap::iterator::operator--()
106: //
107: template <typename Key, typename Value, class Less>
108: typename listmap<Key, Value, Less>::iterator&
109: listmap<Key, Value, Less>::iterator::operator--() {
110:
       DEBUGF ('l', where);
111:
       where = where->prev;
112:
       return *this;
113: }
114:
```

```
115:
116: //
117: // bool listmap::iterator::operator== (const iterator&)
118: //
119: template <typename Key, typename Value, class Less>
120: inline bool listmap<Key, Value, Less>::iterator::operator==
                 (const iterator& that) const {
122:
        return this->where == that.where;
123: }
124:
125: //
126: // bool listmap::iterator::operator!= (const iterator&)
127: //
128: template <typename Key, typename Value, class Less>
129: inline bool listmap<Key, Value, Less>::iterator::operator!=
                 (const iterator& that) const {
131:
        return this->where != that.where;
132: }
133:
```

```
1: // $Id: xless.h,v 1.3 2014-04-24 18:02:55-07 - - $
 3: #ifndef __XLESS_H__
 4: #define __XLESS_H__
 5:
 6: //
 7: // We assume that the type type_t has an operator< function.
 8: //
 9:
10: template <typename Type>
11: struct xless {
       bool operator() (const Type& left, const Type& right) const {
13:
          return left < right;</pre>
14:
15: };
16:
17: #endif
18:
```

```
1: // $Id: xpair.h,v 1.4 2014-06-27 17:39:08-07 - - $
 3: #ifndef __XPAIR_H__
 4: #define __XPAIR_H__
 6: #include <iostream>
7:
8: using namespace std;
9:
10: //
11: // Class xpair works like pair(c++).
13: // The implicitly generated members will work, because they just
14: // send messages to the first and second fields, respectively.
15: // Caution: xpair() does not initialize its fields unless
16: // First and Second do so with their default ctors.
17: //
18:
19: template <typename First, typename Second>
20: struct xpair {
21:
       First first{};
22:
       Second second{};
23:
       xpair(){}
24:
       xpair (const First& first, const Second& second):
25:
                   first(first), second(second) {}
26: };
27:
28: template <typename First, typename Second>
29: ostream& operator<< (ostream& out, const xpair<First,Second>& pair) {
       out << "{" << pair.first << "," << pair.second << "}";
30:
31:
       return out;
32: }
33:
34: #endif
35:
```

```
1: // $Id: debug.h, v 1.1 2018-01-25 14:09:09-08 - - $
 3: #ifndef __DEBUG_H__
 4: #define __DEBUG_H__
 6: #include <bitset>
7: #include <climits>
 8: #include <string>
9: using namespace std;
10:
11: // debug -
12: //
          static class for maintaining global debug flags, each indicated
13: //
          by a single character.
14: // setflags -
15: //
          Takes a string argument, and sets a flag for each char in the
16: //
          string.
                  As a special case, '@', sets all flags.
17: // getflag -
          Used by the DEBUGF macro to check to see if a flag has been set.
18: //
19: //
          Not to be called by user code.
20:
21: class debugflags {
22:
      private:
23:
          using flagset = bitset<UCHAR_MAX + 1>;
24:
          static flagset flags;
25:
       public:
          static void setflags (const string& optflags);
26:
27:
          static bool getflag (char flag);
28:
          static void where (char flag, const char* file, int line,
29:
                             const char* pretty_function);
30: };
31:
```

```
32:
33: // DEBUGF -
34: //
          Macro which expands into debug code. First argument is a
35: //
          debug flag char, second argument is output code that can
36: //
          be sandwiched between <<. Beware of operator precedence.
37: //
          Example:
38: //
             DEBUGF ('u', "foo = " << foo);
          will print two words and a newline if flag 'u' is on.
39: //
40: //
          Traces are preceded by filename, line number, and function.
41:
42: #ifdef NDEBUG
43: #define DEBUGF(FLAG, CODE);
44: #define DEBUGS(FLAG, STMT);
45: #else
46: #define DEBUGF(FLAG, CODE) { \
47:
               if (debugflags::getflag (FLAG)) { \
48:
                  debugflags::where (FLAG, __FILE__, __LINE__, \
49:
                                       _PRETTY_FUNCTION___); \
                  cerr << CODE << endl; \</pre>
50:
               } \
51:
52:
53: #define DEBUGS(FLAG, STMT) { \
54:
               if (debugflags::getflag (FLAG)) { \
55:
                  debugflags::where (FLAG, __FILE__, __LINE__, \
                                      __PRETTY_FUNCTION__); \
56:
57:
                  STMT; \
58:
               } \
59:
60: #endif
61:
62: #endif
63:
```

```
1: // $Id: debug.cpp,v 1.2 2018-01-25 14:12:59-08 - - $
 3: #include <climits>
 4: #include <iostream>
 5: #include <vector>
 6 :
7: using namespace std;
8:
9: #include "debug.h"
10: #include "util.h"
11:
12: debugflags::flagset debugflags::flags {};
13:
14: void debugflags::setflags (const string& initflags) {
       for (const unsigned char flag: initflags) {
15:
16:
          if (flag == '@') flags.set();
17:
                      else flags.set (flag, true);
18:
       }
19: }
20:
21: // getflag -
22: //
          Check to see if a certain flag is on.
24: bool debugflags::getflag (char flag) {
       // WARNING: Don't TRACE this function or the stack will blow up.
26:
       return flags.test (static_cast<unsigned char> (flag));
27: }
28:
29: void debugflags::where (char flag, const char* file, int line,
30:
                             const char* pretty_function) {
31:
       cout << sys_info::execname() << ": DEBUG(" << flag << ") "</pre>
32:
            << file << "[" << line << "] " << endl
33:
            << " " << pretty_function << endl;
34: }
35:
```

```
1: // $Id: util.h, v 1.6 2018-01-25 14:18:43-08 - - $
 2:
 3: //
 4: // util -
 5: //
          A utility class to provide various services not conveniently
 6: //
          associated with other modules.
 7: //
8:
9: #ifndef __UTIL_H__
10: #define __UTIL_H_
11:
12: #include <iostream>
13: #include <list>
14: #include <stdexcept>
15: #include <string>
16: using namespace std;
17:
18: //
19: // sys_info -
20: //
          Keep track of execname and exit status. Must be initialized
21: //
          as the first thing done inside main. Main should call:
22: //
             sys_info::set_execname (argv[0]);
23: //
          before anything else.
24: //
25:
26: class sys_info {
27:
      private:
28:
          static string execname_;
29:
          static int exit_status_;
30:
          static void execname (const string& argv0);
31:
          friend int main (int argc, char** argv);
32:
      public:
          static const string& execname ();
33:
34:
          static void exit_status (int status);
35:
          static int exit_status ();
36: };
37:
38: //
39: // datestring -
40: //
          Return the current date, as printed by date(1).
41: //
42:
43: const string datestring ();
44:
45: //
46: // split -
47: //
          Split a string into a list<string>.. Any sequence
48: //
          of chars in the delimiter string is used as a separator.
49: //
          Split a pathname, use "/". To split a shell command, use " ".
50: //
52: list<string> split (const string& line, const string& delimiter);
53:
```

```
54:
55: //
56: // complain -
57: //
           Used for starting error messages.
                                               Sets the exit status to
58: //
           EXIT_FAILURE, writes the program name to cerr, and then
59: //
           returns the cerr ostream. Example:
60: //
              complain() << filename << ": some problem" << endl;</pre>
61: //
62:
63: ostream& complain();
64:
 65: //
 66: // syscall_error -
           Complain about a failed system call. Argument is the name
 67: //
68: //
           of the object causing trouble. The extern errno must contain
 69: //
           the reason for the problem.
70: //
72: void syscall_error (const string&);
73:
74: //
75: // operator<< (list) -
76: //
           An overloaded template operator which allows lists to be
77: //
           printed out as a single operator, each element separated from
78: //
           the next with spaces. The item_t must have an output operator
79: //
           defined for it.
80: //
81:
82: template <typename item_t>
83: ostream& operator<< (ostream& out, const list<item_t>& vec);
84:
85: //
86: // string to_string (thing) -
87: //
           Convert anything into a string if it has an ostream<< operator.
88: //
89:
90: template <typename item_t>
 91: string to_string (const item_t&);
92:
93: //
94: // thing from_string (cons string&) -
95: //
           Scan a string for something if it has an istream>> operator.
96: //
97:
98: template <typename item_t>
99: item_t from_string (const string&);
101: //
102: // Put the RCS Id string in the object file.
103: //
105: #include "util.tcc"
106: #endif
107:
```

```
1: // $Id: util.tcc, v 1.3 2014-06-27 17:49:07-07 - - $
 3: #include <sstream>
 4: #include <typeinfo>
 5: using namespace std;
 6:
7: template <typename item_t>
 8: ostream& operator<< (ostream& out, const list<item_t>& vec) {
9:
       bool want_space = false;
       for (const auto& item: vec) {
10:
11:
          if (want_space) cout << " ";</pre>
12:
          cout << item;</pre>
13:
          want_space = true;
14:
       }
15:
       return out;
16: }
17:
18: template <typename Type>
19: string to_string (const Type& that) {
20:
       ostringstream stream;
21:
       stream << that;</pre>
22:
       return stream.str();
23: }
24:
25: template <typename Type>
26: Type from_string (const string& that) {
27:
       stringstream stream;
28:
       stream << that;</pre>
29:
       Type result;
30:
       if (not (stream >> result and stream.eof())) {
31:
          throw domain_error (string (typeid (Type).name())
32:
                 + " from_string (" + that + ")");
33:
34:
       return result;
35: }
36:
```

```
1: // $Id: util.cpp, v 1.14 2018-01-25 14:18:43-08 - - $
 3: #include <cerrno>
 4: #include <cstdlib>
 5: #include <cstring>
 6: #include <ctime>
7: #include <stdexcept>
 8: #include <string>
 9: using namespace std;
10:
11: #include "debug.h"
12: #include "util.h"
13:
14: int sys_info::exit_status_ = EXIT_SUCCESS;
15: string sys_info::execname_; // Must be initialized from main().
17: void sys_info_error (const string& condition) {
18:
       throw logic_error ("main() has " + condition
19:
                   + " called sys_info::execname()");
20: }
21:
22: void sys_info::execname (const string& argv0) {
23:
       if (execname_ != "") sys_info_error ("already");
       int slashpos = argv0.find_last_of ('/') + 1;
24:
25:
       execname_ = argv0.substr (slashpos);
26:
       cout << boolalpha;</pre>
27:
       cerr << boolalpha;
28:
       DEBUGF ('u', "execname_ = " << execname_);</pre>
29: }
30:
31: const string& sys_info::execname () {
       if (execname_ == "") sys_info_error ("not yet");
32:
33:
       return execname_;
34: }
35:
36: void sys_info::exit_status (int status) {
       if (execname_ == "") sys_info_error ("not yet");
37:
38:
       exit_status_ = status;
39: }
40:
41: int sys_info::exit_status () {
       if (execname_ == "") sys_info_error ("not yet");
42:
43:
       return exit_status_;
44: }
45:
46: const string datestring () {
       time_t clock = time (nullptr);
47:
48:
       struct tm *tm_ptr = localtime (&clock);
49:
       char timebuf[256];
50:
       strftime (timebuf, sizeof timebuf,
51:
                  "%a %b %e %H:%M:%S %Z %Y", tm_ptr);
52:
       return timebuf;
53: }
54:
```

```
55:
56: list<string> split (const string& line, const string& delimiters) {
       list<string> words;
58:
       size_t end = 0;
59:
       // Loop over the string, splitting out words, and for each word
60:
       // thus found, append it to the output list<string>.
61:
       for (;;) {
62:
          size_t start = line.find_first_not_of (delimiters, end);
63:
          if (start == string::npos) break;
64:
          end = line.find_first_of (delimiters, start);
65:
          words.push_back (line.substr (start, end - start));
66:
       DEBUGF ('u', words);
67:
68:
       return words;
69: }
70:
71: ostream& complain() {
72:
       sys_info::exit_status (EXIT_FAILURE);
73:
       cerr << sys_info::execname () << ": ";</pre>
74:
       return cerr;
75: }
76:
77: void syscall_error (const string& object) {
       complain() << object << ": " << strerror (errno) << endl;</pre>
79: }
80:
```

```
1: // $Id: main.cpp, v 1.11 2018-01-25 14:19:29-08 - - $
 3: #include <cstdlib>
 4: #include <exception>
 5: #include <iostream>
 6: #include <string>
 7: #include <unistd.h>
 8:
 9: using namespace std;
10:
11: #include "listmap.h"
12: #include "xpair.h"
13: #include "util.h"
14:
15: using str_str_map = listmap<string, string>;
16: using str_str_pair = str_str_map::value_type;
17:
18: void scan_options (int argc, char** argv) {
19:
       opterr = 0;
20:
       for (;;) {
21:
          int option = getopt (argc, argv, "@:");
22:
          if (option == EOF) break;
23:
          switch (option) {
24:
             case '@':
25:
                 debugflags::setflags (optarg);
26:
                 break;
27:
             default:
28:
                 complain() << "-" << char (optopt) << ": invalid option"</pre>
29:
                             << endl;
30:
                break;
31:
          }
32:
       }
33: }
34:
35: int main (int argc, char** argv) {
36:
       sys_info::execname (argv[0]);
37:
       scan_options (argc, argv);
38:
39:
       str_str_map test;
40:
       for (char** argp = &argv[optind]; argp != &argv[argc]; ++argp) {
41:
          str_str_pair pair (*argp, to_string<int> (argp - argv));
42:
          cout << "Before insert: " << pair << endl;</pre>
43:
          test.insert (pair);
44:
       }
45:
46:
       for (str_str_map::iterator itor = test.begin();
            itor != test.end(); ++itor) {
47:
48:
          cout << "During iteration: " << *itor << endl;</pre>
49:
50:
51:
       str_str_map::iterator itor = test.begin();
52:
       test.erase (itor);
53:
54:
       cout << "EXIT_SUCCESS" << endl;</pre>
55:
       return EXIT_SUCCESS;
56: }
57:
```

```
1: # $Id: Makefile, v 1.20 2018-01-31 18:30:15-08 - - $
  2:
  3: MKFILE
                                        = Makefile
                                       = ${MKFILE}.dep
   4: DEPFILE
  4: DEPFILE - YIMLE - Y
  8:
  9: COMPILECPP = g++ -std=gnu++17 -g -00 -Wall -Wextra -Wold-style-cast
10: MAKEDEPCPP = g++ -std=gnu++17 -MM
11:
12: MODULES
                                        = listmap xless xpair debug util main
13: CPPSOURCE = ${wildcard ${MODULES:=.cpp}}
14: OBJECTS
                                       = ${CPPSOURCE:.cpp=.o}
15: SOURCELIST = $\{foreach MOD, $\{MODULES\}, $\{MOD\}.h $\{MOD\}.tcc $\{MOD\}.cpp\}
16: ALLSOURCE = ${wildcard ${SOURCELIST}}}
17: EXECBIN = keyvalue
18: OTHERS = ${MKFILE} ${DEPFILE}
19: ALLSOURCES = ${ALLSOURCE} ${OTHERS}
20: LISTING = Listing.ps
21:
22: all : ${EXECBIN}
24: ${EXECBIN} : ${OBJECTS}
25:
                              ${COMPILECPP} -o $@ ${OBJECTS}
26:
27: %.o : %.cpp
28:
                              checksource $<
29:
                              cpplint.py.perl $<</pre>
30:
                              ${COMPILECPP} -c $<
31:
32: ci : ${ALLSOURCES}
33:
                            cid + ${ALLSOURCES}
35: lis : ${ALLSOURCES}
36:
                              mkpspdf ${LISTING} ${ALLSOURCES}
37:
38: clean :
39:
                              - rm ${OBJECTS} ${DEPFILE} core
40:
41: spotless : clean
                              - rm ${EXECBIN} ${LISTING} ${LISTING:.ps=.pdf}
42:
43:
44: dep : ${ALLCPPSRC}
                              @ echo "# ${DEPFILE} created `LC_TIME=C date`" >${DEPFILE}
46:
                              ${MAKEDEPCPP} ${CPPSOURCE} >>${DEPFILE}
47:
48: ${DEPFILE} :
49:
                              @ touch ${DEPFILE}
50:
                              ${GMAKE} dep
51:
52: again :
                              ${GMAKE} spotless dep ci all lis
53:
54:
55: ifeq (${NEEDINCL}, )
56: include ${DEPFILE}
57: endif
58:
```

01/31/18

## \$cmps109-wm/Assignments/asg3-listmap-templates/code/

1/1

18:30:15 Makefile.dep 1: # Makefile.dep created Wed Jan 31 18:30:14 PST 2018 2: debug.o: debug.cpp debug.h util.h util.tcc 3: util.o: util.cpp debug.h util.h util.tcc 4: main.o: main.cpp listmap.h xless.h xpair.h listmap.tcc debug.h util.h \ 5: util.tcc