## CS 331 Computer Security and Information Insurance (Spring 2023) Lab Assignment #1, Due on 4/05/2023, Wednesday (11PM)

## Introduction:

Fully Homomorphic Encryption (FHE) has been studied for a long time. Until recently, the FHE research became a hot topic because such algorithms can be specifically applied in cloud computing for data privacy protection. In 2009, Craig Gentry using lattice-based cryptography showed the first FHE algorithm. Two variants of his algorithm were later proposed in the literature. However, these algorithms are not practical due to their prohibitively expensive computing cost.

To be a FHE algorithm over integers, its ciphertext can be directly applied to arithmetic operations  $(+, \times)$  without messing up the results. That is,  $E(m_1)+E(m_2)$  "="  $E(m_1+m_2)$  and  $E(m_1)\times E(m_2)$  "="  $E(m_1\times m_2)$ . The quotes around the equal sign above indicate that the two sides don't have to be quantitatively equal. Two ciphers are said equal if they can be tested equal, provided a testing procedure.

## **Description:**

This assignment asks you to implement an FHE algorithm (name it FHEv1) and its variant (FHEv2) that we discussed in classes. You can either use JAVA or C to implement this assignment. A C-package that can handle big digits can be copied from the directory in onyx

/home/JHyeh/cs331/labs/lab1/files/BigDigits.2.2.0.zip

For FHEv1, your program should provide the following options:

- FHEv1 -k <key size> <KeyFileName>: Generating the encryption/decryption keys  $(P_1, N)$  and the operational keys  $(N, g_1, g_2, T)$ , and write them to a key file. The <key size> is the size (number of bits) of  $P_1$ ,  $P_2$  and  $P_3$ , where  $N = P_1 \cdot P_2$  and  $T = (2P_1 + 1) \cdot P_3$ .
- FHEv1 -e <m> <KeyFileName>: Read keys from the key file and then encrypting a plain integer m (must be less than the decryption key  $P_1$ ). Your program should output  $C_m$  (the cipher of m).
- FHEv1 -d  $< C_m > <$ KeyFileName>: Read keys from the key file and then decrypting the cipher  $C_m$ . Your program should output the plaintext m.
- FHEv1 -b <m> <KeyFileName>: Read keys from the key file and then encrypting and decrypting an integer m. The output of this option will be printing the input m, the cipher  $C_m$ , and then the decrypted m (each in a different line).
- FHEv1 -a  $\langle e | C_{m_1} \rangle | C_{m_1} \rangle \langle e | C_{m_2} \rangle | C_{m_2} \rangle \langle \text{KeyFileName} \rangle$ : Read keys from the key file and then add two ciphers  $C_{m_1}$  and  $C_{m_2}$ . With -e option, encrypt m before the add operation. Output the add result.
- FHEv1 -m <-e < $m_1$ > |  $C_{m_1}$ > <-e < $m_2$ > |  $C_{m_2}$ > <KeyFileName>: Read keys from the key file and then multiply two ciphers  $C_{m_1}$  and  $C_{m_2}$ . With -e option, encrypt m before the multiply operation. Output the multiply result.

• FHEv1 -t <-e < $m_1$ > |  $C_{m_1}$ > <-e < $m_2$ > |  $C_{m_2}$ > <KeyFileName>: Read keys from the key file and then test the equality of two ciphers  $C_{m_1}$  and  $C_{m_2}$ . With -e option, encrypt m before the equality testing operation. Output the equality test result.

For FHEv2, the program requires two command-line arguments w (bit-size for the maximal application data) and z (number of random padding bits). Your implementation must ensure at least 5 consecutive homomorphic multiplications. Your program should provide the following options:

- FHEv2 -k <key size > <w > <z > <KeyFileName >: Generating the encryption/decryption keys  $(P_1, N, 2^w)$ , the operational key (N), the user-defined constants (w, z), and write them to a key file. Again, the <key size > is the size of  $P_1$ .
- FHEv2 -p <m> <KeyFileName>: Given a plain integer, this option reads the constants from the key file and then perform a random padding to m. The padded integer is  $m'(< P_1)$ .
- FHEv2 -e <m> <KeyFileName>: Read keys from the key file and then encrypting a plain integer m (must be less than the decryption key  $2^w$ ). Your program should output  $C_m$  (the cipher of m).
- FHEv2 -d  $< C_m > <$ KeyFileName>: Read keys from the key file and then decrypting the cipher  $C_m$ . Your program should output the plaintext m.
- FHEv2 -b <m > <KeyFileName>: Read keys from the key file and then encrypting and decrypting an integer m. The output of this option will be printing the input m, the cipher  $C_m$ , and then the decrypted m (each in a different line).
- FHEv2 -a  $\langle e \rangle | C_{m_1} \rangle \langle e \rangle | C_{m_2} \rangle \langle \text{KeyFileName} \rangle$ : Read keys from the key file and then add two ciphers  $C_{m_1}$  and  $C_{m_2}$ . With -e option, encrypt m before the add operation. Output the add result.
- FHEv2 -m <-e < $m_1$ > |  $C_{m_1}$ > <-e < $m_2$ > |  $C_{m_2}$ > <KeyFileName>: Read keys from the key file and then multiply two ciphers  $C_{m_1}$  and  $C_{m_2}$ . With -e option, encrypt m before the multiply operation. Output the multiply result.

## **Submission**

Please provide a README file describing how to run your program(s). Before submission, please ensure that your program(s) can be compiled and run in onyx. That is, before submission, please test your program(s) through a provided script file run\_test (if you use C to implement) or run\_test\_java (if you use JAVA to implement) in the following directory.

```
/home/JHyeh/cs331/labs/lab1/files/run_test or
/home/JHyeh/cs331/labs/lab1/files/run_test_java
```

Submit your programs, along with the README file, from onyx by copying all the files to an empty directory (with no subdirectories) and typing the following FROM WITHIN this directory: