Node.js	
Node.js	
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НТТР	
File system	
Path	
Asserting testing	
Express	
Express	
Express	
Routing	
The console	
app.listen(port) Eg at the bottom of myApp.js: // This would be part of the basic setup of an Express app // but to allow FCC to run tests, the server is already active /** app.listen(process.env.PORT 3000); */	
routes	

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app.METHOD(PATH,HANDLER)	
What is an http method in lowercase?	METHOD
What is a relative path on the server (it can be a string or even a regex)?	PATH
What is a function that Express calls when the route is matched?	HANDLER
What take the form of function(req, res) {}	Handlers
What is the required object in a handler?	req
What is the response object in a handler?	res
What is this an example of which will serve the string 'Response String'?	A handler
<pre>function(req, res) { res.send('Response String'); }</pre>	
Use the app.get() method to serve the string Hello Express, to GET requests matching the / root path. Be sure that your code works by looking at the logs, then see the results in your browser, clicking the button 'Show Live' in the Glitch UI.	app.get('/', function(req, res) { res.send('Hello Express'); })
What can be used to respond with a file?	Method:
	res.sendFile(path)
What can be put inside the app.get('/',) route handler?	res.sendFile(path)
What will set the appropriate headers to instruct your browser on how to handle the file you want to send, according to its type, then read and send the file?	res.sendFile(path)
What needs an absolute file path?	res.sendFile(path)
What can the Node global variabledirname be used to do?	Calculate the path, e.g. absolutePath =dirname + relativePath/file.ext

What file should we send in myApp?	/views/index.html::: app.get('/', function(req, res) { res.sendFile(dirname + '/views/index.html'); }).	
What usually has one or more directories that are visible by the user?	An HTML server	
What can be placed in these directories?	Static assets like stylesheets, scripts, images	
What does Express use to put in place this functionality?	The middleware express.static(path)	
What is the parameter 'path'?	The absolute path of the folder containing the assets	
What are functions that intercept route handlers, adding some some kind of information?	middleware	
What needs to be mounted?	middleware	
What is mounted using the method app.use(path, middlewareFunction)?	middleware	
Which argument is optional and if not included, the middleware will be executed for all requests?	The first argument, path, is optional	
Mount the express.static() middleware for all the requests with app.use(). The absolute path to the assets folder isdirname + /public.	/** 4) Serve static assets */ app.use(express.static(dirname + '/public'));	
What does an HTML server serve?	HTML	
What does an API server serve?	data	
What allows for the exchange of data in a simple way, without the need for clients to know anything about the server?	REST API	
What stands for Representational State Transfer?	REST API	

In what does the client only need to know where the resource is (URL), and the action it wants to perform on it (the verb)?	REST API
What verb is used when you are fetching some data without modifying anything?	get
What is the preferred format for moving data around the web?	JSON
What can we create by creating a route that responds with JSON at the path /json?	A simple API
What method closes the request-response loop, returning the data?	res.json()
Where do we use res.json()?	Inside the app.get() method's route handler
What do we pass in to res.json() as an argument?	An object
What converts a valid JSON object into a string, then sets the appropriate browser headers to tell the browser that you are serving JSON, and sends the data back?	res.json()
Serve the object {"message": "Hello json"} as a response in JSON format, to the GET requests to the route /json. Then point your browser to your-app-url/json, you should see the message on the screen.	/** 5) serve JSON on a specific route */ app.get('/json', function(req, res) { res.json({"message": "Hello json"}); });
What is a hidden file that is used to pass environment variables to your application?	.env
What is secret, can only be accessed by you, and can be used to store data like API keys database URI?	.env
What can also be used to store configuration files which can change the behavior of your app without the need to rewrite code?	.env
What are accessible from the app as process.env.VAR_NAME?	Environment variables
What is a global Node object and variables are passed as strings?	process.env

By convention, what are all uppercase with words separated by underscore?	Variable names
What is a shell file, so you don't need to wrap names or values in quotes?	.env
It is also important to note that there cannot be what around the equals sign when you assigning values to your variables?	Space, e.g. VAR_NAME=value
Usually you will put each what on a separate line?	Variable definition
Let's add an environment variable as a configuration option. Store the variable MESSAGE_STYLE=uppercase in the .env file. Then tell the GET /json route handler that you created in the last challenge to transform the response object's message to uppercase if process.env.MESSAGE_STYLE equals uppercase. The response object should become {"message": "HELLO JSON"}.	/** 5) serve JSON on a specific route */ app.get('/json', function(req, res) { res.json({"message": process.env.MESSAGE_STYLE === 'uppercase'? "HELLO JSON": "Hello json"}); }); /** 6) Use the .env file to configure the app */ process.env.MESSAGE_STYLE='uppercase';
What are functions that take 3 arguments, the request object, the response object, and the next function in the app's request-response cycle?	Middleware functions
What executwe some code that can have side effects on the app, and usually add info to the request or response objects?	Middleware functions
What can also end the cycle sending the response, when some condition is met?	Middleware functions
If they don't send the response, what when done start the execution of the next function in the stack?	Middleware functions
What argumnent in the middleware function starts the execution of the enxt functionin the stack?	next()
What can we use to mount a middleware function at root level?	app.use(<mware-function>)</mware-function>

If you want a function to be executed only for POST request, what could you use?	app.post(<mware-function>)</mware-function>
What can be used to get the request method (http verb), the relative route path, and the caller's ip from the request object?	req.method, req.path and req.ip
What do you have to call when done, or the server will be stuck forever?	next()
Build a simple logger. For every request, it should log in the console a string taking the following format: method path - ip	<pre>app.use(function(req, res, next) { console.log(req.method+" "+req.path+" - "+req.ip); next(); });</pre>
What can be mounted at a specific route using app.METHOD(path, middlewareFunction)?	middleware
What can also be chained inside route defition?	<pre>Middleware app.get('/user', function(req, res, next) { req.user = getTheUserSync(); // Hypothetical synchronous operation next(); }, function(req, res) { res.send(req.user); })</pre>
In the route app.get('/now',) chain a middleware function and the final handler. In the middleware function you should add the current time to the request object in the req.time key. You can use new Date().toString(). In the handler, respond with a JSON object, taking the structure {time: req.time}.	<pre>/** 8) Chaining middleware. A Time server */ app.get('/now', function(req, res, next) { req.time = new Date().toString(); // Hypothetical synchronous operation next(); }, function(req, res) { res.send({'time': req.time}); });</pre>
What are named segments of the URL, delimted by slashes, which are one possible way clients can let us know what information they seek?	Route parameters
Each segment of what captures the value of	Route parameter

the part of the URL which matches its position?	
The captured values can be found wehre?	Req.params object
What's this an example of?	req.params
route_path: '/user/:userld/book/:bookld' actual_request_URL: '/user/546/book/6754' req.params: {userld: '546', bookld: '6754'}	
Build an echo server, mounted at the route GET /:word/echo. Respond with a JSON object, taking the structure {echo: word}. You can find the word to be repeated at req.params.word. You can test your route from your browser's address bar, visiting some matching routes, e.g. your-app-rootpath/freecodecamp/echo	/** 9) Get input from client - Route parameters */ app.get('/:word/echo', function(req, res, next) { res.send({'echo': req.params.word}); next(); });
Another common way to get input from the client is be encoding the data after hte route path, using what?	A query string
What is delimited byt a question mark?	The query string
What includes field=value couples?	Query string
Each what is separated by an amersand (&)?	Each couple in a query string
What can parse the data from the query string and populate the object req.query?	express
Some characters in waht cannot be in URLs and ahve to be encoded before sent?	Query strings
What's this an example of:	Query string
route_path: '/library' actual_request_URL: '/library?userId=546&bookId=6754' req.query: {userId: '546', bookId: '6754'}	
Build an API endpoint, mounted at GET /name. Respond with a JSON document, taking the structure { name: 'firstname	app.get('/name', function(req, res, next) { var firstName = req.query.first; var lastName= req.query.last;

lastname'}. The first and last name parameters should be encoded in a query string e.g. ?first=firstname&last=lastname.	res.json({'name': firstName + ' ' + lastName}); });
What syntax allows chaining different verb handlers on the same path route?	app.route(path).get(handler).post(handler)
Besides GET, what is the other common http verb?	POST
What is the default method used to send client data with HTML forms?	POST
What is used to send data to create new items in the database (a new user, new blog post)?	POST
In what kind of request is the data not in the url but instead hidden in the request body?	POST
What's this the raw content of?	HTTP POST request
POST /path/subpath HTTP/1.0 From: john@example.com User-Agent: someBrowser/1.0 Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded Content-Length: 20 name=John+Doe&age=25	
What defaults to being encoded like a query string?	POST
What type of encoding is used to upload binary files?	multipart/form-data
With AJAX we can also use what to handle data having a more complex structure?	JSON
To parse dta coming from POST request, we have to install what?	Body-parser package
What allows you to use a series of middleware which can decode data in different formats?	Body-parser package
What has to be listed in dependencies in the package.json?	"body-parser": "^1.15.2"

Once installed and listed in dependencies, how to require body-parser package?	var bodyParser = require('body-parser');
The middleware to handle url encoded data is returned by bodyParser.urlencoded({extended: false}). extended=false is a configuration option that tells the parser to use the classic encoding. When using it, values can be only strings or arrays. The extended version allows more data flexibility, but it is outmatched by JSON. Pass to app.use() the function returned by the previous method call.	app.use(bodyParser.urlencoded({extended: false}));
Mount a POST handler at the path /name. It's the same path as before. We have prepared a form in the html frontpage. It will submit the same data of exercise 10 (Query string). If the body-parser is configured correctly, you should find the parameters in the object req.body.	<pre>app.route('/name') .get(function (req, res, next) { var firstName = req.query.first; var lastName= req.query.last; res.json({'name': firstName + ' ' + lastName}); }) .post(function (req, res) { var firstName= req.body.first; var lastName= req.body.last; res.json({'name': firstName + ' ' + lastName}); });</pre>