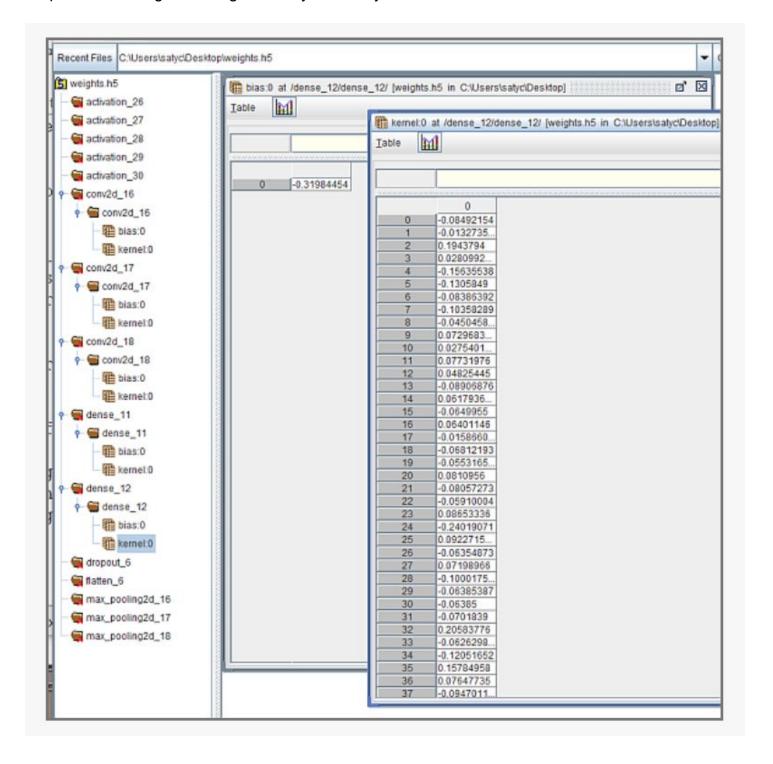
#### **HW 5 Rubrics**

Total: 5 points Late Penalty: 0.5/day, after 29<sup>th</sup> April 2020 11:59 pm Files have not been zipped penalty: 0.5

### Q1: 1 point

- 0.5 pt for submitting weights.h5 file
- 0.5 pt for submitting a screengrab of any dense layer



The screengrabs should show the expanded results of any dense layer below weights.h5

- -0.5 points if weights.h5 is not submitted
- -0.5 pt if the screenshot is not submitted

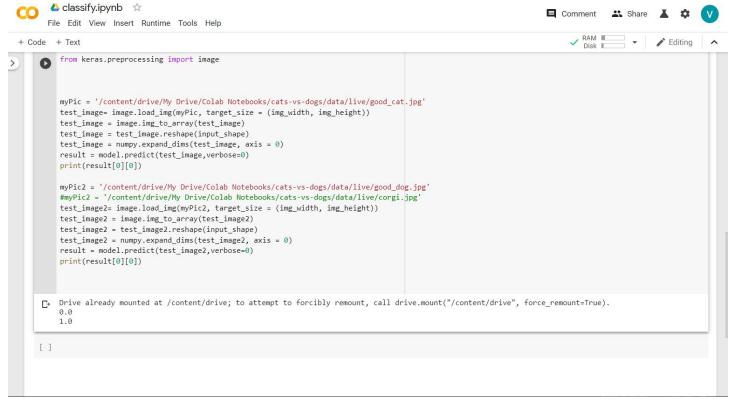
# Q2: 2 points

1 pt for a screengrab showing correct classification. The values with a 20% range are accepted. So, 0.8 and 0.2 are fine.

0.5 pt each for good\_cat and good\_dog images







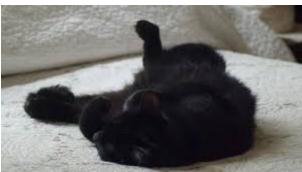
- -1 pt if the classification is wrong or screenshot is not submitted
- -0.5 pt each for wrong dog and cat images

## Q3: 2 points

1 pt for a screengrab showing misclassification. The values with a 20% range are accepted. So, 0.8 and 0.2 are fine.

0.5 pt each for trick cat and trick dog images







- -1 pt if the classification is wrong or screenshot is not submitted
- -0.5 pt each for wrong cat and dog images

### **Bonus Question: No points**

The dataset should contain at least 300 images

Screengrab of correct classification

Readme.txt file containing the changes made to the code

Readme file should contain the following changes:

1) model.add(Dense(3))

Indicates the dimensionality of the output space. Our output space must be of the form [0, 0, 1] In other words, they can be considered as the output nodes for each possible class.

2) model.add(Activation('softmax')):

It is the last layer activation function, it returns an array of 3 probability scores summing to 1. The sigmoid function is used for the two-class classification, whereas the softmax function is used for the multiclass classification.

- 3) model.compile(loss='categorical\_crossentropy', optimizer='rmsprop', metrics=['accuracy'])

  Since we are dealing with multiple classes ( non-binary ), we change the loss function from binary crossentropy to categorical crossentropy
- 4) train\_generator = train\_datagen.flow\_from\_directory(train\_data\_dir, target\_size=(img\_width, img\_height), batch\_size=batch\_size, class\_mode='categorical')

  Since we are trying to train the neural network with multiple classes ( non-binary ), we are using the categorical class mode instead of the binary class mode.
- 5) validation\_generator = test\_datagen.flow\_from\_directory(

```
validation_data_dir,
target_size=(img_width, img_height),
batch_size=batch_size,
class_mode='categorical')
```

Since we are trying to test the neural network with multiple classes (non-binary), we are using the categorical class mode instead of binary class mode.