MSDS 7330

File Organization and Database Management Quiz Unit 3

This is a synchronous session quiz assignment for MSDS7330, File Organization and Database Management. This quiz is due at the end of the same class period in which it is handed out or whenever the instructor turns you to hand it in; whichever comes first. Enter your answer to each question in the MSDS 7330 Quiz Answer Sheet Word document. Be sure to place your name and today's date in the Quiz Answer Sheet, and place your last name and the unit number at the beginning of the file name. For example, the filename for the quiz answer sheet for Unit 3 for Daniel Engels should be *Engels3MSDS7330QuizAnswerSheet.docx*.

For one question, in the Quiz Answer Sheet write out the explanation why the answer is correct. Your chosen question should be a different question from all other students in the session.

Your answer Word document should be submitted on the 2DS system for the quiz number equal to the unit number. For example, the quiz for Unit 3 should be submitted for Quiz 3.

- 1) The Entity-Relationship model is
 - a) a way to graphically represent the logical relationships of entities in a database.
 - b) a way to graphically represent the data in a database.
 - c) a way to graphically represent only the constraints in a database.
 - d) a way to graphically represent strong entity sets but not weak entity sets.
- 2) In the Entity-Relationship model, to what does an *entity* refer (or represent)?
 - a) The organization in which the model is created.
 - b) A distinctly identifiable item, thing or object.
 - c) A particular instance of data.
 - d) A database schema.
- 3) An entity set is
 - a) a collection of databases.
 - b) a collection of relationships connecting a single entity to many other entities.
 - c) a collection of entities of the same type that share the same properties.
 - d) a collection of attribute values that are the same across all entities.
- 4) Entities can be associated with one another by using which of the following?
 - a) Entities
 - b) Attributes
 - c) Identifiers
 - d) Relationships

- 5) In a one-to-many relationship, the entity that is on the many side of the relationship is called what type of entity?
 - a) parent
 - b) child
 - c) instance
 - d) subtype
- 6) In an Entity-Relationship model, attributes may be which of the following?
 - a) simple
 - b) composite
 - c) multi-valued
 - d) All of the above.
 - e) None of the above.
- 7) In an Entity-Relationship model, relationship sets are represented by which of the following?
 - a) Rectangles
 - b) Diamonds
 - c) Lines
 - d) Ovals
- 8) Directed lines from a relationship set to all of its related entity sets indicates which type of relationship?
 - a) One-to-one
 - b) One-to-many
 - c) Many-to-one
 - d) Many-to-many

- 9) Consider the entity set *instructor* containing the attributes *ID*, *name*, *deptName* and *salary* with *ID* as the primary key and the entity set *department* containing the attributes *deptName*, *building* and *budget* with *deptName* as the primary key. In order to represent the relationship between *instructor* and *department* we need to do which of the following?
 - Nothing. The relationship is properly represented by the *deptName* attribute in the *instructor* entity set
 - b) Add a one-to-one relationship *instructorDepartment* that explicitly relates *instructor* to *department* and leave the entity sets unchanged.
 - c) Add a one-to-one relationship instructorDepartment that explicitly relates instructor to department and remove the deptName attribute from the instructor entity set.
 - d) Add a one-to-many relationship instructorDepartment that explicitly relates instructor to department and remove the deptName attribute from the instructor entity set.
- 10) Which of the following is NOT a basic element of all versions of the E-R model?
 - a) Entities
 - b) Attributes
 - c) Relationships
 - d) Primary keys
- 11) An attribute that names or identifies entity instances is a(n):
 - a) entity
 - b) attribute
 - c) identifier
 - d) relationship
- 12) In an Entity-Relationship model, double lines connecting

an entity set to a relationship set indicates which of the following?

- a) Two constraints on the entity set.
- b) Every entity participates in up to two relationships of the given type.
- c) Some entities participate in more than one relationship of the given type.
- d) Every entity participates in at least one relationship of the given type.
- 13) Relationship sets can be used to directly represent which of the following?
 - a) Entity attributes.
 - b) Relationships between attribute values.
 - c) Relationship between multiple entity sets.
 - d) All of the above.
 - e) None of the above.
- 14) In the Entity-Relationship model, attributes may be represented as which of the following?
 - a) The only name within the top of a double sectioned rectangle.
 - b) Ovals
 - c) Names above lines
 - d) The only name within a diamond.
- 15) In crow's foot notation of the Entity-Relationship model, consider the simple ER model of entity E1 and entity E2 connected by a relationship line R where the line ends in a crow's foot at E1 but ends simply as a line at E2. This represents which of the following relationship types?
 - a) One-to-one
 - b) Many-to-one
 - c) One-to-many
 - d) Many-to-many