# Assignment 4 Design

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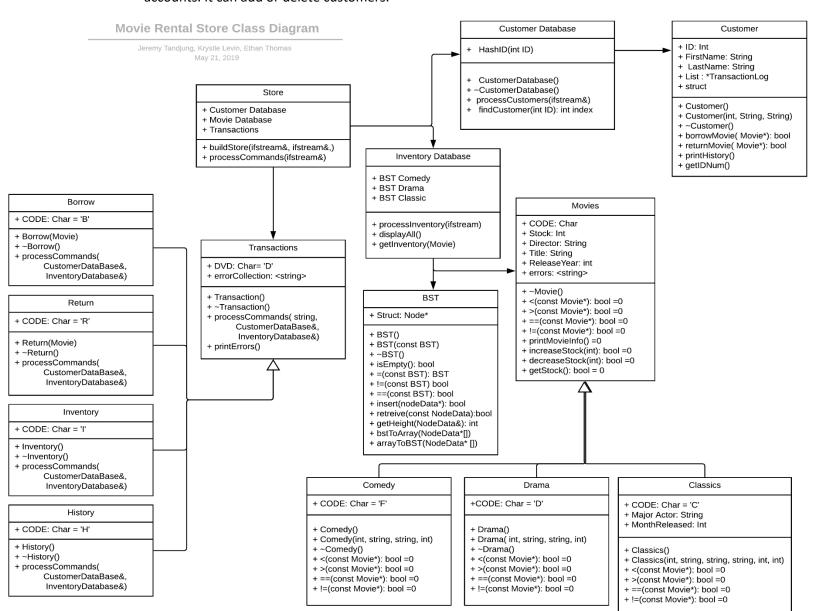
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## 1 PROJECT OVERVIEW

- This is a design for a program that will automate an inventory tracking system. This design was built around the idea of it being used for a movie rental company that only rents out DVDS, but the code can be modified for other items and transactions as well. This program will allow the user to track every item that is borrowed and returned. It will also allow the user to see customer history information.
- The design has a Store class which includes a InventoryDatabase, Transactions, and a CustomerDatabase class
- InventoryDatabase is a class that contains a collection of items (in this case DVDs) and stores them in binary search trees for quick look up. For this particular case, each genre will have its own binary search tree. They will be sorted by their respected sorting criteria (e.g. Comedy will be sorted by title and then year released). InventoryDatabase allows the user to add new items,

delete items, and update stock when an item is checked out or returned. InventoryDatabase can also process a formatted text file of commands.

- Movie is a pure virtual base class for Comedy, Drama, and Classics. It will use a class called MovieFactory that will create a new movie using the factory method.
- Sorting for each sub class:
  - Comedy is sorted by Title, then Year it released
  - Drama is sorted by Director, then Title
  - Classics is sorted by Release date, then Major actor
- Transactions is a class that will process one and/or many transactions. It will use a
   TransactionsFactory that will create a new transaction using the factory method. Transactions
   will call on InventoryDatabase to update stock and CustomerDatabase to update individual
   customer accounts.
  - Transactions is a base class for Borrow, Return, Inventory, and History
- CustomerDatabase is a collection of Customers using a hash table. Customers are identified by their unique 4-digit number. CustomerDatabase is responsible for maintaining customer accounts. It can add or delete customers.



```
    int main()
{
        Store firstStore();
        ifstream infile1("data4commands.txt");
        ifstream infile2("data4customers.txt");
        ifstream infile3("data4movies.txt");
        firstStore.buildstore(infile2, infile3);
        firstStore.processCommands(infile1);
}
```

## 2 Class Description Overview

#### 2.1 STORE

The Store class represents the entire store. It contains a Customer Database, Inventory Database, and Transactions. Allows the user to build inventory list, customer list, and process transaction commands.

**Purpose:** This function builds the hypothetical "Store" by reading in a input file that contains information about the customers and the inventory.

#### Parameter(s):

- -ifstream& customerList: The ifstream object that takes in the text file containing the customer list
- -ifstream& inventoryList: The ifstream object that takes in the text file containing the inventory

Return: None

```
-void commandsReader(ifstream& commandsList);
```

Purpose: This function is used to read commands from a text file that contains the command list

#### Parameter(s):

- ifstream& commandsList: The ifstream object that contains the list of command the user inputs

Return: None

## 2.2 INVENTORY DATABASE

The InventoryDatabase class is a collection of items (in this case DVDs) that are stored in binary search trees. They are sorted by their respected sorting criteria.

**Purpose:** This function builds up the hypothetical 'Inventory' by reading an input file containing information for the inventory.

### Parameter(s):

-ifstream& inventoryFile: The ifstream object that takes in the text file containing the inventory list.

```
-Movie* getMovie(string movieInfo, char code);
       Purpose: This function is a getter method that gets a Movie object within this
       InventoryDatabase object
       Parameter(s):
              -string movieInfo: string that is passed in that contains the movie to find
              -char code: the code that identifies what genre the movie is
       Return: The targeted movie.
-void displayAll();
       Purpose: This function prints out all information of all movies currently in this inventory in a
       readable format.
       Parameter(s): None
       Return: None
2.2.1 Movie
Pure virtual function. This class is used as a base class for Comedy, Drama, Classics
class Movie
{
public:
       virtual ~Movie() {};
                                             // destructor
       virtual bool operator==(const Movie* rhs) const =0; // == operator
       virtual bool operator!=(const Movie* rhs) const =0; // != operator
       virtual bool operator>(const Movie* rhs) const =0; // greater than operator
       virtual bool operator<(const Movie* rhs) const =0; // less than operator</pre>
       virtual void printMovieInfo() const =0;
                                                    // prints movies information
       virtual bool increaseStock(const int& amount) =0;
                                                               // increase stock
       virtual bool dicreaseStock(const int& amount) =0;  // decrease stock
       virtual int getStock();
                                                       // return current stock
protected:
```

// constructor

// holds a movie type

// holds a movie director

// holds movie stock

explicit Movie();

string director;

char type;
int stock;

```
string title;
                                               // holds a movie title
       int year;
                                               // holds a movie year
};
-virtual ~Movie()
       Purpose: Destructor for base Movie class
       Parameter(s): None
       Return: None
-virtual bool operator==(const Movie* rhs) const =0;
       Purpose: This function overwrites the == operator
       Parameter(s):
               -const Movie* rhs: The right hand side Movie object we are comparing with
       Return: Returns true if every attribute of this Movie object matches the rhs Movie obj, false
       otherwise
-virtual bool operator!=(const Movie* rhs) const =0;
       Purpose: Overwrites the != operator
       Parameter(s):
               -const Movie* rhs: The right hand side Movie object we are comparing with
       Return: Returns the negation of the == operator result
-virtual bool operator>(const Movie* rhs) const =0;
       Purpose: This function overwrites the > operator
       Parameter(s):
               -const Movie* rhs: The right hand side Movie object we are comparing with
       Return: Returns true if *this is greater than rhs (based on sorting criteria)
```

```
-virtual bool operator<(const Movie* rhs) const =0;</pre>
       Purpose: This function overwrites the < operator
       Parameter:
               -const Movie* rhs: The right hand side Movie object we are comparing with
       Return: Returns true if *this is less than rhs (based on sorting criteria)
-virtual void printMovieInfo() const =0;
       Purpose: This function prints out the string representation of the Movie object in a readable
       format.
       Parameter(s): None
       Return: None
-virtual bool increaseStock(const int& amount) =0;
       Purpose: This function is used to increase the stock of this Movie object
       Parameter(s):
               -const int& amount: The amount which the user wants to increase the stock by
       Return: Returns true if the increment was successful, returns false otherwise i.e. bad input
-virtual bool decreaseStock(const int& amount) =0;
       Purpose: This function is used to decrease the stock of this Movie object
       Parameter(s):
               -const int& amount: The amount which the user wants to decrease the stock by
       Return: Returns true if the decrement was successful, returns false otherwise i.e. bad input
-virtual int getStock();
       Purpose: Getter method to get the current stock of this Movie object
       Parameter(s): None
       Return: The integer representation of the stock of this Movie
```

#### 2.2.1.1 Comedy

```
The Comedy class represents a comedy Movie
```

```
class Comedy : public Movie
{
public:
      Comedy(int stock, string director, string title, int year); // constructor
      ~Comedy();
                                              // destructor
      bool operator==(const Movie* rhs) const =0; // == operator
      bool operator!=(const Movie* rhs) const = 0; // != operator
      bool operator>(const Movie* rhs) const =0; // greater than operator
      bool operator<(const Movie* rhs) const =0; // less than operator</pre>
      static const char CODE = 'F';
                                                // static identifier for the class
};
-Comedy(int stock, string director, string title, int year);
      Purpose: Constructor for Comedy class
      Parameter(s):
            -int stock: The stock of this Comedy object
            -string director: The director of this Comedy movie
            -string title: The comedy movie's title
            -int year: The year this comedy movie was released
      Return: Comedy object
```

```
-bool operator==(const Movie* rhs) const =0;
```

**Purpose:** This function overwrites the == operator

#### Parameter(s):

-const Movie\* rhs: The right hand side Movie object we are comparing with

**Return:** Returns true if every attribute of this Movie object matches the rhs Movie obj, false otherwise

```
-bool operator!=(const Movie* rhs) const =0;
       Purpose: Overwrites the != operator
       Parameter(s):
               -const Movie* rhs: The right hand side Movie object we are comparing with
       Return: Returns the negation of the == operator result
-bool operator>(const Movie* rhs) const =0;
       Purpose: This function overwrites the > operator
       Parameter(s):
               -const Movie* rhs: The right hand side Movie object we are comparing with
       Return: Returns true if *this is greater than rhs (based on sorting criteria)
-bool operator<(const Movie* rhs) const =0;</pre>
       Purpose: This function overwrites the < operator
       Parameter(s):
               -const Movie* rhs: The right hand side Movie object we are comparing with
       Return: Returns true if *this is less than rhs (based on sorting criteria)
-void printMovieInfo() const =0;
       Purpose: This function prints out the string representation of the Movie object in a readable
       format.
       Parameter(s): None
       Return: None
```

#### 2.2.1.2 Drama

The Drama class represents a drama Movie

```
class Drama : public Movie
{
public:
      Drama(int stock, string director, string title, int year); // constructor
      ~Drama();
                                             // destructor
      bool operator==(const Movie* rhs) const =0; // == operator
      bool operator!=(const Movie* rhs) const = 0; // != operator
      bool operator>(const Movie* rhs) const =0; // greater than operator
      bool operator<(const Movie* rhs) const =0; // less than operator</pre>
      static const char CODE = 'D';
                                                // static identifier for the class
};
-Drama(int stock, string director, string title, int year);
      Purpose:
                   Constructor for the Drama class that takes in the
      Parameter(s):
             -int stock: The stock of this Drama object
             -string director: The director of this Drama object
             -string title: The drama movie's title
             -int year: The year this drama movie was released
      Return: Drama object
-bool operator==(const Movie* rhs) const =0;
      Purpose: This function overwrites the == operator
      Parameter(s):
```

**Return:** Returns true if every attribute of this Movie object matches the rhs Movie obj, false otherwise

-const Movie\* rhs: The right hand side Movie object we are comparing with

```
-bool operator!=(const Movie* rhs) const =0;
       Purpose: Overwrites the != operator
       Parameter(s):
               -const Movie* rhs: The right hand side Movie object we are comparing with
       Return: Returns the negation of the == operator result
-bool operator>(const Movie* rhs) const =0;
       Purpose: This function overwrites the > operator
       Parameter(s):
               -const Movie* rhs: The right hand side Movie object we are comparing with
       Return: Returns true if *this is greater than rhs (based on sorting criteria)
-bool operator<(const Movie* rhs) const =0;</pre>
       Purpose: This function overwrites the < operator
       Parameter(s):
               -const Movie* rhs: The right hand side Movie object we are comparing with
       Return: Returns true if *this is less than rhs (based on sorting criteria)
-void printMovieInfo() const =0;
       Purpose: This function prints out the string representation of the Movie object in a readable
       format.
       Parameter(s): None
       Return: None
```

#### 2.2.1.3 Classics

```
The Classics class represent a classic Movie
```

```
class Classics : public Movie
{
public:
       Classics(int stock, string director, string title, string majorActor, int month,
       int year); // constructor
       ~Classics();
                                                        // destructor
       bool operator==(const Movie* rhs) const =0; // equal comparison operator
bool operator!=(const Movie* rhs) const = 0; // not equal comparison operator
       bool operator>(const Movie* rhs) const =0; // greater than operator
       bool operator<(const Movie* rh) const =0; // less than operator</pre>
                                                // return string of full movie info
       string printMovieInfo() const;
       static const char CODE = 'C';
                                                             // static identifier for the class
protected:
       int month;
       string majorActor;
};
-Classics(int stock, string director, string title, string majorActor, int month, int
year);
       Purpose: Constructor for the Classic class
       Parameter(s):
               -int stock: The stock of this Classic object
               -string director: The director of this Classic object
               -string title: The Classic movie's title
               -string majorActor: The main star of this Classic movie
```

-int month: The month this Classic movie was released

-int year: The year this Classic movie was released

**Return:** Classic object

```
-bool operator==(const Movie* rhs) const =0;
       Purpose: This function overwrites the == operator
       Parameter(s):
               -const Movie* rhs: The right hand side Movie object we are comparing with
       Return: Returns true if every attribute of this Movie object matches the rhs Movie obj, false
       otherwise
-bool operator!=(const Movie* rhs) const =0;
       Purpose: Overwrites the != operator
       Parameter(s):
               -const Movie* rhs: The right hand side Movie object we are comparing with
       Return: Returns the negation of the == operator result
-bool operator>(const Movie* rhs) const =0;
       Purpose: This function overwrites the > operator
       Parameter(s):
               -const Movie* rhs: The right hand side Movie object we are comparing with
       Return: Returns true if *this is greater than rhs (based on sorting criteria)
-bool operator<(const Movie* rhs) const =0;</pre>
       Purpose: This function overwrites the < operator
       Parameter(s):
               -const Movie* rhs: The right hand side Movie object we are comparing with
       Return: Returns true if *this is less than rhs (based on sorting criteria)
```

```
-void printMovieInfo() const =0;
```

**Purpose:** This function prints out the string representation of the Movie object in a readable format.

Parameter(s): None

Return: None

Return: None

#### 2.3 Transactions

The Transactions class processes one and/or many transactions. Calls on InventoryDatabase and CustomerDatabase to update their respected data (e.g. InventoryDatabase increases or decreases stock from customer return or borrow) This class is used as a base class for Borrow, Return, Inventory, and History

```
class Transaction
public:
      // processes commands
      virtual void processCommands(CustomerDatabase&, InventoryDatabase&);
      void printErrors();
                                                     // prints error massages
      static const char DVD = 'D';
                                                 // shared by all transactions
protected:
      vector<string> errorCollection; //vector that holds all type of errors during
      reading of the commands
};
-Transaction();
      Purpose: Constructor for Transaction class
      Parameter(s): None
      Return: Transaction object
-virtual ~Transaction()
      Purpose: Destructor for Transaction class
      Parameter(s): None
```

#### 2.3.1 Borrow

```
Represents a type of transaction
```

```
class Borrow : public Transaction
{
public:
       Borrow();
                                 // constructor
       ~Borrow();
                                // destructor
                                                  // static identifier for the class
       static const char MyType = 'B';
       virtual void processCommands(CustomerManager&, InventoryDatabase&); // process
Transaction
protected:
       void borrowMovie(Customer*, Movie*); // borrowed movie for customer
};
-Borrow();
       Purpose: Constructor for Borrow class
       Parameter: None
       Return: Borrow object
- ~Borrow()
       Purpose: Destructor for Borrow class
       Parameter(s): None
       Return: None
-virtual void processCommands(CustomerManager&, InventoryDatabase&);
```

**Purpose:** This function processes the Inventory and Customer database based on the action code

#### Parameter(s):

-CustomerManager&: Customer database

-InventoryDatabase&: The inventory database that stores the movies.

#### 2.3.2 Return

```
Represents a type of transaction
```

```
class Return : public Transaction
{
public:
       Return();
                                  // constructor
       ~Return();
                                 // destructor
                                                  // static identifier for the class
       static const char MyType = 'R';
       virtual void processCommands(CustomerManager&, InventoryDatabase&); // process
Transaction
protected:
       void returnMovie(Customer*, Movie*); // borrowed movie for customer
};
-Return();
       Purpose: Constructor for Return class
       Parameter(s): None
       Return: Return object
- ~Return ()
       Purpose: Destructor for Return class
       Parameter(s): None
       Return: None
-virtual void processCommands(CustomerManager&, InventoryDatabase&);
```

**Purpose:** This function processes the Inventory and Customer database based on the action code

#### Parameter(s):

-CustomerManager&: Customer database

-InventoryDatabase&: The inventory database that stores the movies.

## 2.3.3 Inventory Represents a type of transaction class Inventory : public Transaction { public: // constructor Inventory(); ~Inventory(); // destructor static const char MyType = 'I'; // static identifier for the class virtual void processCommands(CustomerManager&, InventoryDatabase&); // process Transaction }; -Inventory(); **Purpose:** Constructor for Inventory class Parameter(s): None **Return:** Inventory object - ~Inventory() Purpose: Destructor for Inventory class Parameter: None Return: None -virtual void processCommands(CustomerManager&, InventoryDatabase&); Purpose: This function processes the Inventory and Customer database based on the action code Parameter(s): -CustomerManager&: Customer database -InventoryDatabase&: The inventory database that stores the movies.

```
2.3.4 History
Represents a type of transaction
class History : public Transaction
{
public:
       History();
                                    // constructor
       ~History();
                                   // destructor
       static const char MyType = 'H';
                                                   // static identifier for the class
       virtual void processCommands(CustomerManager&, InventoryDatabase&); // process
Transaction
};
-History();
       Purpose: Constructor for History class
       Parameter(s): None
       Return: History object
- ~History()
       Purpose: Destructor for History class
       Parameter(s): None
       Return: None
-virtual void processCommands(CustomerManager&, InventoryDatabase&);
       Purpose: This function processes the Inventory and Customer database based on the action
       code
       Parameter(s):
              -CustomerManager&: Customer database
              -InventoryDatabase&: The inventory database that stores the movies.
       Return: None
```

#### 2.4 CUSTOMER DATABASE

Return: None

The CustomerDatabase class maintains a collection of customers implemented by using a hash table. The class is responsible for maintaining each customer account and adding or deleting customers

```
int const ROWS = 101;
int const COLUMNS = 199;
class CustomerDatabase
public:
      CustomerDatabase();
                                             // constructor
      ~CustomerDatabase();
                                             // destructor
       void proccessCustomers(ifstream& customerFile); // process file with customers
private:
       bool addCustomertoHashTable(Customer newCustomer);
       void retreiveCustomerFromHash( );
       struct HashTable{
             Customer theCustomer;
                                                          // the customer
             History customerHistory; // The name of the Customer
       };
      HashTable tableOfCustomers[ROWS][COLUMNS]; // HashTable
};
-CustomerDatabase();
       Purpose: Constructor for CustomerDatabase class
       Parameter(s): None
       Return: Customer Database object
- ~CustomerDatabase();
       Purpose: Destructor for CustomerDatabase class
       Parameter(s): None
```

-void proccessCustomers(ifstream& customerFile)

**Purpose:** This function builds the hypothetical HastTable that holds the customer database by reading information from the input file.

#### Parameter(s):

-ifstream& customerFile: The input file that contains all customer's information

Return: None

-void CustomerDatabase::addCustomerToHashTable(Customer newCustomer)

**Purpose:** This function adds a Customer object to the HashTable

Parameter(s):

-Customer newCustomer: The Customer object we want to add

#### 2.4.1 HashTable Pseudo Code

```
Function:
              add customer at Hash[i^2 + ID % ROWS][ i^2 + ID % COLUMNS]
              where i = number of tries
Void CustomerDatabase::addCustomerToHashTable(Customer newCustomer){
       If(theCustomer.getID() < 1 || theCustomer.getName()=="" or null) //invalid input</pre>
              Return false;
       Int iD=theCustomer.getID();
       Int i=0
       Bool done = false;
       While(!done){
              Int iSquared= i*i;
              Check HashTable[iSquared + ID % Rows][iSquared + ID % COLUMNS]
                     If empty{ // doesn't exist yet
                             set theCustomer to newCustomer
                            customerHistory points to Null
                            return true
                     }
                     Else{ // spot is full
                            if (theCustomer == newCustomer)
                                    return true; //same customer
                     //at this point newCustomer has not been added to hash
                            i++
                                           //increment i by +1 and retry
                     }
       }
}
```

#### 2.4.2 Customer

Represents a single customer. Each customer has a unique 4-digit ID number. Each customer will have a transaction history that is stored in a linked list.

```
class Customer
public:
     Customer();
                            // default constructor
     Customer(int id, string firstName, string lastName); // constructor
     ~Customer();
                            // destructor
     private:
     bool returnMovie(Movie*);  // returns one or many movie(s) for customer (if
possible)
     bool borrowMovie(Movie*);  // borrows one or many movie(s) for customer (if
possible)
     int ID;
                                   // customer id
     string lastName;
                               // customer last name
     string firstName;
                               // customer first name
     // structure for customer transaction history
     struct TransactionLog
     {
           TransactionLog* next;
           char transaction; // transaction type (Borrow or Return)
           Movie* info; // pointer to the movie
     };
     TransactionLog* head;
};
Customer();
     Purpose: Default Constructor for Customer class
     Parameter(s): None
```

Return: Customer object

```
-Customer(int id, string firstName, string lastName)
       Purpose: Constructor for Customer class with parameters
       Parameter(s):
               - int id: the customer's id
               -string firstName: customer's first name
               -string lastName: customer's last name
       Return: Customer object
- ~Customer();
       Purpose: Destructor for Customer class
       Parameter(s): None
       Return: None
-bool movieBorrow(Movie* m);
       Purpose: Simulates a customer borrowing a movie
       Parameter(s):
               - Movie* m: the movie the customer wants to borrow
       Return: Returns true if customer successfully borrowed a movie, false otherwise
-bool movieReturn(Movie* m)
       Purpose: Simulates a customer returning a movie
       Parameter(s):
               - Movie* m: the movie the customer wants to return
       Return: Returns true if customer successfully returned a movie, false otherwise
-void printHistory();
       Purpose: This function prints out the lending history of this Customer
       Parameter(s): None
       Return: None
```

-int getIDNum() const;

**Purpose:** This function is a getter method to get this Customer's ID number

Parameter(s): None

**Return:** Integer representation of this Customer's ID number