# THE GAMMA DISTRIBUTION PROPERTIES, PROOFS AND APPLICATIONS

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## Table of Contents

Table of Contents	1
Configuration 1	2
Configuration $2 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$	4
List of Figures	6
List of Tables	6
References	7

The gamma distribution is part of the two-parameters family of continuous probability distributions. Indeed, it may be parameterized with two different configurations: <sup>[1]</sup>

#### Configuration 1

Shape: 
$$k > 0$$
 Scale:  $\theta > 0$ 

Support:  $x \in (0, \infty)$ 

Probability density function:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(k)\theta^k} x^{k-1} e^{-\frac{x}{\theta}} \tag{1}$$

Cumulative distribution function:

$$F(x) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(k)} \gamma\left(k, \frac{x}{\theta}\right) \tag{2}$$

Expected value, also known as the theoretical mean:

$$\mu = E(x) = k\theta \tag{3}$$

There is no simple closed form equation for the median of a gamma distribution.

Mode:

$$Mode = (k-1)\theta \text{ for } k \ge 1$$
 (4)

Variance:

$$Var(x) = k\theta^2 \tag{5}$$

Skewness:

$$Skewness = \frac{2}{\sqrt{k}}$$
 (6)

Excess kurtosis:

$$Kurtosis = \frac{6}{k}$$
 (7)

Entropy:

Entropy = 
$$k + \ln \theta + \ln \Gamma(k) + (1 - k)\psi(k)$$
 (8)

Moment generating function:

$$M(t) = (1 - \theta t)^{-k} \text{ for } t < \frac{1}{\theta}$$
(9)

Characteristic function:

$$CF = (1 - \theta it)^{-k} \tag{10}$$

Methods of moments:

$$k = \frac{E(X)^2}{\text{Var}(X)}$$

$$\theta = \frac{\text{Var}(X)}{E(X)}$$
(11)

#### Configuration 2

Shape:  $\alpha > 0$  Rate:  $\beta > 0$ 

Support:  $x \in (0, \infty)$ 

Probability density function:

$$f(x) = \frac{\beta^{\alpha}}{\Gamma(\alpha)} x^{\alpha - 1} e^{-\beta x}$$
 (12)

Cumulative distribution function:

$$F(x) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)} \gamma(\alpha, \, \beta x) \tag{13}$$

Expected value, also known as the theoretical mean:

$$\mu = E(x) = \frac{\alpha}{\beta} \tag{14}$$

There is no simple closed form equation for the median of a gamma distribution.

Mode:

$$Mode = \frac{(\alpha - 1)}{\beta} \text{ for } \alpha \ge 1$$
 (15)

Variance:

$$Var(x) = \frac{\alpha}{\beta^2} \tag{16}$$

Skewness:

$$Skewness = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\alpha}}$$
 (17)

Excess kurtosis:

$$Kurtosis = \frac{6}{\alpha}$$
 (18)

Entropy:

Entropy = 
$$\alpha + \ln \beta + \ln \Gamma(\alpha) + (1 - \alpha)\psi(\alpha)$$
 (19)

#### **INCOMPLETE** from this point $\Rightarrow$

Moment generating function:

$$M(t) = \left(1 - \frac{t}{\beta}\right)^{-\alpha} \text{ for } t < \beta \tag{20}$$

Characteristic function:

$$CF = \left(1 - \frac{it}{\beta}\right)^{-\alpha} \tag{21}$$

Methods of moments:

$$\alpha = \frac{E(X)^2}{\text{Var}(X)}$$

$$\beta = \frac{\text{Var}(X)}{E(X)}$$
(22)

List of Figures

List of Tables

### References

Wikipedia. Gamma Distribution. In: Wikipedia. 2022-02-23. URL: https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Gamma\_distribution&oldid=1073512326 (visited on 03/02/2022).