### Problem Set 3. Due Thurs March 2 5pm

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#### Submission

- 1. Fork this repository to your own account
- 2. Make changes to the README.Rmd file (including the author field above).
- 3. Knit the file to HTML format and add it to your git repository (git add)
- 4. Submit a pull request with your Rmd and knitted HTML files.

#### Overview

You will examine a time-course of mRNA expression of barley powdery mildew fungus in immunocompromised plants (*Arabidopsis*). The fungus Blumeria graminis f. sp. hordei (called *Bgh* from now on)

Counts were generated using the maSigPro software and deposited in NCBI GEO.

Some important identifiers for the data set:

Name	Description
A6	Bgh isolate expressing other AVRA effectors
K1	Bgh isolate expressing the cognate AVRA1 effector for MLA1
pps	Arabidopsis plants
B12	Arabidopsis plants expressing MLA1-HA

We will download tables from GEO containing counts of mRNA abundance from both the fungal sample.

#### Raw data

raw data

First we need load the data.

```
library(tidyverse)

# bgh data
bgh_url <-
    'http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/download/?acc=GSE43163&format=file&file=GSE43163_CompleteCountTable_i

# 2 info and blank lines at top, skip them
raw_data <- read_tsv(bgh_url, skip = 2)

#> Warning: Missing column names filled in: 'X1' [1]

# the header for the first column is "NA", set it manually
names(raw_data)[1] <- 'gene.name'

raw_data <- as_data_frame(raw_data)</pre>
```

```
\# # A tibble: 6,477 × 49
#>
                gene.name B12_A6_6hpi_1 B12_A6_6hpi_2 B12_A6_6hpi_3
                                   <int>
#>
                                                  <int>
#> 1
                 bgh04079
                                                     15
                                                                   13
                                      13
#> 2
                 bgh01634
                                      31
                                                     10
                                                                   24
      bghG000012000001001
#> 3
                                     121
                                                    119
                                                                  145
      bghG000012000002001
#> 4
                                       3
                                                      2
                                                                    0
#> 5
                 bgh00757
                                     253
                                                    191
                                                                  207
#> 6
                 bgh01273
                                      45
                                                     27
                                                                   48
#> 7
                                                                   24
                 bgh01274
                                      32
                                                     22
#> 8
                 bgh01277
                                       9
                                                      5
                                                                    5
#> 9
                 bgh06140
                                      47
                                                     31
                                                                   32
#> 10
                 bgh05774
                                      42
                                                     24
                                                                   34
    ... with 6,467 more rows, and 45 more variables: B12_A6_12hpi_1 <int>,
       B12_A6_12hpi_2 <int>, B12_A6_12hpi_3 <int>, B12_A6_18hpi_1 <int>,
#> #
#> #
       B12_A6_18hpi_2 <int>, B12_A6_18hpi_3 <int>, B12_A6_24hpi_1 <int>,
       B12_A6_24hpi_2 <int>, B12_A6_24hpi_3 <int>, B12_K1_6hpi_1 <int>,
#> #
#> #
       B12 K1 6hpi 2 <int>, B12 K1 6hpi 3 <int>, B12 K1 12hpi 1 <int>,
#> #
       B12_K1_12hpi_2 <int>, B12_K1_12hpi_3 <int>, B12_K1_18hpi_1 <int>,
#> #
       B12_K1_18hpi_2 <int>, B12_K1_18hpi_3 <int>, B12_K1_24hpi_1 <int>,
#> #
       B12_K1_24hpi_2 <int>, B12_K1_24hpi_3 <int>, pps_A6_6hpi_1 <int>,
#> #
       pps_A6_6hpi_2 <int>, pps_A6_6hpi_3 <int>, pps_A6_12hpi_1 <int>,
       pps_A6_12hpi_2 <int>, pps_A6_12hpi_3 <int>, pps_A6_18hpi_1 <int>,
#> #
       pps_A6_18hpi_2 <int>, pps_A6_18hpi_3 <int>, pps_A6_24hpi_1 <int>,
#> #
#> #
       pps_A6_24hpi_2 <int>, pps_A6_24hpi_3 <int>, pps_K1_6hpi_1 <int>,
#> #
       pps_K1_6hpi_2 <int>, pps_K1_6hpi_3 <int>, pps_K1_12hpi_1 <int>,
#> #
       pps_K1_12hpi_2 <int>, pps_K1_12hpi_3 <int>, pps_K1_18hpi_1 <int>,
#> #
       pps_K1_18hpi_2 <int>, pps_K1_18hpi_3 <int>, pps_K1_24hpi_1 <int>,
#> #
       pps_K1_24hpi_2 <int>, pps_K1_24hpi_3 <int>
```

#### **Problems**

#### Problem 1

Now that the raw data are loaded, your first task is to tidy the data with tidyr. The cleaned\_data should look something like this:

```
# A tibble: 310,896 × 6
              gene.name plant fungus time.point
                                                       rep value
                                  <chr>
                                              <chr> <chr> <int>
                   <chr> <chr>
1
               bgh04079
                            B12
                                     A6
                                               6hpi
                                                          1
                                                               13
2
               bgh01634
                            B12
                                     A6
                                               6hpi
                                                          1
                                                               31
3
   bghG000012000001001
                            B12
                                               6hpi
                                                          1
                                                              121
                                     A6
4
   bghG000012000002001
                            B12
                                     A6
                                               6hpi
                                                          1
                                                                3
5
               bgh00757
                            B12
                                     A6
                                               6hpi
                                                          1
                                                              253
6
               bgh01273
                            B12
                                               6hpi
                                                          1
                                                               45
                                     A6
7
               bgh01274
                            B12
                                     A6
                                               6hpi
                                                          1
                                                               32
8
               bgh01277
                            B12
                                     A6
                                               6hpi
                                                          1
                                                                9
                                                               47
9
               bgh06140
                            B12
                                     A6
                                               6hpi
                                                          1
10
               bgh05774
                            B12
                                     A6
                                               6hpi
                                                          1
                                                               42
# ... with 310,886 more rows
```

The key steps are to gather() the data into key-value pairs and then separate() the information from the

key column into new columns.

```
# add tidying code here
library(tidyverse)
raw_data %>% gather(key, value, -gene.name) %>%
  separate(key, into = c('plant', 'fungus', 'time.point', 'rep'), sep = '_') ->
  cleaned_data
cleaned_data
\#> \# A tibble: 310,896 \times 6
#>
                gene.name plant fungus time.point
                                                      rep value
#> *
                     <chr> <chr> <chr>
                                              <chr> <chr> <int>
#> 1
                 bgh04079
                             B12
                                     A6
                                               6hpi
                                                        1
                                                              13
#> 2
                 bgh01634
                             B12
                                     A6
                                               6hpi
                                                        1
                                                              31
#> 3 bghG000012000001001
                             B12
                                     A6
                                               6hpi
                                                         1
                                                             121
#> 4
      bghG000012000002001
                             B12
                                     A6
                                               6hpi
                                                         1
                                                               3
                                                             253
#> 5
                 bgh00757
                             B12
                                     A6
                                               6hpi
                                                        1
#> 6
                  bgh01273
                             B12
                                     A6
                                               6hpi
                                                        1
                                                              45
#> 7
                 bgh01274
                             B12
                                     A6
                                               6hpi
                                                        1
                                                              32
#> 8
                  bgh01277
                             B12
                                     A6
                                               6hpi
                                                        1
                                                              9
#> 9
                                                              47
                 bgh06140
                             B12
                                     A6
                                               6hpi
                                                         1
#> 10
                  bgh05774
                             B12
                                     A6
                                               6hpi
                                                         1
                                                              42
#> # ... with 310,886 more rows
# report the cleaned_data by just naming it, uncomment the following line:
# cleaned data
```

#### Problem 2

You need to translate what you learned on the command line into the R world.

Which plant has the highest expression of any gene in the 6hpi time point?

```
raw_data | awk '$4 == "6hpi"' | sort -k6nr | head -n 1 | cut -f2
# translate to dplyr code
filter(cleaned_data, time.point=="6hpi") %>%
  arrange(desc(value)) %>%
  select(plant) %>%
 slice(1)
#> # A tibble: 1 × 1
#>
     plant
     <chr>
#>
#> 1
       pps
Which plant / fungus pair has the highest expression in the 18hpi time point?
raw_data | awk '$4 == "18hpi"' | sort -k6nr | head -n 1 | cut -f2,3
# translate to dplyr code
filter(cleaned_data, time.point=="18hpi") %>%
  arrange(desc(value)) %>%
  select(plant, fungus) %>%
  select(1)
```

```
\#> \# A tibble: 77,724 \times 1
#>
      plant
#>
      <chr>
#> 1
        pps
#> 2
        pps
#> 3
        B12
#> 4
        pps
#> 5
        pps
#> 6
        B12
#> 7
        B12
        pps
#> 8
#> 9
        B12
#> 10
        pps
#> # ... with 77,714 more rows
  # previous code: filter(row_number()==1)
```

#### Problem 3

Identify the top 3 most consistently differentially expressed genes between the earliest and latest time points for each combination of plant and fungus strains.

- "Differential expression" is the difference between value (i.e., gene expression level) between time points.
- "Consistency" is the smallest variance in value between replicates.

#### Strategy

1. Create a new table from the cleaned data by moving each hpi value to a new column name, with counts for each in the column (hint: use a tidyr verb). It is helpful to reformat the hpi values by converting from e.g. 6hpi to hpi.6. You can use mutate to do this, i.e.:

2. Create a new column containing the expression difference between the relevant time points.

```
#>
      gene.name plant fungus
                                rep hpi.12 hpi.18 hpi.24 hpi.6 expr.diff
#>
          <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr>
                                     <int>
                                            <int>
                                                   <int> <int>
       bgh00001
                                              265
                                                      261
                                                            218
#> 1
                  B12
                           A6
                                  1
                                       128
                                                                       43
#> 2
       bgh00001
                  B12
                                  2
                                        53
                                              191
                                                      323
                                                                      170
                          A6
                                                            153
```

```
71
#> 3
       bgh00001
                    B12
                             A6
                                            78
                                                   177
                                                           251
                                                                 180
#> 4
       bgh00001
                    B12
                             K1
                                     1
                                            70
                                                   188
                                                           107
                                                                 202
                                                                              95
#> 5
                                                                              85
       bgh00001
                    B12
                             K1
                                     2
                                            64
                                                   286
                                                           184
                                                                  99
       bgh00001
                                                                               3
#> 6
                    B12
                                     3
                                            52
                                                   157
                                                           163
                                                                 160
                             K1
#> 7
       bgh00001
                    pps
                             A6
                                     1
                                           153
                                                   259
                                                           115
                                                                 185
                                                                              70
#> 8
       bgh00001
                                     2
                                                   308
                                                                 102
                             A6
                                            71
                                                           113
                                                                              11
                    pps
#> 9
       bgh00001
                                     3
                                           106
                                                          204
                                                                              50
                    pps
                             A6
                                                   212
                                                                 154
       bgh00001
                                                   127
#> 10
                    pps
                             K1
                                     1
                                            29
                                                           138
                                                                  53
                                                                              85
#> # ... with 77,714 more rows, and 1 more variables: expr.diff.var <dbl>
```

3. Calculate summary statistics (mean and variance) of the expression differences by grouping (hint) the gene.name, and plant columns.

```
# Using substraction to determine the differentially expressed genes
expr_data %>% group_by(plant, fungus, gene.name) %>%
  summarise(expr.diff.mean = mean(expr.diff),
            expr.diff.var=var(expr.diff)) -> expr_data_mean
expr_data_mean
#> Source: local data frame [25,908 x 5]
#> Groups: plant, fungus [?]
#>
#>
      plant fungus gene.name expr.diff.mean expr.diff.var
      <chr>
                        <chr>>
                                        <dbl>
#>
             <chr>>
                                                      <dbl>
        B12
                A6 bgh00001
#> 1
                                    94.66667
                                                 4452.33333
#> 2
        B12
                A6
                    bgh00002
                                    95.66667
                                                 4024.33333
#> 3
        B12
                A6
                    bgh00003
                                    15.00000
                                                   49.00000
#> 4
        B12
                A6
                    bgh00004
                                     3.00000
                                                    7.00000
#> 5
        B12
                    bgh00005
                A6
                                    16.33333
                                                  226.33333
#> 6
        B12
                    bgh00006
                                    38.00000
                                                  729.00000
                A6
#> 7
        B12
                A6
                    bgh00007
                                   379.66667
                                                10770.33333
#> 8
        B12
                    bgh00008
                                                 1850.33333
                A6
                                   154.66667
#> 9
        B12
                    bgh00009
                                    13.00000
                                                   12.00000
#> 10
                                                   44.33333
        B12
                A6
                    bgh00010
                                    33.66667
#> # ... with 25,898 more rows
```

4. Sort by these statistics and use the dplyr verb slice to pull the ones you want (i.e., the top 3). Note you will have to remove gene.name from the grouping so that sorting works.

```
expr_data_mean %>% arrange(expr.diff.var) %>%
 arrange(desc(expr.diff.mean)) %>%
 group_by(plant, fungus) %>%
 slice(1:3) -> top3 genes0
top3_genes0
#> Source: local data frame [12 x 5]
#> Groups: plant, fungus [4]
#>
#>
      plant fungus gene.name expr.diff.mean expr.diff.var
#>
      <chr>
             <chr>>
                        <chr>
                                        <dbl>
                                                      <dbl>
        B12
                                     4988.333
                                                  726785.33
#> 1
                A6
                    bgh01942
#> 2
        B12
                A6
                     bgh00377
                                     2539.667
                                                  236402.33
#> 3
        B12
                A6
                     bgh05405
                                     2310.667
                                                  367852.33
#> 4
        B12
                Κ1
                     bgh01942
                                     5202.333
                                                 2197082.33
#> 5
        B12
                     bgh05405
                                     3309.333
                                                 2173654.33
#> 6
        B12
                     bgh00377
                                     2902.000
                                                  836091.00
                Κ1
```

```
#> 7
                A6 bgh01942
                                   5105.000
                                                2448477.00
        pps
                A6
                    bgh00377
                                    2801.667
                                                 678297.33
#> 8
       pps
#> 9
       pps
                A6 bgh05405
                                   2706.000
                                                 759601.00
#> 10
                K1 bgh01942
                                   2149.333
                                                  20658.33
        pps
#> 11
       pps
                K1 bgh00377
                                    1106.000
                                                  16624.00
#> 12
                K1 bgh02634
                                   1092.667
                                                 422292.33
        pps
expr_data_mean %>% arrange(expr.diff.var) %>%
arrange(desc(expr.diff.mean)) %>%
 group by(plant, fungus) %>%
 slice(1:2) -> top3_genes
```

#### Problem 4

Now examine the above final data frame above and write a few sentences putting inline code in least 3 places. For example, There are 32 rows of data in mtcars.

My tidy dataset has 5 columns and 8 rows. The name of the columns are plant, fungus, gene.name, expr.diff.mean, expr.diff.var.

The highest difference in expression of a gene in the B12 plant expressing the immune receptor MLA1-HA treated with effectors different from the AVRA1 effector is: 4988.333.

The highest difference im expression of a gene in the pps plant (partially immunocompromised) treated with effectors different from the AVRA1 effector is: 5105.0.

The highest difference in expression of a gene in the B12 plant expressing the immune receptor MLA1-HA treated with the AVRA1 effector is: 5202.333.

The highest difference in expression of a gene in the pps plant (partially immunocompromised) treated with effectors different from the AVRA1 effector is: 2149.333.

The top 3 genes for the pair (B12 plant + A6 fungus) are: bgh01942, bgh00377, bgh05405.

The top 3 genes for the pair (B12 plant + K1 fungus) are: bgh01942, bgh05405, bgh00377.

The top 3 genes for the pair (B12 plant + A6 fungus) are: bgh01942, bgh00377, bgh05405.

The top 3 genes for the pair (B12 plant + K1 fungus) are: bgh01942, bgh00377, bgh02634.

#### Problem 5

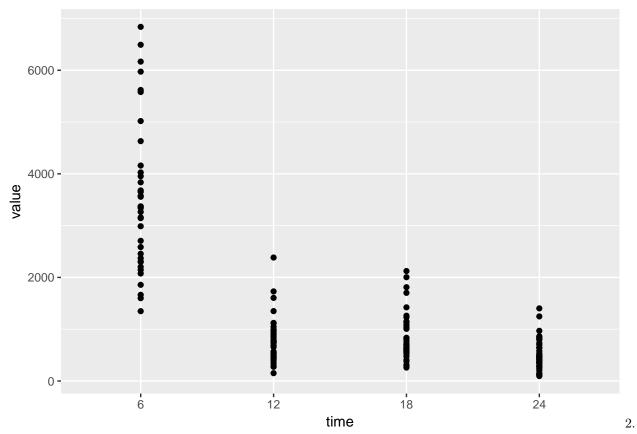
Plot the expression (value) by time (hpi) for the above genes. Format the plot as follows:

```
# 3 top genes per pair plant/fungus, 4 pairs, triplicates,
# 4 time points = 3 \times 4 \times 3 \times 4 = 144
cleaned data %>% mutate(time.point = str replace(time.point, 'hpi', '')) %>%
  select(gene.name, plant, fungus, rep, time.point, value) %>%
  group_by(plant,fungus,gene.name)-> data_selected
filter(data_selected, gene.name %in% top3_genes$gene.name) -> all_data_for_graphs
all_data_for_graphs
#> Source: local data frame [144 x 6]
#> Groups: plant, fungus, gene.name [12]
#>
#>
      gene.name plant fungus
                                rep time.point value
#>
          <chr> <chr>
                        <chr> <chr>
                                          <chr> <int>
#> 1
      bgh01942
                  B12
                           A6
                                              6 6167
                                  1
```

```
#> 2
       bgh00377
                                                3265
                  B12
                          A6
                                 1
#> 3
       bgh05405
                  B12
                          A6
                                 1
                                             6
                                                3557
                                 2
#> 4
       bgh01942
                  B12
                          A6
                                             6
                                               4631
#> 5
       bgh00377
                  B12
                                 2
                                                2457
                          A6
                                             6
                                  2
#> 6
       bgh05405
                  B12
                          A6
                                             6
                                                2586
#> 7
       bgh01942
                  B12
                          A6
                                 3
                                             6 5619
#> 8
       bgh00377
                  B12
                          A6
                                 3
                                             6 3158
#> 9
       bgh05405
                  B12
                          A6
                                 3
                                             6 3372
#> 10 bgh01942
                  B12
                          A6
                                 1
                                            12 1730
#> # ... with 134 more rows
```

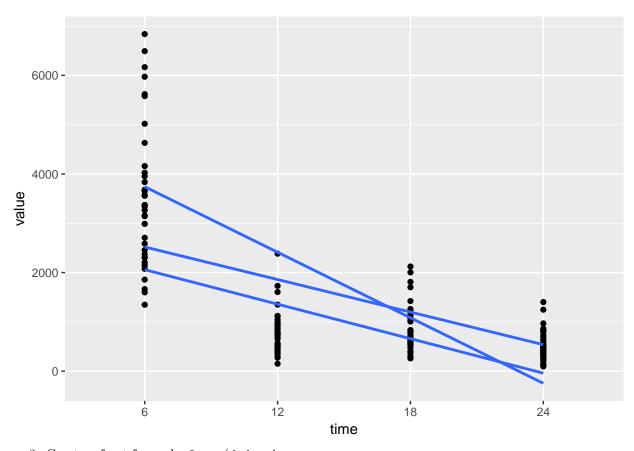
1. Plot each point.

```
# Plot each point using geom_point (and also change the label of the x axis)
library(ggplot2)
all_data_for_graphs$time.point <- as.numeric(all_data_for_graphs$time.point)
ggplot(all_data_for_graphs, aes(x = factor(time.point), y = value)) +
    geom_point() + xlab("time")</pre>
```



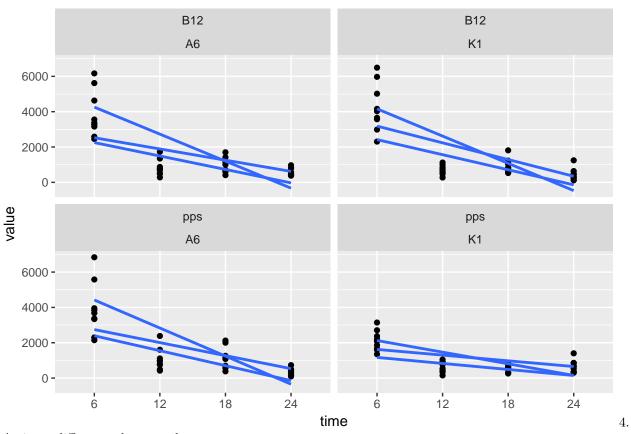
Connect the points with a smooth line

```
# Connect the points with a smooth line using geom_smooth()
all_data_for_graphs$time.point <- as.numeric(all_data_for_graphs$time.point)
ggplot(all_data_for_graphs, aes(x = factor(time.point), y = value, group = gene.name)) +
geom_point() + xlab("time") + geom_smooth(method = 'lm', se = F)</pre>
```

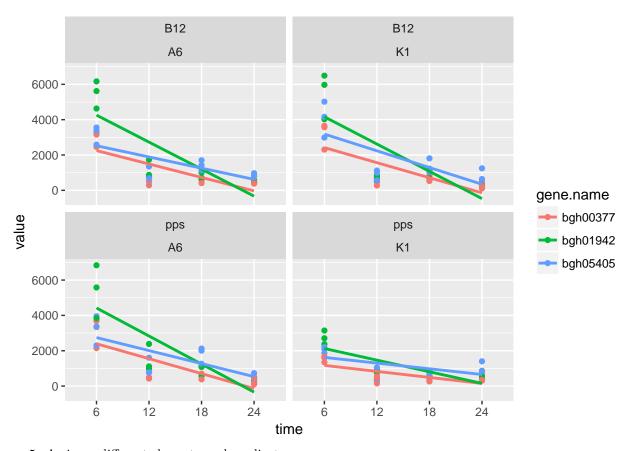


3. Create a facet for each plant / bgh pair

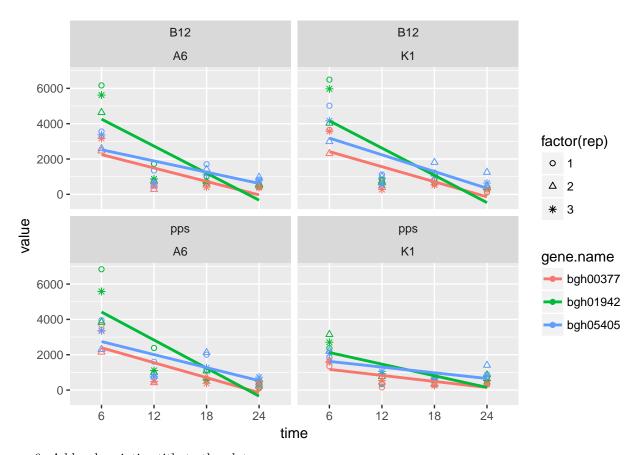
```
# Create a facet for each plant/fungus pair using facet_wrap()
all_data_for_graphs$time.point <- as.numeric(all_data_for_graphs$time.point)
ggplot(all_data_for_graphs, aes(x = factor(time.point), y = value, group = gene.name)) +
    geom_point() + xlab("time") + facet_wrap(~plant~fungus) + geom_smooth(method = 'lm', se = F)</pre>
```



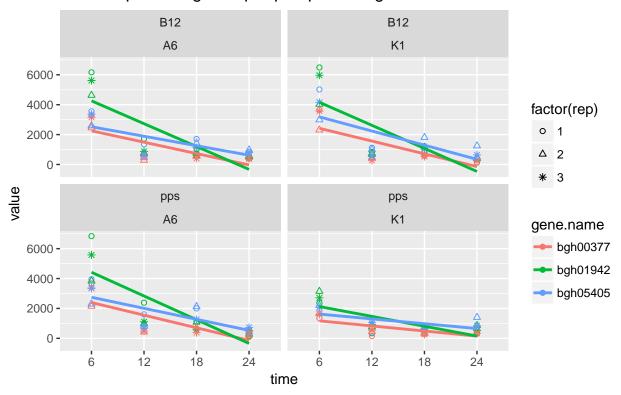
Assign a different color to each gene



#### 5. Assign a different shape to each replicate

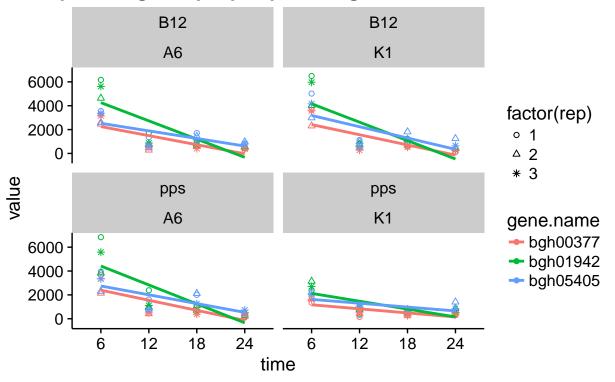


#### 6. Add a descriptive title to the plot



7. Use the "black & white" theme

```
# Theme black and white using theme_bw() (and also theme cowplot, theme_cowplot())
library(cowplot)
#>
#> Attaching package: 'cowplot'
#> The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
#>
#>
       ggsave
all_data_for_graphs$time.point <- as.numeric(all_data_for_graphs$time.point)</pre>
ggplot(all_data_for_graphs, aes(x = factor(time.point),
                                y = value, color = gene.name,
                                group = gene.name, shape=factor(rep))) +
  geom_point() + xlab("time") + facet_wrap(~plant~fungus) +
  scale_shape_manual(values=c(21,24,8)) +
  geom_smooth(method = 'lm', se = F) +
  ggtitle('Gene expression profile of the top 3 differentially
          expressed genes per pair plant/fungus over the time course') +
  theme_bw() + theme_cowplot()
```



Extra credit: add error bars to the plot (use geom\_errorbar).

```
# Since I was not sure which way was preferred for the representation of the error bars,
# I proposed 2 variants (I suspect that there may many other better variants)
# Variant 1 using geom_line() with geom_errorbar
all data for graphs %>% group by(gene.name,plant,fungus,time.point) %>%
  summarise(expr.diff.mean=mean(value), standard.deviation = sd(value),
            ymin = expr.diff.mean - standard.deviation, ymax = expr.diff.mean + standard.deviation) %>%
  arrange(gene.name) -> all_data_for_graphs_with_sd
all_data_for_graphs_with_sd$time.point <- as.numeric(all_data_for_graphs_with_sd$time.point)
ggplot(all_data_for_graphs_with_sd, aes(x = factor(time.point),
                                        y = expr.diff.mean, color = gene.name, group = gene.name)) +
  geom_line() + xlab("time") +
  facet_wrap(~plant~fungus) +
  ggtitle('Gene expression profile of the top 3 differentially
           expressed genes per pair plant/fungus over the time course') +
  theme_bw() + theme_cowplot() +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = ymin, ymax = ymax), width = 0.1)
```

