SLAM 2D - BE

Joan Solà ¹ Ellon Paiva Mendes ² Mohamed Sahmoudi ³

¹ Institut de Robòtica i Informàtica Industrial

² LAAS-CNRS

³ ISAE SUPAERO

Way to proceed

- Get the slam2d_BE.zip from the LMS
- Unpack slam2d_BE.zip
- ► Launch Matlab
- Set Matlab path to slam2d_BE folder
- Launch slam2d_BE.m

Notice that it **is not** complete: it only simulates a robot, but it does not do any SLAM.

It is your task to implement the SLAM code.

Carefully read the HELP lines at the beginning of slam2d_BE.m

States

- robot state = $\begin{bmatrix} x_r & y_r & a_r \end{bmatrix}'$
- ▶ landmark state = $\begin{bmatrix} x_i & y_i \end{bmatrix}^T$
- ▶ map state = $\begin{bmatrix} x_r & y_r & a_r & x_1 & y_1 & x_2 & y_2 & \cdots & x_n & y_n \end{bmatrix}^T$ ▶ estimated Gaussian map: $\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} x_r \\ \vdots \\ y_n \end{bmatrix}^T$ and $\mathbf{P} = \begin{bmatrix} P_{x_r x_r} & \cdots & P_{x_r y_n} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ P_{y_n x_r} & \cdots & P_{y_n y_n} \end{bmatrix}$

Pointers

Access the Gaussian map through pointers:

- ▶ Pointes are row-vectors of integers used as indices
- Ex: if $\mathbf{r} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ is a pointer, then:

$$\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{r}) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{P}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}) = \begin{bmatrix} P_{11} & P_{12} & P_{13} \\ P_{21} & P_{22} & P_{23} \\ P_{31} & P_{32} & P_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

- Names for pointers:
 - r for robot (size 3)
 - ▶ 1 for one landmark (size 2)
 - m for all known landmarks
 - rl for robot and one landmark
 - rm for robot and all known landmarks (the current map)

Map manager

Helps you to manage the map space

- ▶ mm_query_space(n) → returns pointer fs to n free spaces
- ▶ mm_block_space(fs) → block positions indicated in pointer fs
- ▶ mm_free_space(fs) → liberate positions indicated in pointer fs

Landmark manager

Helps you to manage the landmarks

- ▶ $lm_find_non_mapped_lmk() \rightarrow look$ for one non- mapped landmark
- ▶ $lm_associate_pointer_to_lmk(fs,i) \rightarrow associate$ free space pointer fs to landmark i
- ▶ $lm_lmk_pointer(i) \rightarrow recover a landmark pointer l$
- ▶ $lm_all_lmk_pointers() \rightarrow recover pointers to all known landmarks$
- ▶ $lm_forget_lmk(i) \rightarrow forget\ landmark\ i$
- ▶ lm_all_lmk_ids() → recover the id of all known landmarks

Control Signal and Measurements

- $lackbox{ Control signal } oldsymbol{\mathsf{U}} = egin{bmatrix} \delta_{\mathsf{x}} \\ \delta_{\mathsf{a}} \end{bmatrix}$ (constant, creates circular movement)
- ► Motion perturbation:
 - lacktriangleright std dev vector $\mathbf{q} = \begin{bmatrix} q_x \\ q_a \end{bmatrix}$ and covariance matrix \mathbf{Q}
- lacktriangle Landmark measurement $\mathbf{Yi} = egin{bmatrix} d_i \ a_i \end{bmatrix}$
- Measurement noise:
 - lacktriangleright std dev vector $\mathbf{s} = \begin{bmatrix} s_d \\ s_a \end{bmatrix}$ and covariance matrix \mathbf{S}

Simulator

sim_simulate_one_step() perform one step of simulation. It is already
used where it should be called. Do NOT use it again!

Interface functions:

- lacktriangle sim_get_control_signal() ightarrow recover the current control signal U
- ▶ $sim_get_lmk_measurement(i) \rightarrow recover measurement Yi to landmark i$
- ▶ $sim_get_initial_robot_pose() \rightarrow recover the initial pose of the robot$