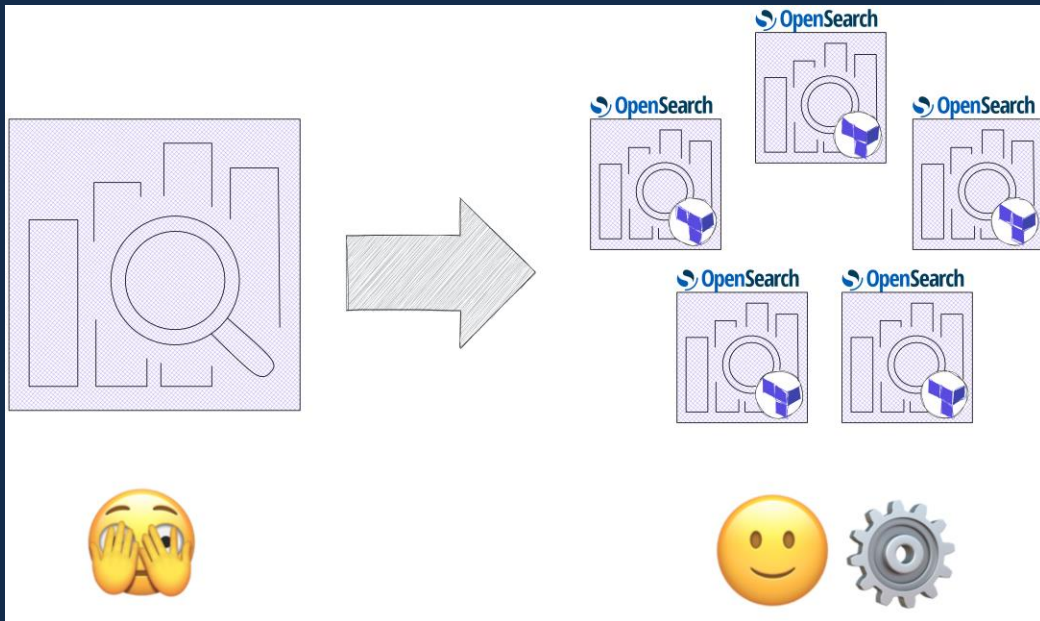


Delicacies of Observability: AWS OpenSearch Cluster from 'rare' to 'well- done'

Eugene Tolbakov

WHAT'S ON MENU



Starter:
Introduction

Main Course:
From uber – cluster to 5 log-specific clusters
laC approach & overview of OpenSearch settings

Dessert:
Key learnings, insights & tips

DISCLAIMER



ABOUT ME



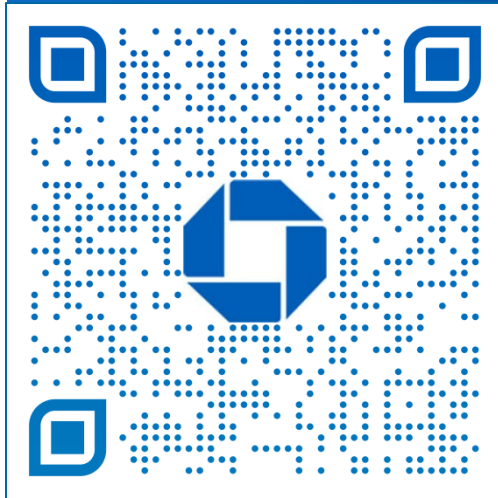
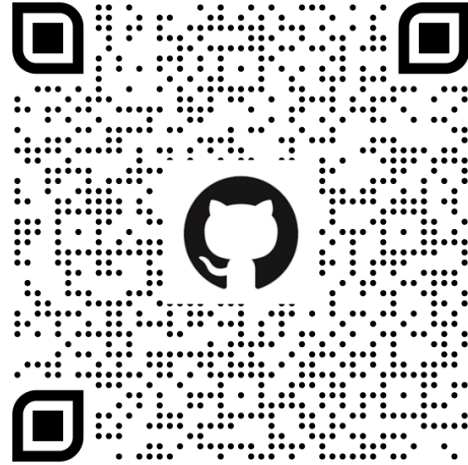
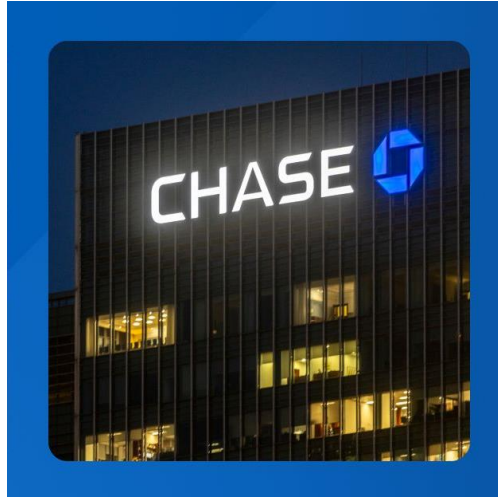
Eugene Tolbakov

Platform Engineer within the Observability
Squad at Chase UK

```
1 GET london-olly-engineering-meetup-speakers/_doc/4
```

```
1 {
2   "_index": "london-olly-engineering-meetup-speakers",
3   "_id": "4",
4   "_version": 1,
5   "_seq_no": 0,
6   "_primary_term": 1,
7   "found": true,
8   "_source": {
9     "name": "Eugene Tolbakov",
10    "organization": "Chase UK",
11    "position": "Platform Engineer",
12    "skills": [
13      "JVM-based languages (Clojure, Kotlin, Java)",
14      "Python",
15      "Rust"
16    ],
17    "interests": [
18      "Observability",
19      "Distributed Systems",
20      "Databases"
21    ],
22    "contacts": {
23      "LinkedIn": "Eugene Tolbakov",
24      "Twitter/X": "@evtolbakov",
25      "Telegram": "@evtolbakov"
26    }
27  }
28 }
```

CHASE | AWARD-WINNING BANKING



```
1 GET british_banks/_doc/1
2
3
```

```
1 {
2   "_index": "british_banks",
3   "_id": "1",
4   "_version": 1,
5   "_seq_no": 0,
6   "_primary_term": 1,
7   "found": true,
8   "_source": {
9     "name": "Chase UK",
10    "launch_date": "09/2021",
11    "number_of_customers": "2M",
12    "balance": "£20B",
13    "products": [
14      "current account",
15      "savings account",
16      "digital wealth & investments"
17    ],
18    "awards": {
19      "2023": [
20        "Best savings provider",
21        "Best current account provider"
22      ],
23      "2024": [
24        "Best British Bank",
25        "Best Current Account Provider"
26      ]
27    },
28    "ratings": {
29      "Trustpilot": 4.1,
30      "Google Play": 4.8,
31      "iOS App Store": 4.9
32    }
33  }
34 }
```


TERRAFORM 101

- **What?**

🔧 to define(declare) what your infrastructure looks like, instead of manually setting everything up (a.k.a. IaC)

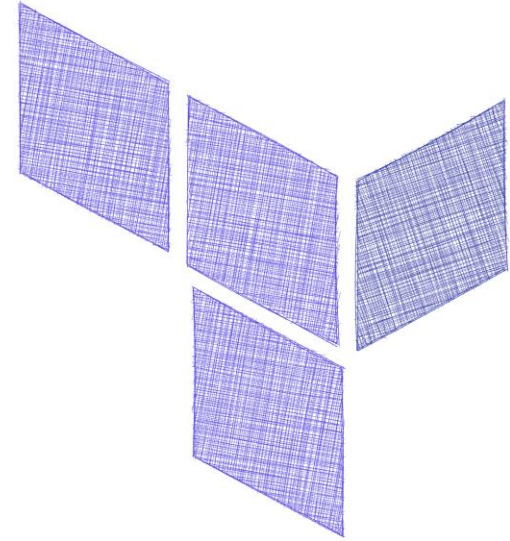
- **Why?**

consistency, repeatability, collaboration

- **How?**

configuration files(HCL) that describes your infrastructure (VMs, storage, networking). Terraform figures out how to make those changes.

- **“modules”** - reuse/avoid repetitive declarations
- **“providers”** - interact with various APIs
 - ☁ ([AWS](#), etc)
 - 🗄 (Mysql, Postgres)
 - 🤖 [Spotify](#) / [Dominos](#)
 - your_next_best_tool
 - [Elasticsearch](#) | [OpenSearch](#)



TERRAFORM 101 | AWS_OPENSEARCH_DOMAIN

```
1 locals {
2   cluster_params = {
3     cluster-x = {
4       engine_version      = "OpenSearch_2.13"
5       master_node_type    = "m6g.large.search"
6       master_node_number  = 3
7       data_node_type      = "r6g.2xlarge.search"
8       data_node_number    = 3
9     },
10    cluster-y = {
11
12    },
13    cluster-z = {
14
15    }
16  }
17 }
```

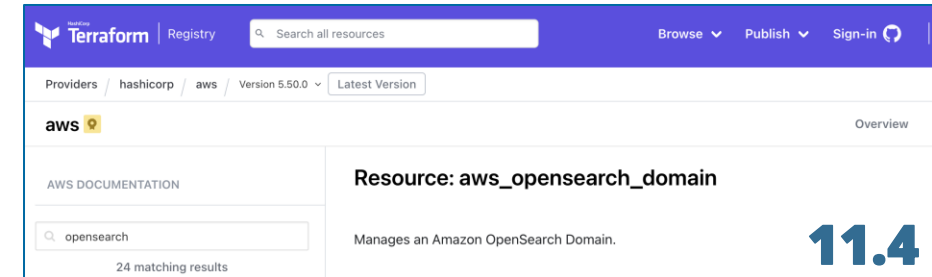
11.1

```
•
├─ locals.tf
├─ main.tf
└─ module
    ├─ iam.tf
    ├─ logs.tf
    └─ opensearch.tf
```

11.3

```
1 module "opensearch" {
2   source = "../module/"
3   for_each = local.cluster_params
4
5   cluster_name      = each.key
6   engine_version    = each.value["engine_version"]
7   master_node_type  = each.value["master_node_type"]
8   master_node_number = each.value["master_node_number"]
9   data_node_type    = each.value["data_node_type"]
10  data_node_number   = each.value["data_node_number"]
11 }
```

11.2



SMALLER CLUSTERS

! Bigger overhead

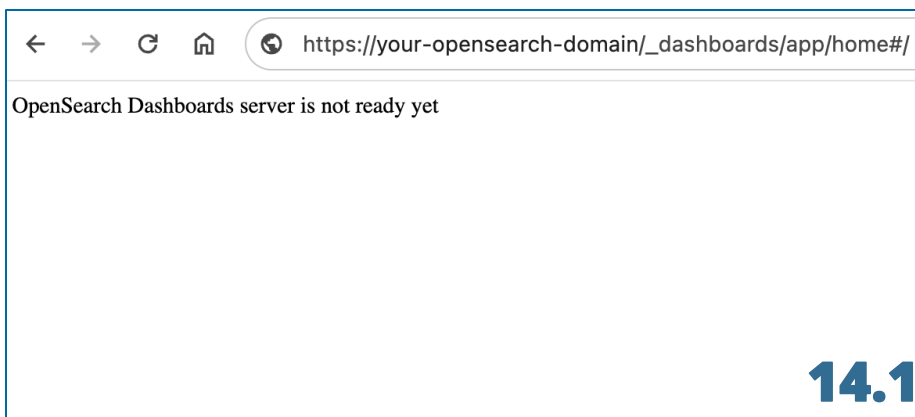
✓ Smaller cluster state

✓ More stability

✓ Smaller blast radius

✓ Migrations 🤖 (2.13 improved 🙌, [Workaround](#))

✓ Migrations are not "backward" 🐱



```
resource "aws_opensearch_domain_saml_options" "example" {
  .....

  lifecycle {
    prevent_destroy = true
  }
}
```

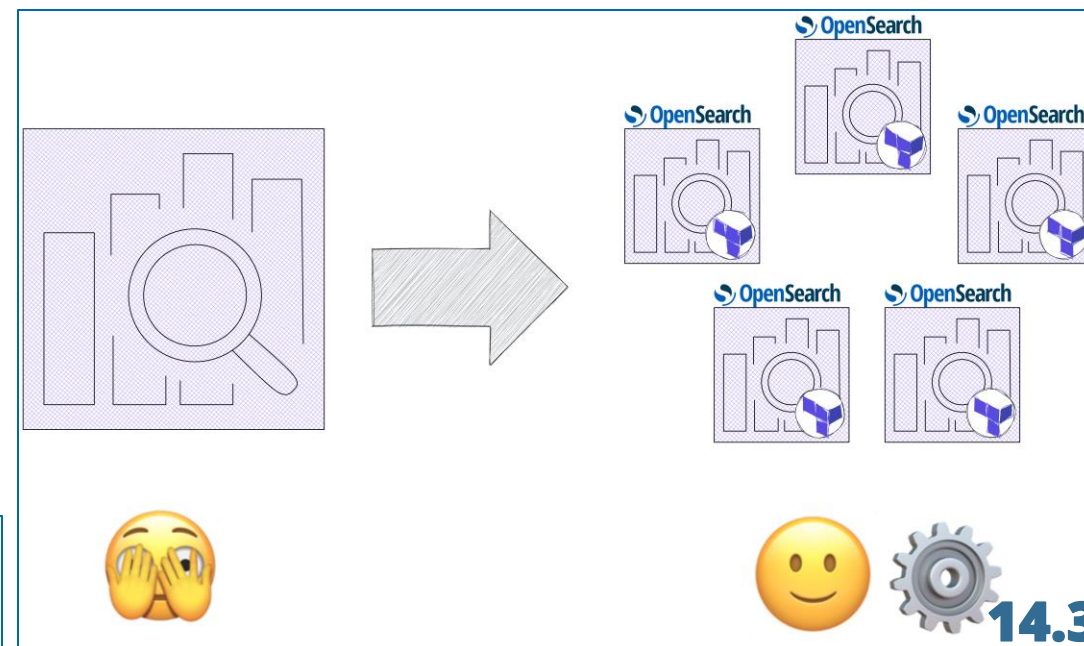
```
resource "aws_opensearch_domain_policy" "example" {
  .....

  lifecycle {
    prevent_destroy = true
  }
}
```

```
resource "aws_opensearch_domain" "example" {
  .....

  lifecycle {
    prevent_destroy = true
  }
}
```

14.2

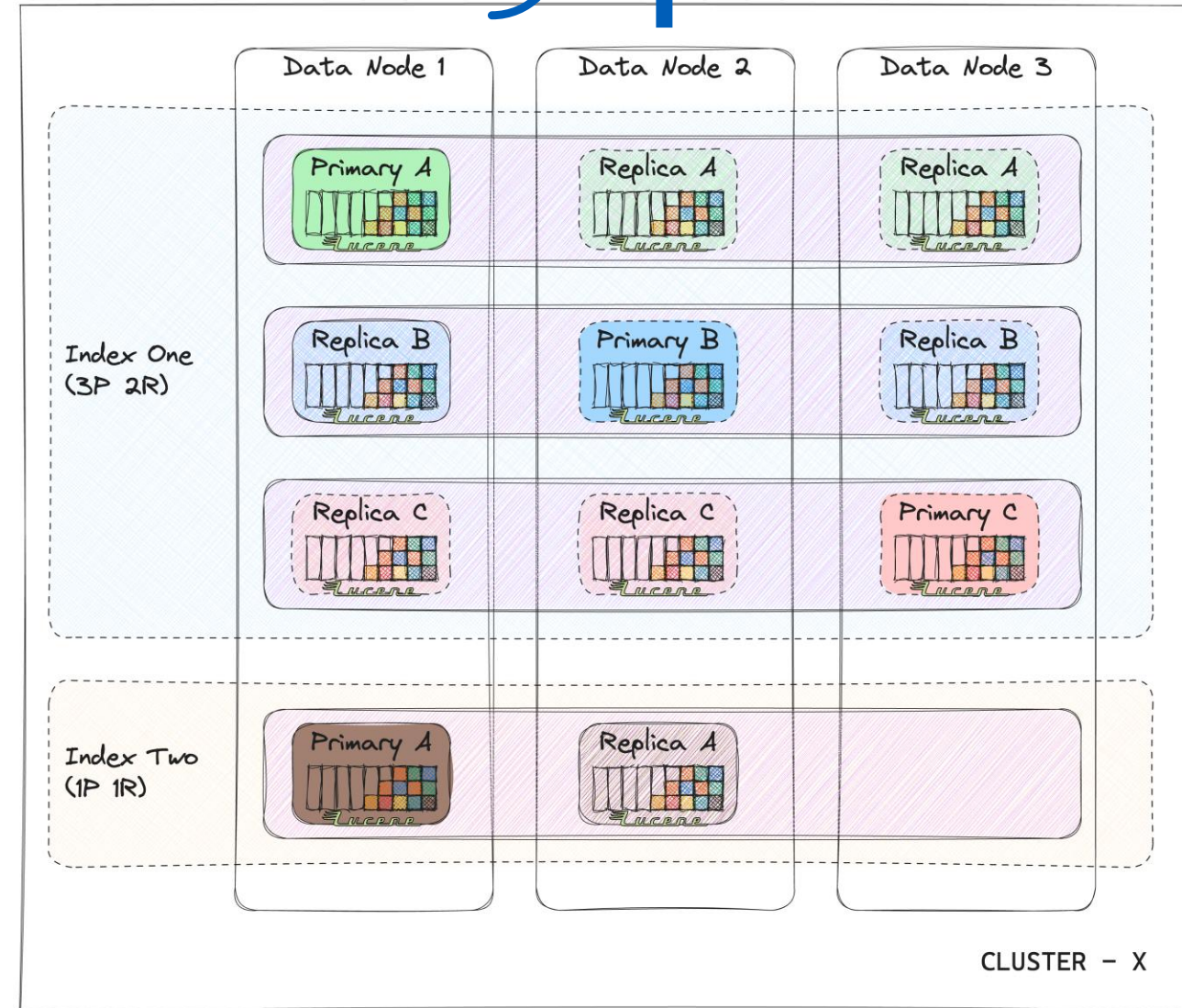


OpenSearch cluster		
Cluster configuration	Data (_cat/allocation?v)	Environment
3 master nodes (r6g.xlarge.search) 24 data nodes (r6g.4xlarge.search)	120TB 70B docs 14k shards 300 indices / 10 index templates 2.3 - 2.4 billion entries/day	Managed cluster Multi-AZ Engine version 2.11 <u>Indexing Data Rate</u> : 4k/12k (avg/peak) docs/second <u>Average Search Latency</u> : 10ms/500ms (avg/peak)

14.4

OPENSEARCH 101

- ✓ Apache 2.0;
- ✓ 2021 Elasticsearch 🗄️ (version 7.10.2)
- ✓ Workloads
 - ✓ search engine
 - ✓ logging
- ✓ Cluster
- ✓ Data node
- ✓ Index
- ✓ Shard
- ✓ Segment
- ✓ Document



TERRAFORM 101 | OPENSEARCH RESOURCE

- ✓ 2 providers
- ✓ .tftpl files
- ✓ terraform plan

```
1 -_id: "index-pattern:my-logs"
2 -_source:
3   index-pattern:
4     timeFieldName: "@timestamp"
5     title: "${pass_from_terraform}my-logs*"
6     fieldFormatMap: "{\"payload_size\":{\"id\":\"bytes\"}}"
7     references: []
8     type: "index-pattern"
```

19.1

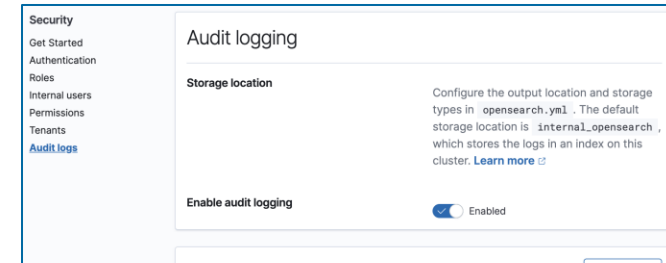
```
1 module "opensearch_resources" {
2   source = "../module"
3
4   index_pattern_files = fileset(path.module, "../cluster-x-config/index-patterns/*.yaml.tftpl")
5   index_template_files = fileset(path.module, "../cluster-x-config/index-templates/*.yaml.tftpl")
6   ism_policy_files = fileset(path.module, "../cluster-x-config/ism-policies/*.yaml.tftpl")
7   ingest_pipeline_files = fileset(path.module, "../cluster-x-config/ingest-pipelines/*.yaml.tftpl")
8   role_files = fileset(path.module, "../cluster-x-config/roles/*.yaml.tftpl")
9   role_mapping_files = fileset(path.module, "../cluster-x-config/role-mappings/*.yaml.tftpl")
10 }
```

19.2

```
1 locals {
2   index_templates = merge({
3     for filename in var.index_template_files :
4       replace(basename(filename), "/\\\\.yaml\\.tftpl$/", "")
5     => yamldecode(file(filename))
6   }, var.index_templates)
```

19.3

```
├─ cluster-x-config
│   ├── index-patterns
│   │   └─ example-pattern.yaml.tftpl
│   ├── index-templates
│   │   └─ example-template.yaml.tftpl
│   ├── ingest-pipelines
│   │   └─ example-pipeline.yaml.tftpl
│   ├── ism-policies
│   │   └─ example-policy.yaml.tftpl
│   ├── role-mappings
│   │   └─ all_access.yaml.tftpl
│   └─ roles
│       └─ write_access.yaml.tftpl
├─ cluster-y-config
├─ cluster-z-config
├─ main.tf
└─ module
    ├── audit_config.tf
    ├── index_patterns.tf
    ├── index_templates.tf
    ├── ingest_pipeline.tf
    ├── ism_policy.tf
    ├── locals.tf
    ├── provider.tf
    ├── role_mappings.tf
    ├── roles.tf
    ├── variables.tf
    └─ versions.tf
```

19.4

```
resource "elasticsearch_opensearch_audit_config" "test" {
  provider = elasticsearch.audit_config
  enabled = true

  audit {
    enable_rest = true
    disabled_rest_categories = ["GRANTED_PRIVILEGES", "AUTHENTICATED"]
  }
}
```

19.5

```
1 provider "elasticsearch" {
2   url = local.cluster_endpoint
3   kibana_url = "${local.cluster_endpoint}/_dashboards"
4   # ...
5   elasticsearch_version = "OpenSearch_2.11"
6 }
7
8 provider "elasticsearch" {
9   alias = "audit_config"
10  url = local.cluster_endpoint
11  kibana_url = "${local.cluster_endpoint}/_dashboards"
12  # ...
13  elasticsearch_version = "8.5"
14 }
```

19.6

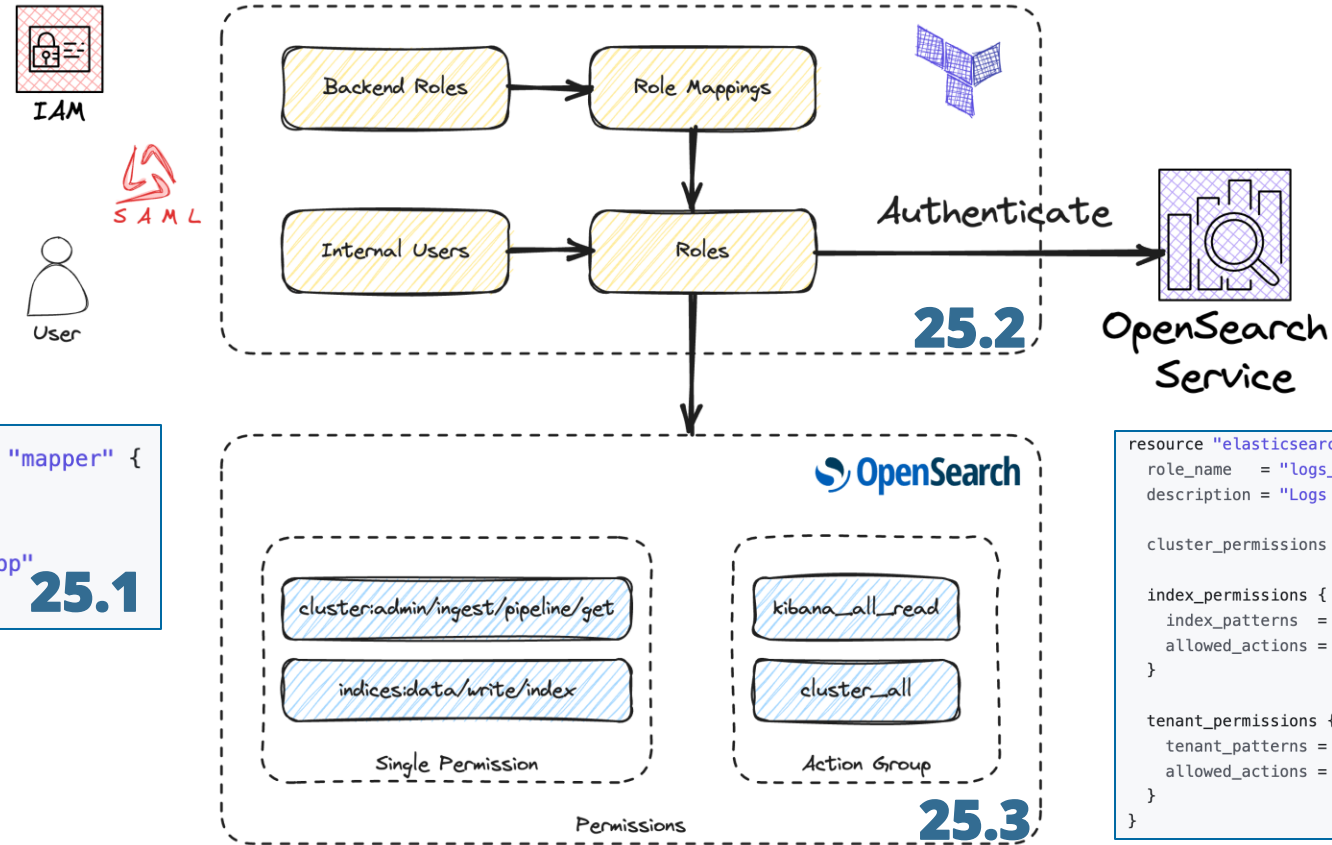
ROLES / ROLE-MAPPINGS

```
# Create a role mapping
resource "elasticsearch_opensearch_roles_mapping" "mapper" {
  role_name      = "logs_writer"
  description    = "Mapping AWS IAM roles to ES role"
  backend_roles = [
    "arn:aws:iam::123456789012:role/lambda-call-elasticsearch",
    "arn:aws:iam::123456789012:role/run-containers",
  ]
}
```

25.4

```
resource "elasticsearch_opensearch_user" "mapper" {
  username      = "app-reader"
  password      = "SuperSekret123!"
  description    = "a reader role for our app"
}
```

25.1



```
resource "elasticsearch_opensearch_role" "writer" {
  role_name      = "logs_writer"
  description    = "Logs writer role"

  cluster_permissions = ["*"]

  index_permissions {
    index_patterns = ["logstash-*"]
    allowed_actions = ["write"]
  }

  tenant_permissions {
    tenant_patterns = ["logstash-*"]
    allowed_actions = ["kibana_all_write"]
  }
}
```

25.5

ROLES / ROLE-MAPPINGS Cont'd

- ✓ field-level security 🤪
- ✓ advanced settings granularity 😞
- ✓ 'security_manager' in terraform 🤪
- ✓ debugging 🔍

Roles

Roles (1)

Roles are the core way of controlling access to your cluster. Roles contain any combination of cluster-wide permission, index-specific permissions, document- and field-level security, and tenants. Then you map users to these roles so that users gain those permissions.
[Learn more](#)

Actions

Create role

security

Cluster permissionsIndex permissionsInternal usersBackend rolesTenantsCustomization

Role	Cluster permissions	Index permissions	Internal users	Backend roles	Tenants	Customization
<input type="checkbox"/> security_manager	—	—	—	arn:aws:iam::123456789012:your_role arn:aws:iam::123456789012:your_another_role ...	—	<input type="lock"/> Reserved

Rows per page: 10

26.1

```
{
  "ok": false,
  "error": "[security_exception] no permissions for [indices:admin/delete] and User [name=opendistro_security_anonymous, backend_roles=[opendistro_security_anonymous_backendrole], requestedTenant=null]",
  "body": {
    "error": {
      "root_cause": [
        {
          "type": "security_exception",
          "reason": "no permissions for [indices:admin/delete] and User [name=opendistro_security_anonymous, backend_roles=[opendistro_security_anonymous_backendrole], requestedTenant=null]"
        }
      ],
      "type": "security_exception",
      "reason": "no permissions for [indices:admin/delete] and User [name=opendistro_security_anonymous, backend_roles=[opendistro_security_anonymous_backendrole], requestedTenant=null]"
    },
    "status": 403
  }
}
```

26.2

INDEX TEMPLATES

- **What?**

Blueprints for creating with predefined settings/mappings

- **How?**

Index matches a template

- **Why?**

Homogenous setting

composable / component

```
1 PUT _index_template/my_logs_template
2 {
3   > "index_patterns": [
4     "my_logs-*"
5   ],
6   "template": {
7     > "aliases": {
8       "my_logs": {}
9     },
10    > "settings": {
11      "number_of_shards": 2,
12      "number_of_replicas": 1
13    },
14    "mappings": {
15      > "properties": {
16        "timestamp": {
17          "type": "date",
18          "format": "epoch_millis"
19        },
20        "value": {
21          "type": "double"
22        }
23      }
24    }
25  }
26 }
```

29.2

```
3 "index_patterns": [
4   "my_logs-*"
5 ],
```

```
7 "aliases": {
8   "my_logs": {}
9 },
```

```
10 "settings": {
11   "number_of_shards": 2,
12   "number_of_replicas": 1
13 },
```

✓ link indices with UI

✓ reference to multiple indices

✓ refresh interval

✓ pipelines

✓ number of shards

29.1

```
resource "elasticsearch_index_template" "template_1" {
  name = "template_1"
  body = <<EOF
{
  "template": "te*",
  "settings": {
    "number_of_shards": 1
  },
}
```

```
14 "mappings": {
15   "properties": {
16     "timestamp": {
17       "type": "date",
18       "format": "epoch_millis"
19     },
20     "value": {
21       "type": "double"
22     }
23   }
24 }
```

- ✓ [auto-generated](#) IDs
- ✓ @timestamp and 'date_nanos'
- ✓ '[dynamic](#): false | true | runtime'
- ✓ 'type: [flat_object](#)'
- ✓ keyword '[doc_values](#)'
- ✓ 'type: [match_only_text](#)' (stacktrace)
- ✓ '_size: enable=true' / painless

INDEX PATTERNS

- ✓ '.kibana' index alias
- ✓ refresh
- ✓ Type: number / Format: Bytes

```
resource "elasticsearch_kibana_object" "index_pattern" {  
  index = ".kibana"  
  body = <<EOF  
[  
  {  
    
```

31.3

Name	Type	Format	Searchable	Aggregatable
payload_size	number	Bytes	•	•

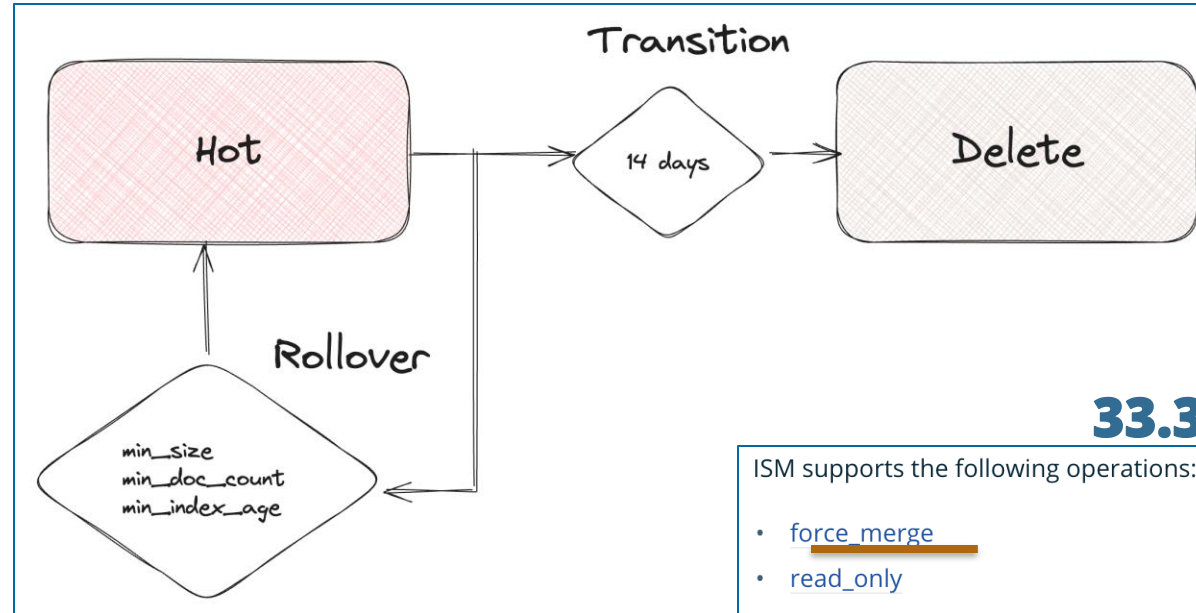
31.1

```
1  {  
2    "_id": "index-pattern:my-logs",  
3    "_source": {  
4      "index-pattern": {  
5        "timeFieldName": "@timestamp",  
6        "title": "my-logs*",  
7        "fieldFormatMap": "{\"payload_size\":{\"id\":\"bytes\"}}"  
8      },  
9      "references": [],  
10     "type": "index-pattern"  
11   }  
12 }
```

31.2

ISM / ILM POLICIES

- ✓ Hot – fastest/costly (*im4g/MRC-6g* instances)
- ✓ UltraWarm (*HDD*)
- ✓ Cold (*S3*)
- ✓ Mixed Hot/Warm (*OR1* instances*)



33.3

ISM supports the following operations:

- force_merge
- read_only
- read_write
- replica_count
- shrink
- close
- open
- delete
- rollover
- notification
- snapshot
- index_priority
- allocation
- rollup

33.4

- ✓ Look after the rollover

```
PUT /my-index1
{
  "settings": {
    "index": {
      "replication.type": "SEGMENT"
    }
  }
}
```

33.1

Parameter
<code>min_size</code>
<code>min_primary_shard_size</code>
<code>min_doc_count</code>
<code>min_index_age</code>

33.2

```
1 {
2   "default_state": "hot",
3   "states": [
4     {
5       "name": "hot",
6       "actions": [
7         {
8           "retry": {"count": 3...},
9           "rollover": {
10            "min_size": "100gb",
11            "min_doc_count": 100000000,
12            "min_index_age": "10d"
13          }
14        }
15      ],
16      "transitions": [
17        {
18          "state_name": "delete",
19          "conditions": {
20            "min_index_age": "14d"
21          }
22        }
23      ],
24    },
25    {
26      "name": "delete",
27      "actions": [
28        {
29          "retry": {"count": 3...},
30          "delete": {}
31        }
32      ],
33      "transitions": []
34    }
35  ],
36  "ism_template": [
37    {
38      "index_patterns": ["my-logs*"],
39      "priority": 100
40    }
41  ]
42 }
```

33.5

INGEST PIPELINES

✓ Enrichment 💰

```
# Create a simple ingest pipeline
resource "elasticsearch_ingest_pipeline" "test" {
  name = "terraform-test"
  body = <<EOF
{
  "description" : "describe pipeline",
```

35.1

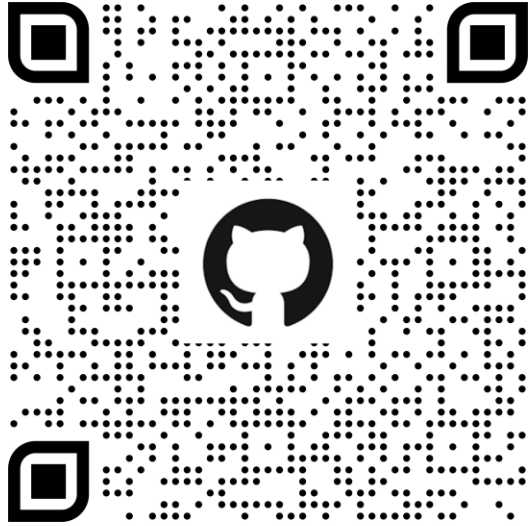
```
2 PUT _ingest/pipeline/my-pipeline
3 {
4   "processors": [
5     {
6       "set": {
7         "description": "Index the ingest timestamp as 'log_ingested'",
8         "field": "log_ingested",
9         "value": "{{{_ingest.timestamp}}}"
10      }
11    ]
12  }
13 }
```

35.2

```
2 PUT _ingest/pipeline/my-second-pipeline
3 {
4   "description": "Set a human-understandable names for mobile device ",
5   "processors": [
6     {
7       "script": {
8         "lang": "painless",
9         "params" : {
10           "MAR-LX1A" : "HUAWEI P30 lite",
11           "SM-A137F" : "Galaxy A13"
12         },
13         "source": "ctx['mobile_device_name'] = params[ctx['mobile_device_code']]"
14       }
15     ]
16   }
17 }
```

35.3

DESSERT | CHECKLIST | BEST PRACTICES



- ✓ prefer smaller clusters (<30k shards)
- ✓ lifecycle {prevent_destroy = true }
- ✓ use *_bulk* API for ingestion
- ✓ extra care with 'security_manager' role
- ✓ use index templates
 - ✓ define settings (number of shards)
 - ✓ define mappings
 - ✓ [auto—generated](#) IDs
 - ✓ @timestamp and 'date_nanos'
 - ✓ '[dynamic](#): false'
 - ✓ 'type: [flat_object](#) '
 - ✓ keyword '[doc_values](#)'
 - ✓ 'type: [match_only_text](#)'
- ✓ extra care with ILM (avoid oversharding)

