


Lecture 7:

Signal and Image

Processing

Matlab patch for OS X Yosemite

7 Answers



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Link

Answer by [MathWorks Support Team](#) on 1 Aug 2014

✓ **Accepted answer**

MATLAB R2014b is supported on Mac OS X 10.10 (Yosemite). R2014b works without any modifications.

Issues on Yosemite may manifest in two ways:

1. MATLAB R2011a through R2014a (R2011a, R2011b, R2012a, R2012b, R2013a, R2013b and R2014a) may trigger a Java exception and abrupt exit upon startup. Once patched, they appear to work normally, but compatibility cannot be guaranteed. The patch can be downloaded from the bug report that can be accessed from the link below:
<https://www.mathworks.com/support/bugreports/1098655>
2. Launching MATLAB on certain versions of Mac OS X 10.10 (Yosemite) displays the following error message in a dialog:

"You can't use this version of the application".

This issue can be resolved by following the steps in the Bug Report linked below:
<https://www.mathworks.com/support/bugreports/1116607>

Versions of MATLAB earlier than R2011a are **not** compatible with Mac OS X 10.10 (Yosemite).

For more information, please refer to the platform roadmap:
<http://www.mathworks.com/support/sysreq/roadmap.html>

<http://www.mathworks.com/matlabcentral/answers/159016-is-matlab-compatible-with-mac-os-x-10-10-yosemite>

Outline

- Signal processing basics
- the power of Fourier analysis
- Peak detection
- Image processing

What constitutes a 'signal' ?

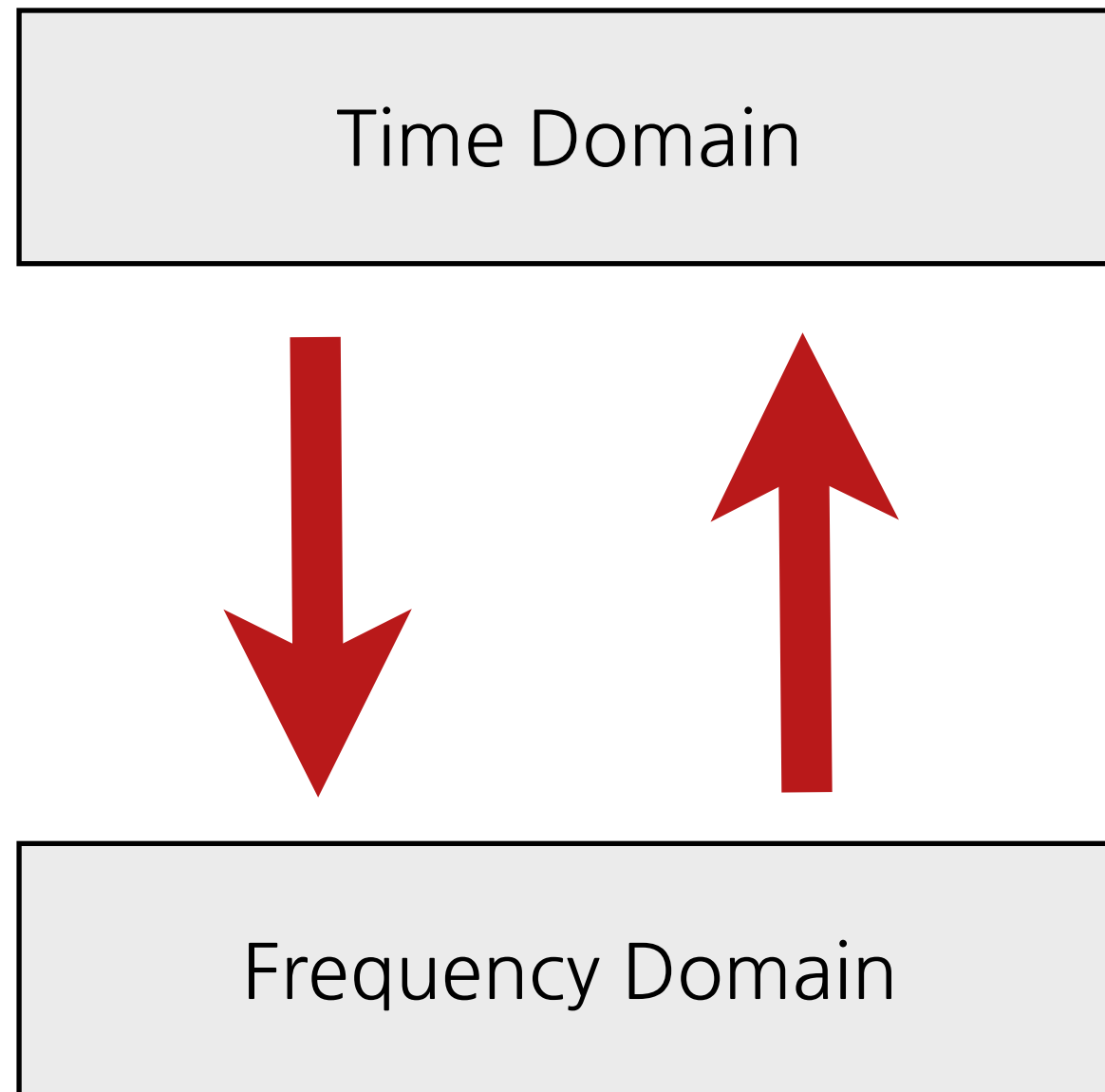
- Any piece of data, really ...
- Most common: data varying across time or space
- Properties of signals:
 - dimensionality (1D, 2D, etc.)
 - sampling rate (samples per second)

Fourier Analysis: A primer

Useful for:

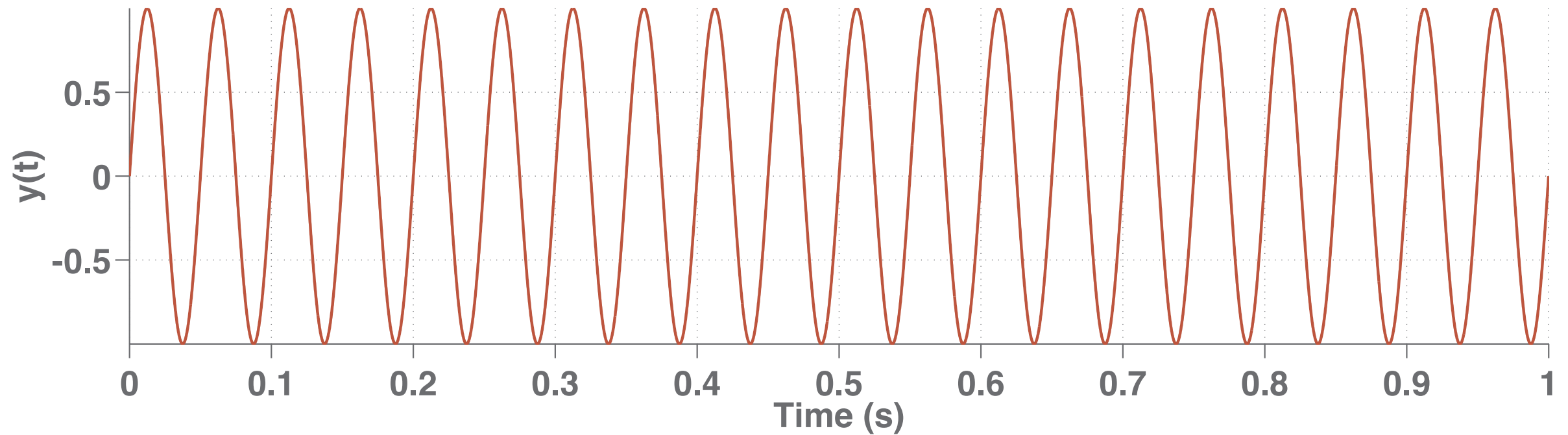
- Noise Reduction
- Period Estimation
- Anti-aliasing
- and much, much more

Fourier Analysis: A primer



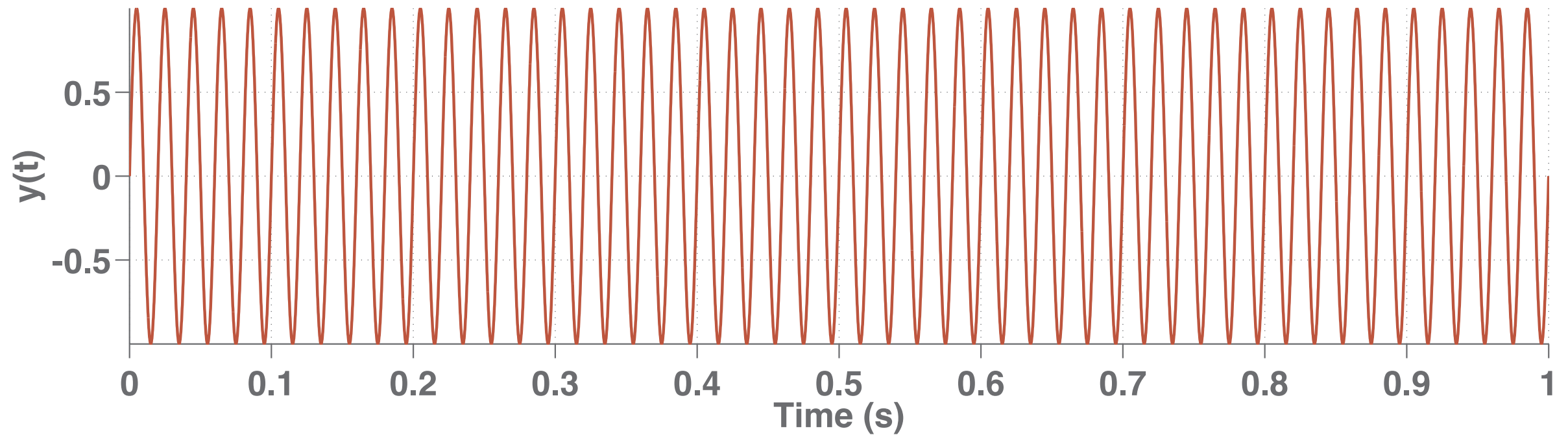
Simple Signals

$$\sin(2\pi\omega t), \omega = 20$$



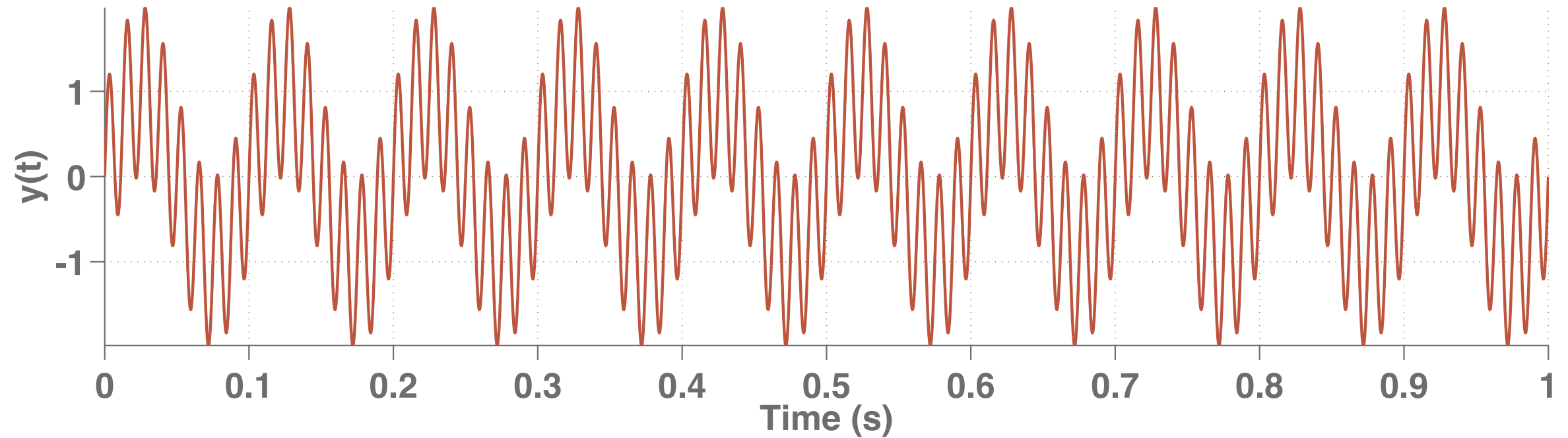
Simple Signals

$$\sin(2\pi\omega t), \omega = 50$$



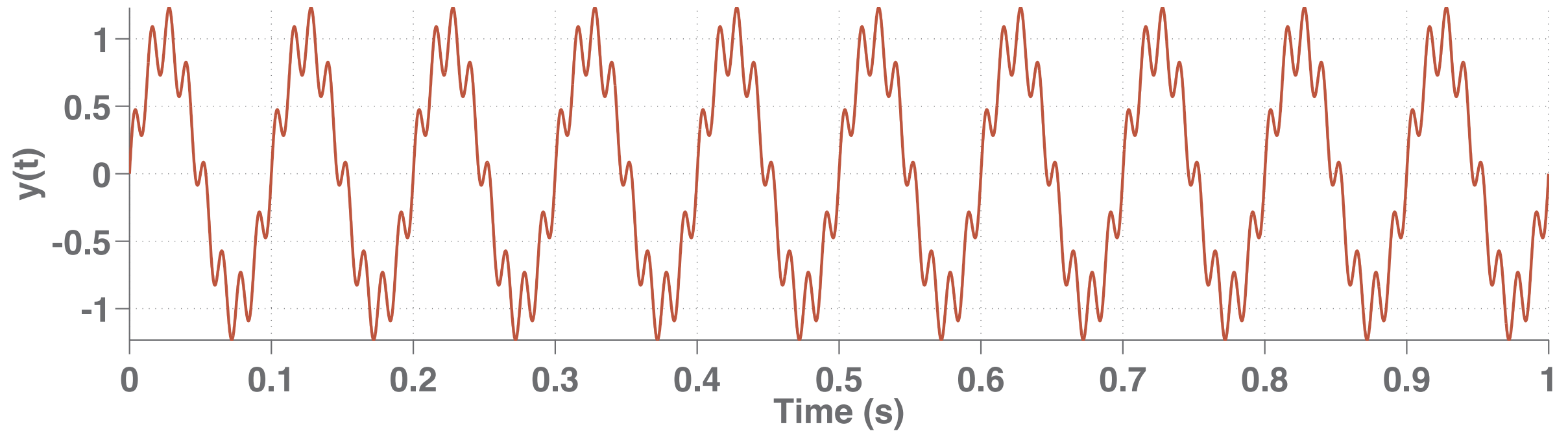
Linearity

$$\sin(2\pi\omega_1 t) + \sin(2\pi\omega_2 t), \omega_1 = 10, \omega_2 = 80$$

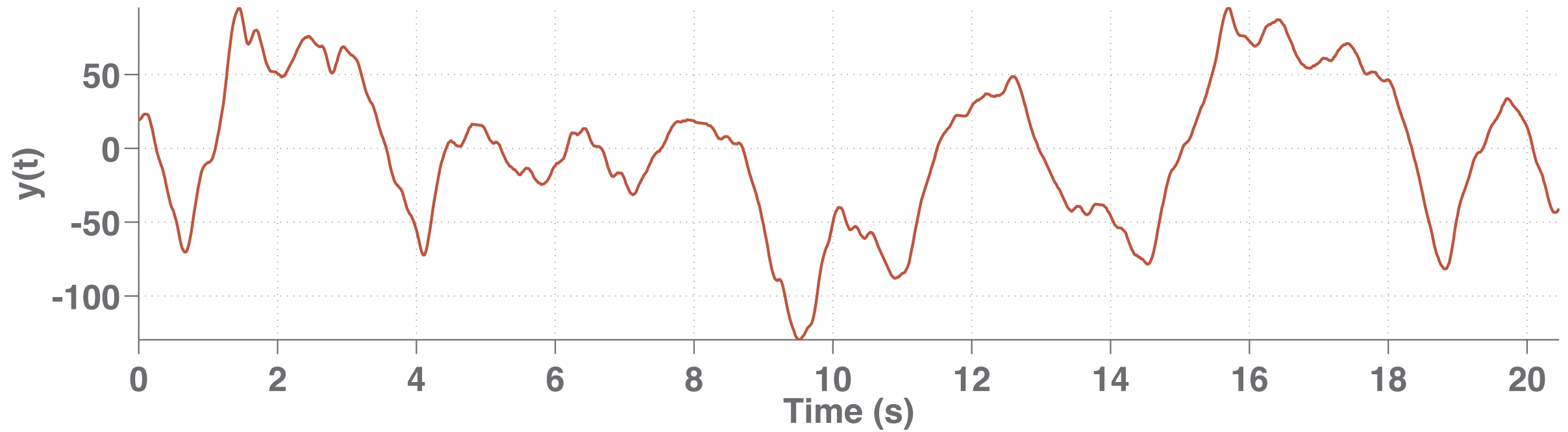


Linearity

$$\sin(2\pi\omega_1 t) + 0.25\sin(2\pi\omega_2 t), \omega_1 = 10, \omega_2 = 80$$



Complex Signals



Fourier Analysis in Matlab

Given a signal $y(t)$:

$$F = \text{fft}(y);$$

Computes the Fast Fourier Transform (FFT)

F is a vector the same size as y

Nyquist limit

You can only resolve or estimate frequencies up to **half** of the sampling rate

(tradeoff between resolution and processing time / storage space)

Demo:

Fourier Analysis

Signal Processing in Matlab

Other useful functions (see documentation for more info):

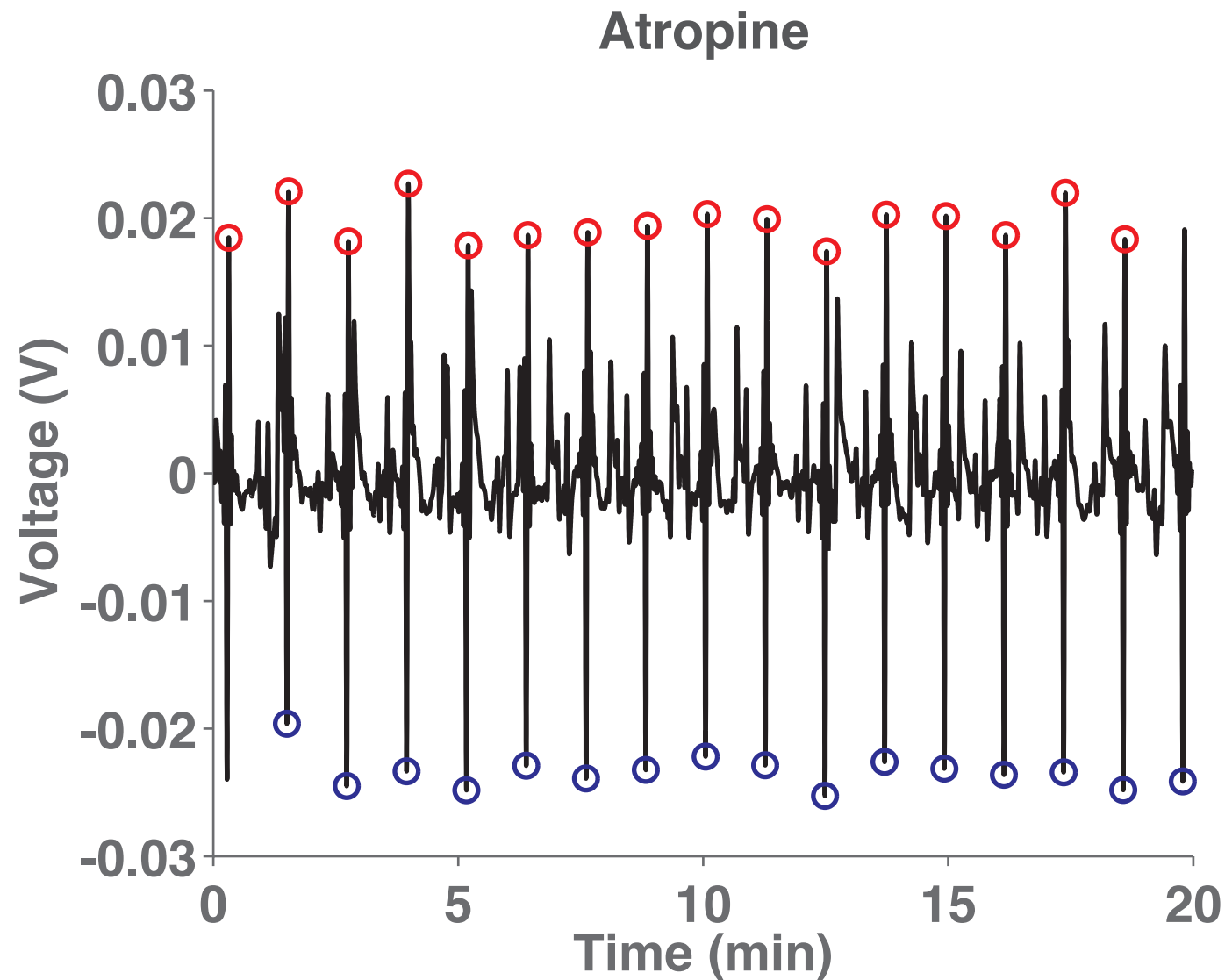
`filter`

`conv`

`xcorr`

Peak Detection

Lots of different algorithms, we will use one on FileExchange:



Demo:

Smoothing and

Peak detection

Image Processing

Loading/Displaying images:

`imread`

`imshow`

`rgb2gray`

Filtering images:

`imfilter`

`fspecial`

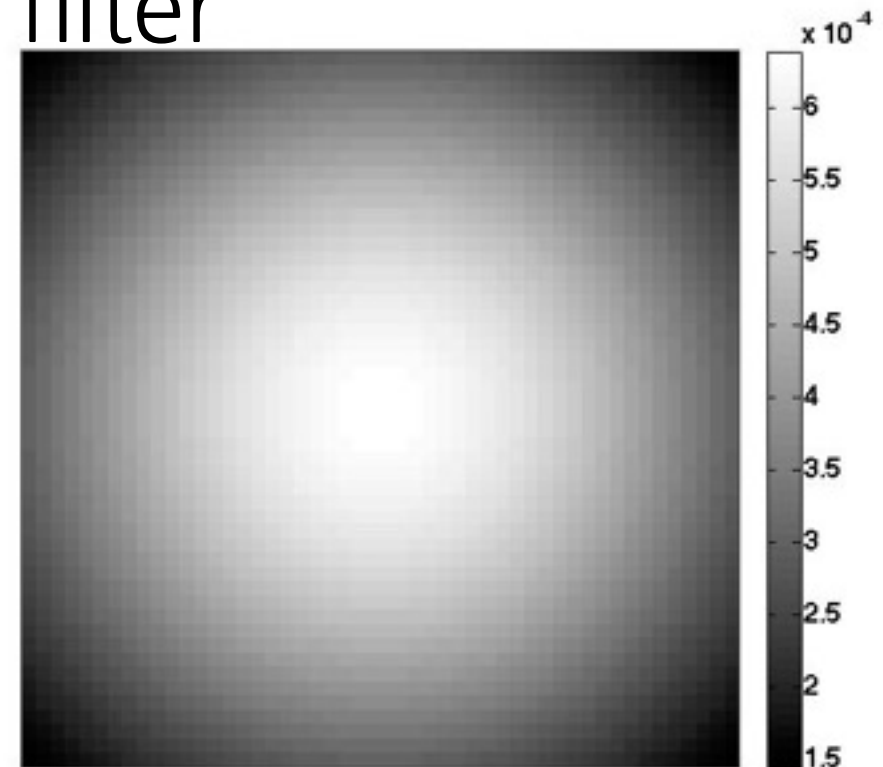
Image Processing

image



*

filter



=



Demo:

Image Processing

Audio

Reading audio files:

```
[y, fs] = wavread('sound.wav');
```

% also see: audioread

% use wavwrite to save audio

Demo: Audio

Recap

- Fourier Analysis
- Peak detection / smoothing
- Image Processing
- Audio