

Horizon SDK for WebRTC Redirection Programming Guide

May 30, 2025

Contents

Introduction	
About the Omnissa Horizon WebRTC Redirection API	. 4
Horizon SDK for WebRTC Redirection Program Flow	
Basic WebRTC API Reference	
enumerateDevices()	. 6
getCallConfig(index)	. 6
getDisplayMedia(constraints)	
getReceiverCapabilities(kind)	
getScreenInfo()	. 8
getUserMedia (constraints)	. 8
getUserMediaEx(constraints, callConfig)	. 9
initSDK (appLogger, appName, eventCallback, sdkConfig)	. 9
isFeatureSupported (feature)	
newMediaStream(tracks)	
newPeerConnection(configuration)	
newPeerConnectionEx(configuration, arg2, callConfig)	
onAudioCreated(audioElem, window)	
onAudioDisposed(audioElem)	
onScreenSelected(screenId)	
onVideoCreated(videoElem, window)	
onVideoDisposed(videoElem)	
onWindowSessionConnected(state)	
pauseRingtone(id)	14
playRingtone(id,src,isLoop)	
setPrimarySinkId(sinkId)	
setSinkId(id,sinkId)	
setVideoClipRegion (isAdd,clipRegion,window)	16
Setting Up the Sample Application	
Set Up the Web Server (https)	
Set Up the Web Socket Server (WSS)	
Configure the Client and Run the App	19

Introduction

Omnissa provides several software development kit (SDK) products, each of which targets different developer communities and platforms.

With the Omnissa Horizon® SDK for WebRTC Redirection, you can enable media-optimized WebRTC Redirection for Electron applications that communicate between a client and a remote desktop over a Horizon connection using the Blast Extreme or PCoIP display protocol.

This SDK includes resources such as files, a sample Electron application, and documentation to help you develop applications that use the Omnissa Horizon WebRTC Redirection API.

About this Programming Guide

This document provides information about how to enable WebRTC Redirection of media streams in unified communication (UC) applications using the Omnissa Horizon WebRTC Redirection Application Programming Interface (API).

Intended Audience

This guide is intended for software developers who want to enable WebRTC Redirection for UC applications used remotely over a Omnissa Horizon 8 or Omnissa Horizon Cloud Service on Microsoft Azure connection.

Note: This SDK only supports Electron-based UC applications running on Omnissa VDI deployments. It does not support CEF, PWA, or browser-based WebRTC applications. To implement media optimization for browser-based WebRTC applications, use the Browser Content Redirection feature.

How to Download

This SDK can be downloaded through Github

Note: The GitHub link is the only valid and supported source. It is not recommended to download any packages from npmjs.com.

About the Omnissa Horizon WebRTC Redirection API

The Omnissa Horizon WebRTC Redirection API specifies how the client side and the desktop side of an Electron application can communicate over a Horizon connection to accomplish WebRTC-based media redirection. Most of the interactions with the API are asynchronous.

Application Software Components

Any Electron software that uses the Horizon WebRTC Redirection API must include:

- · The Electron application itself
- · Horizon SDK for WebRTC Redirection, installed as JavaScript code in the application

Throughout this document, "Application" refers to the Electron-based app using the SDK.

Horizon WebRTC Redirection API Components

- Basic WebRTC APIs: Provide calls to retrieve the media device list and capture local streams.
- Teleconnection APIs: Provide functionality similar to W3C peer-to-peer communications APIs. See W3C WebRTC API.
- MediaStream APIs: Align with standard Web MediaStream APIs. See MDN MediaStream docs.

Supported Versions of Horizon Software

To work with the Horizon SDK for WebRTC Redirection, your Horizon deployment must meet certain system and setup requirements. For detailed information, see the "Omnissa Horizon SDK for WebRTC Redirection Setup Guide".

Horizon SDK for WebRTC Redirection Program Flow

A typical Horizon WebRTC Redirection program flow involves two phases: 1. Initialization of the Application 2. Initialization of the Horizon SDK for WebRTC Redirection

Application Initialization

The desktop-side Application startup is initiated by the user.

On launch, the Application: - Calls the system API to get the current Windows session ID. - Looks up these registry values:

Registry Key	Description
<pre>HKCU\Software\Omnissa\HTML5 Redirection Server\\$(session id)\secureWebport</pre>	Local Horizon Agent Web Socket port
<pre>HKCU\Volatile Environment\\$(session id)\ViewClient_Client_ID</pre>	Horizon View client ID

These values are used by the Application to help initialize the SDK.

SDK Initialization

The Application initializes the Horizon SDK by implementing three asynchronous functions under the window namespace:

Function	Description
<pre>getHorizonClientID()</pre>	Returns a Promise resolving to the Horizon View client ID.
getHorizonWSSPort()	Returns a Promise resolving to the WebSocket port.
getWindowReference()	Returns a Promise resolving to the current app window handle as a hex string.

Example: Calling an async function

```
let port = await window.getHorizonWSSPort();
```

You may optionally configure your app to provide a log object to the SDK during initialization. If no log is provided or if it's invalid, the SDK will fall back to using its built-in logging, viewable in the browser console.

A valid logger should include methods like error, info, and warn, similar to the standard console object.

Basic WebRTC API Reference

This chapter describes the Basic WebRTC API functions in the Horizon SDK for WebRTC Redirection. These Basic WebRTC APIs can be accessed directly.

Note: For reference information about the RTCPeerConnection APIs in the Horizon SDK for WebRTC Redirection, see https://www.w3.org/TR/webrtc/#peer-to-peer-connections. For reference information about the MediaStream APIs in the SDK, see https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/API/MediaStream.

enumerateDevices()

Gets the media device list and returns it to the application.

This function is similar to MediaDevices.enumerateDevices().

Parameters

None

Return Values

Туре	Description
Promise	Resolves to an array of MediaDeviceInfo objects or rejects with a related DOMException

Code Example

let deviceList = await HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.enumerateDevices();

getCallConfig(index)

Helper function that processes call configurations and returns the associated pcfId.

Use this to retrieve configuration data when handling multiple call sessions or scenarios indexed by ID.

Parameters

N	lame	Туре	Description
i	.ndex	Number	Index of the call configuration to retrieve

Return Values

Туре	Description
Object	Object containing the pcfId field

let config = HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.getCallConfig(0);
console.log(config.pcfId);

getDisplayMedia(constraints)

Captures the contents of the remote desktop as a media stream and returns the stream to the application. This function is similar to MediaDevices.getDisplayMedia().

Parameters

Name	Description
constraints	(Required) An object that specifies details about the media stream. More info

Return Values

Туре	Description
Promise	Resolves to a MediaStream or rejects with a related DOMException

Code Example

let _stream = await HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.getDisplayMedia(_constraints);

getReceiverCapabilities(kind)

Acquires the RTCRtpReceiver capabilities on the client side.

This function is similar to RTCRtpReceiver.getCapabilities().

Parameters

Name	Description
kind	(Required) The type of capabilities to acquire. Allowed values: "audio" or "video"

Return Values

Туре	Description
RTCRtpCapabilities	The capabilities object. MDN Reference

let _caps = HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.getReceiverCapabilities("video");

getScreenInfo()

Gets information about the monitors connected to the client system.

Parameters

None

Return Values

Туре	Description
Promise	Resolves to an array of screen info objects or rejects with an error

Code Example

let _screenInfo = await HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.getScreenInfo();

getUserMedia(constraints)

Retrieves the media stream from the local media device and returns it to the application.

This function is similar to MediaDevices.getUserMedia().

Parameters

Name	Description
constraints	(Required) An object specifying the details of the media stream. More info

Return Values

Туре	Description	
Promise	Resolves to a MediaStream or rejects with a related DOMException	

Code Example

let _stream = await HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.getUserMedia(_constraints);

getUserMediaEx(constraints, callConfig)

Retrieves the media stream from the local media device and returns it to the application. This function is similar to MediaDevices.getUserMedia().

Parameters

Name	Description	
constraints	(Required) An object specifying the details of the media stream. More info	
callConfig	(Optional) An opaque object specifying the call configuration object. The object can be retrieved through getCallConfig(). If undefined, getUserMediaEx() is reduced to getUserMedia().	

Return Values

Туре	Description	
Promise	Resolves to a MediaStream or rejects with a related DOMException	

Code Example

let callConfig = HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.getCallConfig(configIndex);
let _stream = await HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.getUserMediaEx(_constraints, call Config);

initSDK(appLogger, appName, eventCallback, sdkConfig)

Initializes the SDK so the application can access API methods.

Parameters

Name	Description	
appLogger	(Optional) An object with functions like error, info, and warn (compatible with console)	
appName	(Required) A string that names the application	
eventCallback	(Optional) A callback function to receive events from the SDK	
sdkConfig	(Optional) A configuration object provided the following options. numOfCallConfigs: The default value for the numOfCallConfigs is 1 if the numOfCallConfigs is undefined. After initSDK() called, use the getCallConfigs(index) to retrieve the corresponding callConfig object. The callConfig object can be passed to newPeerConnectionEx() and getUserMediaEx() in order to allow different audio headset used for different RTCPeerConnection object.	

Return Values

Value	Description	
true	Initialization successful; SDK APIs can be used	
false	Initialization failed; app will fall back to standard Electron behavior	

Code Example

```
HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.initSDK(myAppLogger, "My App Name", myCallbackFn);
```

```
let sdkConfig = { numOfCallConfigs: 2 };
HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.initSDK(myAppLogger, "My App Name", myCallbackFn, sdk
Config);
```

isFeatureSupported(feature)

Checks whether the specified feature is supported by the SDK.

Currently supported features: - "video" - "screenshare" - "multimonitorscreenshare" - "datachannel"

Parameters

Name	Description
feature	(Required) Name of the feature to check

Return Values

Value	Description	
true	The feature is supported	
false	The feature is not supported	

Code Example

```
let _isSupported = HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.isFeatureSupported("datachannel");
```

newMediaStream(tracks)

Creates a new MediaStream object for the application.

This is similar to the MediaStream constructor.

Name	Description
tracks	(Required) Array of MediaStreamTrack objects created or returned by the SDK

Return Values

Туре	Description
MediaStream	A new MediaStream object

Code Example

let stream = await HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.newMediaStream(tracks);

newPeerConnection(configuration)

Creates a new RTCPeerConnection object.

This is similar to the RTCPeerConnection constructor.

Parameters

Name	Description
configuration	(Optional) Peer connection configuration object (e.g., ICE servers)

Return Values

Туре	Description
RTCPeerConnection	A new peer connection object

Code Example

let pc = HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.newPeerConnection(configurations);

newPeerConnectionEx(arg1, arg2, callConfig)

Creates a new RTCPeerConnection object.

This is similar to the RTCPeerConnection constructor.

Name	Description	
configuration	(Optional) Peer connection configuration object (e.g., ICE servers)	
callConfig	(Optional) An opaque object specifying the call configuration object. The object can be retrieved through getCallConfig(). If undefined, newPeerConnectionEx() is reduced to newPeerConnection().	

Return Values

Туре	Description
RTCPeerConnection	A new peer connection object

Code Example

let callConfig = HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.getCallConfig(configIndex);
let pc = HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.newPeerConnectionEx(_configurations, {}, callConfig);

onAudioCreated(audioElem, window)

Binds an audio element to the SDK for playback redirection on the client.

Parameters

Name	Description
audioElem	(Required) The actual HTML audio element
window	(Optional) The application window handle (hex string)

Return Values

None

Code Example

HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.onAudioCreated(myAudioElem, "681007000000000");

onAudioDisposed(audioElem)

Cleans up a previously bound audio element when it's destroyed.

Name	Description
audioElem	(Required) The HTML audio element to unbind

Return Values

None

Code Example

HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.onAudioDisposed(myAudioElem);

onScreenSelected(screenId)

Selects the preferred monitor to use for screen sharing.

Parameters

Name	Description
screenId	(Required) ID returned from getScreenInfo()

Return Values

None

Code Example

HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.onScreenSelected("monitor01");

onVideoCreated(videoElem, window)

Binds a video element to the SDK for display redirection on the client.

Parameters

Name	Description
videoElem	(Required) The HTML video element
window	(Optional) The app window handle (hex string)

Return Values

None

HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.onVideoCreated(myVideoElem, "68100700000000");

onVideoDisposed(videoElem)

Cleans up a previously bound video element when it's removed.

Parameters

Name	Description
videoElem	(Required) The HTML video element to unbind

Return Values

None

Code Example

HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.onVideoDisposed(myVideoElem);

onWindowSessionConnected(state)

Notifies the SDK about the session's connection status.

Parameters

Name	Description
state	(Required) Boolean — true if connected, false if disconnected

Return Values

None

Code Example

HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.onWindowSessionConnected(true);

pauseRingtone (id)

Pauses a ringtone that's currently playing on the client.

Name	Description
id	(Required) Unique identifier for the ringtone (string or number)

Return Values

None

Code Example

HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.pauseRingtone("audio01");

playRingtone(id, src, isLoop)

Plays a ringtone on the client system using a local or remote audio source.

Parameters

Name	Description
id	(Required) Unique audio identifier
src	(Required) URL to the ringtone file
isLoop	(Required) true to loop the sound; false to play once

Return Values

None

Code Example

HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.playRingtone("audio01", "https://example.com/rington
e.mp3", true);

setPrimarySinkId(sinkId)

Sets the default output device for audio playback on the client.

Parameters

Name	Description
sinkId	(Required) The ID of the audio output device

Return Values

None

Code Example

HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.setPrimarySinkId("audioDevice01");

setSinkId(id, sinkId)

Sets the audio output device for a specific sound stream (e.g., a ringtone or alert).

Parameters

Name	Description
id	(Required) Audio stream or ringtone identifier
sinkId	(Required) Output device ID

Return Values

None

Code Example

HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.setSinkId("audio01", "audioDevice01");

setVideoClipRegion(isAdd, clipRegion, window)

Adds or removes a clipped video display region on the client, associated with a specific application window.

Parameters

Name	Description
isAdd	(Required) Boolean — true to add a region, false to remove
clipRegion	(Required) DOM element (typically a video element)
window	(Optional) Window handle as a hex string

Return Values

None

HorizonWebRtcRedirectionAPI.setVideoClipRegion(true, _myVideoElem, "6810070000000
000");

Setting Up the Sample Application

The Horizon SDK for WebRTC Redirection includes a sample folder containing a sample Electron application that shows examples of how to use the API. You can run the sample app on either your local machine or remote desktop.

The sample app itself does not contain any open source or third-party code. However, you must install certain NodeJS packages and perform some server setup tasks in order to run the app. Follow the procedures in this chapter to set up the sample app.

Set Up the Web Server (https)

- 1. Make sure you have NodeJS(latest stable version will be good enough) installed in your environment. For the httpServer you can also use any other statically hosting solution.
- 2. Copy the httpServer folder to the location you want to host.
- 3. Copy the folders 'sdk' into httpServer folder.
- 4. Gather a certificate, self signed is fine and place it into a folder called 'certs'. The final hierarchy should look like this:

```
|--- httpServer
|--- httpServer.js
|--- index.html
|--- common
|--- constant.js
|--- sdk
|--- HorizonSDKforWebRTCRedir.js
|--- app
|--- appMain.js
|--- callMgr.js
|--- ui.js
|--- ui.js
|--- utils.js
|--- certs
|--- cert.pem
|--- key.pem
```

5. Enter the ./httpServer folder and run 'npm install' then 'npm start' (or node httpServer.js)

Set Up the Signaling Server

You can set up the web server (https) and signaling server on either the same machine or on different machines. The servers can either share the same certificate-and-key pair or use different ones. 1. Make sure you have NodeJS(latest stable version will be good enough) installed in your environment. 2. Copy the 'sigServer' to the location you want to start. 3. Gather a certificate, self signed is fine and place it into a folder called 'certs'. copy the certs folder next to the sigServer 4. The final hierarchy should look like this:

```
|--- sigServer
|--- wsServer.js
|--- user.js
|--- package.json
|--- common
|--- constant.js
|--- certs
```

```
|--- cert.pem
|--- key.pem
```

5. Enter ./sigServer folder, execute: 'npm install' and then 'npm start' (or node wsServer.js)

Configure the Client and Run the App

Configure electron client and run

- 1. Make sure you have NodeJS(latest stable version will be good enough) installed in your environment.
- 2. Copy client folder to wherever you want
- 3. Set the link url for index page in 'client/serverInfo.json'. depends on how you configure your web server in steps above. Example: "pageUlr": "https://192.168.1.101/sample/index.html"
- 4. Set the Web Socket server ulr for 'callServerUrl' in 'client/ serverInfo.json', depends on how you configure your web socket server in steps above. Example: "callServerUrl": "wss://192.168.1.200:8443"
- 5. The final hierarchy should look like this

```
|--- client
|--- main.js
|--- preload.js
|--- package.json
|--- serverInfo.json
```

6. Enter ./client folder, execute: 'npm install' and then 'npm start'

Configure web client and run

- 1. Add the Horizon WebRTC SDK browser extension to your chrome browser.
- 2. Note the IP address of your httpServer and the signaling server that will be used in step 4
- 3. Configure the following registry keys.

```
[HKLM\SOFTWARE\Policies\Omnissa\Horizon\WebRTCRedirSDKWebApp]
"enabled"=dword:0000001<br>
"chrome_enabled"=dword:00000001<br>
"edge_chrome_enabled"=dword:00000001
[HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Policies\Omnissa\Horizon\WebRTCRedirSDKWebAp
p\UrlAllowList]
"https://httpServerIpAddress:3000/*"=""
```

4. Close and reopen the VM then navigate to https://httpServerlpAddress:3000/webIndex.html?callServerUrl=wss://signalingServerlpAddress:8443