UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA AT BERKELEY

College of Engineering Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Sciences

EE105 Lab Experiments

Report 8: Multi-stage Amplifiers

Lab Section:											
3.1.3 Measure I_{BIAS} and	d the I	OC vo	ltage	at v_{Ol}	UT ·						
				$I_{BIAS} =$							
				v_{Ol}	UT =						
3.1.4 Using the oscillosc observe.	ope, p	olot b	oth th	ne inp	ut v_{I}	_N and	the	outpu	t v_{OU}	T. Si	ketch the waveforms you
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3.1.5 Why is v_{OUT} not sinusoidal?

Name:

3.1.7 What is the peak-to-peak voltage of the output waveform (at v_L) with the load resistor? What is the gain of the amplifier with the resistive load?

$v_{L,p-p} =$				
$\left rac{v_L}{v_{in}} ight =$				

3.2.1 Can you hear anything when the speaker is directly hooked up to the function generator?

Yes or No

3.2.3 Can you hear anything when the speaker is hooked up to the output of the amplifier?

Yes or No

3.2.4 Measure I_{BIAS1} , I_{BIAS2} , and the DC voltages at v_{OUT1} and v_{OUT2} .

$I_{BIAS1} =$	
$I_{BIAS2} =$	
$v_{OUT1,DC} =$	
$v_{OUT2,DC} =$	

3.2.5 Measure V_{BE} of Q_2 . Is the DC voltage at v_{OUT1} enough to bias Q_2 in the forward active region?

$$V_{BE} =$$
 Yes or No

- 3.2.6 Using the oscilloscope, plot both the input v_{IN} and the output v_{OUT2} . Sketch these waveforms (a plot is on the following page).
- 3.2.7 Measure the gain v_{out2}/v_{in} .

$$\left| rac{v_{out2}}{v_{in}}
ight| =$$

3.2.8 Now increase the DC offset of the input waveform to 620 mV. What happens to the waveform at v_{OUT2} ?

