Webstack Development Lab-05

Case Study: Transforming XML Data with XSL and Validating with XSD

1. Introduction

In this case study, we explore how to transform XML data into a user-friendly HTML format using XSL and validate the data against a XML Schema (XSD).

2. Scenario Overview

- **Domain:** Creator Support Platform
- Aim: Transform XML creator and project data into an HTML format for display on a website and validate the data against an XSD schema.

3. XML(creatorsupport.xml)

The xml file holds data related to the domain like creators, their names and related projects. Projects holds information on the projects being done by the creators like the project name and the funding needed.

4. XML Schema Definition (creatorsupport.xsd)

Purpose:

The XSD schema defines the structure, data types, and constraints for the XML data. It ensures that the data adheres to specified rules, such as valid numeric values for funding goals.

Key Elements:

Root Element:

Defines the root element <creators> which can contain multiple <creator> elements.

Creator Element:

Defines elements such as creator-id, creator-name, and projects. Includes constraints for attributes and element types.

Projects and Project Elements:

Defines elements within projects, such as project, and constraints like the funding-goal value range.

5. XSL Stylesheet Creation (transform.xsl)

Purpose:

The XSL stylesheet will convert XML data into an HTML format. This transformation makes the data accessible and visually appealing to users visiting the platform.

Steps:

• Define the Root Template:

The root template matches the entire XML document and provides the structure for the HTML output.

• Create Templates for Data Elements:

Templates match specific XML elements and define how they should be displayed in HTML in tables.

Create loops to loop through any repeated data:

The name of the creators and their id's and the projects and the funding information are repeated data the can be displayed using two loops(xsl:for-each)

Output:

The output HTML will display each creator's information, including their projects and funding goals, in a readable format in tables.

6 Transformation and Validation Process

1. Transforming XML to HTML:

- Use an XSLT processor to apply the XSL stylesheet to the XML data.
- The result is a user-friendly HTML table displaying the creator and project data.

2. Validating XML Data:

- Validate the XML data against the XSD schema.
- Ensure that all elements and attributes meet the defined constraints...

3. Error Handling:

- Identify and fix any errors encountered during validation.
- Common errors found are invalid data types, missing required elements, or values that exceed defined constraints.

7. Testing Scenarios

- Trying to use strings in funding goals fails form validation.
- Using negative numbers in creator id also fails similarly

8.Summary:

- The XSL stylesheet effectively transforms XML data into a user-friendly HTML format.
- The XSD schema ensures that the XML data presented sticks to strict validation rules, preventing incorrect data from being displayed.

9.Issues Encountered:

- An issues was encountered when the data was transformed into table due to not providing a second loop to display project info
- creator and creators were misspelled in certain parts of the xml file and it raised an error
- The project details of the first creator was being displayed for the columns of all the creators due to poor implementation of the second loop to read through the project details