## **Foreword**

These pages are re-formatted content from Mindfulness-Based Relapse Prevention — Rolling Admission (MBRP-RA)<sup>1</sup>, pages 105–160.

A few adaptations were done:

- Separation of reading content and handouts:
  - all sessions are meant to be printed as a single booklet, and given to participants when they first come;
  - handouts on the last few pages (marked with the \$\mathcal{O}\$ symbol)
     are to be given out as separate sheets for writing into.
- Addition of the sections Basic Feelings/Needs We All Have (pp. 12, 35) from Non-Violent Communication website.
- Wording was adjusted slightly in Session 7 where the values diagram handout was split off the values text.
- The Starter Kit is not included; for the Czech version, it was put on the website instead (brzdime.cz/start): the regular meetings take place online, and the first contact is always through the website.

The formatting was originally created for the Czech translation (brzdime.cz). English text was now put back into the LATEX skeleton. The hope is that other translations may use the structure to avoid the tedious formatting work, producing a localized and good-looking booklet with relative ease. Ask your local LATEX expert for help.

Václav Šmilauer

lessstress.cz

C. Roos & al: A Clinician's Guide to Mindfulness-Based Relapse Prevention
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# MINDFULNESS VS. AUTOMATIC PILOT

# **Key Concepts**

"Automatic pilot" is when we are not aware of what we are doing. We just do things automatically.

When we have urges or cravings to use alcohol or other drugs, we often go into automatic pilot. We just *react* without awareness.

Mindfulness is the opposite of automatic pilot. When we are mindful, we are fully aware of what we are doing in the moment.

Mindfulness helps us step out of automatic pilot mode and make more conscious choices (such as when we have an urge or craving to use)

Do your best to listen to an audio-guided mindfulness exercise on a daily or semi-daily basis (4 to 6 days per week). Go to PracticeMBRP.com to access the exercises. Try to practice at the same time each day (such as before breakfast).

We recommend focusing on these audio-guided exercises over the next few days/week:

- Mindful Check-In;
- SOBER Space.

#### On-the-Go Practice

**Mindful Moments:** At random times, pause and mindfully check-in with yourself.

**Mindful Coping:** Try doing the SOBER Space when challenges come up.

**Mindful Activities:** Try mindful eating. For each meal, take one mindful bite. Bring your full attention to your food and the experience of eating.

## Handouts @

- SOBER Space for feelings 2×;
- My Practice Log.

## 1.1 SOBER Space

The SOBER Space is an *on-the-go* mindfulness practice that you can do anywhere, anytime because it is brief, simple, and flexible.

It can be used in a stressful situation, if you are upset, or when you are experiencing urges or impulses to engage in unwanted behavior. It can also be used when things are going well, when you are having fun, or any other time you want to more fully "show up" to appreciate the present moment. It can help you step out of "automatic pilot" and be more aware and mindful in your response.

- **S** Stop. Remember to stop or "pause" to do this exercise. This is the first step in stepping out of automatic pilot.
- Observe. Observe what is going on in the moment, both around you and inside of you (body sensations, emotions, and thoughts). Try to observe with a sense of curiosity and nonjudgment.
- **B** Breathe. Notice the sensations of the breath in your body as you take a few slow breaths in and out.
- **Expand.** Expand your awareness beyond just the breath to your whole body and then to the whole situation you are in.
- **Respond.** Respond to the situation with awareness, rather than reacting automatically. Recognize that you have choices for how to respond. Think about what you need and how you can take care of yourself.

## 1.2 SOBER Space for feelings: pain and depression

SITUATION

Wake up in the morning with intense physical pain and feeling depressed

AUTOPILOT

Not this again. I can't handle this.

Just lie in bed, instead of getting up.

This pain will never go away.

I need to get high.
(Feel craving to use)

Text a friend to get drugs.

#### Stop.

Pause and step out of automatic pilot mode.

#### Observe.

Observe your experience without judgment:

- o Pressure and aching in back
- Sadness
- Lots of negative thoughts popping up

#### Breathe.

Take a few slow, mindful breaths in and out. Focus your attention on the breath.

## Expand.

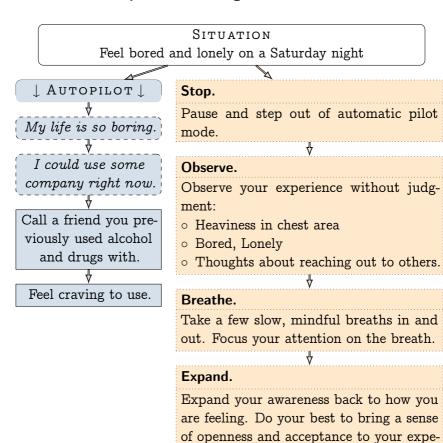
Expand your awareness back to how you are feeling. Do your best to bring a sense of openness and acceptance to your experience.

## Respond.

Respond with awareness.

- Remind yourself: "I can handle this. I have done it before."
- o Get out of bed and take a hot shower.

## 1.3 SOBER Space for feelings: boredom and loneliness



## Respond.

rience.

Respond with awareness.

 Call a sober-support friend and make plans to get dinner.

## EMOTIONS AS VISITORS

## **Key Concepts**

Challenging emotions (anxiety, sadness, anger) can trigger an urge to use alcohol or drugs. We may turn to alcohol and drugs to avoid or escape our emotions.

Mindfully accepting emotions means allowing ourselves to feel our emotions in the moment, instead of trying to escape our emotions. It means acknowledging emotions (not ignoring them) with a sense of openness, curiosity, and nonjudgment.

Challenging emotions are like "visitors" or "guests." They visit us and then pass by. They are temporary. Challenging emotions can also be helpful when they visit. ... treat each guest honorably. / They may be clearing you out / for some new delight [...] Because each has been sent / as a guide from beyond. (The Guest House Poem).

Do your best to listen to an audio-guided mindfulness exercise on a daily or semi-daily basis (4 to 6 days per week). Go to PracticeMBRP.com to access the exercises. Try to practice at the same time each day (such as before breakfast).

We recommend focusing on these audio-guided exercises over the next few days/week:

- Mindful Check-In;
- Mindfulness of Emotions (with Guest House Reading).

#### On-the-Go Practice

**Mindful Moments:** At random times, pause and mindfully check-in. Notice any emotions you might be feeling with a sense of openness and acceptance.

Mindful Coping: Try doing the SOBER Space when difficult emotions come up. Practice accepting your emotions and allowing yourself to feel your emotions.

Mindful Activities: Try mindful showering or bathing. Bring your full attention to the activity of showering or bathing. Connect with your 5 senses.

## Handouts @

• My Practice Log.

#### 2.1 The Guest House Poem

This being human is a guest house. Every morning a new arrival.

A joy, a depression, a meanness, some momentary awareness comes as an unexpected visitor.

Welcome and entertain them all! Even if they are a crowd of sorrows, who sweep your house empty of its furniture, still, treat each guest honorably. They may be clearing you out for some new delight.

The dark thought, the shame, the malice. meet them at the door and invite them in.

Be grateful for whatever comes. Because each has been sent as a guide from beyond.

Rumi

# 2.2 Some Basic Feelings We All Have<sup>2</sup>

Feel free to use the following list as a inspiration for expanding the vocabulary of feelings which you can recognize and name:

Feelings when needs "are" ful- Feelings when needs "are not" ful-filled:

filled:

- Amazed
- Confident
- Energetic
- Glad
- Inspired
- Joyous
- Optimistic
- Relieved
- Surprised
- Touched
- Comfortable
- Eager
- Fulfilled
- Hopeful
- Intrigued
- Moved
- Proud
- Stimulated
- Thankful

- Angry
- Confused
- Disappointed
- Distressed
- Frustrated
- Hopeless
- Irritated
- Nervous
- Puzzled
- Sad
- Annoyed
- Concerned
- Discouraged
- Embarrassed
- Helpless
- Impatient
- Lonely
- Overwhelmed
- Reluctant
- Uncomfortable

https://www.nonviolentcommunication.com/learn-nonviolentcommunication/feelings/.

#### SELF-COMPASSION

# **Key Concepts**

Self-compassion is about being kind, gentle, and understanding towards ourselves. Self-compassion helps us work through from setbacks and slips in the recovery process.

Self-compassion means not judging ourselves when we are upset or having a hard time. We can pause and tell ourselves "It's okay to feel upset. I am doing the best I can."

All human beings struggle. No one is perfect. When we practice self-compassion, we can tell ourselves: "I'm not alone feeling this way. We all go through hard times."

Do your best to listen to an audio-guided mindfulness exercise on a daily or semi-daily basis (4 to 6 days per week). Go to PracticeMBRP.com to access the exercises. Try to practice at the same time each day (such as before breakfast).

We recommend focusing on these audio-guided exercises over the next few days/week:

- Mindful Check-In;
- Kindness Meditation

#### On-the-Go Practice

**Mindful Moments:** At random times, pause and mindfully check-in with yourself.

**Mindful Coping:** Try doing the SOBER Space when challenges come up. Practice being kind and compassionate to yourself.

Mindful Activities: Try mindful teeth brushing. Bring your full attention to the activity of brushing your teeth. Connect with your 5 senses.

## Handouts @

• My Practice Log.

# RESPONDING (NOT REACTING) TO TRIGGERS

## **Key Concepts**

Triggers are persons, places, or things that bring about an urge or craving to do something, such as using substances

Triggers can "set off" a chain of sensations, thoughts, and emotions, that are part of the overall craving experience. Using the SOBER Space helps us be more aware of both the triggers itself as well as the sensations, thoughts, and emotions that come up.

Using the SOBER Space helps us respond to triggers with awareness, instead of reacting automatically. Using the SOBER Space helps us make conscious choices in the moment that make it less likely we will use substances when triggered.

The SOBER Space is flexible and can be used in different ways. In some cases, you may only have time to quickly "Stop" and then walk away from a trigger (person offering you drugs). Then, when you are somewhere else, you can go through the entire Sober to continue coping with the situation and any craving you may still be experiencing.

Do your best to listen to an audio-guided mindfulness exercise on a daily or semi-daily basis (4 to 6 days per week). Go to PracticeMBRP.com to access the exercises. Try to practice at the same time each day (such as before breakfast).

We recommend focusing on these audio-guided exercises over the next few days/week:

- Mindful Check-In;
- SOBER Space.

#### On-the-Go Practice

**Mindful Moments:** At random times, pause and mindfully check-in.

**Mindful Coping:** Practice the SOBER Space when challenges or triggers come up.

Mindful Activities: Try mindful hearing during your day. Pause and just take in the sounds around you. Try this when you are outdoors. Try this when you are indoor too. Another options is to try mindful hearing with music. Play a song that you enjoy and practice paying close attention to what the song sounds like.

## Handouts @

- SOBER with trigger 2×;
- My Practice Log.

## 4.1 SOBER Space for triggers: argument

4 Primary Trigger Argument with significant other | Autopilot | Stop. Slow down before doing anything. Automatically walk in direction of Observe. nearby liquor store. Observe your experience without judgment: ↓ trigger: o Tightness in chest; See liquor store. o Angry, Guilty. o Having thought "I need a drink". Go in store, buy alcohol, and Breathe. start drinking. Focus on your breathing. Notice the breath flowing in and out. Slow down even more. Expand. Expand back to the full situation. Be aware of yourself and the environment.

## Respond.

Respond with awareness.

- o Go to bedroom. Listen to music.
- o Talk over things with significant other.

# 4.2 SOBER Space for triggers: old friend

PRIMARY TRIGGER

Across the street, you see an old friend who used to sell drugs to you.

↓ Autopilot↓

Automatically walk across street towards old friend.

4 Trigger:

He tells you he has drugs in his car around the corner.

Go with him to car around corner.

4 Trigger:

He shows you the drugs.

You buy the drugs and use them.

Stop.

Pause and step out of automatic pilot mode.

Observe.

Observe your experience without judgment:

- o Warm feeling in belly. Mouth salivating.
- o Desire or craving to feel high;
- Having thought "I should go say hello"

Breathe.

Take a slow, mindful breath in and out.

. . . .

Expand.

Expand back to the full situation. Be aware of yourself and the environment.

....

Respond.

Respond with awareness.

- o Walk away in the other direction.
- Take out smartphone and listen to guided SOBER space when you get to apartment.

## SEEING THOUGHTS AS THOUGHTS

## **Key Concepts**

Thoughts are words or images that pass through our minds. Thoughts often "pop up" automatically. Just like our lungs breathe and our heart beats, our mind thinks. That is just what it does.

Our thoughts are not necessarily true, and we don't always need to believe in or "buy into" our own thoughts.

Automatically believing in or acting upon our thoughts (ex. "I can't deal with this. Getting high would make things a lot better") can lead to substance use.

Mindfulness can help us see our thoughts as just thoughts, instead of truths or commands. Mindfulness can help us "step back," notice thoughts as they come up, and respond to these thoughts in healthy ways that prevent substance use.

Do your best to listen to an audio-guided mindfulness exercise on a daily or semi-daily basis (4 to 6 days per week). Go to PracticeMBRP.com to access the exercises. Try to practice at the same time each day (such as before breakfast).

We recommend focusing on these audio-guided exercises over the next few days/week:

• Mindful Check-In.

#### On-the-Go Practice

**Mindful Moments:** At random times, pause and mindfully check-in with yourself.

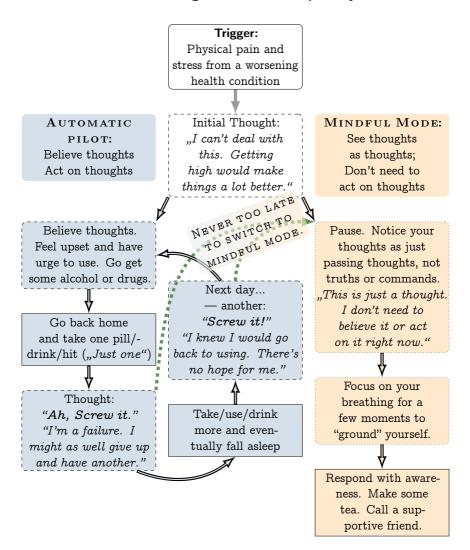
**Mindful Coping:** Try doing the SOBER Space when challenges come up.

**Mindful Activities:** Try mindful walking. Bring your full attention to the activity of walking. Notice the sensations in your body as you walk.

## Handouts @

• My Practice Log.

## 5.1 The Role of Thoughts in the Relapse Cycle



## SURFING THE URGE

## **Key Concepts**

Urges or cravings to use are like ocean waves. They rise, reach a peak, and eventually pass by.

Mindfulness helps us slow down and be curious about the experience of an urge/craving. We can pause and ask ourselves "Hmm, what does this urge actually feel like right now? In my body? In my mind?"

Mindfulness helps us mindfully "surf" or "ride out" urges, instead of fighting urges or trying to get rid of them. We can practice bringing a sense of openness and acceptance toward the experience of an urge in the moment.

Mindfulness can also help us be more aware of what we might need and how we can take care of ourselves when we have an urge or craving. We can pause and ask ourselves: "What do I really need right now?"

Do your best to listen to an audio-guided mindfulness exercise on a daily or semi-daily basis (4 to 6 days per week). Go to PracticeMBRP.com to access the exercises. Try to practice at the same time each day (such as before breakfast).

We recommend focusing on these audio-guided exercises over the next few days/week:

- Mindful Check-In;
- Urge Surfing.

#### On-the-Go Practice

**Mindful Moments:** At random times, pause and mindfully check-in with yourself.

**Mindful Coping:** Practice the SOBER Space when challenges or urges come up.

Mindful Activities: Try mindful looking. Pause and take in all the sights around you. Notice colors, shapes, lighting, and shadows. Try this when you are outdoors. Try this when you are indoors too.

## Handouts @

• My Practice Log.

## FOLLOWING YOUR VALUES

## **Key Concepts**

Personal values are principles and beliefs we have about how we want to live our life and what kind of person we want to be.

Our values are like a compass or map that guide and direct us in life. Our values can inform the choices we make in daily life – both big and small.

When we are on automatic pilot, we might act or react in ways not in line with our values. When we are mindful, we can be aware of our actions and act in ways that are in line with our values.

Recovery is about following our values and finding a sense of meaning and purpose in our lives. Getting in touch with our values can give us the strength to do what is important to us, even when distress and discomfort come up.

Do your best to listen to an audio-guided mindfulness exercise on a daily or semi-daily basis (4 to 6 days per week). Go to PracticeMBRP.com to access the exercises. Try to practice at the same time each day (such as before breakfast).

We recommend focusing on these audio-guided exercises over the next few days/week:

- Mindful Check-In;
- Values Meditation

#### On-the-Go Practice

**Mindful Moments:** At random times, pause and mindfully check-in with yourself.

Mindful Coping: Practice the SOBER Space when challenges come up. Consider your values and how you can make a mindful choice in line with your values.

Mindful Activities: Practice mindfulness while doing a daily chore, like washing the dishes or folding laundry. Bring a curious awareness to what you are doing in the moment. Connect with your senses (e.g., sights, sounds, touch, smell).

## Handouts @

- My Personal Values;
- My Practice Log.

## 7.1 My Personal Values

Deep down inside, what is important to you? What do you want your life to stand for?

Personal values are principles and beliefs we have about how we want to live our life and what kind of person we want to be. Values are directions we keep moving in. Values are an ongoing process. For example, if you want to be a loving, caring, supportive partner, that is a value – an ongoing process.

The following are areas of life that are valued by some people. Not everyone has the same values, and this is not a test to see whether you have the "correct" values. There may be certain areas that you don't value much; you may skip them if you wish.

Family. What sort of brother/sister, son/daughter, uncle/aunt, family member do you want to be? What personal qualities would you like to bring to those relationships? What sort of relationships would you like to build? How would you interact with others if you were the 'ideal you' in these relationships?

Marriage/couples/intimate relations. What sort of partner would you like to be in an intimate relationship? What personal qualities would you like to develop? What sort of relationship would you like to build? How would you interact with your partner if you were the 'ideal you' in this relationship?

**Parenting.** What sort of parent would you like to be? What sort of qualities would you like to have? What sort of relationships would you like to build with your children? How would you behave if you were the 'ideal you' as a parent?

**Friendships.** What sort of qualities would you like to bring to your friendships? If you could be the best friend possible, how would you

behave towards your friends? What friendships would you like to build?

Career/employment. What do you value in your work? What would make it more meaningful? What kind of worker would you like to be? If you were living up to your own ideal standards, what personal qualities would you like to bring to your work? What sort of work relations would you like to build?

Education/personal growth and development. What do you value about learning, education, training, or personal growth? What new skills would you like to learn? What knowledge would you like to gain? What further education/learning appeals to you? What sort of student would you like to be? What personal qualities would you like to apply?

Recreation/fun/leisure. What sorts of hobbies, sports, or leisure activities do you enjoy? How would you like to relax/unwind? How would you like to have fun? What sorts of activities would you like to do?

**Spirituality.** Spirituality means different things to everyone. It may be connecting with nature, or it may be participation in an organized religious group. What is important to you in this area of life?

Citizenship/environment/community life. How would you like to contribute to your community or environment, e.g. through volunteering, or recycling, or supporting a group/charity/cause/political party? What sort of environments would you like to create at home, at work, in your community? What environments would you like to spend more time in?

**Health.** What are your values related to maintaining your physical well-being? How do you want to look after your health, with regard to sleep, diet, exercise, smoking, alcohol, etc.? Why is this important?

## 7.2 SOBER Space for Values

The SOBER Space is an *on-the-go* mindfulness practice that you can do anywhere, anytime because it is brief, simple, and flexible.

You can use the SOBER Space as a way to make mindful choices and follow your values and goals.

- **S Stop.** Remember to stop or "pause" to do this exercise. This is the first step in stepping out of automatic pilot.
- Observe. Observe what is going on in the moment, both around you and inside of you (body sensations, emotions, and thoughts). Try to observe with a sense of curiosity and nonjudgment.
- **B** Breathe. Notice the sensations of the breath in your body as you take a few slow breaths in and out.
- **Expand.** Expand your awareness to your body and the situation. Expand your awareness even more to consider your values.
- Respond. Respond to the situation with awareness. Jak vám vaše hodnoty v moudré reakci pomáhají?

## 7.3 SOBER Space for values: anxiety

"CHOICE POINT" SITUATION Feel anxious before job interview. Not sure whether to go.

| AUTOPILOT |

I'm just going to mess up the interview.

What's the point.
I probably won't
even get the job.

Feel more anxious and start to also feel sense of shame.

Don't go to job interview. Stay home and lie in bed.

#### Stop.

Pause and step out of automatic pilot mode.

#### Observe.

Observe your experience without judgment:

- Heart beating fast;
- o Anxious;
- o Thoughts about avoiding interview.

#### Breathe.

Take a few slow, mindful breaths in and out. Focus your attention on the breath.

#### Expand.

Expand your awareness back to yourself and the situation. Expand your awareness even more to consider your personal values.

## Respond.

Respond with awareness.

- Say to yourself: "Getting a job is important to me right now. I'll just do
  the best I can."
- o Go to job interview.

## 7.4 SOBER Space for values: boredom

"CHOICE POINT" SITUATION
Bored on a Sunday. Not sure what to do with yourself.

AUTOPILOT

What should I
do with myself?
Maybe I'll just chill.

I would feel more relaxed if I could get a little high.

Feel craving to get high.

Look around house for drugs or alcohol you might still have.

#### Stop.

Pause and step out of automatic pilot mode.

#### Observe.

Observe your experience without judgment:

- o Tension in shoulders;
- Agitated;
- Thinking: "What should I do with myself?"

#### Breathe.

Take a few slow, mindful breaths in and out. Focus your attention on the breath.

## Expand.

Expand your awareness back to yourself and the situation. Expand your awareness even more to consider your personal values.

## Respond.

Respond with awareness.

- Say to yourself: "You know what, I care about my daughter and want to spend more quality time with her."
- Call daughter and plan to meet for lunch.

## EXPLORING YOUR NEEDS

## **Key Concepts**

We can turn toward substance use because we are just trying find a way to meet our needs in the moment. These include wholesome and healthy needs that we all have as human beings, like the need to feel safe, to get some relief, to feel in control, connect with other people, or to feel happy and alive.

Substance use does not actually deliver on their promise. In the long-run, substance use does not fulfill our needs. Of course, it's completely understandable that we turn towards substance use. As human beings, we all can turn to the wrong things to meet our needs. Having an urge to use substances or seeking out substances is not "bad" in any way. In those moments we are just trying to take care of ourselves and meet our needs, like any other human being.

Mindfulness helps us look "beneath" the initial urge for substances and explore deeper needs we may have in the moment. When we have an urge, we can pause and ask ourselves: "what do I really need right now?" Recognizing what we actually need in the moment helps us make wise choices, instead of automatically turning to substances.

Do your best to listen to an audio-guided mindfulness exercise on a daily or semi-daily basis (4 to 6 days per week). Go to PracticeMBRP.com to access the exercises. Try to practice at the same time each day (such as before breakfast).

We recommend focusing on these audio-guided exercises over the next few days/week:

- Mindful Check-In;
- Exploring Your Needs Meditation.

#### On-the-Go Practice

**Mindful Moments:** At random times, pause and mindfully check-in with yourself.

Mindful Coping: Try doing the SOBER Space when challenges or urges come up. Think about your needs. Ask yourself: "What do I really need right now?"

Mindful Activities: Try practicing mindfulness of nature when you are outside. Bring a curious awareness to different aspects of the natural environment, such as the sky, clouds, the wind, plants, trees, or animals.

## Handouts @

• My Practice Log.

## Some Basic Needs We All Have<sup>3</sup>

Feel free to use the following list as a inspiration for expanding the vocabulary of needs which you can recognize and name:

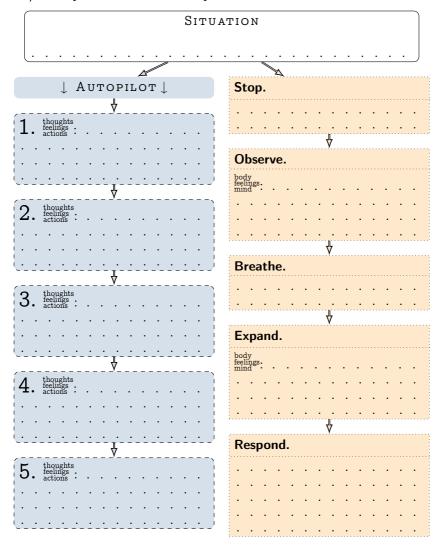
- Autonomy
  - Choosing dreams/goals/values
  - Choosing plans for fulfilling one's dreams, goals, values
- Celebration
  - Celebrate the creation of life Physical Nutrutrance and dreams fulfilled
  - Celebrate losses: loved ones, dreams, etc. (mourning)
- Integrity
  - Authenticity
  - Creativity
  - Meaning
  - Self-worth
- Interdependence
  - Acceptance
  - Appreciation
  - Closeness
  - Community
  - Consideration
  - Contribute to the enrichment of life
  - Emotional Safety
  - Empathy
  - Honesty (the empowering honesty that enables us to learn from our limitations)

- Love
- Reassurance
- Respect
- Support
- Trust
- Understanding
- - Air
  - Food
  - Movement, exercise
  - Protection from lifethreatening forms of life: viruses, bacteria, insects, predatory animals
  - Rest.
  - Sexual expression
  - Shelter
  - Touch
  - Water
- Play
  - Fun
  - Laughter
- Spiritual Communion
  - Beauty
  - Harmony
  - Inspiration
  - Order
  - Peace

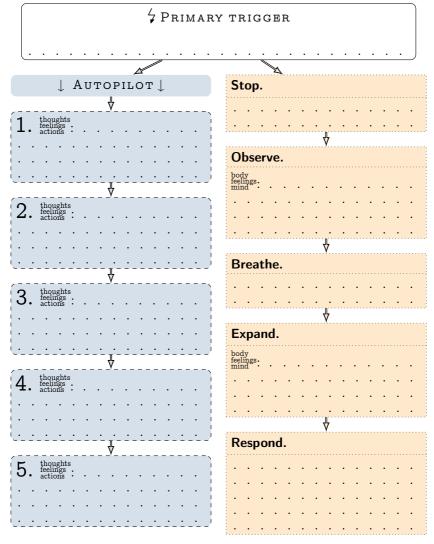
<sup>3</sup> https://www.nonviolentcommunication.com/learn-nonviolentcommunication/feelings/.

My Practice Log 🖉			PracticeMBRP.com				
Notes Observations							
On-the-Go Practice: Mindful Moment: took a random moment to pause/check-in Mindful Coping: Used SOBER Space in challenging situation Mindful Activity: eating, walking, chores, being outside. What did you do? How many times?							
Planned Practice Set aside time to listen to audio-guided exercise Which practice? How long?							
Date Day							

Write your own example. Think about a type of situation that brings about an automatic reaction. How can you use the SOBER space in the situation? For each step of the Sober write out what you would do/what you would notice in your own words.



Think about a *trigger* that brings about an urge or craving to use alcohol or other drugs. How can you use the SOBER space in the situation? For each step of the Sober write out what you would do/what you would notice in your own words.



Use this diagram to help you look at your personal values. In each blank circle, fill in a value you hold. You do not have to use every circle, and you may add more circles as needed. For help thinking about your values, take a look at the questions in Session 7.

