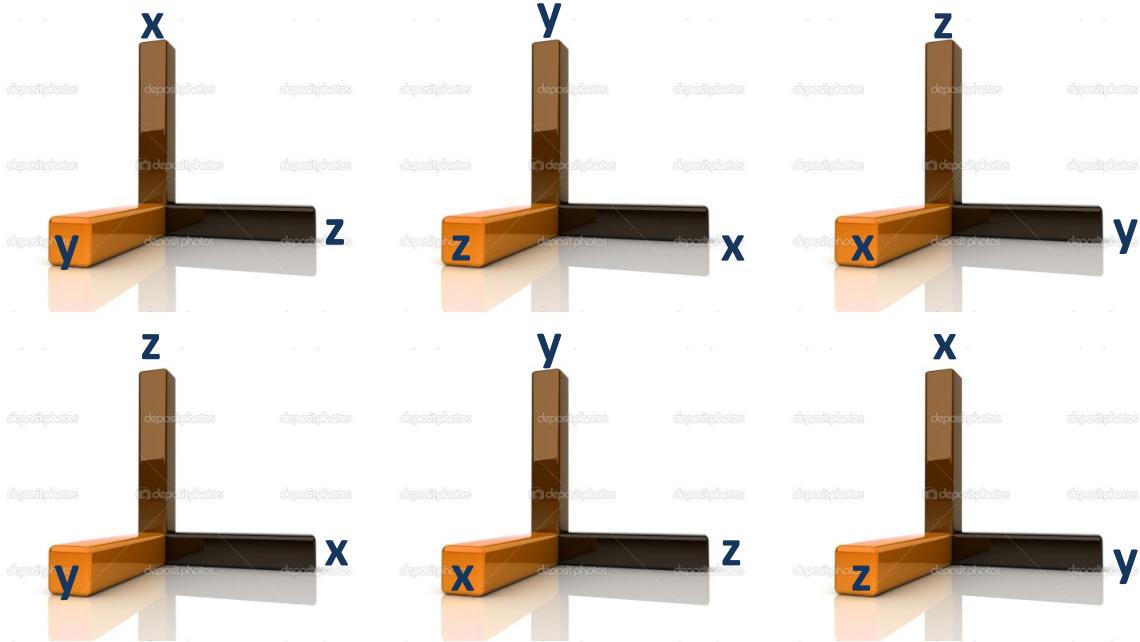


## Vectors 2

- 1/ Which of the following are correct orientations of the x, y, and z axes by the right hand rule:



- 2/ Calculate the sum of the vectors

- i)  $\vec{A} = 3\vec{x} + 2\vec{y} - \vec{z}$  and  $\vec{B} = 5\vec{x} - \vec{y} + 4\vec{z}$ .
- ii)  $\vec{A} = 4\vec{x} + 3\vec{y} - \vec{z}$  and  $\vec{B} = -\vec{x} + 5\vec{y} + 3\vec{z}$ .
- iii)  $\vec{A} = -5\vec{x} + 4\vec{y} - 2\vec{z}$  and  $\vec{B} = 4\vec{x} - 4\vec{y} + 2\vec{z}$ .

- 3/ Calculate the magnitude of the three dimensional vectors

- i)  $\vec{A} = -\vec{x} + 4\vec{y} + 4\vec{z}$
- ii)  $\vec{A} = 2\vec{x} + 2\vec{y} - 4\vec{z}$
- iii)  $\vec{A} = \vec{x} + 2\vec{y} - 2\vec{z}$

$$[5.745, 4.899, 3]$$

- 4/ Calculate the dot product of vectors  $\vec{A} = -5\vec{x} - 2\vec{y} - 2\vec{z}$  and  $\vec{B} = \vec{x} + \vec{y} + 3\vec{z}$ .

$$[-13]$$

- 5/ Calculate the cross product of the vectors  $\vec{A} = -2\vec{x} + \vec{y} + \vec{z}$  and  $\vec{B} = 4\vec{x} + 2\vec{y} + 4$ .

$$[2\vec{x} + 12\vec{y} - 8\vec{z}]$$

- 6/ Calculate the cross product of the vectors  $\vec{A} = -\vec{x} + 3\vec{y} - \vec{z}$  and  $\vec{B} = -3\vec{x} + \vec{y} + \vec{z}$ .

$$[5\vec{x} + 5\vec{y} + 5\vec{z}]$$

- 7/ Calculate the angle between vectors  $\vec{A} = -\vec{x} - 2\vec{y} + 4\vec{z}$  and  $\vec{B} = 2\vec{x} + \vec{y} + \vec{z}$ .

$$[90^\circ]$$