

# Student-T NDF

This is code to accompany the book:

A Hitchhiker's Guide to Multiple Scattering

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## notation

$u = \mathbf{m} \cdot \mathbf{n} = \cos[\theta_m]$

$\alpha$  = roughness

## definitions and derivations

$$\text{In}[2785]:= \text{ST`D}[u_, \alpha_, \gamma_] := \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1-u^2}{u^2 \alpha^2 (-1+\gamma)}\right)^{-\gamma}}{\pi u^4 \alpha^2} \text{HeavisideTheta}[u]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{In}[1183]:= \text{ST`\sigma}[u_, \alpha_, \gamma_] := & \frac{u}{2} + \frac{\alpha \left(1 - \frac{u^2}{(-1+u^2) \alpha^2 (-1+\gamma)}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}-\gamma} \sqrt{(1-u^2) (-1+\gamma)} \text{Gamma}\left[-\frac{3}{2} + \gamma\right]}{2 \sqrt{\pi} \text{Gamma}[-1+\gamma]} + \\ & \frac{u^2 \text{Gamma}\left[-\frac{1}{2} + \gamma\right] \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} + \gamma, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{u^2}{(-1+u^2) \alpha^2 (-1+\gamma)}\right]}{\sqrt{\pi} \alpha \sqrt{(1-u^2) (-1+\gamma)} \text{Gamma}[-1+\gamma]} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{In}[1184]:= \text{ST`\Lambda}[u_, \alpha_, \gamma_] := & \frac{1}{4 \sqrt{\pi} u \text{Gamma}[-1+\gamma]} \left( 2 \alpha^{-2+2\gamma} (u^2 - (-1+u^2) \alpha^2 (-1+\gamma))^{\frac{3}{2}-\gamma} ((1-u^2) (-1+\gamma))^{-1+\gamma} + \right. \\ & \left. (-1)^{-\gamma} u (-3+2\gamma) \text{Beta}\left[\frac{(-1+u^2) \alpha^2 (-1+\gamma)}{u^2}, -1+\gamma, \frac{3}{2} - \gamma\right] \right) \text{Gamma}\left[-\frac{3}{2} + \gamma\right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{In}[1185]:= (1 + \text{ST`\Lambda}[u, \alpha, \gamma]) u == \text{ST`\sigma}[u, \alpha, \gamma] /. \gamma \rightarrow 3 /. u \rightarrow 1/2 /. \alpha \rightarrow 1/3 // \text{FullSimplify}$$

Out[1185]= True

$$\text{In}[1187]:= \text{ST`\Lambda}[u, \alpha, \gamma] u == \text{ST`\sigma}[-u, \alpha, \gamma] /. \gamma \rightarrow 3 /. u \rightarrow 1/2 /. \alpha \rightarrow 1/3 // \text{FullSimplify}$$

Out[1187]= True

In[2705]:= **FullSimplify**[**ST`** $\Delta[u, \frac{u}{\sqrt{1-u^2} x}, \gamma]$ , **Assumptions**  $\rightarrow 0 < u < 1 \&\& x > 0 \&\& \gamma > 3/2$ ]

$$\text{Out[2705]} = \frac{1}{4 \sqrt{\pi} x} (-1 + \gamma)^\gamma \text{Gamma}\left[-\frac{3}{2} + \gamma\right] \left( \frac{2 (-1 + x^2 + \gamma)^{\frac{3}{2} - \gamma}}{\text{Gamma}[\gamma]} - \frac{x^{3-2\gamma} (-3 + 2\gamma) \text{Hypergeometric2F1Regularized}\left[-1 + \gamma, -\frac{1}{2} + \gamma, \gamma, \frac{1-\gamma}{x^2}\right]}{-1 + \gamma} \right)$$

## shape invariant f(x)

In[1240]:= **FullSimplify**[**ST`** $D[u, \alpha, \gamma] u^4 \alpha^2 /. u \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2 \alpha^2}}$ ,  
**Assumptions**  $\rightarrow 1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2 \alpha^2}} > 0 \&\& \alpha > 2$ ]

$$\text{Out[1240]} = \frac{\left(\frac{-1+\gamma}{-1+x^2+\gamma}\right)^\gamma}{\pi}$$

## Relationship to Beckmann NDF:

In[2766]:= **Integrate**[**PDF**[**GammaDistribution**[\(\(\gamma - 1\)\), 1]] [\(\alpha B\)]  $\times$  **Beckmann`** $D[u, \alpha \sqrt{\frac{\gamma-1}{\alpha B}}]$ ,  
{\(\alpha B\), 0, Infinity}, **Assumptions**  $\rightarrow \alpha > 0 \&\& 0 < u < 1 \&\& \gamma > 3/2$ ]

$$\text{Out[2766]} = \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1-u^2}{u^2 \alpha^2 (-1+\gamma)}\right)^{-\gamma}}{\pi u^4 \alpha^2}$$

## height field normalization

In[2783]:= **Integrate**[2 Pi u **ST`** $D[u, \alpha, \gamma]$ , {u, 0, 1}, **Assumptions**  $\rightarrow 0 < \alpha \&\& \gamma > 3/2$ ]

$$\text{Out[2783]} = 1$$

## distribution of slopes

In[1206]:= **FullSimplify**[**ST`** $D\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{p^2 + q^2 + 1}}, \alpha, \gamma\right] \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{p^2 + q^2 + 1}}\right)^4$ ,  
**Assumptions**  $\rightarrow 0 < \alpha < 1 \&\& p > 0 \&\& q > 0$ ]

$$\text{Out[1206]} = \frac{\alpha^{-2+2\gamma} (p^2 + q^2 + \alpha^2 (-1 + \gamma))^{-\gamma} (-1 + \gamma)^\gamma}{\pi}$$

In[1208]:= **ST`** $P22[p_, q_, \alpha_, \gamma_] := \frac{\alpha^{-2+2\gamma} (p^2 + q^2 + \alpha^2 (-1 + \gamma))^{-\gamma} (-1 + \gamma)^\gamma}{\pi}$

```
In[1209]:= Integrate[ST`P22[p, q, α, γ], {p, -Infinity, Infinity},
  {q, -Infinity, Infinity}, Assumptions → 0 < α < 1 && γ > 2]
```

```
Out[1209]= 1
```

```
In[1210]:= Integrate[ST`P22[p, q, α, γ],
  {q, -Infinity, Infinity}, Assumptions → 0 < α < 1 && γ > 2]
```

```
Out[1210]= ConditionalExpression[
  
$$\frac{\alpha^{-2+2\gamma} \left(p^2 + \alpha^2 (-1 + \gamma)\right)^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma} (-1 + \gamma)^\gamma \text{Gamma}\left[-\frac{1}{2} + \gamma\right]}{\sqrt{\pi} \text{Gamma}[\gamma]}, \alpha^2 \gamma + \text{Re}[p^2] > \alpha^2]$$

In[1211]:= ST`P2[p_, α_, γ_] := 
$$\frac{\alpha^{-2+2\gamma} \left(p^2 + \alpha^2 (-1 + \gamma)\right)^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma} (-1 + \gamma)^\gamma \text{Gamma}\left[-\frac{1}{2} + \gamma\right]}{\sqrt{\pi} \text{Gamma}[\gamma]}$$

```

compare  $\sigma$  to delta integral:

```
In[1157]:= Delta`σ[u_, ui_] := Re[2 
$$\left( \sqrt{1 - u^2 - ui^2} + u ui \text{ArcCos}\left[-\frac{u ui}{\sqrt{1 - u^2} \sqrt{1 - ui^2}}\right] \right)]$$

```

```
In[1166]:= With[{α = .7, γ = 3},
  Plot[{
    Quiet[NIntegrate[ST`D[ui, α, γ] × Delta`σ[u, ui], {ui, 0, 1}]],
    ST`σ[u, α, γ]
  }, {u, -1, 1}]
]
```

```
Out[1166]=
```

