Scattering Kernels in 3D

This is code to accompany the book:

A Hitchhiker's Guide to Multiple Scattering

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Rayleigh Scattering

General form:

pRayleigh[u_,
$$\gamma_{-}$$
] := $\frac{1}{4 \, \text{Pi}} \, \frac{3}{4 \, (1 + 2 \, \gamma)} \, \left(\left(1 + 3 \, \gamma \right) + (1 - \gamma) \, u^2 \right)$

Common special case ($\gamma = 0$):

In[971]:= pRayleigh[u_] :=
$$(1 + u^2) \frac{3}{16 \, \text{Pi}}$$

Normalization condition

```
Integrate[2 Pi pRayleigh[u], {u, -1, 1}]
1
Integrate[2 Pi pRayleigh[u, y], {u, -1, 1}, Assumptions → y > 0] // Simplify
1
```

Mean cosine (g)

```
Integrate[2 Pi pRayleigh[u] u, {u, -1, 1}]
0
Integrate[2 Pi pRayleigh[u, y] u, {u, -1, 1}, Assumptions → y > 0] // Simplify
0
```

Legendre expansion coefficients

```
Integrate [ 2 \text{ Pi } (2 \text{ k} + 1) \text{ pRayleigh}[\text{Cos}[y]] \text{ LegendreP}[k, \text{Cos}[y]] \text{ Sin}[y] /. k \rightarrow 0, \{y, 0, \text{Pi}\}]
```

```
Integrate[
 2 Pi (2 k + 1) pRayleigh[Cos[y]] LegendreP[k, Cos[y]] Sin[y] /. k \rightarrow 1, {y, 0, Pi}]
Integrate[
 2 Pi (2 k + 1) pRayleigh[Cos[y]] LegendreP[k, Cos[y]] Sin[y] /.k \rightarrow 2, \{y, 0, Pi\}]
2
```

sampling

```
Show
 Plot[2 Pi pRayleigh[u], {u, -1, 1}],
 Histogram [Map [ \frac{1 - \left(2 - 4 \# + \sqrt{5 + 16 (-1 + \#) \#}\right)^{2/3}}{\left(2 - 4 \# + \sqrt{5 + 16 (-1 + \#) \#}\right)^{1/3}} \&,
     Table[RandomReal[], {i, 1, 100 000}]], 50, "PDF"]
Clear[b];
                                   0.75
                                   0.70
                                   0.65
                                   0.60
                                   0.55
                                   0.50
                                   0.45
                                   0.40
```

Adding/doubling integrals

```
ln[972]:= With [{l = 0},
             2 - KroneckerDelta[l, 0]
              Integrate \left[ pRayleigh \left[ mui \; muo \; + \; \sqrt{ \left( 1 - mui^2 \right) \; \left( 1 - muo^2 \right) } \; Cos \left[ phi \right] \right] \; Cos \left[ l \; phi \right] \; ,
                 {phi, 0, Pi}, Assumptions \rightarrow -1 < mui < 1 & -1 < muo < 1
          ]
          \frac{3 \left(3-\text{muo}^2+\text{mui}^2 \left(-1+3 \text{muo}^2\right)\right)}{}
```

```
In[973]:= With [{l = 1},
          2 - KroneckerDelta[l, 0]
           Integrate [pRayleigh [mui muo + \sqrt{(1 - mui^2)(1 - muo^2)} Cos[phi]] Cos[l phi],
            {phi, 0, Pi}, Assumptions \rightarrow -1 < mui < 1 \&\& -1 < muo < 1
        3 mui muo \sqrt{\left(-1 + \text{mui}^2\right) \left(-1 + \text{muo}^2\right)}
Out[973]=
ln[974]:= With[{l = 2},
          2 - KroneckerDelta[l, 0]
           Integrate [pRayleigh [mui muo + \sqrt{(1 - mui^2)(1 - muo^2)} Cos[phi]] Cos[l phi],
            {phi, 0, Pi}, Assumptions \rightarrow -1 < mui < 1 & -1 < muo < 1
Out[974]= \frac{3 \left(-1 + mui^{2}\right) \left(-1 + muo^{2}\right)}{32 \pi}
In[975]:= With[{l = 3},
          2 - KroneckerDelta[l, 0]
           Integrate [pRayleigh [mui muo + \sqrt{(1 - mui^2)(1 - muo^2)} Cos[phi]] Cos[l phi],
            {phi, 0, Pi}, Assumptions \rightarrow -1 < mui < 1 &\& -1 < muo < 1
        ]
Out[975]= 0
```