

Scattering Kernels in 3D

This is code to accompany the book:

A Hitchhiker's Guide to Multiple Scattering

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www.eugenedeon.com/hitchhikers

Rayleigh Scattering

General form:

$$\text{pRayleigh}[u_ , \gamma_] := \frac{1}{4 \text{ Pi}} \frac{3}{4 (1 + 2 \gamma)} ((1 + 3 \gamma) + (1 - \gamma) u^2)$$

Common special case ($\gamma = 0$):

$$\text{pRayleigh}[u_] := (1 + u^2) \frac{3}{16 \text{ Pi}}$$

Normalization condition

```
Integrate[2 Pi pRayleigh[u], {u, -1, 1}]
```

1

```
Integrate[2 Pi pRayleigh[u, y], {u, -1, 1}, Assumptions → y > 0] // Simplify
```

1

Mean cosine (g)

```
Integrate[2 Pi pRayleigh[u] u, {u, -1, 1}]
```

0

```
Integrate[2 Pi pRayleigh[u, y] u, {u, -1, 1}, Assumptions → y > 0] // Simplify
```

0

Legendre expansion coefficients

```
Integrate[  
  2 Pi (2 k + 1) pRayleigh[Cos[y]] LegendreP[k, Cos[y]] Sin[y] /. k → 0, {y, 0, Pi}]
```

1

```
Integrate[
  2 Pi (2 k + 1) pRayleigh[Cos[y]] LegendreP[k, Cos[y]] Sin[y] /. k -> 1, {y, 0, Pi}]
0
```

```
Integrate[
  2 Pi (2 k + 1) pRayleigh[Cos[y]] LegendreP[k, Cos[y]] Sin[y] /. k -> 2, {y, 0, Pi}]
1
2
```

sampling

```
Show[
  Plot[2 Pi pRayleigh[u], {u, -1, 1}],
  Histogram[Map[ $\frac{1 - (2 - 4 \# + \sqrt{5 + 16 (-1 + \#) \#})^{2/3}}{(2 - 4 \# + \sqrt{5 + 16 (-1 + \#) \#})^{1/3}}$  &,
    Table[RandomReal[], {i, 1, 100 000}]], 50, "PDF"]
Clear[b];
```

